"All the News That's Fit to Print."

# The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Local thundershowers Friday; Saturday, probably fair; light to moderate southwest winds.
For full weather report see Page 13.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,949. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1912.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Elsewhere, Jersey City, and Newark.

## MOOSERS TO NAME PRENDERGAST

### Roosevelt Orders Peace in Hot Row Brewing Over the Governorship.

### HOTCHKISS AIMS IMPUGNED

### Is Accused of Building Up the Progressive Machine to Get the Nomination.

### CONTROLLER BARS RIVALS

### Won't Accept Nomination Unless Unanimous—Delegates Hear Keynote of Speech and Pass Platform.

*Special to The New York Times.*

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 5.—The shadow of discord hangs heavy to-night over the first convention in this State of Col. Roosevelt's National Progressive Party.

The convention opened this morning, when the delegates heard the keynote speech from ex-State Senator Davenport. After a two-hour session it adourned till 8:45 this evening, when Oscar Straus took the rostrum as Permanent Chairmand and the platform was adopted. The morning session was a dull affair, and while the evening session was livelier the deep interest in the situation lay in the row brewing behind the scenes.

Bitterness engendered by rival Gubernatorial booms, threatened to shatter completely the harmony programme mapped out by the leaders, and a warm session was feared to-morrow, when the convention will nominate a ticket and complete its labors.

The Bull Moose leaders here anxiously waited word from Col. Roosevelt to straighten out the tangle. The expected orders came late to-night from him that the difficulties must be smoothed out, and as a result it is practically settled that Controller Prendergast will be the nominee. It took a great deal of moral suasion to overcome the difficulty, for several of Mr. Hotchkiss's friends threatened to make serious trouble.

The situation apparently got beyond the control of the local leaders. While the 3,000 Bull Moose delegates were singing such stirring Gospel hymns as "Onward, Christian Soldiers" in the arena at the opening session of the convention to-day, half a score of the leaders behind the scenes were indulging in talk that was anything but Christian.

It all came about because there could be only one Gubernatorial nomination and there was more than one Bull Mooser who had his eyes upon it. One of the serious phases of the situation is the distrust that is being expressed in certain influential quarters to-night regarding the motives that may have brought William H. Hotchkiss into the Progressive movement. Friends of Controller William A. Prendergast, who for fifteen years has been a warm friend of the Bull Moose State Chairman, make the charge openly to-night that in building up an effective Bull Moose organization in this State Mr. Hotchkiss has merely been intent on constructing a vehicle in which he might ride into the Governorship.

The accusation is directly at variance with the protests made by Mr. Hotchkiss to friends who have approached him on the subject. To them Hotchkiss has stated again and again that he would accept neither the Gubernatorial nomination nor any other honor that would keep him in public life. Mr. Hotchkiss on all occasions has stated that he favored Controller Prendergast for the nomination, but despite that fact there exists among the delegates, especially from up-State, a sentiment for Mr. Hotchkiss which seriously threatens to disrupt the new party.

Mr. Hotchkiss naturally feels very much hurt. It became known to-day that while a majority of the delegates slept in the early morning hours a conference—some call it a collision—between Mr. Hotchkiss and Controller Prendergast occurred, where a friendship of long standing did not interfere with outspoken frankness.

The strife was not carried into the convention to-day for the reason that there was no possible way in which the question of candidates could come before it.

Bainbridge Colby of New York, who has been an active and effective factor in the building up of the Bull Moose Party, still remains in the field as a candidate for the Governorship. But his boom has almost been lost sight of in the noise and turmoil of the Hotchkiss-Prendergast controversy.

**Prendergast Won't Brook Rivals.**

Controller Prendergast's friends, among whom Timothy L. Woodruff is the most active and outspoken, said bitter things about Mr. Hotchkiss to-night. Mr. Prendergast, who seems to feel the situation most keenly, in a statement made this evening declared that he would not become a candidate for the Governorship unless the nomination came to him unanimously.

"If any other candidate is placed in nomination I will absolutely refuse to be a candidate," said Mr. Prendergast. "The nomination must be unanimous before I will accept it."

Theodore Douglas Robinson, nephew of Col. Roosevelt, who has been in at the councils of the leaders here, did not seem greatly impressed with Mr. Prendergast's declaration that he would not brook any rivals for the nomination.

"If Mr. Prendergast declared that," he said, "I should say that it is not likely that Mr. Prendergast's name will be presented."

Controller Prendergast arrived here late last night. Early this morning—after 1 o'clock—he received a call from Mr. Hotchkiss in his rooms at the Yates Hotel.

"It would be stretching a point to say that there was a row or that the men parted bad friends," said a confidant of Mr. Prendergast. "The conversation, however, was extremely frank on both sides, and neither man let his long-standing friendship interfere in getting at the very root of things."

One point Mr. Hotchkiss is said to have brought up was the old one of the Catholics being against the Controller. Mr. Prendergast replied that he had received assurances from many prominent Catholics in New York that they regarded him as having been entirely right in his attitude regarding Catholic charitable institutions, and that he need not be afraid that he would suffer in any way because of what he had done.

The next question brought up was the fact that, as Mr. Prendergast was a Catholic, the Protestants would be against him. The Controller also refused to take this matter seriously, on the ground that no one would bring the religious issue in the campaign.

Timothy L. Woodruf of Kings said today that he had no doubt that Mr. Hotchkiss was a candidate for the nomination for Governor.

"Mr. Hotchkiss tells his friends," said Mr. Woodruff, "that he is not a candidate, and they all run out and work for him. He could put a stop to their labors

Continued on Page 2.

## AMERICANS CRY FOR AID.

### Arms for Defense Wanted in Cananea —Letter Tells Their Story.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Every effort is being made by the State Department to get arms and ammunition to the Americans in the Cananea district, to enable them to protect themselves against the ravages of the rebels, who now thickly infest that country. To-day a request from the residents there was received at the State Department, asking for 500 rifles immediately, accompanied by 200 rounds of ammunition for each gun.

Attempts are being made to ascertain the nearest place where rifles available for this purpose can be obtained, and when this is learned President Taft will be called upon to make an exception to his proclamation prohibiting the transportation of arms across the border.

The situation in the Cananea district is known at the State Department to be grave, and every effort will be made to assist the people in protecting themselves.

John M. Bishop, President of the Manhattan Exploring Company, at 52 Broadway, received a letter from his partner, J. D. Smith, who is in the heart of the revolutionary district. The letter, which is dated at La Dura, Sonora, was dated Aug. 17. It had to be carried 300 miles over mountains by mules before it could be mailed in a Post Office. The letter reads:

Dear Mr. Bishop: I am writing you a very sad letter of my troubles here. I have been fighting three days, but I got some of them. On the 10th I got a note to have my horses, saddles, rifles, three of them 200 rounds, ready at 3:30, for they would be after them. $500 in cash, more besides, and signed Antony Rojas.

Here is my answer: "Mr. Rojas: Note received. Horses ready, rifles as well, and a good road to Hell. Signer, Jack Smith."

They came right on time, four of them. The rifles were ready. Two of them fell right in their tracks, one with a bullet in the mouth which ranged down and broke his jaw and shoulder. The other got away. One hour later 60 more came with their red flag up, and I said to old Juan: "Watch me get that rag," and I got him with your rifle, then we went at it, but I held them off until dark and got away. Sunday, the 11th, they sent 600 to fix me, but I was gone.

In Saturday's fight I got 12, and wounded 4 more, but now everything is peaceable here, but they took everything. I've got nothing, but I am living and feel fine. The Mexicans are tickled. They came to see me. Men, women, and children say, "More bueno hombre now."

I want to try and help them. They have nothing. There are about fifty of them on the creek, most of them children under 12 years. They (the rebels) turned their horses in their corn, and their little fields are as bare as the road. Now, Mr. Bishop, could you go to some of your friends and raise a little money to buy a little grub and a few clothes for them? They even took the women's dresses. I would like to help them, and we may be able to pay them back, for I will try and get them to wash and save gold, and keep them doing something. I bought $200 worth of grub out of our money. Grub is hard to get short of Guaymas.

La Dura is a thing of the past. There are very few people there. All have gone to the United States. I wish there were 500 good United States boys here to show them something. I have 126 rounds left, and if any more come I will be there with the goods. I have no paper and can't get any, and only a pencil two inches long to send you these few lines.

Aug. 18, 1912.

Five of my friends are guarding every trail, and say they want to fight for me, but they can't do much for they have no rifles, nothing but their knives, but it shows their friendship anyway. I don't know whether I will be alive when you get this or not, but I'll fight to the end anyway. I am using E. P. Larned's 30-30 at short range. Yours at long range. Good-bye, Mr. Bishop. Give my best regards to Larned if you see him.

J. D. SMITH.

Mr. Bishop said last night that his partner is a most reliable man and not given to exaggeration.

## TRAIN ROBBER IN HOSPITAL.

### Bandit Who Held Up New Orleans Train Has Fractured Skull.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 5.—The bandit who, single-handed, robbed the New York Limited train on the Louisville & Nashville Railroad twelve miles east of New Orleans last night, later to be felled by the locomotive driver, was brought to New Orleans this morning suffering from a fractured skull and placed in the Charity Hospital.

The bandit said that his name was Howard E. Edwards, and that his family lived in Jupiter, Fla. He gave to the police information which is expected to lead to the early capture of three other members of a gang which is believed to have been responsible for a series of train robberies in this section

Edwards is in a precarious condition, and attendants at the hospital declared it doubtful whether he would recover from his injuries.

After Edwards had completed a round of the coaches he went forward to the engine. Caught off his guard for an instant, he was hit by Engineer Baer, who wielded a heavy oil can. The bandit dropped unconscious.

Following so closely upon the attempted robbery of the Cincinnati southbound passenger train on the same road at almost the same spot the night previous, the work of Edwards is considered most daring.

OSAGE CITY, Kan., Sept. 5.—A masked man boarded a Missouri Pacific passenger train here early to-day and robbed the conductor, the ticket auditor, and six men in the smoking car. After obtaining only $20, the robber jumped from the train when it stopped at a water tank and escaped into a cornfield. The conductor said the bandit was a "rank amateur."

## DIX IN PERILOUS CAR RIDE.

### Chauffeur Lets His Auto Back Down Steep Grade Near Lake George.

*Special to The New York Times.*

LAKE GEORGE, N. Y., Sept. 5.—Gov. Dix made a perilous trip from Lake George to Warrensburg this afternoon to speak at the Warren County Fair. With his nephew, Thomas Douglas; Commander Eckford de Kay, State Historian James A. Holden, and a reporter he left Lake George in a machine provided by the County Fair Committee.

On a detour over a mountain, made necessary because of repairs to the main road, the driver, who admitted later he was not accustomed to the car, became confused and threw the clutch into the reverse instead of the low gear. The car was at the crest of the steepest hill, and started swiftly to back down the grade.

Mr. Douglas, anxious for the safety of the Governor, opened the tonneau door, and jumped to the running board to assist him and Mr. Holden out. The car was brought to an abrupt stop by the use of the foot break, and only after Commander de Kay, who sat with the driver, had given suggestions as to the running of the machine did the chauffeur regain control.

A short distance further in the road the inexperienced driver shot into a blasting zone, regardless of the warning of the Road Superintendent and the occupant of a car that was awaiting the explosions. The Governor was apparently not disturbed by the experience, but he returned to Lake George in another machine. He left to-night for his Summer home at Thompsons.

### Latest Shipping News.

BY MARCONI WIRELESS.

SS Caltic, Liverpool to New York, (White Star Line,) was 810 miles E. of Sandy Hook at 8:30 P. M. 4th; due at her pier, 7th, 8 A. M.

## PRESIDENT OF CUBA EXPRESSES REGRETS

### Gomez Tells The Times Aggressor Against Gibson Will Be Punished.

### SPEAKS FOR HIS NATION

### Renews Assurance of Country's Friendliness to United States and Says Offense Will Not Be Repeated.

By Cable to the Editor of the New York Times.

HAVANA, Cuba, Sept. 5.—I herewith comply with your desire that I say what took place about the Reilly case.

The United States through diplomatic channels interested itself in the payment of the sums which were owed to Reilly. The payment was agreed upon and the day was fixed for its realization. As the claimants feared that the check might be embargoed by persons whose rights they did not recognize, they asked that the money be paid over in cash, and the Chargé of the United States, desiring to put an end to the subject, asked that the payment be made in that way, so there might not be any necessity of referring to it again. Neither in this act nor afterward was the cordiality proper in persons who esteem each other broken.

Later, there occurred the attack on the charge of the United States, an act that has been condemned by the Government and people of Cuba, and the attacks of a few newspapers, against whom we have not proceeded because, according to a military order issued during the American intervention, it is only possible to do so at the request of the offended party. The aggressor upon Mr. Gibson will be punished according to the law, and the attacks of the various publications against the Government of the United States and the Secretary have ceased.

The sons of Cuba, by such means as are within their reach, will try to see to it that unjust attacks do not occur again. In this disagreeable affair my Government and the Cuban people have given indisputable proofs of the affection which is held for the American people. I hope that the incident, so unlike our custom and the relations which exist between the two peoples, will soon be forgotten.

JOSE MIGUEL GOMEZ,
President of the Republic of Cuba.

## APPEALS TO HAVANA EDITORS.

### Sanguily Takes Action After Diplomatic Corps' Protest.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Sept. 5.—The editors of the Havana papers were called together by Secretary of State Sanguily this morning. He appealed to them to stop publishing attacks on diplomats accredited to Cuba.

Señor Sanguily explained how international complications easily might arise if the press continued to act as a few journals did during the Gibson-Maza incident. He showed the editors a note which the Dean of the Diplomatic Corps had sent in the name of himself and his brother diplomats, expressing the fear that if no measures were taken to stop the press attacks on them, their immunity would be imperiled.

The editors unanimously expressed their desire not to print such articles in the future.

Señor Sanguily's reply to the Dean of the Diplomatic Corps stated that it was impossible to proceed against offending newspapers because the law permitting such action had been abrogated by an American military order.

## KILLED MAN TO SAVE WIFE.

### Counsel for Burrows's Slayer Says He Acted in Defense of Woman.

EAST LIVERPOOL, Ohio, Sept. 5.—That Richard Burrows, paving contractor, whose body was found hidden in a barn near here on Tuesday morning, was slain in his home on Monday evening by John Cobourne, an employe, to protect Mrs. Burrows from injury, is the defense which will be made, says City Solicitor Ben L. Bennett, who has been retained to defend Cobourne and Mrs. Burrows.

Cobourne and Mrs. Burrows were arrested last night at the home of an aunt of Cobourne, near Williamsport, Ohio, and they will be arraigned to plead to charges of first degree murder to-day.

A report that Mrs. Burrows has confessed to the murder of her husband is untrue. According to Bennett, Cobourne, who boarded at the Burrows home, went there on Monday evening, and found Burrows and his wife quarrelling. Burrows, it is said, threw his wife on the floor and was shaking her when Cobourne, fearing Mrs. Burrows would be killed, threw a flatiron at Burrows.

Cobourne's story is that the flatiron struck Burrows on the head and stunned him, but that Burrows recovered and drew his revolver. Cobourne grabbed his own revolver and fired several times at Burrows, killing him. The body was then hidden. Cobourne and Mrs. Burrows went to the home of the former's aunt when the body was found.

## THIEVES STEAL 6,000 HATS.

### And Broadway Firm Advertises a Reward for Their Arrest.

Thieves entered the hat store of Frank, Endel & Peles, 737 Broadway, between noon Saturday and Tuesday morning, and stole 500 dozen imported Austrian velour hats. The theft was reported to the police, but members of the firm were not satisfied at the way the police handled the case, and sent to the newspapers last night an advertisement offering $500 reward for the arrest and conviction of the thieves or the return of the hats.

Isidor Peles of 64 East Ninetieth Street, junior member of the firm, said last night that the hats were worth several thousand dollars. The thieves entered the building by way of the engine room. It is believed a wagon was used to carry off the loot.

MR. DOOLEY
on
"The News of the Day."
One of the funniest of Finley Peter Dunne's articles will appear in
Next Sunday's Times.
Also the
FALL DRAMATIC NUMBER

## NORWAY-NEW YORK WIRELESS SERVICE

### High-Power Stations Are to be Erected by Norwegian Government and Marconi Company.

### THEY WILL SHARE RECEIPTS

### Marconi Scheme to Encircle the World with Communicating Stations Takes Another Step.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—The Marconi Company announced to-day that a contract had been signed with the Norwegian Government for the erection of high-power stations in Norway and in the vicinity of New York for the purpose of conducting a commercial telegraph service between Northern Europe and the United States.

According to the statement issued by the company, the receipts of the two stations are to be pooled between the Norwegian Government and the Marconi Company of America, and divided equally.

The Marconi Company is to receive $350,000 for the Norwegian station exclusive of the site and the foundations of the buildings, and 10 per cent. of the gross receipts for a period of twenty-five years, at the end of which time the Norwegian Government is to have the right to renew the agreement.

The establishment of the new transatlantic wireless system is part of a gigantic scheme undertaken by the Marconi Company to encircle the entire civilized world with communicating wireless stations. Already there have been ordered a number of such stations in various parts of the British Empire, which are destined to form a portion of a chain to be known as the Imperial All Red Route. When this chain is completed the stations will be about 2,000 miles apart, all in British territory. Already high-power stations have been established in Egypt and at Aden, as well as a station in Upper Egypt which will communicate with Pretoria. Similar stations are being erected in India, Singapore, Hongkong, Australia, New Zealand, and the west coast of Africa.

This Imperial All Red Route will be under the direct control of the British Government, but in the Western Hemisphere there will be established a chain of stations on the Pacific Coast of the United States which will communicate with Hawaii, the Philippines, and thence with the Orient, until the entire world is encircled with high-power wireless stations.

## GIRL ON SHIP AS A BOY.

### Dancer as a Stowaway Causes Ship to Stop in River.

The steamship Carpathia of the Cunard Line was obliged to stop in midstream after getting away nicely from the pier yesterday so that Capt. Rostron could send ashore a girl stowaway.

The young woman was Connie Magnett, who says she is English and a dancer, but to all appearances she was a boy who was trying to stow away for a trip abroad. Miss Magnett went aboard some time before the ship sailed, and her costume did not attract any particular attention. She said she had a message for Capt. Rostron, and then she hid in what she thought would be an unoccupied stateroom. The whistle for casting off the moorings sounded before she was discovered.

A steward who brought a load of baggage to the room found her and reported to the purser. The purser came running, and then, with the girl in tow, reported to the Captain on the bridge.

"I thought there was going to be a war at first," said Miss Magnett, explaining. "There were so many orders. I know I cried, and the Captain found out that I wasn't a boy because I had forgotten to bring a boy's handkerchief. He stopped the ship, signaled for a tug, and made me climb down a shaky rope ladder to go ashore. I tried to persuade him that I was only homesick and that I thought I might be a cabin boy as well as anybody else. But he made me leave.

"On the dock a policeman suspected me, and I was afraid I was going to be arrested, but finally they let me pass, and I went home."

Being slender and young she had no difficulty in making herself look boyish enough to pass casual inspection, but she confessed that she felt very shaky all of the time.

## IN PRAYER AS SHE BURNED.

### Convent Sister Received Fatal Injuries When a Gas Stove Exploded.

With her arms extended toward heaven in an attitude of supplication Sister Stephenia of the St. Joseph Roman Catholic Convent of Bayonne, N. J., stood in the yard of the convent yesterday with her clothing in flames and was fatally burned before assistance could be rendered her.

She was preparing the noonday meal when the gas stove exploded, setting fire to her clothing. Rushing into the back yard she extended her arms toward heaven in prayer, while flames wrapped her body from head to foot.

Women on the opposite side of the street noticed her plight and a man ran toward her. But before he had covered half the distance, she sank to her knees, still in the same attitude, and as he reached her, she fell forward unconscious. While he smothered the flames with a rug, others summoned medical aid.

Under the ministrations of a doctor she recovered consciousness thirty minutes later. Her only utterance was "Jesus, take me." With this prayer on her lips she died.

## LT. GEN. MACARTHUR DIES WHILE SPEAKING

### Retired Army Officer Stricken While Addressing Meeting of Veterans in Wisconsin.

### COMRADES KNEEL IN PRAYER

### General Enlisted with the 24th Wisconsin Volunteers and Served Through Civil War.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 5.—While recalling the deeds of the Twenty-fourth Wisconsin Volunteers in the Atlanta campaign, Lieut. Gen. Arthur MacArthur, U. S. A., retired, dropped dead to-night from an apoplectic stroke. Gen. MacArthur was attending a reunion of the regiment known as the "Chamber of Commerce" regiment in the University Building. Within a few minutes after he fell to the floor of the speakers' platform in the midst of his address Edwin B. Parsons, a retired Captain and former member of the regiment, suffered a paralytic stroke on the right side from the shock of seeing his comrade fall, and was carried from the hall.

The old soldiers attending the reunion, about 100 in number, failed to grasp the situation for some minutes. Then they rushed to the side of their fallen commander and tried to arouse him. Discovering that he was dead, they knelt by his side and one of them began to repeat the Lord's Prayer, in which the others joined.

At the conclusion of the prayer, as the soldiers arose, one of them took from the wall an American flag and spread it over the dead General. Then silently they left the hall.

Gen. MacArthur, the last of the Lieutenant Generals, was born near Springfield, Mass., on June 2, 1845. He was the son of Judge MacArthur. He attended the public schools of Milwaukee, where his parents moved shortly after he was born, and at the age of 16 tried to enlist in the army, but his father refused his consent.

On. Aug. 4, 1862, he was apointed First Lieutenant and Adjutant of the Twenty-fourth Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, and distinguished himself by his bravery in the battles of Perryville and Stone River. At the battle of Missionary Ridge he seized the colors from the hands of the fallen color bearer and was the first man to mount the breastworks and plant a United States flag, for which act of bravery he was given a medal of honor.

Upon the resignation of the Major of the regiment on Jan. 25, 1864, he was promoted to that rank, and commanded the regiment from Chattanooga to Atlanta, and back again to Nashville, returning to his home in Milwaukee at the head of his regiment, having been promoted to Lieutenant Colonel on May 18, 1865. He received the brevet of Colonel of Volunteers for gallant and meritorious service in the battle of Franklin and in the Atlanta campaign.

On Feb. 22, 1866, he entered the regular army as a Second Lieutenant in the Seventeenth Infantry, becoming a First Lieutenant on the very same day. Later he was transferred to the Twenty-sixth Infantry. In October of the same year he became a Captain in the Thirty-sixth Infantry, being transferred to the Thirteenth Infantry in 1870. He was transferred to the Adjutant General's Department in 1889, with the rank of Major, and reached the grade of Lieutenant Colonel in 1896.

At the outbreak of the Spanish-American war Col. MacArthur was made a Brigadier General of Volunteers, and was sent to the Philippines, being advanced to the rank of Major General after the battle Aug. 13, 1898. In March, 1900, he became the successor of Gen. Otis as Civil Governor and chief in command, returning home in July, 1901. He became a Major General in 1901 and Lieutenant General in 1906. He declined the position of Chief of Staff, which was offered him at the time of its creation.

In January, 1907, Congress passed a law abolishing the grade of Lieutenant General after Gen. MacArthur's retirement. On June 2, 1909, he retired, having grown restive under his anomalous position, for, though theoretically ranking officer of the army, he had to take orders from the Chief of Staff, Gen. Bell.

Gen. MacArthur was the twelfth Lieutenant General since George Washington, and the last.

After returning from the Philippines Gen. MacArthur successively commanded the Department of the Lakes, the Department of the East, and the Department of the Pacific. He was with the Japanese Army during a portion of the Russo-Japanese War, and afterward was sent at different times to South Africa, India, and elsewhere on observation trips. He is survived by two sons in the army and one in the navy.

## FURRIER'S HOUSE MOBBED.

### Men and Women Clamor for Strikebreakers—Priest Summons Police.

In a riot among 100 striking furriers, a number of whom were women, in front of St. Brandan's Roman Catholic Church, at 207th Street and Perry Avenue, the Bronx, last night, the Rev. Father William C. Courtney, after a vain effort to disperse the crowd, sent a boy to a telephone to call the police. Capt. Hodgins of the Bronx Park Station, with a squad of patrolmen, responded, and arrested seventeen men, who were later arraigned in the Men's Night Court before Magistrate Krotel and fined $10 each.

The trouble, according to the police, started earlier in the day in the establishment of Mische & Muller, furriers at 29 West Thirty-second Street, where a strike is on. A rumor started that a number of strikebreakers were being housed in the residence of Mische at 3,240 Perry Avenue, the Bronx, and the striking furriers with a number of women went up here.

When they reached the house they demanded that Mische turn the strikebreakers into the street. Mische appeared at a window and informed the crowd that there was no one in the house except his family. Stones started to fly and the crowd packed in front of the church next door. Father Courtney made a vain effort to disperse it before he sent for the police.

Mr. Mische assured the police that no strikebreakers were in his house.

## GETS ENGLISH RAIL CONTRACT

### Lorain Steel Company of Johnstown the Successful Bidder.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MANCHESTER, Sept. 5.—The American company which yesterday obtained the contract for supplying steel rails to this city after a bitter fight in the City Council is the Lorain Steel Company of Johnstown, Penn.

The company's tender was £10,231, ($51,155.) This was £807 ($4,035) less than the bid of the nearest competitor, a Sheffield concern.

The controversy that was started in the debate in the City Council bids fair to extend all over this country, some papers supporting the Councilors, who refused to "throw away the ratepayers' money" by accepting a higher bid from an English concern and some indorsing the attitude of the members of the council who declared for the support of home industries.

## MRS. LUTHER KOUNTZE HURT

### Falls and Breaks Her Hip While Leaving for Newport Dance.

*Special to The New York Times.*

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 5.—Mrs. Luther Kountze of New York is under the care of physicians at Quarterfoil, the residence of her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. J. Gordon Douglas, with a broken hip. Mrs. Kountze was leaving on Wednesday evening to attend the dinner dance given by Mrs. Richard T. Wilson and fell in the hallway.

Mrs. Kountze will be unable to return to New York for a month at least.

## POCANTICO STREETS EMPTY

### But Trouble is Looked for at Tonight's Paying Off.

*Special to The New York Times.*

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Sept. 5.—Quiet reigned at Pocantico Hills to-day, and by 9 o'clock to-night the streets were deserted. Even the saloons closed because there was no business. To-morrow night is pay night, and trouble is looked for.

Detectives have been getting evidence to remove what J. D. Rockefeller, Jr., called undesirable laborers. Reports have it that the weeding-out process will start to-morrow. If so, trouble is expected to follow.

## WEDDING SECRET 11 YEARS.

### Marriage of Reporter of House of Representatives Just Announced.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Announcement is made here of the marriage eleven years ago of George C. Lafferty, official reporter of the House of Representatives, and Miss Rosamond E. Jones, daughter of the late Churchill Jones of Westmoreland County, Va.

The wedding took place in New Jersey in August, 1901. Mr. Lafferty has been living ot the Metropolitan Club, and his wife elsewhere in the city. Their marriage was unknown to their friends. Why it was kept secret so long is not disclosed.

## FINDS WILD BUFFALO.

### News Comes of Radford, American Explorer, from Hudson Bay Country.

WINNIPEG, Man., Sept. 5.—Harry Radford, theAmerican explorer, who left Edmonton, Alberta, three years ago for the North country, reached Trenton River last Winter, and has been hunting there this Summer, according to word just received by the Hudson Bay Company. News of his arrival at the Bay across the Barren Lands was the first that has been heard from Radford for more than a year.

Radford says there are more than 350 wild buffalo in the Slave Lake district in the Hudson Bay country. He says they are well protected and there is every reason to believe they will multiply rapidly. The Indians, he said, guard the animals and will not allow them to be shot.

## HARRY TAFT REINSTATED.

### Cousin of President Who Concealed Relationship Gets His Old Job.

CHICAGO, Sept. 5.—Harry Derward Taft, cousin of President Taft, who was prevented from continuing as an employe of the United States Customs Service because of civil service regulations, was reinstated in the mailing department of the Chicago Post Office to-day.

Before entering the Customs Service as a temporary employe Harry Taft worked in the Postal Department. The young man did not tell the postal officials that he was related to the President.

"Of course, I am proud that I am related to the President, but I have never sought his aid in any way," said Mr. Taft.

In the Customs Department Harry Taft was paid $840 a year, and his present wages are approximately that amount.

## MRS. SHAW AGAINST COLONEL

### Says He Only Favors Suffrage to Get Women's Votes.

*Special to The New York Times.*

DETROIT, Sept. 5.—The Rev. Anna Shaw, National President of the Equal Suffrage Organizations, in an address to the Equal Suffrage societies of Detroit to-night repudiated Theodore Roosevelt and the suffrage plank of the Progressive Party in bitter terms.

"I have no use for Theodore Roosevelt," she said, and a number of the Bull Moosers of Wayne County, who have been trying for several weeks to gain the support of the Wayne County Equal Suffrage League and allied associations, were there to hear the denunciation.

"Col. Roosevelt said that he favored woman's suffrage only when he thought he saw that through such a profession he might gain the Electoral vote of a State which has a representation of thirty-seven in the Electoral College. He is seekling the aid of the women, not to aid the women. All he is looking for is votes for himself. The equal suffragists cannot affiliate with the Bull Moose Party, notwithstanding their suffrage plank. For myself, I do not dream enough to be a Bull Mooser."

## MAYOR CALLED TO COURT.

### Must Defend Suspension of Storage Company License.

Mayor Gaynor will have to appear in the Supreme Court on Sept. 12, before Justice Newburger, in defense of his action in suspending the license of the McKinley Storage and Van Company.

On June 30, 1912, the van company moved some furniture for Dr. William F. Ready, a dentist. In so doing it damaged a chair, and the dentist obtained a judgment against it for $117.50 damages. Morris Jacobs, the company's attorney, informed the Bureau of Licenses as well as the doctor that the company did not have the money to pay the debt, and when the Mayor learned the state of affairs he declared that no storage and van company which could not pay for damage should be licensed.

## WALDO'S ORDER MAY FREE HAYES

### Captain Will Say His Restoration to Duty Automatically Wipes Out All Charges.

### MADE TO GET HIS ANSWER

### He Denies He Said His Story Would Cause Speedy Resignation of Commissioner.

### WALDO ANGERS PROSECUTOR

### Whitman Objects to Policy of Calling His Police Witnesses to Explain at Headquarters.

By making a categorical denial to questions based on the published accounts of his statements to District Attorney Whitman, Capt. Cornelius G. Hayes, the demoted Inspector, completely outwitted Police Commissioner Waldo yesterday, according to the statement of a prominent lawyer, and as a result he probably never can be brought to trial on the charge of making a false official statement, the charge on which he was to have been tried this morning.

"Under the law no policeman with charges pending against him can be reinstated without having all charges against him automatically quashed," said this lawyer last night. "Commissioner Waldo found it was necessary to reinstate Hayes in order to question him, and he did so.

"To-night Hayes occupies an impregnable position. The charges against him have ceased to exist. He is restored to full privileges in the department and there is no law which can remove him from this position. Mr. Waldo, on the other hand, has put himself in a position where he may be called on to account for having thus cleared Hayes of the serious charge against him."

The lawyer who made this statement declared that there was not the least doubt that Hayes and his attorney, Thomas D. Thatcher, were fully aware of the consequences of Commissioner Waldo's act, and that Mr. Thatcher, at least, had recognized its possibilities as soon as his client was summoned to Police Headquarters.

It was promised yesterday by Commissioner Waldo that no attempt would be made by him or by any official of the Police Department to delay Hayes's trial, and it was set down for 10 o'clock this morning. Deputy Police Commissioner Douglas I. McKay was to have presided, despite the fact that Hayes had subpoenaed him as a witness, or at least to have opened the trial and then have sat in judgment on his own qualifications to continue as trial judge. This was to have been done, Mr. Waldo explained, because he felt that it was improper that a lawyer's subpoena should remove the trial judge without argument. Whether or not Mr. McKay was a material witness and consequently unfitted to serve as trial judge was to have been threshed out as soon as the trial opened this morning.

**Whitman Objects to Summons.**

Instead it is understood now that Mr. Thatcher will address the court, call attention to the law on the subject, and demand that the charges against his client be officially dismissed as they have already been automatically dismissed.

The fact that Mr. Waldo summoned Hayes to answer his charge is known to have somewhat angered District Attorney Whitman. It has been noticeable that every policeman who has had tales to tell to the District Attorney or who has been quoted as having given information before the Grand Jury has been called to Police Headquarters and the demand has been made that he accept or repudiate the statements attributed to him.

Mr. Waldo's activity in this regard has already won the adjective "pernicious" in quarters where the investigation of the Rosenthal murder and the disclosures which have been its outgrowth are topics of prime interest, and it is believed that a small part at least of the District Attorney's investigation will be devoted to seeking a reason for the double examination of all policemen who have figured as the District Attorney's witnesses.

It is understood that serious consideration was given yesterday to a proposal to summon before Supreme Court Justice Goff, sitting as a Committing Magistrate, all persons who have been concerned so far in the Hayes case. The plan was to subpoena them before Justice Goff and there submit to them such questions as might be expected to reveal all the truth concerning the Hayes controversy. It was determined not to follow this plan because of the fact that there was no Extraordinary Grand Jury sitting with Justice Goff, and Gov. Dix's authorization of an Extraordinary Term of Court to be presided over by Justice Goff contemplated the assistance of a Grand Jury.

**No Evidence of Wrong.**

Hayes's denial was made at Police Headquarters, and it was made in writing and signed by him. The questions he was called on to answer were addressed to him in a letter from Chief Inspector Schmittberger. Except for the direction to state the answers clearly, as they would be given to the newspapers, for publication, Inspector Schmittberger's letter is reproduced in the categorical

form of Hayes's answers. Here is Hayes's reply:

New York, Sept. 5, 1912.
The Chief Inspector, (through official channels.)

Sir: You handed me a communication of which Paragraph 1 states: "There appears in this morning's press statements in quotation in effect that if you were put on the stand you would tell a story that would cause the Police Commissioner to resign instantly."

I made no such statement.

Paragraph 2: "Also that you said in effect that you knew of wrongdoing on the part of persons connected with the Police Department."

I made no such statement.

Paragraph 3: "It is further stated that you had evidence of wrongdoing on the part of a Police Captain which you furnished to the Police Commissioner and on which the Police Commissioner failed to act."

I made no such statement.

Paragraph 4. "You will report to me in writing forthwith stating whether you did or did not make a statement threatening the Police Commissioner, as alleged in the papers."

I made no such statement.

Paragraph 5. "You will also state in writing all the evidence of rascality which you may be possessed of in regard to any and all members of the Police Department or persons connected therewith."

I have no evidence of the wrongdoing of any member of this department or any persons connected therewith.

Paragraph 6. "You will also state specifically what information, if any, you have regarding any Captain of Police whom you allege to have been guilty of any wrongdoing."

I have no such information.

Respectfully, CORNELIUS G. HAYES,
Captain Ninety-ninth Precinct.

It was Police Commissioner Waldo who caused Hayes to be questioned concerning the statements attributed to him, and to do so the Commissioner had to reinstate Hayes for the time being. The Commissioner was boiling with rage when he reached his office, and lost no time in sending for Chief Inspector Schmittberger and dictated this order, in which he ordered the reinstatement of Hayes:

**Waldo Orders Hayes Restored.**

Sept. 5, 1912.
Chief Inspector Max F. Schmittberger.

Sir: There appears in this morning's press statements in quotation in which Capt. Cornelius G. Hayes states in effect that if he is put on the stand he will tell a story that will cause the Commissioner to resign instantly. He also states in effect that he knew of wrongdoing on the part of persons connected with the Police Department. It is further stated that he had evidence of wrongdoing on the part of a Police Captain, which he furnished the Police Commissioner, and on which the Commissioner failed to act.

You will order Capt. Hayes to report at once to your office. You will restore him to duty as Captain of Police. You will direct him, in writing, to state to you, in writing, whether he did, or did not, threaten the Commissioner as alleged in the papers.

You will also direct him to state in writing all evidence of rascality of which he may be possessed with regard to any and all members of the Police Department or persons connected therewith, as it is the desire of the department to take immediate action with reference to any information that he may have. It is essential that any member of the department who may be guilty of any wrongdoing be immediately brought to justice.

You will direct him also to state specifically what information, if any, he has regarding any Captain of Police who he may allege to have been guilty of any wrongdoing, in order that they may be immediately suspended and brought to trial.

All these facts must be stated fully and clearly, as they will be given to the press for publication.

On Capt. Hayes having completed this duty you will again suspend him from duty.

R. WALDO,
Police Commissioner.

Capt. Hayes received Inspector Schmittberger's order when he reported about 11 o'clock yesterday morning at the office of Inspector Herlihy at St. George, S. I. Hayes is in command at the Tottenville Station in Herlihy's district and throughout his suspension has had to report there daily.

Hayes started for Headquarters at once, and reached there about 12:30 o'clock. From then until 1:35 he was busy with his report, and, after making it, he left the building. Throughout his time at Headquarters he did not see Commissioner Waldo.

**Waldo Gives Out a Letter.**

The Commissioner seemed highly pleased with the report of the Captain. He declared that no one in New York wanted to unearth graft or rascality in the Police Department more than he, and it was naturally pleasing to him to find that Hayes had no knowledge of such conditions as he had been reported to have said existed.

Hayes, though he made his report in writing, did not swear to it, and this was called to the Commissioner's attention. To Waldo's forceful apparently that the last charge against Hayes had been that of making a false official statement, explained that his report was an official statement, and that if it were not the truth Hayes was liable to prosecution on the charge of having made a false official statement. The Commissioner considered apparently that Hayes's denial was sufficient proof of the untruthfulness of the statements attributed to the Captain, but he offered in refutation of the charge that disorderly houses and gambling houses could not be raided without his direct command this letter:

April 15, 1912.
Inspector Cornelius G. Hayes, Fourth Inspection District:

Sir: It is reported to this office that there is a gambling house at 104 West Forty-fifth Street. Effort is being made to obtain evidence against this place through several channels. If such evidence should be obtained by any other official of this department prior to being obtained by you it will be construed as a demonstration of lack of efficiency. Very respectfully,

R. WALDO, Police Commissioner.

The fact that Rosenthal's place was ordered closed when other gambling houses were operating openly has been explained several times as due to the fact that Rosenthal had been selected as a sacrificial offering to public opinion.

Another step was taken yesterday looking to the speedy trial of Lieut. Charles Becker on the charge of having caused the murder of the gambler. This was when Justice Goff granted the request of the District Attorney for a special panel of 250 talesmen from which to select a jury to try Becker.

It had been expected that John F. McIntyre, chief counsel for Becker, would be present to urge Justice Goff for further delay. He was not in court, however, and Mr. Whitman turned to ex-Magistrate Wahle, the only lawyer connected with the interests of Becker and the gunmen who were present, and asked if he had any objection to make. Mr. Wahle said he had none.

The Grand Jury, which had adjourned last week, met again yesterday and heard one witness. This was Louis Libby, owner of the gray murder car. He was questioned by Assistant District Attorney Rubin, who brought Sam Schepps back from Hot Springs, and it is understood that Mr. Rubin tried to learn from him the identity of the persons in the car as told to him by William Shapiro, the driver. It is understood that Libby made a poor witness and that he will be recalled when the Grand Jury meets next week.

The District Attorney spent a busy day yesterday going over the evidence in the Becker case, which will come to trial just a week from yesterday. It was learned that he has another important witness in the person of a young Salvation Army woman.

This girl on the night of July 15, the night of Rosenthal's murder, was collecting money from the coin boxes in the lobbies of the Tenderloin hotels. She had reached the Metropole and had just stepped outside after emptying the coin box when the murder occurred.

The girl was so close that she saw the faces of all four gunmen and since has identified each of them from descriptions and their photographs. The girl was very much excited and frightened by her experience and reported it to her immediate superiors, who advised her to keep still unless she wanted to get into trouble.

Her knowledge weighed on the girl's conscience, however, and she told her story to a minister, who told it to Jack Rose. The chief informer notified the District Attorney, and last night Mr. Whitman went to the girl's home. She was out of town, but is expected back to-morrow, and it is understood that she is now prepared to be a witness for the State.

Mr. Whitman also got trace of an important witness for the John Doe inquiry yesterday. This man is Detective Lieut. Delany, a brother of Supreme Court Justice Delany. He was formerly attached to the staff of Inspector Hayes. He is now in Europe, having sailed on last July 23. He will return in October, and Mr. Whitman understands that he will be a willing witness. He expects that he can give valuable information, including the corroboration of Hayes's statements to Mr. Whitman.

## NO SIGN OF MISSING SLAYERS.

**Becker May Go to Trial with Actual Murderers Still at Large.**

Although Lieut. Becker will be brought to trial on next Thursday, Sept. 12, charged with the murder of Herman Rosenthal, there is little reason to believe that Harry Horowitz, better known as "Gyp the Brood," or his companion in crime, "Lefty Louie" Rosenzweig, will be apprehended before that time. During the past two weeks little has been said at Police Headquarters concerning any efforts which are being made to effect the capture of the two gunmen. Until the beginning of District Attorney Whitman's graft crusade daily promises were held out in Spring Street that the Detective Bureau would soon produce the two outlaws, but of late Deputy Commissioner Dougherty has been extremely reticent on that point.

Meantime the District Attorney's office is still prosecuting a search for the two men, but even the offer of a $5,000 reward for their apprehension has not led to any valuable clue as to their present whereabouts.

All in all, the case is far from complete. On the one hand, the District Attorney is prepared to produce the testimony of Jack Rose, Becker's confessed collector and agent, which is corroborated by the stories of "Big Jack" Zelig, the gangster, who furnished the gunmen for the commission of the crime, and "Sam" Schepps, the gambler who, they say, acted as paymaster of the murder crew. The circumstantial story told by Rose is also borne out by the testimony of "Bridgey" Webber, who admits having loaned Becker the money with which to pay the men who shot Rosenthal.

On the other hand, much of the story of these witnesses for the State will be contradicted by Shapiro, the chauffeur of the murder car; Jacob Reich, alias "Jack Sullivan; "Dago Frank," and "Whitey Lewis" Muller. All of these men are awaiting trial on indictments charging them with murder in the first degree, and have consistently refused to assist the District Attorney in any way. At least one of them, "Jack" Sullivan, could have obtained immunity had he consented to tell the Grand Jury what he knew of the murder plot. The last two named are the actual gunmen now under arrest.

Mr. Whitman regards as most unfortunate the abrupt departure of Thomas Coupe, former night clerk at the Elks' Club in Forty-fifth Street, as Coupe was expected to identify at least two of the men now in custody as passengers in Shapiro's car. However, the District Attorney does not regard Coupe's testimony of sufficient value to affect his case.

## SAYS HE DRANK WITH "GYP."

**Pittsburgher Tells Washington Police a Story They Do Not Believe.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Frank Schilling of Pittsburgh called on Inspector Boardman at Detective Headquarters today and told the Inspector that Harry Horowitz, "Gyp the Blood," was in Washington. Schilling declared that he had gambled with Horowitz in New York, and was drinking with him in Washington last night.

According to Schilling, Horowitz is rooming in a house on a street off Pennsylvania Avenue, but he said he did not remember the name of the street. He said also that Horowitz was accompanied by a woman, and gave her name.

Schilling had been drinking, and the police did not take his statement seriously.

At Police Headquarters last night it was said that no word of any trace of "Gyp the Blood" being picked up in Washington had reached the New York authorities.

## ASKS FUNDS FOR INQUIRY.

**Citizens' Committee Determined to Make Thorough Investigation.**

The Citizens' Committee appointed by the Cooper Union mass meeting sent this letter yesterday to a number of persons interested in its investigation of conditions in the city:

The Citizens' Committee has completed its organization and has prepared a general plan of action. It will cooperate with the official authorities wherever desirable for the enforcement of responsibility for present conditions, but it considers that the mandate imposed upon it by the people of this city requires that it undertake at once a far-reaching and independent investigation, secret or otherwise, for the purpose of bringing forth constructive proposals looking to the permanent decrease of protected lawlessness.

We hope in this way to accomplish something that will prove of lasting benefit to the people of this city.

The committee expects to incur large expense, and the more liberal the contributions made by the public, the more far-reaching will be the result of its activities.

The committee appeals to every citizen of Greater New York for financial support. Contributions may be sent to Jacob H. Schiff, treasurer, 52 William Street, New York City.

ALLAN ROBINSON, Chairman;
JACOB H. SCHIFF,
Chairman Financial Committee.

Chairman Robinson added the information that the Citizens' Committee had asked the District Attorney and representatives of the Aldermanic Investigating Committee to confer with it this afternoon. He explained that funds had already been provided for the conduct of the Aldermanic inquiry and the John Doe inquiry of Justice Goff, and Mr. Whitman would begin shortly. The conference would be, he said, for the purpose of insuring the greatest co-operation.

## DIDN'T REVISE PLATFORM.

**R. W. Bruere Wires The Times His Side of Socialist-Bull Moose Fuss.**

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WYOMING, N. Y., Sept. 5.—Your article in THE TIMES for Sept. 5 saying that I edited Col. Roosevelt's platform and revised his "Confession of Faith" does both Mr. Roosevelt and myself a serious injustice. I did not see Mr. Roosevelt's platform until it was published in the daily press, and my only association with the Chicago speech is that I heard Mr. Roosevelt read a section of it one afternoon in July at Oyster Bay. I did not write or revise either Mr. Roosevelt's platform or his speech. The entire story is ingeniously devised to misrepresent facts.

ROBERT W. BRUERE.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 5, (On Board Col. Roosevelt's Train.)—According to leaders in the Progressive movement who are in Col. Roosevelt's confidence and who know the history of the preparation of the Bull Moose platform, Robert W. Bruere, the Socialist, did not draft the platform of that party or any part of it.

These leaders say that when the platform was being prepared Col. Roosevelt wished to make the plank relating to social and industrial welfare perfectly satisfactory to the social workers in the big cities. He had that plank drawn so as to make it as faithful a copy as possible of the declarations of the conference of social workers held at Cleveland, called the National Conference of Charities and Corrections, but after following this declaration, he was not sure that the social workers would approve it in all its details, so he sent for a number of the most prominent, including Paul Kellogg, Homer Folks, Prof. Lindsay, Mr. Kingsbury, Raymond Robbins, Mr. Bruere, Jane Addams, Miss Frances A. Keller, and two or three others. The plank was amended and reconstructed by these men and women, acting in concert with Col. Roosevelt, so as to make it thoroughly acceptable to the social workers.

According to the leaders quoted, Mr. Bruere was present at these discussions, but took hardly any part in them, and the drafting was almost entirely the work of Mr. Kellogg, Mr. Folks, Miss Keller, and Miss Addams.

Julius Gerber, local organizer of the Socialist Party and Chairman of its Executive Committee, which passes on the cases of members of the party accused of unfaithfulness to party allegiance, declared yesterday that no complaint had been received by the committee calling upan it to descipline Mr. Bruere for consulting with Col. Roosevelt. He said the committee had power to arraign and try Bruere on its own initiative, but would not forecast the committee's action. The committee will meet on Sept. 17.

**Rockefeller Family in Convention.**

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.—The Rockefeller Family Association, composed of kinsmen of John D. Rockefeller, began its annual reunion here to-day, with sixty-five members present from all parts of the country. Benjamin F. Rockefeller of Colorado was re-elected President.

# FAIR CROWD HAS FUN WITH COLONEL

**Great Throng Which Surrounds Platform in St. Paul Forces Him to Make Speech in Sections.**

**THE CROWDS ENTHUSIASTIC**

**Roosevelt Meets with Heartiest Welcome of His Trip in Minneapolis and St. Paul.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

ST. PAUL, Minn., Sept. 5 (On board Col. Roosevelt's train.)—More than 100,000 persons, perhaps 50,000 more than that, saw Col. Roosevelt to-day in Minneapolis and St. Paul, and if there was any unfriendly sentiment among them it did not make itself manifest. The Colonel spoke to 25,000 people at the State Fair, midway between the twin cities, and got a reception that seemed to do his heart good. He did not say anything new, but he discussed most of the issues laid down in the Progressive platform, and his speech to-day was in the nature of a compendium of all that he has said on these issues heretofore.

Gov. Eberhart, though he is the Taft or stand-pat candidate for the Governorship, was one of those who welcomed Col. Roosevelt at the station this morning, and sat near him at the luncheon at the West Hotel in Minneapolis. It was explained that this was all an official compliment paid by the Governor in his capacity as executive to a former President; but while this accounted for his presence at the Colonel's arrival, it was not held to account for his going so far as to cross to Minneapolis and attend the luncheon. It was merely, Minnesota politicians thought, another illustration of the great desire of both factions to get together so far as the State ticket was concerned, no matter what happened to the National ticket.

When the Colonel came to Minnesota he came to a State where the Iowa conditions are duplicated. The cities are not warm to him; the country is. There is the same argument here that Senator Cummins put forth in Iowa against the nomination of a third ticket for State offices. The Minnesota leaders are mostly in favor of running a set of Roosevelt Electors, with a State ticket that shall remain under the Republican emblem on the ballot. They are anxious not to lose their party standing.

Nevertheless, the push of events will force them into the nomination of a third State ticket unless the perplexed five-candidate situation as to the Governorship can be straightened out.

The fight here is between Roosevelt and Wilson. The name of Taft is never heard. Nevertheless, the old-time Republican politicians look with hostile eyes on the proposal to cut loose from the name, and they talk of naming a State ticket which shall be composed chiefly of Taft men.

**Watching the State Offices.**

It is the State offices that they are looking out for. Many of these stand-pat politicians, and men who are candidates for office at that, will tell you privately that they intend to vote for Roosevelt. The only thing they are looking out for is the preservation of the party name. The more advanced Progressives, such as Hugh T. Halbert, are determined to force the nomination of a third ticket in the State, and are fully confident of their ability to do it.

Gov. Eberhart, who is a Taft man, leads in the race, but there are four candidates against him, three of whom are Progressives. The only out-and-out Bull Moose of the lot is Lieut. Gov. Gordon. The real contest is between Eberhart, William E. Lee, and Attorney General Young. Lee is a La Follette man, who, however, will support Roosevelt in preference to Taft. Young is a Roosevelt man who wants to keep the Republican name.

If a combination can be effected between Lee and Young they can beat Eberhart, and an attempt was made a few days ago to induce these two and Gordon to agree on one of them and have the other two withdraw. It failed for the time, and the present plan is for all three to throw their strength to the one who shows the most strength in the primaries on Sept. 17—an unsatisfactory arrangement, because such a candidate could go on a third party ticket only instead of getting the indorsement of both the Republicans and Progressives, which is what everybody except the most advanced radicals really want.

This was the perplexed situation which confronted the Colonel when he arrived here to-day, and so far he has not coped with it. There has been no such straight-from-the-shoulder answer as he gave to Cummins's declaration against a third State ticket in Iowa; in fact, there has been no answer at all. He has not really been called on for any, but a word from him would probably settle the question.

The Colonel didn't really have much time to-day to deal with political questions. He was too busy getting the greatest reception of his life. It would be interesting to know how far the Colonel's sense of the dramatic extends, and whether, self-confident as he is, he isn't a little bit awed by the consciousness that a single man can draw out such immense multitudes as lined the way from St. Paul to Minneapolis to-day, with so many of them looking upon him as a sort of John the Baptist.

To an onlooker it seemed enough to sober even the most flighty of men. At one point in his speech at the fair grounds to-day an old farmer standing near the platform reached his arm over the edge of the stand and touched the Colonel's foot, and then drew back, perfectly satisfied. He had touched the hem of the garment of Moses. The act may have been laughable, but the emotion back of it was genuine.

**Colonel in a Boyish Mood.**

And that was the sort of crowd the Colonel saw. It seemed to inspire him. He had nothing new to say, but what he did say was said with a vim and enjoyment that he has seldom shown to such a degree. His manner has sometimes been called boyish, but it is sometimes ponderous. Boyish it was to-day, though, and he never seemed so happy in his life. He wore the air of a man who was saying to himself: "I wish my wife could see me now."

The wonderful reception he was getting mounted to his head. But this is not to say that the crowd was overmuch given to cheering. It was a crowd of that type which has become so familiar in this campaign—the type that does not want to yell, but that does want to listen with strained attention to what the speaker says; the type that wants to hear arguments instead of the noise which proceeds from its own throat.

Talking to 25,000 people is a pretty hard job, especially when the 25,000 are not massed in front of you, but distributed to your right, your left, behind you, and in front. The Colonel managed it by making his speech in sections. He would talk first to the left-hand crowd, then to the right, then to the back, and then to the centre. This kept him running around the platform, while each crowd which he temporarily deserted yelled for him to come back.

The first time he quit the left-hand audience to speak to those on the right, the left-hand crowd shouted, "Come back! talk to us!" The Colonel turned, shot his under jaw out at the shouters, and cried, "Square deal!" They laughed and applauded and remained silent, not hearing a word he said, while for many minutes he talked to the crowd on the right.

**Colonel Rebukes the Crowd.**

This left-hand crowd numbered many thousands; it stayed there patiently rebuked by the Colonel's suggestion that the right-hand people had as much right to hear him as they had. After a while they again called to him to come back, and the Colonel stopped in the middle of a sentence to call out to them, "I've made a solemn engagement with these people to talk to them for five minutes. After that I'll come to the other side of the platform."

And after the five minutes were up he said, with an engaging grin, "Now, friends, let me go over there for a minute," and ran like a squirrel over to the left-hand side where he was greeted with a joyous shriek.

"Come back!" shouted the right hand side, after he had talked to the left-handers for a few minutes. He dropped the sentence he was uttering, turned around toward the right-handers, and said sternly, "Look here! That's not a square deal!" The right-handers applauded him, cried "Go ahead," and sunk into silence, and turning his back on them, he went on talking to the left, while the right waited patiently for him to return.

This happened half a dozen times. Once as he turned from the right and ran down the platform to the left, a thousand voices from the back shouted, "Talk to us. There's a lot of us over here." The Colonel stopped in his rush to the left, surveyed the crowd at the back, and recognized the justice of their complaint. He turned suddenly around, walked over to them, and said, standing under a tree freighted with boys and men on every branch, one or two of whom dangled their feet not more than six inches over his head. "I'm willing to do anything except go into a hurdle race. I like you all, but I don't know how to divide myself." But he did speak to the back crowd, while the tree branches above him almost broke with the audience that loomed over his head.

"Your five minutes are up!" the right hand side finally shouted, and the Colonel, turning and waving his hand with a gleeful smile, reassured them with, "I'm coming back." The double meaning of this phrase caught the crowd on all sides, and it yelled itself hoarse.

The insistent demands from all sides that he should speak to each finally led him to say, "Friends, this is the only time I ever wished I could face two ways at once, or even five ways at once, but I'd have to be built like a starfish to do it." As he went from right to left for the seventh time a voice from the centre shouted, "Talk to the centre." He hesitated a moment, then turned to the right and left with a debonair wave of the hand and said, "The centre complains that I have been playing both ends against the middle."

In short, the Colonel never enjoyed himself so much. He seemed as happy as a schoolboy in the presence of that vast crowd, which he dominated and swayed as if it were his creature. He did not mind the shortage of applause, for the eager, rapt faces turned toward his not only made up for its absence but furnished a far better inspiration for an orator.

Women were plentiful in the throng, not women of the suffragist type, but mostly the wives and mothers of farmers—old or middle-aged, toilworn, and poorly dressed. Men with Grand Army buttons were numerous, and most of the crowd seemed to be farmers.

In the Colonel's speech he repeated his assertion, made in many a speech before, that after Penrose and Archbold had made their charges about the Standard Oil contribution in 1904, the whole Committee, except Chairman Clapp, had fled precipitately to "the four winds of heaven," in spite of Col. Roosevelt's demand to be heard in answer, and that they had told him he could not get a hearing for a month.

Col. Roosevelt has made this statement over and over again throughout his trip, but this time when he came to that part of his speech he varied it in an unexpected and dramatic way.

"When Archbold made this charge," said he, "the whole Committee, without giving me a chance to be heard, dispersed to the four winds of heaven; the only one who stayed at his post was your son, Mrs. Clapp."

As he said this he turned and bowed almost double to a woman sitting a few seats away from where he was standing. It was the mother of Senator Clapp of Minnesota, a sweet-faced, composed-looking lady, evidently well on in years, but still looking entirely too young to be the mother of a man past 50. Mrs. Clapp bowed to the Colonel in a stately, calm sort of way, in no manner excited or ruffled by the compliment, though the crowd cheered her madly.

Toward the close of the speech an old Grand Army man fainted. He was standing directly in front of the Colonel, who had just made one of his sweeps from right to left, and the Colonel, who was in the middle of a sentence, stopped, leaned over, and caught the old man as he was falling. In a jiffy he had lifted him to the platform, laid him down, and summoned Dr. Terrell, his physician, who administered restoratives, while the Colonel went right on with his speech from the middle of the sentence he had been uttering.

The day's programme started with a reception at the St. Paul Hotel and a talk with some of the Minnesota leaders. After that the Colonel and his party went out in automobiles to the State Fair Grounds, where he delivered his speech of the day—a rehash of what he has said on other occasions. After that he went to Minneapolis and was entertained at luncheon, and then took an automobile ride. This evening he returned to the Fair Grounds and was the chief guest at the "Farm Dinner," which is a dinner given by the Directors of the fair. At 10:15 he returned to his train and started for North Dakota.

## TAFT SUPPORT FOR WILSON.

**If Nebraska Republicans Vote Their Ticket They Will Aid Roosevelt.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 5.—Taft Republicans are on the verge of abandoning the campaign in Nebraska and throwing their support to Wilson. State Chairman Currie to-day stated that the best thing they could do is to vote the Democratic ticket.

This advice followed the refusal of the Roosevelt Presidential Electors to resign from the Taft ticket, the result being that should Taft carry the State Roosevelt will get six of the eight Electoral votes.

"With the Electoral ticket as it is," said Mr. Currie, "I believe the best thing our people can do is to support Wilson. The Republicans can accomplish more by supporting the Democratic ticket than the Republican."

# MOOSERS TO NAME PRENDERGAST

**Continued from Page 1.**

if he wanted to. There is a way for a man to speak so that everybody can understand him, and there is another way in which only certain persons can understand.

"I believe that Mr. Prendergast will be nominated. If he is, I believe he will be elected."

**Hotchkiss Denies Friction.**

Mr. Woodruff said there was no truth in the story that Mr. Prendergast and Mr. Hotchkiss had an angry talk this morning.

Mr. Hotchkiss said to-night that he was anxious to find the man who started the story.

"I used to be pretty good with my fists," he said, "and I don't believe I am very bad with them now. If I find the man who started that story I will take off my glasses and sail into him.

"The man who started that story is a cur, a liar, and a scoundrel. He may be a member of that tribe whose motto is 'we hate peace.' Mr. Prendergast and I are friends. We did have a talk early this morning in his rooms in the Yates Hotel. It was a pleasant talk. Not one hasty or angry word was uttered. I told Mr. Prendergast what I believed the situation to be in the State. He understands my position. Further than that I cannot tell you what was said."

The story so strongly denounced by Mr. Hotchkiss was to the effect that he told Mr. Prendergast that it would be unwise for him to seek the nomination or to accept it if it came to him. The reason said to have been given by Mr. Hotchkiss for this advice was due entirely to religious questions.

Mr. Hotchkiss was asked if Mr. Prendergas told him that he would refuse the nomination unless it was unanimous. He replied that Mr. Prendergast had said that to him before he left New York.

"I told him then," said Mr. Hotchkiss, "that he would be very foolish to do any such thing.

"It would be impossible for any person, no matter whom, to get 1,500 delegates to vote unalmously for him. If Mr. Roosevelt, or Mr. McKinley, or even Abraham Lincoln himself were a candidate for Governor of New York State in a convention of 1,500 delegates it would be impossible for any of them to get a unanimous nomination."

When Mr. Hotchkiss was asked if he was likely to be nominated for Governor he replied with heat:

"I said yesterday and I say again to-day that I am not a candidate."

"Will you say it again to-morrow?"

Mr. Hotchkiss shook his clinched fists and cried: "Yes, I will say it again to-morrow! Why, just think of my position here. I am the State Chairman, and I may be called upon to sit in judgment concerning candidates. How could I possibly be a candidate myself? The idea that I am a candidate in any sense of the word is simply ridiculous."

This question was then put to him direct: "Will you accept the nomination if it is tendered to you in the convention?"

"I will not answer that question," he replied emphatically.

## CONVENTION OPENING TAME.

**Draws Few Spectators — Delegates Enthusiastic in Half-Empty Hall.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 5.—The opening of the first Bull Moose Convention in Col. Roosevelt's own State at noon today drew few spectators. All the delegates and alternates were present, but they filled only about half the space in a hall not any too large for holding a State Convention. Of spectators there were less than 300, a majority of whom occupied box seats as guests of the Bull Moose leaders. The convention was scheduled to begin at 11 o'clock. It was almost an hour and a half later when State Chairman William H. Hotchkiss appeared on the rostrum and called it to order.

In nearly every row of delegates there were half a dozen or more women. One of the woman delegates, Mrs. Lucy Mercy Saum, from the Twenty-second Assembly District of Kings, had brought her two-months-old baby. The infant, nestling in her lap, cooed merrily as the band played, and was made much of by the other women members of the Brooklyn delegation.

The delegates manifested their enthusiasm and interest in a hundred ways in the time that passed before the convention was called to order. A delegate from Erie had a Bull Moose yell, in which he induced the delegates to join with zest. Nearly every delegate carried an American flag or a bandana handkerchief fastened bannerlike to a stick. Every time the band played a stirring air the convention hall was a billowing sea of color. The pseudo-religious spirit seemed to run nearly as strong in this convention as it did at the National Bull Moose Convention in Chicago. When the band struck up "Onward, Christian Soldiers," or the "Battle Hymn of the Republic," men and women sprang to their feet and sang the words with fervor.

Former State Senator Frederick M. Davenport of Oneida was Temporary Chairman of the convention. He made the keynote speech, which bristled with caustic epigram and cutting criticism of the bosses of the older parties. It was frequently interrupted by applause.

In it was an echo of Col. Roosevelt's assertion that the Progressive Party held the corrective for Socialism and the antidote for anarchy.

"A great light has broken out in the mind of the American people," said Mr. Davenport. "In a land dedicated to freedom and the service of mankind an invisible tyranny has become visible. An inner political circle, men without a country, knowing neither party ties nor patriotic devotion, bound together only by the grossest bonds of profit and private interest, have usurped the right of the people to rule.

"In a dangerous number of instances the governing councils of our cities have been puppets and the public utility oligarchs have pulled the strings. Our State legislators have stood without apparent hitching because the invisible halter was about their necks.

"The progressive spirit is essentially a conservative spirit," Mr. Davenport went on. "It is the solvent for discontent. It is the bulwark against violence and revolution. It holds that justice with respect to human rights, is the greatest protection for honest property rights. The Tory and the Bourbon have always invited revolution."

There is no State in the Union which has so great neew of an organized Progressive party as the State of New York. We have no truly Republican party, no truly Democratic party. There is a Barnes party. There is a Murphy party. But there is no channel whatever for the expression of the liberal and progressive ideas of more than nine millions of freemen. The National Progressive movement offers to the citizens of the State of New York, without distinction of previous party affiliation, a way of escape from the thralldom of invisible government."

After the Temporary Chairman had finished his speech a man on the platform picked up a huge megaphone and bawled to the delegates to sing "The Battle Hymn of the New Party," a parody of "The aBttle Hymn of the Republic." Here is the first stanza:

The "Grand Old Party" is a mouldering in the grave,
It came and saved the Nation, but itself it cannot save,
It's Boss Barnes's plaything and it's Guggenheim's slave,
But we go marching on.

After the delegates had sung its three stanzas standing committees were appointed and an adjournment taken until 8 o'clock in the evening.

## 4,500 AT NIGHT SESSION.

**Convention Passes Platform — Ovations for Straus and Prendergast.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 5.—When the convention was called to order for its night session at 8:45 o'clock, forty-five minutes late, the hall was more than two-thirds full. It was a sweltering crowd, for the thermometer had gone up several degrees from the afternoon temperature. There were 4,500 people present, but very little enthusiasm.

Oscar S. Straus was chosen Permanent Chairman, the other temporary officers continuing in their positions. Mr. Straus was enthusiastically applauded as he arose to speak. Although he read from notes, his voice was clear and carried far. When Mr. Straus finished he was roundly applauded.

The Committee on Credentials then announced that it had settled the only contest, that of Oswego County, by seating the regularly elected delegates.

The convention heartily welcomed the announcement of the Committee on Rules that only fifteen minutes would be allowed for nominating speeches for Governor and the judicial candidates, and only five minutes for the other candidates.

Chairman Lindsay of the Committee on Resolutions read the platform, which was adopted. The preamble, prepared by Judge Draper of Troy and the other Democrats on the committee, failed of adoption, and a milder form of introduction was written.

In the course of the reading Controller Prendergast entered, and the delegations from New York, Kings, and Erie arose and roared a welcome. Parts of other delegations stood and joined in the applause.

The convention burst into another roar when Bourke Cockran came on the platform. At the very outset of his speech he caught the convention by springing an old phrase. He said that some men were satisfied to eat their bread by the sweat of their own brows, while others insisted upon eating it by the sweat of other men's brows.

The convention again shouted approval when he said that he had been compelled many times to change his political associates in order to remain true to democratic principles.

The convention adjourned at 11:50 until noon to-morrow.

## THE STATE PLATFORM.

**Radical Measures Outlined for Adoption by Progressive Convention.**

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 5.—The platform adopted to-night at the State Progressive Convention here, in so far as it affects State issues, reads:

We covenant with the people as follows:

We denounce the so-called Direct Primary Act of 1911 as a deliberate attempt to discredit the principle of direct nominations and retain boss control.

We pledge the enactment of a real direct primary law applicable to every elective office and a Presidential preference primary law.

We denounce the Levy Election law as a bi-partisan conspiracy; we pledge its repeal and the enactment of a fair and understandable statute.

We favor the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people.

We favor the type of Massachusetts ballot.

We pledge the enactment of a corrupt practices act by which election abuses shall be clearly defined and bribe-giving punished by imprisonment only; legislation requiring the publication at least once a week during the campaign of all receipts and disbursements by committees, candidates, and workers,, together with full accounting within ten days after election; the use of public buildings for political meetings, primaries, and elections, thus adding dignity to the voting function and reducing the expenses of campaigns.

We pledge our party and its candidates to support loyally and work for the women's suffrage constitutional amendment at all stages.

To give the people an effective ultimate check upon the abuses of governmental power; we favor the initiative, referendum, and recall, and hereby specifically reaffirm our National platform.

We would give the Governor, under proper restrictions, the power directly to invoke the referendum as to a legislative measure recommended by him, but not enacted by the legislature.

We favor a constitutional amendment enabling the people to propose constitutional amendments by petition, and to adopt or reject at the polls amendments so proposed.

We favor the short ballot principle, and appropriate constitutional amendments.

Municipalities should be given power to adopt and amend their charters in matters pertaining to their powers and duties, the terms of office and compensation of officials, incurring of obligations, methods and subjects of local taxation, and the acquisition and management of municipal properties, including public utilities. We are opposed to special legislation dealing with such subjects.

We would make it possible for any city to adopt the commission form of government.

We pledge ourselves to administer and uphold the civil service laws of the State; to extend the competitive list, and to make examinations an efficient test of real qualifications for appointment.

The present rules of legislative procedure have been instruments by which the bi-partisan machine has carried out in legislation the sinister purposes of the invisible government.

We favor just rules of procedure; a public record of the votes of all legislative committees, and the abolition of every secret point of access to legislation.

We believe that to prevent raids upon the public Treasury the Governor should have power to reduce items in the Appropriation bill.

We favor the creation of a permanent legislative reference and drafting bureau to aid in the drafting of legislation, with authority to make public its report upon any bill.

We indorse the declarations of our National platform respecting the judiciary and favor their embodiment in the organic law of this State.

The selection of Judges by amicable understanding between the bosses of both political parties and lawyers of easy partisanship, but ardent devotion to corporate interests, we denounce as a fraud and travesty upon the principle of nonpartisanship in the choice of judicial officers. To secure real non-partisanship the nominations and election of Judges should be wholly apart from party columns or party designations on the ballot.

We favor the simplification of civil procedure to eliminate the delays and expensiveness of litigation; the reform of criminal procedure to the end that a speedy trial upon the merits shall be assured to the accused and punishment follow swiftly upon conviction.

We pledge our support to the Public Service Commissions law. The highest standards applicable to appointments to a court of justice should apply to the Public Service Commissions. Appointments thereto should not be used as political rewards or partisan prizes.

We favor the enactment of laws to the following ends:

1. The burden of establishing the reasonableness of its rates or service shall rest upon the corporation under investigation.
2. The Commissions shall have power to suspend announced increases of rates, fares, or charges, pending investigation of the reasonableness or propriety thereof.
3. The power of review of New York courts over determinations of Public Service Commissions shall be limited to questions of law.
4. The jurisdiction of the Commissions over express companies should include baggage and transfer companies.
5. The abolition of grade crossings.
6. The carrying out in the State of the pledge of the National platform for the protection of investors in corporate securities.
7. The repeal or definite forfeiture of unused or abandoned franchises, and recovery of control of the unlimited, perpetual, or practically perpetual franchises heretofore alienated by improvident public servants.
8. A revision of the standard fire insurance policy to secure to the assured prompt and fair payment of losses.

We advocate State or National legislation as follows:

1. The repeal of the so-called Canadian Reciprocity Act.
2. An agricultural survey of the State, so that in each locality there may be available to each farmer adequate data as to soils, farm management, seed supply, market facilities, transportation methods, crop prospects, and the like.
3. State supervision of commission merchants and brokers, to prevent loss to shippers through insolvency or fraud.
4. A system of agricultural credit for drainage and land improvement.
5. Such change in statute and fundamental law as will permit drainage of farm lands by means of compulsory process against the owners of contiguous lands.
6. The rapid extension of the parcels post service.
7. An active State policy of road building and road maintenance. We denounce the fraud, extravagance, waste, and favoritism in road construction under the present Democratic administration.

The platform then enumerated the social reforms of the National platform, such as the prohibition of child labor and the regulation of woman's work and indorsed them. Then it continues:

To do its part in carrying out this programme, the Department of Labor should be reorganized, wholly separated from politics, new divisions created, and equipped with an adequate number of inspectors. It should be given full powers for the efficient enforcement of the labor law. It should have authority to make and enforce regulations subject to legislative control, adjusting general laws to particular localities and trades.

We favor immediate investigation of industrial disputes by the Department of Labor and the prompt publication of its findings.

We favor the prompt passage of the pending constitutional amendment relating to workmen's compensation, and the enactment thereupon of a thoroughgoing workmen's compensation act.

We pledge ourselves to laws securing adequate fire protection to the factory workers of the State.

We favor radical and persistent attack on congestion of population, bad housing, and all other preventable causes of poverty.

We favor the enforcement in letter and spirit of the Empire State's laws forbidding discriminations on account of race, creed, or color.

We favor, as a factor in reducing the cost of living, a better supervision of the marketing of food products.

The public school is the most efficient aid to democracy, and we favor its maintenance everywhere at a high standard. We favor practical instruction in matters of immediate concern to each community—agriculture and forestry in rural regions and smaller towns, industry and commerce in the cities, home-keeping and citizenship everywhere.

The movement for the wider use of schoolhouses has our hearty indorsement.

We favor vigorous State and local activity in the protection of the public health. Tuber

# HILLES ASSAILS ALL BIG BULL MOOSERS

### Flinn He Accuses of Perfidy and Dishonor, and Roosevelt and Johnson of Much More.

### FEARS FOR PENNSYLVANIA

### Appeals to His State Chairman There to Get the Roosevelt Electors Off the Ticket at Once.

After long conferences with Senator Boies Penrose and William Barnes, Jr., concerning the situation which the Republican Party is facing in Pennsylvania because the Roosevelt Electors have steadfastly refused to give up their places on the Republican ticket, National Chairman Charles D. Hilles sent yesterday to Henry G. Wasson, head of the Republican State Committee, a letter in which he demanded that the Electors who would not support the President forward their resignations without further delay. He bitterly assailed Col. Roosevelt and ex-Senator William Flinn of Pittsburgh, who controls the Pennsylvania State organization, declaring that to stand in the way of the immediate substitution of genuine Republicans for the Roosevelt Electors was perfidious and dishonorable. He discouraged action in the courts to oust the Roosevelt Electors unless no other way out of the difficulty could be found.

Mr. Hilles made no comment on what course would be pursued if the Roosevelt Electors refused to resign, but the impression was given out that as a result of the conferences and the letter developments might be expected in a few days which would clarify the situation.

Senator Penrose, who was found at the Waldorf, had little to add to what Mr. Hilles had said. He said that he must insist that Mr. Hilles do the talking. He did deny, however, that he had said in an interview that he favored court proceedings within forty-eight hours if the Roosevelt Electors refused to resign.

"That is absolutely false. I never gave out such an interview," said he.

"But if the Roosevelt Electors refuse to resign, what will be done?" he was asked.

"I think you will find very definite developments within two or three days," reeplied the Senator.

Because of reports that an agreement between the Republicans and Bull Moose leaders in Pennsylvania might be reached whereby the Roosevelt Electors would immediately resign if no State ticket were placed in the field by Penrose in opposition to the Flinn candidates, one paragraph in the letter by Hilles to Wasson was looked upon as significant. It read:

It is not necessary to complicate the situation with the question of the indorsement of the Republican candidates for State offices by the proposed Washington Party. So far as the Republican National Committee is concerned, it has no desire to indicate whether or not the candidates for State offices should also receive a nomination from the third party. The National Committee is interested, primarily, in the election of the ticket nominated by the Republican Convention at Chicago.

**Fears Wilson Will Win the State.**

The State Republican ticket, to which Mr. Hilles referred was nominated by the forces controlled by Flinn at the convention following the Spring primaries, when Roosevelt obtained the big majority of the delegates to the National Convention, and Flinn got control of the Republican Party machinery in Pennsylvania. The Roosevelt Electors over whose place on the Republican ticket the dispute has now arisen, were named at the same time by the State Convention. The Flinn State ticket is legally the Republican ticket, but there has been reports that another ticket would be placed in the field by Penrose and his followers to combat the Flinn ticket. This is the bone of contention apart from the Roosevelt Electors' squabble.

Just how deeply concerned the Republican National Committee is over the complications in Pennsylvania and the fear that the Democrats will assuredly carry the State for Wilson unless the situation is suddenly changed is made manifest in Mr. Hilles's letters where he says:

In the case of the major parties it is of the utmost importance to have an effective organization in the field at the earliest possible moment. Time is an element of vital consequence to the candidate and his managers. This year, when popular interest in politics is very great, the Electors themselves should conduct an aggressive canvass in the interest of the party they represent. Already our principal antagonists, the Democrats, are busily engaged in promoting the cause of their candidate. Pennsylvania, with thirty-eight votes, has a potential voting strength of about 15 per cent. in the Electoral College.

But to-day, the 4th of September, Pennsylvania Republicans have no Electoral ticket around which to rally. By reason of the secession of a portion of the Republicans under the leadership of Col. Roosevelt, the Republican Electoral ticket, nominated at the State Convention last May, is disorganized. A majority of the thirty-eight Electors named at the convention refuse to declare their purpose, if elected next November, to vote for President Taft.

**Campaign Already Too Late.**

Mr. Hilles points out that even if the Roosevelt Electors resign at once, it leaves only two months for the Republicans to make their campaign, "a period obviously too brief in which to accomplish the best results."

"From the standpoint of decency, honor, and morality, the Roosevelt Electors should not defer their retirement from the Republican ticket another day," he adds. "They should not force the Republican managers to appeal to the courts to compel them to withdraw."

Mr. Hilles next accuses Col. Roosevelt of bad faith and falsehood in connection with the statement that he made for the newspapers on Aug. 6 at the Bull Moose Convention in Chicago, that the Roosevelt Electors would withdraw and Republican Electors be placed on the Pennsylvania ticket. "We are to run a straight third party ticket in Pennsylvania," he quotes Roosevelt as declaring, and then points out that no such course had been followed.

Mr. Flinn is referred to by Mr. Hilles as "the head of the Republican secessionists in Pennsylvania." He says:

"It is his design to defer the retirement of the Roosevelt Electors, all of whom seem to be subservient to his will, until so late a date as to make it difficult, if not impossible, for the Republicans to conduct an effective campaign in the interest of President Taft.

**Republicans Disfranchised.**

"His motives are as apparent as they are vicious. He wishes to destroy the Republican Party in the Nation, but at the same time to sandbag the Republicans of Pennsylvania into furthering his surreptitious design to break into the United States Senate."

Flinn's attitude, Hilles charges, is not only in plain disregard of the Pennsylvania law requiring the certification of nominations to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, but it is in violation of the code defining conduct between honorable men.

Hilles made a strong appeal to Chairman Wasson to take immediate action.

Mr. Hilles concludes that the Republicans will really be disfranchised if Flinn's plan is not thwarted.

"The Roosevelt Electors," he says, "are sailing under false colors. The Republicans of Pennsylvania have a right to vote for Republican Presidential Electors."

In a joint attack on Col. Roosevelt and Gov. Johnson of California for the action taken in turning over the Republican State organization of California to the third party, Chairman Hilles did not mince his words.

"The party of the third-term candidate," he declared, "professes through its leader many virtues, but the leader and the party openly condone stealing and cheating and make a virtue of actions that are a stench in the nostrils of honest men.

**Denounces Roosevelt and Johnson.**

"Platform platitudes cannot offset personal actions, and Theodore Roosevelt and Hiram Johnson have shown themselves capable of dishonest and dishonorable methods in this California matter. Let the public judge their actions and apply to them the same test that they would apply ordinarily to any man who violated not merely plain ethics, but conventional decency, honesty, and honor.

"Johnson, who is the candidate for Vice President on the third-term ticket, controls the election machinery and the State Committee. When he abandoned the Republican Party he should have in common decency surrendered the Republican Party's affairs into the hands of the Republicans.

"Johnson by refusing to fight under his own flag has deliberately planned to steal the Republican California Electors and name men under the Republican emblem who will vote for the third-term ticket. This compels the Republican Party to name its Electors by petition.

"No one can properly characterize this piece of political depravity, personal cowardice, and treachery. It is plain stealing, a piece of trickery to which no honorable man would descend."


## The Clothes a Man Needs

¶ For business—two or three or more changes, in seasonable fabrics and colorings, single or double breasted effects—and above all, a clear head.

¶ For dinner—a Saks Tuxedo, of black or dark Oxford cloth, satin-faced as to collar and lapels—and a sharp appetite.

¶ For full dress affairs—a garment by Saks, cut on the most approved lines, and tailored and finished as accurately as a watch is made—and the right girl.

¶ For outer wear—two overcoats, one a regulation model for general use, the other a dark fabric coat, preferably silk-faced for evening and Sunday wear, with a silk hat—and a Saks label in the coats and the hat.

¶ For informal occasions—for the Sunday constitutional, for any engagement of the day, and even for business, if you so desire, you need a morning coat, made of black or Oxford cloth, braid bound—and a nice discrimination in your scarfs and linen.

¶ For golfing—a Saks Norfolk or an Acme Norfolk, made in rough and colorful fabrics, in various Norfolk styles—and a chaste vocabulary in the face of flubs, tops, pulls, slices, babbling brooks, sand traps and bunkers.

**Saks & Company**

Broadway at 34th Street


## JOHNSON RIDICULES TAFT.

### Tells Ohio Moose Delegates He Is a Humiliating Figure.

*Special to The New York Times.*

COLUMBUS, Sept. 5.—The preliminaries of the Third Party Convention having been disposed of yesterday, the delegates went into the last day with the determination for a quick windup.

James R. Garfield opened the proceedings as Permanent Chairman, and the following Presidential electors at large were nominated: J. W. Conger of Cuyahoga County, A. O. Zwirk of Hamilton County, and E. L. Refford of Franklin County. Four of the twenty-one district electors elected George E. Crider, Sherman T. Hubbard, John A. Thomas, and Frank E. Meek, candidates on the regular Republican ticket, but resigned.

Arthur L. Garford, named as the candidate for Governor, was nominated by acclamation. L. J. Tabor was nominated for Lieutenant Governor, the nomination having been refused by Percy Tetlow and S. S. Stilwell.

John J. Sullivan, having resigned as the nominee for Secretary of State on the regular Republican ticket, was nominated for the same position. Sullivan renounced his Republican candidacy from the platform.

William Kirtley, who also announced his withdrawal as the candidate for Board of Public Works on the regular Republican ticket, was nominated for State Treasurer.

For two hours Gov. Hiram M. Johnson of California, Progressive candidate for the Vice Presidency, swayed the great crowd that filled the convention hall. At the start he launched into an attack on Taft.

"Do not for a minute consider the President in this race," he said. "He is a negligible quantity. It is with shame, as an American citizen, that I say to-day the most humiliating character in American history is the President of the United States.

"This is the party of men unafraid. The revolution is on not only in the States of the Middle West, but in the Western States at the border of the land. We go before the Nation demanding that invisible government shall be eliminated, and that every Governmental agency shall rest in the hands of the people. We have written down the direct primary, the initiative, referendum and recall as the weapons of popular rule which we seek to place in the people's hand. Our programme is concise, definite, and unequivocal."

The convention went wild when Gov. Johnson, referring to Roosevelt, said:

"We have the greatest two-handed fighter America has ever seen."

**Bull Moose Nominee Declines.**

DAVENPORT, Ia., Sept. 5.—Herman J. Zeuck, nominated at Des Moines yesterday as Progressive candidate for Congress from the Second Iowa District, today declined the nomination.

**To Open Taft Campaign Sept. 21.**

Announcement was made by Chairman Hilles of the Republican National Committee yesterday that the formal opening of the Taft campaign will take place on Saturday, Sept. 21, at Columbus, Ohio. The names of the speakers will be made public soon. Mr. Hilles conferred yesterday with Henry M. Daugherty, Chairman of the Republican Committee of Ohio.

# GOV. WILSON MISSING HERE FOR FIVE HOURS

### Secluded in Hotel, He Writes Speech, While His Secretary Hunts Him in Vain.

### SEA GIRT POPULATION FALLS

### Exodus from Resort Leaves Little White House in Peace—Candidate Addresses Three Delegations.

*Special to The New York Times.*

SEA GIRT, N. J., Sept. 5.—Gov. Wilson returned to Sea Girt from New York early this afternoon and found three delegations waiting to greet him. Two of the delegations were composed of Italian voters of New Jersey and the other came from Brooklyn.

C. L. Carrao, formerly an Assistant District Attorney of New York, quoted Cicero to Gov. Wilson and assured him that all Italians applauded his discriminating words in favor of letting some immigrants into the country and keeping others out. Gov. Wilson made three speeches to the delegations, in which he discussed his views on immigration, favoring a plan to let in all the "voluntary" immigrants and extend to them a much more practicable welcome than is now given, and at the same time to excluded all "assisted" immigrants. His views were applauded by each of the delegations.

To-night Gov. Wilson worked several hours over his correspondence. As his next speaking date away from Sea Girt is not until Monday, the Governor is counting on getting in some hard work upon his accumulation of mail.

"The emptiying of the seashore resorts," he said, "has made quite a difference in affairs, and I suppose things will be much more quiet now."

Instead of the dozen "rubberneck" wagons that have usually passed the Little White House each day, only one put in an appearance this afternoon, and it was nearly empty. The population of Sea Girt has fallen to almost the members of the Governor's household, the village hackman, the Postmistress, and the correspondents encamped on the Governor's lawn.

From 8 o'clock this morning until 1:15 o'clock this afternoon Gov. Wilson was "lost" to his secretary and office staff and newspaper correspondents. The secretary hunted him in vain, and he was not "found" until he arrived smiling on a Pennsylvania train from New York.

After speaking in New York last night the Governor spent the night at a hotel and got up early prepared to take an 8:30 o'clock train for Sea Girt. But he happened to meet Josephus Daniels, who prevailed on him to begin work on his speech to be delivered at the Press Club in New York next Monday night. The Governor thereupon returned to his hotel, where he remained quietly until 11 o'clock, when he departed for Sea Girt.

## TAGGART COUNTS MAJORITY.

### Indiana for Wilson by 100,000, He Says—Vermont Victory Predicted.

Thomas Taggart, who as Democratic National Chairman managed the Parker campaign in 1904, was a caller at Democratic National Headquarters yesterday. He said:

"We are so sure of carrying Indiana for Wilson that when we make our estimates of his majority in that State we try to be very conservative.

"The American public is due to fall heir to the biggest fortune they ever had, next November, when Wilson and Marshall will be elected. I have been all over Indiana lately and talked to our various leaders and the boys that know me well all say:

"'Tom, we are going to carry this State by 145,000 for Wilson.'

"And they take out pencils and paper to prove it to me.

"'That's all right,' I tell them, 'but we want to work and work hard.'

"And that's what we're going to do in Indiana. Indiana has never been in better shape for a Democratic victory, and I am not excepting 1892, than it is to-day. There is no doubt that we will carry the State by more than 100,000, but I am going to attend to my knitting and roll up the biggest Democratic majority we ever had. I am on my way to Massachusetts and will return to New York in the course of a few days and then get back to the good West."

Jacob G. Ullery of Brattleboro, Chairman of the Vermont Democratic Campaign Committee, called on Acting Chairman William G. McAdoo at Democratic National Headquarters yesterday and declared that the result of the Vermont election demonstrated that beyond any doubt Wilson would carry the Green Mountain State in November.

Senator A. O. Bacon, who was re-elected to the United States Senate for the fourth time two weeks ago, was at the Democratic National Headquarters yesterday. He will begin his active work in behalf of Wilson and Marshall the latter part of this month. He and Senator O'Gorman, of New York, consulted in the office of Joseph Daniels yesterday. He told Senator O'Gorman that he was going into the fight for Wilson with all the enthusiasm of a first voter and that he had never faced a campaign with more confidence than the one of 1912.

Mr. Daniels said:

"The most significant thing about the Vermont result to me is that the Democrats gained 4,397 over the vote of four years ago, and the Republicans and Third Termers combined cast 3,539 less than the Republicans cast four years ago."

## WOMEN MEET FOR WILSON.

### A Scotch Tinge with Piper and Dancers—Mrs. Harriman Speaks.

Mrs. Borden Harriman told the audience at her Wilson and Marshall mass meeting at Terrace Garden last evening that her grandfather was Scotch, and whenever as a child she had shown any special honesty of purpose the family always said:

"There's the Scotch coming out."

"I am glad to have one thing in common with Wilson, the great leader," said Mrs. Harriman.

The mother of Gov. Wilson was a Scotchwoman, and the meeting had a Scotch tinge. Willie Cameron, who played the bagpipe in a way to make every Scotch heart thrill, opened the meeting, and little Miss Cameron danced a complicated Highland fling. Little Miss Kerr danced another, and Miss Wallace, the daughter of Andrew Wallace, who was prevented from speaking at the meeeting by illness, told how an old Scotch couple visited a photographer.

Lyman W. Reddington of Vermont and Thomas Jamison of Nebraska thundered real political speeches at the women who formed the greater part of the audience, and Miss Alberta Hill said that the men were to blame for the activity of women in suffrage.

"The men have made such a mystery and abracadabra of politics," said Miss Hill, "that we women have gone Christopher Columbusing on our own hook to find out what is the matter, and we suspect a new broom is needed."

"If you will all use your direct and indirect influence for Wilson and a real democracy, I shan't think this meeting has been in vain," said Mrs. Harriman.

Mrs. Elizabeth Gordon Gross was at the meeting and some of her poems were sung.

## COLLEGE MEN FOR WILSON.

### They Plan a Great Mass Meeting and Parade Here.

It was announced at the headquarters of the Wilson College Men's League yesterday at the Imperial Hotel that more than 300 colleges would be represented at a mass meeting in this city early next month. Gov. Wilson will address the meeting, which will include delegates from Wilson college men's associations in every State.

## REAL ESTATE WILSON MEN.

### Form Campaign Committee of 100 to Raise Money.

Henry Morgenthau, Chairman of the General Finance Committee of the Democratic National Committee, announced yesterday the formation of a Real Estate Committee of One Hundred to raise contributions for the Wilson and Marshall campaign. The organization was effected at a dinner given by Mr. Morgenthau at the Whitehall Club to prominent realty operators on Wednesday evening.

Joseph P. Day was named as Chairman of the committee. William P. Butler was named as Secretary. He opened permanent headquarters for the committee yesterday at 165 Broadway.

## LEVY LAW UPSET.

### Fixing Number of Signatures for Nominations by Petition Held Unconstitutional.

*Special to The New York Times.*

NYACK, N. Y., Sept. 5.—By a decision handed down by Supreme Court Justice A. S. Tompkins to-day the provision of the Levy election law making 1,500 signatures necessary in an independent nomination petition for county officers and 800 signatures for Assemblyman is declared unconstitutional and void.

This decision was rendered on a motion recently brought in the interest of the Progressive Party by the People of the State of New York on the relation of William H. Hotchkiss, Chairman of the State Committee, and Hamilton Fish, Jr., against John Smith and James E. Tower, Jr., the members of the Board of Elections of Putnam County. They asked for a peremptory writ of mandamus requiring the board to disregard this provision of the Levy law.

Justice Tompkins in his opinion concludes that the present law is unreasonable, unjustly discriminative, and void. He believes that a percentage basis would be the fairest method of regulating the number of signers of independent certificates, thereby making the number required depend upon the population, or the voting population, of each county.

It was suggested in the argument of the motion that the court could determine what would be a reasonable number of signatures for such a certificate, but that Justice Tompkins believed was beyond the province of the court and a matter for legislative action alone. As he considered the present law unconstitutional and invalid, he held that the last preceding legislative enactment fixing the number of signatures must control.

Judge Tompkins recognized that independent bodies of voters have not the same status as regular party organizations, and regulations respecting the manner of making nominations and legislation determining the number of nominators were proper and necessary, but such legislation and regulations, to be valid, he held, must be reasonable, and should not impose difficulties or unnecessary restraints or deprive independent bodies of an equality of opportunity with all other bodies and parties.

The action was begun by Mr. Hotchkiss and Hamilton Fish, Jr., with the purpose to make it easier for the Progressives to get a full third party ticket in the field in the State. The Empire State Democracy and the Citizens' Union were permitted to participate.

The argument was before Justie Tompkins last Friday. The claim was made that all of the laws since 1890 were unconstitutional and require an unreasonably high number of signatures to nominate officers in certain of the counties and districts.

Albert S. Bard, counsel for the Citizens' Union, said last night that an appeal would be taken from the decision, in an effort to have the required number of signatures still further reduced.

It is hoped that Justice Jenks will direct that a special session of the Appellate Division for the Second Department be held in Brooklyn next week to hear the case.

The decision yesterday was favorable to the Progressives and was received with much satisfaction at the headquarters. In some districts it was feared, it is said, that it would be an arduous and expensive task to get the number of signatures to petitions required by the Levy law.

## C. N. BLISS, JR., TO TESTIFY.

### Senate Investigators Will Have Son of Republican National Treasurer.

WASHINGTIN, Sept. 5.—Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr., is to be asked to testify before the Senate Committee investigating campaign contributions.

The Senators think he might help to identify written evidence of the Harriman and Standard Oil contributions to the Republican Presidential campaign of 1904. Mr. Bliss will be asked if his father, the treasurer of the Republican National Committee in 1904, left upon his death any memoranda that would throw light on these contributions.

That the Democratic members of the committee will take an active part in the further investigation into the subject was demonstrated to-day when Senator Paynter telegraphed to Washington from Chicago to learn the date of the next meeting.

No call has been made for the next meeting by Chairman Clapp, but Sept. 30 has been fixed tentatively as the date.

## LOGAN CLUB NOT REPUBLICAN

### Reads Itself Out of the Party and Declares for "The People."

About forty members of the Logan Club, the old independent Republican organization of the Twelfth Assembly District in Brooklyn, held a meeting last night at the clubhouse in Garfield Place and formally decided to sever its connection with the Republican Party. At a meeting a few weeks ago the club by a close vote went over to the Bull Moose Party.

Last night F. C. Brinkerhoff, former President, offered an amendment to the preamble of the constitution to strike out the words "Republican Party" and insert the words "the people."

The club, until the recent split, had about 200 members. It is nineteen years old. Congressman William M. Calder, leader of the district, is still a member, but is expected to resign now. Some of those who have already quit the ranks are Interior Revenue Collector William J. Maxwell and ex-Alderman John Gunther. Timothy L. Woodruff and Controller Prendergast are members. Mr. Woodruff was at Syracuse last night, but his advice was sought by wire before action was taken and the proposed amendments turned over to the Executive Committee for its action.

**Prohibitionists Indorse Justices.**

The Prohibition Party in Kings County has named Coleridge W. Hart and County Judge Lewis L. Fawcett for Supreme Court Justices. Judge Fawcett has been nominated also by the Republicans.


## 50 WORDS ABOUT ODD LOTS

*No. 44.*

IF you live near Times Square, do business near Times Square, or pass Times Square, you will find it convenient to visit our uptown office—42d Street and Broadway.

We shall open this office on Monday, September 9.

We offer the same service to investors and traders there as downtown.

Send for Circular M—"Odd Lots."

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# ANTI-TAMMANY MEN FIND SPIES IN CAMP

### Major Widenmann of the Empire State's Committee Sure He Foiled a Sullivan Plot.

### THOS. L. REYNOLDS OUSTED

### He's Accused, with Four Others, of Capturing the State's Organization to Deliver It to the Wigwam.

Into the ranks of the Manhattan division of the Empire State Democracy, organized on July 29 to make war upon Tammany in its own bailiwick, have crept, according to members of the new organization, spies of Tammany Hall. At a meeting of the State Executive Committee of the new movement, held yesterday at its headquarters, 505 Fifth Avenue, the appointments of five of the suspected men, who had been appointed State Committeemen, were revoked and they were dismissed from the ranks of the faithful. One of them, it is said, pretended to be a deserter from Tammany Hall.

The story of the plotting was told by Major Robert Widenmann of the Empire State Democracy's Executive Committee, which ousted the accused men. It was to the effect that when the new organization was launched on July 17 Thomas L. Reynolds, who said he was thoroughly disgusted with Tammany and wished to fight against it, offered his services to the Empire Democracy.

Major Widenmann told the convert that he could take any districts that were not already occupied by men of the Empire State Democracy and there gain all the strength possible.

It was not long before those who had seen Reynolds forth as envoy heard rumors to the effect that he was intruding upon other leaders and letting it be known that he himself was the leading spirit in the organization and that it was not so inimical to Tammany as might be supposed from its resolutions. In fact, it was hinted that the Empire State Democracy was a sub-division of Tammany Hall.

Those who had put their heart in the fight against Tammany began to inquire into the methods and possible motives of their ally; when following the first rumor came a second making him appear as a disgruntled henchman of Sullivan and Murphy who was holding this new movement over their heads to force a compromise with them. Apparently at the psychological moment the Empire State Democracy was to be surrendered into the hands of its enemies and a reward for faithful service demanded of Tammany.

This was the situation, Major Widenmann says, when it was announced that the Manhattan division of the Empire State Democracy would definitely organize its Manhattan branch at a meeting to be held in the Hotel Astor on Aug. 23, and that admission would be gained by tickets, of which 450 were to be printed. The so-called Tammany emissary then applied to the Executive Committee for 200 of the 450 tickets, stating at the time that his services to the party deserved that number. There was no use denying that he had gained many followers, but as there was a question as to what they were following, only 50 tickets were allotted to him for distribution among prominent Democrats who had promised their aid. When the meeting was convened it was found that Reynolds had gained admittance, with or without the necessary passports, for more than a hundred men, who appeared to be of his personal following.

From the time of the opening the faction headed by Reynolds swayed the meeting, electing their leader Temporary Chairman and placing him on the Committee of Organization. As each nomination was made the nominee was made to deny Tammany Hall and pledge allegiance to the new movement in opposition. This Mr. Reynolds did time and again with much emphasis. Eventually he with four men, apparently of his selection, were made provisionary State Committeemen, representing Manhattan in the State organization. These committeemen were Edward J. Plunkett, 123 West Ninety-sixth Street; John H. Peters, 774 Greenwich Street; Hugo Bankert, 241 East Ninety-fourth Street, and Robert Mackay, 139 Ferry Street.

At this time the State Executive Committee, composed of Senator Franklin D. Roosevelt, Chairman; Isaac H. Klein, treasurer, and Major Robert Widenmann, secretary, became convinced that Reynolds and his men were in reality representing Tammany in the Manhattan branch of the Empire State Democracy.

Reputed evidence of this was brought to them from numerous sources, and in all the work of the newly elected officers they thought they could see the influence of Murphy and Sullivan.

According to the rules of the organization, it was necessary that the appointment of the Provisional State Committee be approved by the Executive Committee. This approval the committee refused to give, and so with the convention only two weeks distant there are five vacancies for State Committeemen.

Major Widenmann said last night that it was all a Tammany game, with Tim Sullivan as campaign manager, instigating Reynolds to play the part of deserter and then hand the committeemen over to his camp. "A very narrow escape," he commented, "but all is over now. If the plot had not been uncovered it probably would have been successful, but the very forswearing of Tammany betrayed them at the last moment. The fight against Tammany will continue, and this very plot shows its fear."

## NOT TRUE, SAYS HADLEY.

### Did Not Say Candidates Would Withdraw if Asked to Support Taft.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Sept. 5.—Gov. Hadley denied to-day that he told L. A. Ellis of Kansas City over the telephone yesterday that if the Republican judicial candidates were nominated by the Progressive Party they would withdraw from the Republican ticket if required to line up for President Taft.

"I gave Mr. Ellis what information I had as to the attitude of the Republican judicial candidates," said Gov. Hadley, "but did not make the statement that Mr. Ellis was quoted as having made, and I am informed by convention delegates that Mr. Ellis did not make the statement attributed to him."

Mr. Ellis to-day said: "Gov. Hadley, over the telephone, assured me the Republican judicial candidates were Progressives, and when I asked him if they would withdraw from the Republican ticket if asked to pledge themselves for President Taft, he said he had talked with one or two of them, but he declared that he believed if such a demand was made that they would withdraw from the Taft ticket."

## WILSON WINS, SAYS BRYAN.

### Roosevelt Has Seen His Best Days, the Commoner Declares.

*Special to The New York Times.*

DENVER, Col., Sept. 5.—Woodrow Wilson is gaining strength in every part of the country and will be the next President of the United States, in the opinion of William Jennings Bryan, who arrived in Denver this afternoon.

"The result in Vermont was no surprise to those in touch with political conditions," said Mr. Bryan. "The vote there indicates these sentiments all over the country—Wilson gaining, Taft standing still or losing, and Roosevelt drawing votes of the Republican Party only."

Mr. Roosevelt has seen his best days, Mr. Bryan thinks, and there is no evidence of any growth of Roosevelt sentiment anywhere in the country. He ridiculed the claims that the Colonel will carry some of the Southern States.

"The South will be solid for Wilson," said Mr. Bryan, "and the people of the South will not indicate by their votes any knowledge that Mr. Roosevelt is a candidate for President. In the West, particularly, Mr. Wilson is gaining friends from among those who at one time were classed as Roosevelt supporters, and in this section more than in any other it will be found that the Roosevelt candidacy helps the Democrats."

## SUFFRAGISTS FOOLED.

### Mrs. Blatch Comments on the Ohio Result.

The Bull Moose Party did not do a thing to help the woman suffragists in Ohio, according to Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch, President of the Woman's Political Union, who reached home Wednesday night from Ohio, where she assisted at the big suffrage parade in Columbus and saw the wind-up of the fight for the suffrage amendment.

"I went out there with an open mind, but I found that men are deceivers ever," said Mrs. Blatch. "And those dear ladies who are acting as delegates and who think they are in politics for good will find themselves sadly deceived when the Progressive Party has become really a party. It won't become a party until it has cast 10,000 votes. It hasn't cast a vote yet, but presumably by a year from now it will, and where do you suppose its women members will be then?

"Why, a politician told me the other day that the objection the men have to the women is that they haven't offices and positions enough to go around now, and what would happen, he asked, if you bring in a lot of women? The women won't gain anything by joining a party. When the suffragists, working in their own way, get the franchise they have usually calmed down and they don't seek offices. All the parties do is to deal in glittering generalities with the women, play on their sympathies, and get them tot work for them for nothing.

"The Progressive Party was on trial in Ohio and it utterly failed. Roosevelt flew around the State, but not one word did he say for suffrage. He did not open his lips. It was the same with Gov. Johnson of California, while Mayor Brand Whitlock of Toledo and Mayor Baker of Cleveland spoke again and again in favor of our amendment, No. 23.

"Roosevelt spoke at the Constitutional Convention before it had brought out all the amendments, but not one single word did he speak for us. Walter F. Brown, who is Chairman of the State Committee of the Progressive Party, was invited by the women to either ride in the 'Votes for Women' procession, or to review it, but he did not even deign to give the courtesy of a reply, while Gov. Harmon, who is a Democrat, accepted the invitation to sit on the stand and reviewed the procession.

"James Garfield of Cleveland, who is Roosevelt's right-hand man, is openly against woman suffrage, and his wife recently joined an anti-suffrage association. She was asked to become an officer of the society, but she refused to take office, saying she thought perhaps she had better not, considering the platform of the Progressive Party.

"The women have come out of this campaign decided not to trust any party—not even the Progressive or Socialist. The Cleveland Socialists promised to place women in two wards for the voting, but twenty-four hours before they said they couldn't do it, and we were left with those wards to fill at the last minute."

**Gov. Spry Renominated.**

SALT LAKE, Utah, Sept. 5.—Gov. William Spry and Congressman Joseph Howell were both renominated without opposition by the Republican State Convention to-day. On the fourth ballot Judge Jacob Johnson was nominated for Congressman at Large over H. S. Joseph.


HATS WITH A NOBLE LINEAGE

KNOX NEW YORK

**Knox Hats**

FALL SHAPES

Now Ready


## PERKINS AIMS AT WILSON.

### Quotes for Business Men a Paragraph from Governor's Speech.

George W. Perkins, who is financing the Bull Moose campaign, had a word to say yesterday about Gov. Wilson.

"I want to call the attention of the business men of this country, especially those who have been outside our foreign commerce, to what Gov. Wilson said to them in his speech before the workingmen last night. I quote the following verbatim from his speech as reported this morning:

"'I do not like to say it, but I have been impressed sometimes with the very marked difference between American business men whom I have talked with and foreign business men. I am not speaking of some of the men who stand highest in the management of American business. They seem to be veritable provincials, ignorant of the market of the world, ignorant of the sources and routes of commerce, ignorant of banking processes ever by which goods are exchanged.'

"Our business men will probably be glad to know that in Gov. Wilson's opinion, in the matter of foreign commerce, they are ignorant provincials, and that if they had been as broadminded and intelligent as the foreign business men with whom Gov. Wilson has talked they could have achieved far greater results for our country."

Secretary O. K. Davis made the announcement yesterday that he had received word from Moroni Heiner, National Committeeman from Utah, that although a Mormon, he intends to vote the Progressive ticket, and that thousands of other Mormons would support the Progressives.

"It is interesting," said Mr. Davis, "because it shows that the prospects in Utah are open."

Frank A. Munsey was at the Progressive headquarters for a few minutes yesterday afternoon freely predicting that Col. Roosevelt would win.

**Name Smith for Montana Senator.**

GREAT FALLS, Mon., Sept. 5.—H. C. Smith of Helena was nominated for United States Senator by the Republican State Convention here to-day.


Here is a really progressive step in collar retailing—one that must necessarily appeal to the man who is insistent upon collar cleanliness—

**Lion Seald COLLARS**

**In boxes of six for 75c**

This innovation successfully overcomes the objection of thumb-marked or dusty collars when purchased from "stock boxes." No salesman touches the collars you buy. Select from sample and the salesman will hand you a Lion-Seald packet—every collar snowy white and untouched by human hand from the moment it leaves the laundry.

**Lion Collars** Oldest Brand In America — All Styles—¼ Sizes 2 for 25c

**In Lion-Seald Packets, 6 for 75c**

A complete range of the latest and most representative styles of the day—all made in the inimitable Lion quality—mathematically accurate in cut and perfect in finish. Extra wide tie channel and "slip over" buttonholes that withstand strain of wash and wear.

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Cortlandt, near Church St. — 42d St., west of 5th Ave. — Wall St., cor. Broadway.
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Custom Shirt Factory—79 Orange St., Newark. — 847 Broad St., Newark.



## See Sunday's Papers

For full particulars, list of instruments, prices, etc., of the

## Greatest Piano Sale in History

On October 1st, the Aeolian Company will remove to its immense new establishment on West 42nd Street, opposite the Library. Before moving, more than One Thousand highest quality musical instruments, including splendid pianos of all well-known makes, genuine Pianola Player Pianos, Cabinet Pianolas, etc., will be sold at unparalleled bargain prices, and on remarkably low monthly payments.

**The AEOLIAN COMPANY**

362 Fifth Avenue, near 34th Street

*The Largest Manufacturers of Musical Instruments in the World*

# THE TIMES'S DAILY WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

## SAY LIFE PROBLEM CANNOT BE SOLVED

### Sir Oliver Lodge and Others Comment on Prof. Schaefer's Address to British Association.

### HEART OF PROBLEM DEEPER

### We Are Left Wondering Still, Says Prof. Thompson—Sir Ray Lankester Declares Soul a Development.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Sept. 6.—As was to be expected, the statements and arguments put forward on Wednesday evening at the inaugural meeting this year at Dundee of the British Association, by Prof. Schäfer, the new President of the association, have already started a controversy, which promises to be prolonged, animated, and bitter.

Prof. Schäfer's presidential address had been looked forward to with more interest than that of any other President of the British Association in many years. It was expected that he would announce some sensational new discoveries in the field of biological research, and though these expectations were realized only in part, the radical character of the theories he presented was in itself sufficiently remarkable to make his address a memorable one.

Among those who yesterday discussed his address was Sir Oliver Lodge, who, as most people know, besides being one of this country's leading scientists, has devoted a great amount of attention to psychical research and declares openly that this branch of knowledge is being absurdly neglected by the majority of scientists. Sir Oliver said:

"I have in my works suggested that possibly living material would be artificially obtained in the laboratory some day. Though it has not yet been done, a good many experiments are being made.

"It does not follow that the nature of life will be much better understood even when a living protoplasm is artificially put together. The thing which by interaction with matter confers on it what we know as vitality will still in all probability elude us. It does not appear to be a form of energy, but certainly is a guiding principle, utilizing the forces known to chemistry and physics and all the ordinary laws of nature for ends which appear to lie outside the known lanes of the physical world.

"At present the whole subject seems in the region of speculation rather than that of demonstrable fact, but very interesting experiments are going on, and it is quite possible that some day an important discovery will be announced."

Such a result, Sir Oliver added, ought not to have a deleterious result on faith or idealistic belief. The material basis of life had certainly been produced somehow, and it was only reasonable to expect that science would some day learn something of the process, and that human ingenuity might be able to bring things together in such a way that the process repeated itself. It was likely that what had once gone on in any portion of the universe might in some portion be going on to-day.

**Definition of "Life" Needed.**

Sir Oliver further expressed the opinion that the meaning of life itself wanted a definition. "I myself," he said, "employ the word 'vitality' to signify the interaction of life and matter, and keep the word 'life' itself for the something which so interacts. Prof. Schäfer, and many biologists employ the term 'life' in the place of 'vitality,' though Prof. Schäfer admits the word 'soul' to denote something separate, higher, and distinct. Some of the controversy which may result from the address will in all probability be due to some confusion resulting from a misunderstanding in the use of terms."

Bishop Welldon, former Headmaster of Harrow, said:

"It seems to me that science in all its departments, great though its achievements have been, has stood and still stands baffled at the door of creation. I am afraid the key to the great problem still remains and is likely to remain in the hands of Providence. There is nothing in Prof. Schäfer's address which ought to excite the slightest opposition or uneasiness in the mind of any Christian."

**Sir Ray Lankester's Views.**

Sir Edwin Ray Lankester, an ex-President of the British Association, said:

"Prof. Shäfer cast no bombshell into the ranks of men of science. Those who are engaged in research are in complete agreement with him. Opposition can only come from metaphyzical philosophers. The public should refrain from excitement as to Prof. Shäfer's vision of the ultimate production of a life-compound by the chemist. The evolution of a synthetic human is probably a hundred million years in front of us.

"There is one point in Prof. Shäfer's address on which I go further than he did—probably with a view to avoiding prejudiced discussion. He does not identify what is called life with what is called soul. I do. I regard the one as the logical outcome of the other. I am prepared to hold that what is meant by the soul developed as a part of life, but this conception in no way lessens the importance of what men call the soul."

Prof. Darcy Thompson said:

"Though we push such explanations to the uttermost and learn much in so doing, they will not touch the heart of the great problems that lie deeper than the physical plane. Over the ultimate problem and causes of vitality we shall be left wondering still."

It is pointed out that Prof. Shäfer supports the view brought forward by Herbert Spencer, but since discarded by most scientists, that crystals with suitable food can reproduce themselves.

**Traces Man's Pedigree.**

At yesterday's session of the British Association, Prof. Elliot Smith of Manchester University traced in detail the pedigree of man and the gradual emergence of human traits from the habits of man's ape-like ancestors. He said:

"There is now ample evidence for drawing up a pedigree for man as far back as a million years or so. The steady development of the brain must give a fundamental reason for man's ascent from the ape, the ancestor of which was a small, land-grubbing, insectivorous animal, whose sense of smell was more serviceable than all its other senses, and which took to life in the trees, becoming a squirrel-like creature. This step marked the birth of the primates, i. e., the highest order of mammals, including man, apes and monkeys, and the definite branching off from other mammals of the line of man's ancestry.

"The squirrel-like creature gradually developed into an ape, with more highly developed senses and greater muscular action and skilled movements. A mechanism was evolved which regulated its muscular actions and brought its sum total of consciousness to bear on the performance of a given act.

"Thus were developed the germs of all psychical greatness, which in the million years or so that followed culminated in the human mind."

The gradual development of the brain, Prof. Smith went on, resulted in the power to anticipate the consequences of actions. The erect attitude became the normal attitude, and the hands were free to be used for useful purposes, such as using weapons in the shape of sticks and stones. The realization of his ability to defend himself on the ground would naturally have led the intelligent ape to forsake the narrow life of the forest and roam at large in search of more abundant and attractive food, and variety of scene and social habits were adopted as a means of protection, there being safety in numbers. Legs were developed, for without fleetness of foot there would have been no escape from threatened danger.

**From Ape to Man.**

The erect attitude became fixed, and these upright creatures emerged from their ancestral forests in troops, armed with sticks and stones, and with the rudiments of all the powers that enable them to conquer the world. The greater exposure to danger which these more adventurous spirits encountered and the constant struggles that these semi-human creatures must have had with definite enemies no less than with the forces of nature provided factors which rapidly weeded out those unfitted for the new conditions, and by natural selection made real men of the survivors.

Growth in intelligence and in powers of discrimination no doubt led to the dawning of a definite aesthetic sense, which, operating through selection between the sexes, brought about gradual refinement of features, added grace to the general build of the body, and demolished the greater part of the hairy covering. Differences in the forms of the male and female arose which are not found in the apes.

"Gestures of the hands came into use, and then the ape-man learned to employ a greater variety of sounds than his gorilla-like and other ancestors. In time the sounds deliberately emitted by his fellows became associated with different meanings, and this became a new method of communication. The high development of the brain mechanism for discriminating speech played a great part in making man from the ape. The knowledge acquired by each individual became the property of the community owing to the power of speech, and was handed down to the children.

"I am inclined to look upon the orang, chimpanzee, and gorilla not as ancestral forms of man," was Prof. Smith's interesting conclusion, "but as more unenterprising members of man's family, who were notable to maintain the high level of brain development of the feeble-bodied human being, but saved themselves from extinction by the acquisition of great strength and a certain degree of specialization of structure. Feebler man was able to overcome his enemies and maintain himself in the struggle of existence by his nimbleness and wit and his superior adaptability to varying circumstances."

**Contests Kings' Divine Right.**

DUNDEE, Sept. 5.—The divine right of Kings was contested before members of the British Association to-day by Sir Henry Cunyngname, President of the Economic Science Section. He declared that the old doctrine had now been replaced by the divine right of majorities. Legislation, he said, must have regard to natural laws. Taxes, in his opinion, often resembled arrows shot into the air. When they were intended to fall on the landlords they often fell on the tenants, and when they were destined for the producers they just as often hit the consumers.

The Postmaster General, Herbert Samuel, spoke on the tendency toward centralization in Government, which, he said, the vast area of modern communities often made unworkable. He predicted the introduction of a system of greater collaboration, resembling a Federal union, in order to meet the complex imperial and local requirements of the British Empire.

Peter Chalmers Mitchell, in the Zoological Section, advocated the establishment in all continents of great reservations to be used as sanctuaries for wild animals.

Prof. Archibald Barr, in the Engineering Section, said the indications pointed to a distribution in the near future of all power and heat for industrial and domestic purposes from central electrical stations.

The preventive system of dealing with tuberculosis was advocated by Leonard Hill in the Physiology Section. Why, he said, should the State spend millions on sanatoria while it permitted houses and workshops to exist where the disease was generated? He concluded: "It pays to keep a horse healthy; then why not to keep men healthy?"

## CAMORRA TRIAL ROMANCE.

### Capezutti, Carabineer Officer, to Marry a Chicago Heiress.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, Sept. 6.—The Rome correspondent of The Daily Express says:

"The recent dispersal of the notorious Camorrists is the indirect cause of a romance.

"Capezutti, one of the officers of the Carabineers who were instrumental in capturing the Camorrist leaders and securing their conviction by the court at Viterbo, is retiring from the police service in order to marry an American heiress.

"During the lengthy trial of the Camorrists Capezutti's photograph was published in an American newspaper, with an account of his exploits. The daughter of a wealthy Chicago business man wrote to him, expressing admiration of his courage.

"The couple corresponded for some months, and Capezutti now announces that he is going to Chicago to marry his correspondent."

## PRAISE BOARD OF TRADE.

### Papers Compliment It on Speed in Issuing Ship Rules.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—J. Bruce Ismuy, replying to a question to-day as to the new Board of Trade rules for passenger vessels, said:

"I feel strongly that the lifeboat capacity should be determined by the number of passengers carried, not by the length or tonnage of the vessel."

The English papers almost unanimously compliment the Board of Trade on the celerity it has shown in issuing new rules.

## TURKS' FOES MAY COMBINE.

### Bulgaria, Servia, and Greece Reported to be Contemplating War.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, Sept. 6.—The Times's St. Petersburg correspondent says the Bourse yesterday was affected by war rumors.

It is alleged that Bulgaria, Servia and Greece are seriously contemplating combined operations against Turkey.

## OUR MARINES HALT NICARAGUAN REBELS

### United States Naval Forces Now Hold in Check Situation in Central American Republic.

### LEADING INSURGENTS CAUGHT

### Admiral Wires from Matagalpa That He Controls Outbreak—Says Danger Reports Are Exaggerated.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Government successes over the rebel forces in several engagements in Nicaragua resulting in the capture of a large number of the directing heads of the revolution, together with the almost complete domination of the situation by the American naval forces now in the country, summed up the situation in that Central American republic to-day.

Large forces of American marines and bluejackets are stationed at important bridges and stations along the railroad, and Maj. Butler, commanding the marines, expresses the opinion that he will have little trouble protecting the railroad and maintaining communication between the capital and Corinto.

Reassuring advices were received at the Navy Department from Admiral Southerland regarding the situation of the Americans and other foreigners at Matagalpa. He reports that he has been in communication with the place and that rumors of their danger have been greatly exaggerated.

At Tamarinda, on the east side of Lake Managua, the Government captured Gen. Alfonso Irias with 140 Revolutionists. Irias is a Deputy to the National Assembly and a brother of Julian Irias. This party was en route from Leon to Granada to join Gen. Mena.

## LLOYD-GEORGE MAY COME.

### Says He Will Take First Opportunity of Visiting This Country.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—Replying to-day to a deputation of American-Welshmen who invited him to attend the International Eisteddfod at Pittsburgh next year, Chancellor of the Exchequer Lloyd-George said he had received many invitations to visit the United States, but of late years he had been rather busy—much busier than some people would like to see him. He certainly meant to avail himself of the first opportunity of paying that visit. It was, however, out of the question to accept an invitation for the next Fourth of July, but if there were a possibility that a more convenient day could be fixed, he would certainly take the matter into consideration.

Nothing, said Mr. Lloyd-George, would give him greater pleasure than to talk in their own tongue to his fellow-countrymen in the great continent of America.

## EXPLAINS OLYMPIC FAILURE.

### British Committee Says Public's Lack of Interest Was to Blame.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—The failure of Great Britain to obtain better results at the Olympic games at Stockholm is explained to-day in the report of the British Olympic Committee, which says:

"It was not mere specialization which enabled Sweden and the United States to do better than the British Empire. The only winner of three gold medals came from Finland. The Pentathlon and the Decathlon were won by an American, who showed quite extraordinary all-around ability. Sweden won all the points in the modern Pentathlon and obtained more points than any other nation in the whole of the games by sedulously cultivating every form of physical ability possessed by her inhabitants, and her strength and capacity as a nation have been enormously increased in the process."

The lack of serious interest in the games on the part of the British public is declared by the committe to have greatly affected the enthusiasm of the British competitors. Owing to want of funds, moreover, they were deprived of opportunities for training under trainers acquainted with the best scientific methods.

It rests with the British public, says the report, whether this state of things shall be remedied in the future.

POTCHEFSTROOM, South Africa, Sept. 5.—A triumphal reception was given to-day to Kennedy K. McArthur, the South African policeman who won the Marathon at the Olympic games at Stockholm.

He was met by the Mayor and a great procession, at the head of which he marched through the town. Troops lined the streets, and the public buildings and private residences were decorated and illuminated in his honor.

## NOT GREY'S LETTER.

### London Papers Apologize for an Erroneous Publication.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, Sept. 6.—The Times and other papers to-day publish apologies for printing yesterday as a letter from Sir Edward Grey what was merely comment by the Secretary of the Newcastle Chamber of Commerce on a statement received from the Foreign Secretary that the Government was making representations to the United States regarding the Panama act.

## BUYS A CURTISS MACHINE.

### German Firm Purchases Hydroplane and the Navy Will Use It.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Sept. 5.—Glenn H. Curtiss, the New York hydroplane builder, spent to-day in Berlin in connection with the sale of one of his machines to the Deutsche Fluggesellschaft. The machine will eventually find its way into the hands of the German Navy Department, and duplicates will sooner or later be manufactured under German patents.

Mr. Curtiss took part this week in the naval waterplane competitions at Heiligendamm, on the Baltic. The achievements at that meeting, he said to-day, were in every respect quite up to the present state of water flying, and compared very favorably with anything accomplished elsewhere.

The German Navy seems to put comparatively little stress on speed in water flying, which the French and others consider of paramount importance. The Germans' main requisite at present is that hydro-aeroplanes shall be able to perform equally well on land and sea.

Mr. Curtiss proceeds to-night to Belgium for the water-flying competitions there. Russia has acquired ten of his machines for use in the army and navy.

## FOR A BOOTH MEMORIAL.

### $750,000 Asked for Salvation Army Officers' Training College.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—Gen. Bramwell Booth, the new head of the Salvation Army, has issued an appeal for $750,000 with which to erect, equip, and maintain a new training college for Salvation Army officers as a memorial to his father. Regarding the form of the memorial he says:

"It seems clear that we should ask ourselves, 'What would he himself say could he speak to us?' I know that in consistence with his noble life he would warmly repudiate any thought of a personal tribute such as could be expressed by stone or iron. He would say: 'Let it be something that will benefit the needy, and the needy of all countries alike.'

"And he would say: 'Let it be something, the beneficial effect of which will be felt, if possible, as long as the world lasts.'"

In further discussing the project Gen. Bramwell Booth says that provision for the better training of officers much occupied his father's mind of late years, but he hesitated to bring out the plan because of the large sum required.

"But," he asks, "may not his death have given us just the impetus we need for an extraordinary effort. I do not intend to spend one shilling on turrets or marble ornamentation, but to build in the simplest way consistent with up-to-date sanitation and methods. In other countries the English model will be largely followed, and complete union on the general plan will be insured. The amount raised here will determine what shall be done in the United States, Canada, India, Germany, and elsewhere."


Here's a Sure Way to Tell Good Beer:
Examine the label closely—if it reads
Imperial Gold Label Beer
Bottled only by the Brewers, Beadleston & Woerz, New York. Order from any dealer.
You Will Know You Have the Best and Most Wholesome Beer Brewed!

Off with the Tan

Vacation days are over—brown faces and hands are out of vogue. What will make them white again? Let Nature do it. Keep the skin soft and the pores clean—let the blood circulate through the tiny vessels in the outer layer of skin—that's the only way to remove tan without injury to the complexion.

DAGGETT & RAMSDELL'S
PERFECT COLD CREAM
"The Kind that Keeps"

on a wet cloth, cleanses the pores and softens the skin at the same time—supplies just what the skin requires after daily exposure to the summer's sun, wind and dust. Use it daily (on a wet cloth)—your skin will be grateful and respond to its helpful influence.

Fifty and twenty-five cent tubes.

When you *insist* upon Daggett & Ramsdell's, you are getting the best cold cream in the store.

Andrew Alexander

SCHOOL SHOES FOR GIRLS

$2, $2.50 and $3, according to size.

ALEXANDER STYLE AND QUALITY

Sixth Avenue at Nineteenth Street

548 Fifth Avenue above Forty-fifth St.

"Better Goods for the Same Money or the Same Goods for Less Money Than Elsewhere"

Meet Me at the Fountain — The Big Store — A City in Itself

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.

Sixth Avenue — J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. — 18th to 19th Streets

MAIN BUILDING

A Big Purchase Yesterday—A Sensational Sale Today—

The Entire Sample Line & Surplus Stocks of High-Class

From Jacobs & Harris of 41 Union Square

1200 splendid raincoats for men and youths (every one of them guaranteed), divided into three special lots, at

$5.95 $8.95 $12.95

No need to print an elaborate history of this transaction. We are perfectly willing to let the goods speak for themselves, with the values attached.

$10 and $12 Raincoats at $5.95

Double texture; in tan; some with plaid back; others plain. English Raglan or London box styles; strap seams, military collar and tab sleeves.

$15 Raincoats, $8.95

These are English slip-ons; fully cemented; made from English tweeds, in gray, tan and brown. Raglan or London box styles. Patch pockets; also tan and black double-texture raincoats; all sizes to 52; military and English roll collars.

$20 Raincoats at $12.95

Oxford grays, double texture, fully cemented; in coverts and gray worsteds with plaid backs; also tan raincoats and black worsteds with silk backs, in double texture fabrics. Splendidly adapted for professional men and clergymen. Extraordinarily fine values.

Special at $2.85 250 Men's Tan Rubberized Raincoats—single texture; all sizes, wonderful value.

(MAIN Building, Second Floor.)

Double S. H. Green Trading Stamps With Purchases Before 12 o'Clock

MEDIUM WEIGHT SUITS

in excess, add extra and timely interest to our

FIRST and FINAL Clearance

MARK DOWN

FULLY *half* our present showing is Mediums—*heavy enough*—and, incidentally, *advanced enough* in *style*—for us to *hold over* for *regular selling* in Fall and Winter if we did not rightly intend to give our *Fall* customers the very *newest* and *latest* patterns. Mediums and lightweights will be closed out together.

The *forced lateness* of this *First* Clearance Sale talks *Quality*. *Original* Prices *so fair* we *couldn't afford* to cut sooner. No *boosting* of *early* prices to permit of perpetual *so-called* sales from mid-season to Fall. *Fair* prices *all season* on these clothes—Honest, actual *Bargain Opportunities NOW*.

The intensely hot weather of the past months has heavily drawn on our lightweight stock—the *Reason* for *excess* of *mediums* which is drawing crowds of *comfort-loving, healthy, economical* Year-Round Suit Wearers.

Suits Formerly $18.50, $20, $22.50 - $14.00

Suits Formerly $30, $35, $40 - - - $17.50

Smith Gray & Co.

UNDER SAME CONTROL & OWNERSHIP SINCE 1845

BROADWAY AT WARREN ST. — NEW YORK — 5TH AV. BET. 27TH & 28TH STS.

FULTON ST. AT FLATBUSH AV. — BROOKLYN — BROADWAY AT BEDFORD AV.

# FIND FALSE 'MOTHER' OF DROWNED WOMAN

### Investigators Discover Impostor Who Signed Waiver When Mrs. Szabo's Will Was Probated.

### ACCUSED LAWYER IS SILENT

### Orange County Authorities Here Await Disclosure of Motive Before Taking Action Against Him.

The authorities at Greenwood Lake, in Orange County, New York, where Mrs. Rosa Menschik Szabo was drowned on July 16 while rowing in a boat with Burton W. Gibson of 55 Liberty Street, her lawyer and self-announced executor of her estate, declared last night that they were awaiting the results of an investigation for a criminal motive by the authorities of New York County before taking steps in Orange County to prove that Mrs. Szabo was murdered.

Efforts to obtain evidence of a motive to lay before the District Attorney here were begun yesterday through the joint activities of the Austro-Hungarian and British Consulates and the Pinkerton Detective Agency. The investigators stated last night that they hoped to supply the District Attorney to-day with evidence that there had been fraud in the proceedings by which Gibson procured the probate of an alleged will of Mrs. Szabo soon after her death, making him her executor and leaving her ten-thousand-dollar estate to her mother, Mrs. Petronella Menschik, from whom Gibson produced what purported to be a waiver of citation a few days after Mrs. Szabo's death. According to the investigators, Mrs. Menschik had died in Vienna two years before.

It was stated by counsel for the Austro-Hungarian Consulate last night that detectives had traced to her home in Brooklyn the woman who signed the waiver of citation for Gibson, and they hoped to prove her an impostor to-day and perhaps produce her in person.

Another development of the day was the serving on Gibson by counsel for the Austro-Hungarian Consulate of an order obtained in the Surrogates' Court, citing him to appear on Sept. 17 and show cause why the letters testamentary granted to him in the case of Mrs. Szabo's estate should not be revoked and the Austrian Vice Consul, Dr. Fritz Fischerauer, substituted in his place.

Gibson, according to the man who served the order, maintained outward calm. He refused to answer any questions, but was eager instead to cross-examine his visitor as to any evidence against himself.

Dr. Fritz Fischerauer, the Austrian Vice Consul, his attorney, Arpad A. Kremer of 302 Broadway, and Alphonse P. Rinck, a detective, who has been investigating the case, visited the District Attorney's office yesterday and talked with Assistant District Attorney Isidore Wasservogel and Assistant District Attorney Murphy.

They told how Gibson, in his petition, stated that Mrs. Szabo died with no other heir than a mother living near Chicago whose signature to a waiver of citation he professed to show; how this was disproved by a cablegram from the Chief of Police of Vienna, who told the Austrian Consul here that Mrs. Szabo's mother died in Vienna two years before the alleged signature to the waiver, and that the dead woman had five brothers and three sisters living in Austria. They insisted, too, that he had misrepresented material facts by saying he was a resident of New York and entitled to serve as executor without bond, whereas he really lived in Rutherford, N. J.

As Mr. Wasservogel could not accept the cablegram from the Chief of Police of Vienna as legal evidence, Mr. Kremer promised to bring testimony of outside parties to prove that Mrs. Menschik, mother of Mrs. Szabo, died two years ago. He intimated that he could produce the alleged impostor who had signed as Mrs. Menschik.

It was explained by Mr. Wasservogel that his office could deal with only that end of the case that had to do with criminal practices concerning the disposal or handling of Mrs. Szabo's estate. If it should be shown that Mrs. Szabo had been murdered, he said, that was a matter outside of the jurisdiction of the District Attorney here, and must be handled by the authorities of Orange County.

Thomas C. Rogers, District Attorney of Orange County, said at his home in Middletown, N. Y., last night that he was awaiting developments here.

"At present," he said, "the evidence we have here—taken just after the drowning of Mrs. Szabo—is too vague to permit us to start a criminal prosecution here. At present we have little to indicate a motive for the crime. We want the New York authorities to establish that before taking steps here."

Willis C. De Graw, Deputy Sheriff at Greenwood Lake, who had charge of the brief investigation after the drowning of Mrs. Szabo, said last night that he could not tell all the evidence he had.

"There is one strange circumstance I might mention," he said. "We learned that on Sunday, two days before Mrs. Szabo was drowned, she and Gibson went out rowing in another rowboat, which also capsized. Both were rescued. On the Tuesday following she and Gibson went into another rowboat and she was drowned. I have found several eyewitnesses of the drowning, whose names I cannot now divulge. Gibson himself made two statements to me, in which he said that he was rowing, that Mrs. Szabo wanted to change seats with him, and that as they were passing each other in the boat to do so the boat gave a lurch and she was thrown overboard.

"Another circumstance I might mention is that we found Mrs. Szabo had five bank books which she carried in a small black satchel. This she never gave out of her keeping. I learned that Gibson took everything except an engagement ring she wore, said that he hurried away on a train about an hour after the drowning."

The detectives have discovered that one eye-witness of the drowning was Mrs. Hilie Brooks of Paterson, N. J. Mrs. Brooks was on a houseboat near the scene of the accident, and saw Mrs. Szabo fall overboard. Just what were the circumstances as related by her the detectives refused to divulge, and Mrs. Brooks herself declined last night to discuss the case.

Gibson locked himself in his office at 55 Liberty Street yesterday, and at first refused to see reporters or answer any questions. Finally, however, on being pressed to make a statement as to his position in connection with the death of Mrs. Szabo and her subsequent will and his recent movements, he said:

"I got home at midnight after a two days' motor tour in the Catskills. The mother of Mrs. Szabo is living and is in this country. I never received the photographs of Mrs. Szabo, said in a newspaper to-day to have been intrusted by her to me to be forwarded to relatives in Europe."

He added that he had never sent to his home in Rutherford the trunks of Mrs. Szabo, which, it was said on Wednesday, he had taken there.

"Were you in the habit of taking clients off on day's outings?" was asked.

"No, I was out with Mrs. Szabo only once before the day she was drowned," replied Gibson. He added that he had a wife and child at Rutherford, and that Mrs. Gibson knew of his acquaintance with his client.

It was learned yesterday that the document purporting to be Mrs. Szabo's will was signed in the office of her attorney, Burton W. Gibson, on Feb. 9, 1912. The will was attested by Agnes T. Boyd of 32 West Ninety-fourth Street, Seda Lesseu of 165 West 143d Street, and William R. Petze of 623 Linden Avenue, Brooklyn. The waiver of citation, signed in the name of Mrs. Petronella Manschik, was dated July 31, 1912. It was signed in the handwriting of an apparently illiterate person, "Petronella Menschik" or "Manschik," one letter being gone over by the signer or some one else. Donald Lyons of 1818 Pacific Street, the Notary Public who witnessed the document, recalled yesterday that Gibson, whom he did not know intimately, but with whom he had had some real estate dealings, came to his office with an elderly woman, dressed in black, whom he introduced as Mrs. Manschik, a client. Thereupon Lyons attested the signature.

William R. Petze, who was a witness of Mrs. Szabo's will, said that he frequently met Mrs. Szabo in the office of former Senator Albert A. Wray, where Gibson had desk room. Petze said he was introduced to her, and frequently talked with her. One day there was an elderly woman with Mrs. Szabo. Petze thought she might have been fifty or fifty-five years old. Mrs. Szabo, he says, introduced this woman to him as her "mamma," and adds that he frequently saw two women together in the office, as he did the day the will was signed.

A strange feature of this testimony, as pointed out yesterday by the counsel for the Austrian Consul, is that Mrs. Szabo was 40 years old, and a mother of 50 or 55 years was, therefore, to say the least, a remote possibility.

The other witnesses to the will could recall little about the case.

The death of Mrs. Szabo marks the third strange misfortune that befell a client of Gibson within six years. On June 8, 1906, he was held in $25,000 bail at the close of an inquest into the death of Mrs. Alice C. D. Kinnan, who was beaten to death on the porch of a lonely old house in the Bronx, where she lived with her mother, Mrs. Louisa Stenton. Gibson, an attorney for Mrs. Stenton, had been named as executor of the old woman's estate in a will in which she left her property to Mrs. Kinnan, or, in the event of the latter's death, to Percy McElroy. Gibson was released on habeas corpus proceedings after a day. The Kinnan murder was never solved.

A second case, which the British Consul here is still investigating, arose out of the disappearance a year ago of John Rice O'Neal. O'Neal received $10,000 from a local street railway company as indemnity for the loss of a leg. According to information reaching the British Consul, O'Neal took about $6,000 of this to Gibson for investment. Soon afterward, with what was left of the $10,000, O'Neal went to Ireland, where he had a mother, two brothers, and a sister. There he bought a home and decided to live. He received many letters from Gibson urging him to return and invest more money, according to a sister of O'Neal, and determined to return here, but only to get his money and go back to Ireland.

On May 9, 1911, he left a room he had engaged in East Ninety-seventh Street, saying he was going to meet Gibson. He has never been seen since, as far as could be learned. Gibson declared that O'Neal was in his office May 15 or 16, and that he did not see the young man afterward.

According to the statement made by Gibson then, O'Neal got $5,000 from him on one mortgage. There was $1,000 more due on a second mortgage, but Gibson, being unable to get the money at once, gave him, according to his statement, $800 more the next day, when O'Neal returned to his office to take the $5,000, which had been left in the lawyer's safe.

When O'Neal's relatives in Ireland wrote here making inquiries an investigation was started by the British Consul. Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty sent Gibson an invitation to appear at Police Headquarters and give an account of himself and his connection with O'Neal.

The Deputy Commissioner said yesterday that he was impressed in that interview by his visitor's coolness, but although he had his own opinion on certain phases of the matter, there was no legal evidence tending to incriminate Gibson.

He said, however, that in view of the Szabo developments he might summon Gibson before him again.

### MRS. SZABO WAS GOING HOME.

#### Wrote Her Family of Purpose and Failure to Arrive Started Inquiry.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Sept. 5.—The reported murder of Mrs. Rosa Menschik Szabo by drowning in the United States is exciting general attention in Vienna, where her family are well known.

Her brother, Ladislaus, told THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent that his sister, who went to America twenty-five years ago, reopened correspondence with her family after her husband's death, and informed them of her intention to return to Vienna and live here on the interest of her small fortune.

She wrote that she would arrive at Trieste Aug. 27 on the Austrian steamer Franz Josef. When his sister failed to arrive, the brother informed Police Councilor Stukart of this city, who started an investigation by notifying the Austrian Consulate in New York.

# FIRST NEWS IN YEAR FROM MEN IN ARCTIC

### Stefansson and Anderson Near Starvation in the Far North of Alaska.

### LETTER DATED AUGUST, 1911

### Expected Here In November with Rare Specimens from Hitherto Unvisited Lands of Eskimos.

Three letters, one of them over a year old, from Vilhjahlmar Stefansson and Rudolf M. Anderson, the explorers, who left New York in 1908 to make archaeological studies and to study the Eskimo of the Coppermine River, near the Arctic Ocean, were received yesterday by the Museum of Natural History. Nothing had been heard from them previous to this since October, 1911. The letters received yesterday were dated August, 1911, and January, 1912.

The explorers had suffered tremendous hardships during the first two years of the expedition. They had not received the supplies sent them by way of Alaska and Point Barrow, and had been forced to eat animals obtained as specimens, and when these were exhausted had lived on sealskins dipped in oil. They hope to reach New York in November, bringing with them 50,000 archaeological specimens uncovered in excavations in Langton Bay and Cape Parry. The existence of earlier races on the Arctic shores is indicated by these specimens.

The letters were finally brought to New York by way of the Mackenzie River and Athabaska Landing. Stefansson's short letter was dated more than a year ago, but, with the other letter, was delayed. At the time of writing Stefansson was not well, and had been without sleep for fifty hours.

**A Non-Existent Island.**

The part of Stefansson's letter given out was as follows:

Capt. Bernard's and Dr. Anderson's observations confirm mine (previously reported to you) in the matter of the non-existence of Clerk Island. It may be considered that there is no island anywhere near its supposed location, (in Western Dolphin and Union Straits.) It is not probable that there is even a shoal in the neighborhood.

We have on hand sufficient caribou skins for clothing for our party against next Winter, and have sold some to Eskimos for service and for articles needed. We shall doubtless get more skins this Fall, which we shall use for tents, &c. Our Eskimos, who were at Langton Bay this season last year, say the caribou are fewer now than then.

We have used the opportunity of the Teddy Bear's visit to buy some supplies to keep our Eskimos in humor as well as some we really needed. The amount of the bill will be determined at Baillie Island, and will depend on whether other ships can get there this season or not. Dr. Anderson will settle the bill with fox skins, and forward a statement to you.

I have been somewhat under the weather for a week or two, and have now been without sleep about fifty hours; pardon, therefor, my disinclination to write at length.

Respectfully, V. STEFANSSON.

**Anderson on Arctic Fare.**

Part of Anderson's letter said:

During the Fall we killed sixty-one caribou and thirteen barren ground bears. Our collection of barren ground bears consists of seventeen mountable skins, with skulls and leg bones, and two extra skulls—all ages, sexes, and sizes—Spring, Summer, and Fall specimens. A few smaller mammals were preserved during the Winter.

Mr. Stefansson has been spending most of the Winter completing a grammar and vocabulary of the local (Mackenzie River and Baillie Island) Eskimo dialect, as well as recording folklore stories, &c. Next month we shall probably go up to Cape Parry to look for polar bears. None have been seen around Langton Bay this Winter. If ice conditions are favorable—that is, if pressure ridges are not too rough and water leads not impassible—we may try to make a short dash to Bank's Land and Cape Parry in March. We now know that Eskimos Winter on the ice east of Nelson head around Cape Collusion and De Salis Bay in considerable numbers.

As we have spent most of the Winter inland, living on caribou meat and fish, we have used very little of the flour, &c., purchased from a schooner last Summer; so we are pretty well fixed for the rest of the Winter, even if game proves to be scarce.

In November Mr. Stefansson, Tannanmirk, and myself made a sled trip for about 100 miles southeast on Horton River, and recovered the sled and other things which we were obliged to cache Dec. 28, 1910, on account of deep snow and shortness of food while on our trip across country from Langton Bay to Great Bear Lake. Everything was found in good condition, except for a pair of deerskin boots and a snowshirt torn up by marauding animals.

I expect to send this letter down to the Mackenzie delta by a native, who is going in a few days. It should reach Fort McPherson or Arctic Red River in time to catch the steamer in July.

There is no doubt at present that Mr. Stefansson and myself will be able to get down to San Francisco on some whaler the coming Summer and Fall. I for one am glad to see the beginning of the end of this expedition. While we have been moderately successful during the past year and a half, the two comparatively barren preceding years have made our sojourn too long.

Previous to the arrival of these explorers the existence of a tribe of Eskimos in the CopperMine River region was a matter of conjecture. The explorers were the first white men these Eskimos had ever seen.

### WRIT CATCHES AEROPLANE

#### And Now Sheriff Harburger Has an Airship to Worry About.

"In the pursuance of my duties I have had elephants, horses, monkeys, and other animals under my control," said Sheriff Julius Harburger yesterday as he brandished an attachment writ above his head, "but I find that I was mistaken when I thought I had reached the limit of things that might pass into my hands."

With little coaxing it came out that the Sheriff had sent three deputies down to West and Seventeenth Street to attach a monoplane, and the paper in his hand showed their success and bore witness to the fact that he was now responsible for the machine.

A writ of replevin was sworn out by George M. Dyott against John E. Sloane of the Sloane Aeroplane Company to recover $1,575. He alleged that he was the owner of the machine.

As the Sheriff's deputies arrived on the scene yesterday afternoon the great machine was about to rise in the air for a flight to Mineola. A large crowd had gathered to see the huge bird soar when the officers of the peace rushed upon it and caused the aviator to descend from his seat. Much difficulty was found in getting a truck large enough to carry the plane to storage, and it was finally decided to leave it in its shed, on parole to remain there.

### AN UNCHEERFUL HAT LOSER.

#### Couldn't See the Joke When It Was Sucked Out of Subway Car.

The man about whom all this is written was so angry he declined to tell his name when THE NEW YORK TIMES reporter asked him for it politely.

Not that the name really matters. The story is just as good without it. It's the facts that count.

This man stepped off an express train in the Subway yesterday afternoon at Seventy-second Street to take a local. Time just 5:30 o'clock.

He wore a straw hat. He took a seat in the first coach of the local. The cyclone generator in the open door of the first car lifted his hat off his head. It wafted down the car until the suction of the only open window drew it. No butterfly, poised to alight tantalizingly on an American Beauty rose, ever flirted like that hat did with the only open window. It hesitated for a moment and then went through, as clean a shot as De Oro ever made in putting the nine ball in the corner pocket.

Was the man mad? Was he? When THE TIMES reporter asked him for his name he said:

"You go to blazes."

**Held for Fettretch Murder.**

Joseph Conroy, a machinist, living at 124 First Place, Brooklyn, was held to await the action of the Grand Jury yesterday for the killing of Joseph Fettretch of the law firm of Fettretch & Soyble at 41 Park Row. Conroy called at Mr. Fettretch's offices on July 24, and was told that he could not see Mr. Fettretch. Later Mr. Fettretch came out of his private office and said he would see Conroy, who, according to Norman L. Bergh, a clerk, drew a revolver and said: "Never mind, I'll attend to you right now," and shot Mr. Fettretch, who died a few hours later.


$38.00 Colonist one-way tickets from Chicago to

San Francisco, Cal. Sacramento, Cal. Los Angeles, Cal. San Diego, Cal. Portland, Ore. Seattle, Wash. Tacoma, Wash. Vancouver, B. C. Victoria, B. C. and other Pacific Coast Points

$33 to Helena, Mont. Butte, Mont. Missoula, Mont. Kalispell, Mont. Pocatello, Idaho Nampa, Idaho Salt Lake City, Utah Ogden, Utah Grand Junction, Col. Etc.

September 25 to October 10

Corresponding fares to other points in same territory.
Unexcelled train service. Choice of scenic routes.
Favorable stop-over privileges.

Full particulars at ticket offices

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R. M. Johnson, Gen'l Eastern Agt., 461 Broadway, N. Y. City.

PC1854



GIMBELS

Store Closes Daily (Including Saturday) at 6 P. M.

Gimbel Brothers, Bankers
The Money You Deposit On or Before September 10th Is Entitled to Interest for FOUR MONTHS From September First, Credited January 1st, 1913,
At 4% Per Annum
$1 will open an Interest Account. Will you not come to our Offices and let us tell you more about it?
Main Floor, Rear Balcony.

Ahead of the Equinoctial!

Men's $20 to $25 FALL SUITS And OVERCOATS Today at $12.50

¶ Some 800 Suits and Overcoats are caught in a September gale.

¶ Many of the Suits are in lighter weights for mild Autumn days. Others are heavy enough to wear straight through until the snow flies.

¶ The Overcoats include lightweight Raglan and Chesterfield styles and will prove very comfortable for Fall weather.

¶ Also a fine group of Raincoats of English cassimeres and Cantons.

¶ All from our regular stock, none of them originally priced less than $20.

¶ Now in a final clean-up before the arrival of our Winter clothing stocks.

¶ Exceptionally good choosing at $12.50, for any Suit, Overcoat or Raincoat in the collection.

Fourth Floor

It Is a Pleasure to Set the Table With Such Charming CHINA and CRYSTALS

Think of the most beautiful regular stock of fine Dinner Services, Rock Crystal and Cut Glass that you have seen.
Then pay a visit to

The GIMBEL September China Sale

and see what wonderful savings you can make on just the sort of Wares you have often wanted to possess.

The variety is simply extraordinary, for it includes not only the moderately priced kinds of China and Glass demanded by so many homes that are furnished simply but in good taste, but it also embraces the finest products of foreign manufacturers of China and Glass.

Nowhere else will you find such rich, gold-encrusted China, such exquisite hand-engraved Rock Crystal, such superb Electric Lamps, with their finely cut domes and glittering prisms, at such astoundingly low prices as those of the September Sale. Here is, for example—

*A gold-encrusted Limoges China Dinner Set at $67.50, usually $125.*
*A 60-piece Table Service of finest English Rock Crystal, at $67.50, never sold for less than four times this price.*
*A Cut Glass Lamp fitted for electricity, at $35, usually $75.*

And so on, through a rich list of equally noteworthy offerings.

It is quite important to remember that of some of the most remarkable items there are necessarily limited quantities, which once exhausted, cannot be replaced.

Even if your Fall refurnishing plans do not require the purchase of a single piece of China or Glass, the beauty of the collection makes it worth a visit. And the suggestions it contains for superb anniversary and holiday gifts are endless.

Fifth Floor

Kitchen Economy Made Easy By the September Housewares Sale

*Efficiency* is a modern watchword. It is the measure of success in the working of a great business, in the motor of an automobile, in laying bricks or carrying iron pipes.

It is of great importance in the kitchen.

The September Housewares Sale at GIMBELS is full of fine instances of efficiency as applied to Housekeeping Utensils.

Whatever helps to save time, steps, temper and food helps to cut down the housekeeping bills.

And it is just on these efficient Housewares that the September Sale offers such welcome economies. Here is a new budget of news which will repay every housekeeper well for reading every line of it:

**Aluminum Ware**

Some of the special offerings in the only sanitary Cooking Utensils; 99 per cent. pure, each piece guaranteed to give utmost satisfaction.

**Gimbel Special 3-piece Saucepan Sets,** with one each of 1, 1½ and 2-qt. Saucepans, regularly $1.85, at $1 set.

**Gimbel Special 4-piece Saucepan Sets,** with one each of 1, 1½, 2 and 2½-qt. Saucepans, with covers to fit each, regularly $3.10, at $2.10 set.

Aluminum Double Roasters, seamless; 11 x 16 in., reg. $3.60, at $2.50; 12 x 17 in., reg. $4.25, at $2.50.

Aluminum Frying Pans; 7-in., reg. $1.35, at 90c; 7½-in., reg. $1.50, at $1.

Aluminum Salt and Pepper Shakers with china top, something entirely new, regularly 25c., now 15c each.

Aluminum Handled Kitchen Sets, manufactured expressly for Gimbel Brothers, by Landers, Frary & Clark. This set consists of one each, one saw edge knife, one cooks' knife, one bread knife, one paring knife, and one fruit knife. Made of the very best grade of steel, regularly $2, now $1.35 set.

Extra heavy Colanders, in aluminum; 8½ and 9-in., regularly $1 and $1.10, at 75c; 10 and 11-in., reg. $1.20 and $1.35, at 95c.

**Galvanized Ware**

Garbarge Cans, with cover, medium, regularly 60c, at 50c; small, reg. 40c, at 25c; large, reg. $1, at 65c each.

Ash Cans, extra strong, reg. $1.75, at $1.10.

Ash Cans, well-made, with 8 corrugated ribs, reg. $2.75, at $2 each.

Galvanized Water Pails, 8-qt., reg. 12c, at 9c; 10-qt., reg. 15c, at 10c; 14-qt., reg. 18c, at 15c.

**Kitchen Furniture**

McDougall Kitchen Cabinets, with all new improvements, some with aluminum tops, regularly $25 to $28, at $20 each.

Kitchen Cupboards, 7-ft. high, high glass panel doors, reg. $17, at $14 each.

Pastry Tables, 4-ft., with flour bins, knife drawers and pastry boards, reg. $9.50, at $7.50 each.

Kitchen Chairs, high back, varnished, reg. $1, at 85c.

Cereal Sets, two designs, 15-piece set, reg. $5, at $3 set.

Cereal Racks, imported, reg. $2, at $1.

Fifth Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.



PECK & PECK

Regular Half-Yearly Sale This Week of HOSIERY

SPECIAL 20% DISCOUNT

will be deducted from sales slip after purchase is made. This applies to all Peck & Peck Hosiery, except

a far greater reduction

will be made in the following:

FOR WOMEN

Fine lisle, also cotton. Our regular 50c and 69c quality.....At 29c Pair 3.00 Doz.

Plain Cotton, Lisle, also hand-embroidered and openwork stockings. Reduced from 69c, 85c, $1.00.. At 45c Pair 5.00 Doz.

Ladies' Pure Silk Stockings, all colors. Regular $1.00 and $1.19 quality. At 79c Pair 4.50 ½ Doz.

Black Silk Hand-Clocked Stockings. Sizes 8½, 9 & 9½ only. 1.25 Pair were 2.25 Pair

Women's Pure Silk Stockings. All colors, with or without cotton soles and tops. Regular $2.00 and $2.50 quality.....At 1.35 Pair 8.00 ½ Doz.

FOR MEN

Fine lisle, also cotton. Our regular 50c and 69c quality.....At 29c Pair 3.00 Doz.

Men's Pure Silk Sox, all colors. Regular $1.00 and $1.19 quality....At 79c Pair 4.50 ½ Doz.

Men's Heavyweight Silk Sox. All colors. Formerly $2.00 pair....At 1.35 Pair 8.00 ½ Doz.

Men's Silk Scarfs: All our Scarfs, plain and fancy. Formerly $1.50. At 85c each
Complete stock of English Spitalfield Silk Scarfs. Were $2.50.....At 1.50 each

FOR CHILDREN

Black, white and tan cotton and lisle stockings. Good value at our regular price, 50c.....At 29c Pair 3.00 Doz.

Mail orders will receive prompt attention

PECK & PECK

Three Fifth Avenue Hosiery Shops
230 at 27th Street
481 at 41st Street
588 at 48th Street
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The Final Clearance of Summer Stocks—*absolutely!*

$25 to $45 Linen Suits— at $7.50 & $10

$45 to $65 Tailored Suits— at $15 & $20

$65 to $150 Tailored Suits— at $30

White Serge Suits are included in both groups.

$45 Robespierre Coats— at $15

Figured and Striped Voile Dresses, formerly $35 to $45— at $15

$75 to $145 Silk Dresses— at $35

Imported Paris Model Silk Gowns, formerly sold up to $275— at $45

*No sale goods sent on approval or exchanged.*

Fifth Avenue at 46th Street

Pyrene FIRE EXTINGUISHER

Thousands of PYRENE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS are used by the Interboro Rapid Transit Co., Brooklyn Edison Co. and the Standard Oil Co. PYRENE won this recognition only after the most rigid test of its fire extinguishing ability.

Brass and Nickel Plated Pyrene Fire Extinguishers are the only one-quart fire extinguishers included in the lists of Approved Fire Appliances issued by the National Board of Fire Underwriters.

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Size 3 in. in diameter; 14 in. long.
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Going out for athletics? Needn't go out of the store for your outfit.

Everything in Sporting Goods.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY,
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.


# PRODS HEALTH BOARD ON BAD MILK REPORT

## The New York Milk Committee, Through Chairman Williams, Again Calls for Action.

## WANTS CONSUMERS GUARDED

### Has "No Spirit of Hostile Criticism," Says Letter, but Thinks Board's Inactivity Not "Masterly."

Because of the refusal of Dr. Walter Bensel, Sanitary Superintendent of the Board of Health and head of the department in Commissioner Lederle's absence, to take seriously the report of its investigators as to the quality of milk sold in restaurants, hotels, lunchrooms, and soda fountains, the New York Milk Committee has addressed to the board another letter on the subject, signed by Stephen G. Williams, Chairman.

While asserting that the letter is written in no hostile spirit, Mr. Williams takes this fling at the Health Department:

"The New York Milk Committee cannot at this time, with the bacterial analysis of over 900 samples of milk, taken from 230 different places, regard inactivity on the part of the Board of Health as masterly."

He expresses the hope that the newspaper reports, indicating that the board does not intend to act on this report, are inaccurate.

The letter is as follows:

New York, Sept. 5, 1912.

Dr. Ernst J. Lederle, Commissioner of Board of Health; Rhinelander Waldo, Esq., Member of the Board of Health; Dr. Joseph J. O'Connell, Health Officer, Port of New York.

Dear Sirs: We recently called the attention of the Board of Health to certain investigations, made by the New York Milk Committee in reference to the quality of milk sold in various restaurants, hotels, lunch rooms, and soda water fountains.

Our object in making this investigation and in calling it to the attention of the Board of Health was to induce your board to put in force its provision in regard to various grades of milk which should be sold, and to provide a method by which the innocent consumer may know whether he is being served with milk fit for drinking purposes, or with milk fit only for cooking purposes.

The suggestion has been made by Dr. Bensel, or at least the newspapers have so stated, that the bacteria reported were in the glasses in which the milk was served, and from which the samples were taken.

This theory, we think, is an error.

The Milk Committee secured among over 900 samples of milk, 32 taken from nine different places, of which 9 samples were of certified milk and 24 of pasteurized bottled milk. The average bacteria found in these 33 samples was about 15,000. The highest average bacteria from one of these nine concerns was 25,000 and from that concern 16 samples were taken. It is interesting to note that in the milk of all the other dealers, selling loose or bottled milk, an average in excess of 100,000 was found, except one only, and the average bacteria from this milk was 85,000.

It is significant also that in one company, which sold bottled and loose milk, the bacteria found in the bottled milk was a little over 300,000 in 4 samples, while in 68 samples taken of his loose milk an average of over 9,000,000 bacteria was found. This is consistent with the theory that loose milk would have more bacteria in it than bottled milk, and surely does not indicate that the bacteria came from the glasses.

The New York Milk Committee is conversant with the milk situation and quite well understands the point of view that good milk must be gotten by gradual steps and the other point of view that it should be secured at once. The Milk Committee does believe it quite feasible to secure within a very short time drinking milk for the purpose of being served as drinking milk in restaurants, hotels, &c.

This letter is written in no spirit of hostile criticism, but merely in an effort to continue, as we have tried to do in the past, to assist the Board of Health in protecting the consuming public from bad milk.

The New York Milk Committee cannot at this time, with the bacterial analyses of over 900 samples of milk taken from 230 different places, regard inactivity on the part of the Board of Health as masterly. We, therefore, trust that the newspaper reports indicating that your board does not intend to act on this report are inaccurate.

We shall be glad to co-operate with you further in this matter, and we are at the present time making other investigations of milk as delivered in cans and bottles to various places where milk is dispensed by the glass. When this is secured we shall furnish it to the Board of Health.

I have deemed it proper to furnish the press with a copy of the above letter. Very truly yours, NEW YORK MILK COMMITTEE,
STEPHEN G. WILLIAMS, Chairman.

Health Commissioner Lederle would make no reply to the letter last evening, but promised to reply to-day:

"I have just returned from my vacation," he said. "Just before I left a report of the Milk Committee was submitted to me, and I wrote the committee. I will make a statement to-morrow covering the situation. That is all I care to say at this time."

"We are working in the interest of the people of New York," said Mr. Williams last night concerning the report. "A man may pay particular attention to the milk that is used in his own home, and without question buy milk for his noonday drink that is entirely unfit for drinking. We believe the public wants to know the truth about the situation. We also think that if the Board of Health will consider this question from this standpoint, our report will be heeded. Now we expect something to be done."

## NEW SCHOOL SUPERVISORS.

### District Heads Named to Succeed Miss Richman and Dr. Elgas.

The Board of Superintendents at its meeting yesterday nominated successors to the late District Superintendents Miss Julia Richman and Dr. Matthew J. Elgas. The nomination of a successor to Miss Richman was first acted upon. The chief candidates were John P. Conroy, Principal of Public School 179, 101st Street, east of Amsterdam Avenue, and Cecil A. Kidd, Principal of Public School 184, 116th Street, east of Lenox Avenue. The votes for these two were so evenly divided that fifteen ballots had to be taken. Then Mr. Conroy won the prize. He was appointed a teacher on Dec. 23, 1882, was made Principal of Public School 39, 125th Street, west of Second Avenue, on Sept. 15, 1897, and became Principal of Public School 170 on Feb. 1, 1901.

It took only one ballot to nominate the successor to Dr. Elgas. Mr. Kidd was the nominee. He was appointed teacher Oct. 1, 1886; became Principal of Public School 34, Broome and Sheriff Streets, on Feb. 3, 1897, and was made Principal of Public School 184 in December, 1902.

The Board of Superintendents has the right to assign its nominees to any district, and it is thought that as Mr. Kidd was Principal of a school in Miss Richman's district he will eventually be assigned to the district over which she presided.

## FOSBREY SEEN IN BROOKLYN.

### Detectives Now Watching Escaped Murderer's House.

As a result of a report that Reynolds Fosbrey, the accused murderer, who escaped from the Tombs Monday night, had been seen in Brooklyn, detectives were assigned from Police Headquarters yesterday to watch the escaped prisoner's house and haunts. He lived at East Twenty-sixth Street and Emmons Avenue, Brooklyn.

The report that Fosbrey had been seen was made by Dr. M. J. Dattlebaum of 1,125 Eastern Parkway, who says that his maid, Erna Wittle, gave the escaped prisoner a drink of water on Tuesday.

When detectives called upon the girl she gave an accurate description of the escaped prisoner, and when shown a photograph of him she said it was a likeness of the man who had asked for the water.

Warden Fallon said yesterday that the ventilator which Fosbrey removed in escaping was attached to the wall of the Tombs by four screws only an inch and a half long. He also said that several expert engineers who have been examining the Tombs had reported to him that the whole prison was poorly built and much inferior to those in other cities. He also said that in order to make escape less likely it would be necessary to have six men appointed to take the places of the "trusties" now used for carrying messages.

# CAN SUE PACKERS FOR DISEASED MEAT

## Consumer's Rights Defined by Judge Noyes in Overruling Armours' Demurrer.

## WOMAN MADE ILL BY PORK

### Producer's Contention That It Had No Direct Relations with the Person Damaged Is Summarily Disposed Of.

Judge Noyes handed down a decision yesterday in the Federal District Court, holding that Armour & Co., the Chicago meat packers, could not demur to a claim brought against them for damges from eating diseased pork, on the ground that they had sold to a middleman and not to the consumer. The suit was brought by Sophie Kelterer, who alleges that she suffered $6,000 worth of damages through eating pork infected with trichinae, which had been put up by the defendants.

Armour & Co. took the ground that suit should not lie against them as they had no contractual relation with the plaintiff, as she had not bought directly from them. The only duty they owed to her, they contended, was that which they owed to all men, to refrain from knowingly and willfully inflicting injury. Commenting on this argument, Judge Noyes said:

"As willful injury is hardly conceivable, the claim comes down to this, that the producer of meats can take no steps to detect poisonous parasites in his products, although the danger of their presence is well known and can be guarded against, and yet may sell such products with impunity so far as the demands of the poisoned consumer are concerned."

This contention, the court goes on to say, is founded on the theory that the injured consumer can sue the middleman, and that the middleman may sue the manufacturer.

"In other words, if the claim be well founded, the middleman has an effective remedy, but he is not injured. The consumer is injured, but cannot look to the wrongdoer, and must sue the local dealer who is likely to be irresponsible and is certainly free from fault."

Judge Noyes admits that such a view of the case has authority and is unquestionably the rule in the case of many manufactured articles where the consequence of negligent manufacture cannot be readily foresoon.

The court, however, drew a distinction between the case at bar and such a case as the manufacture of a defective piece of iron by which a ship might be lost. The iron manufacturer might be held immune from a suit for damages on the ground of public policy, but Judge Noyes refused to apply such a consideration to the sale of diseased meat.

"Public policy," he said, "regards the public good, and I am yet to be convinced that the public welfare will be promoted by holding that producers and manufacturers owe no duty to consumers to guard against diseased and poisonous meats and provisions except in those isolated cases where they happen to sell directly to them."

The court, therefore, overruled the demurrer. The plaintiff, who says she is a subject of the German Emperor, alleges that she was attacked with trichinosis after eating lachinker, a pork product put up by Armour & Co., which she bought on Dec. 15, 1911.

## BROADWAY SUBWAY PLANS.

### Business Men and Owners to Discuss Stations and Construction.

Broadway business men and property owners received yesterday an invitation from the Broadway Improvement Association to attend a meeting at the Imperial Hotel on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock to consider what action should be taken to protect their interests during the construction of the subway. The question of the location of the stations will then be taken up in anticipation of the public hearing on this matter to be held by the Public Service Commission the following Friday.

The tentative list of stations on the new Brooklyn Rapid Transit Broadway line is: City Hall Park, Canal Street, Prince Street, Eighth Street, Fourteenth Street, and Union Square, (express;) Twenty-third Street, Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth Streets, Thirty-fourth Street, (express,) and Times Square. The meeting will also consider the method of construction proposed for the subway, with a view to preserving as far as possible the interests of all property owners and occupants.

### Bazaar to Help Italian Hospital.

The annual festival and bazaar to aid the new Italian Hospital, Eighty-third Street and East River, will be held at the Manhattan Casino, 155th Street and Eighth Avenue, on Sept. 20. Among those who will patronize the function are the Italian Ambassador, the Italian Consul General, Celestino Piva, President of the hospital; Mrs. Edwin Gould, Mrs. Alfonso Costa, Mrs. Frank Valenti, Mrs. Fusarini, and Mrs. Saladino. Funds are urgently needed to carry on the work of the hospital, recently removed from West Houston Street. Last year nearly $64,000 was expended for treatment of patients.


B. Altman & Co.

THE MEN'S FURNISHING DEPARTMENT

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MEN'S ENGLISH RAINCOATS IN GRAY, BLUE AND TAN, AT THE SPECIAL PRICE OF $10.00

ACTUAL VALUE $20.00

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| Juniors' from | 18.00 | to | 27.75 |
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| COATS, long and 3-4 length, in plain & fancy mixtures; sizes 14 to 18 and 32 to 44 | 16.50 | to | 24.75 |

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Across the fertile farm lands of Jersey and Pennsylvania sweeps the Black Diamond Express. At the foot of the Blue Mountains two great locomotives take hold, and then up, up, up, through the most wonderful bit of scenery east of the Rocky Mountains, goes this most luxurious of modern all-parlor-car trains. Right across the backbone of the east and then down to the beautiful valley of the Susquehanna river. Truly, a trip of pleasure and comfort all the way.

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Hudson Tubes, Cortlandt and Church Sts., Telephone 4209 Cortlandt.
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Cash price $200. With records of your own selection up to $25, all told, $225.00. $10 cash; $10 month.

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on all the other styles of Victrolas. Make your first payment in thirty days from date of purchase.

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$25 Victrola VI, Nothing Down, $2 month
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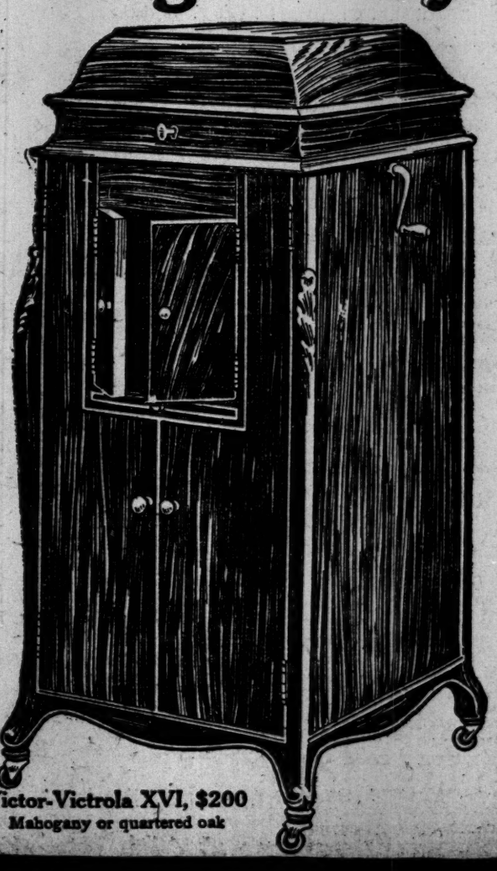
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Operatic stars—and the season's new singers.
A detailed account of the plays to be produced in New York this season.
Stories of some notable plays from abroad to be seen here.
Review of vaudeville field.
List of plays scheduled to open the season at all New York theatres.
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# BRITON DEFAULTS IN GOLF TOURNEY

## Norman Hunter Stricken by Heat and Gives Up Match to Warren Wood.

## TRAVERS HAS HARD MATCH

### Metropolitan Champion 1 Up on Phelps at Wheaton—Evans an Easy Winner.

WHEATON, Ill., Sept. 5.—Jerome D. Travers of Upper Montclair will play Hamilton Kerr of Ekwanok and Charles Evans, Jr., of Edgewater will be opposed by Warren K. Wood of Homewood to-morrow in the semi-final rounds of the National amateur golf championship. Travers had some trouble in defeating Mason Phelps and Kerr had to play thirty-seven holes to overcome Paul Hunter. Evans had easy work in eliminating H. Schmidt of Worcester, while Wood won by default.

Norman F. Hunter, the Edinburgh player, who carried the hopes of the English contingent after Harold Hilton was eliminated, to-night is in bed in the club dormitory, with cold compresses on his head, to ward off a threatened heat prostration. This collapse of Hunter in the test put Wood in the semi-finals and gave him a chance to rest during the afternoon, while the others were playing matches under a broiling sun.

Hunter has been ill since Sunday, complaining of the excessive heat, to which Hilton attributed his defeat. He had but little sleep during the last two nights, and yesterday had to lie down on the ground at several of the tees.

Hunter's physicians say a night's rest in care of his nurses will put him out of danger, but that an attempt on his part to play this afternoon would have resulted in a sunstroke. Hunter finished the morning round in 40, 39—79, equal to his average over these links, but he played the last nine holes palpably in distress, and was barely able to get to his rooms at noon. He was then 1 down to Wood.

Jerome Travers did not play up to his form of yesterday when he scored successive holes under par. He did the first eighteen in 38—41—79, but did not do as well for the third nine. He had Mason Phelps 2 down in the morning, but going out in the afternoon, the Midlothian player, who was formerly Western champion, reversed the position, picking up four holes with a fine 36. Travers got going coming in and squared the match on the twenty-ninth green. He was always ahead after the thirtieth, and won on the thirty-fifth, two up ane one to play.

During the match Travers got himself out of several difficult positions with his customary skill and turned the first nine holes three up. In the next nine he was not quite so fortunate, but ended the eighteenth with a margin of two. In the first hole of the day the Metropolitan champion was bunkered twice. He managed to hole out, while Phelps, his opponent, seemed to be in trouble all the way. Phelps went to pieces in the next three holes, due largely to wild driving. Shortly after a ragged putt out of bounds produced further disaster to Phelps.

Travers continued his good work up to the fifteenth and sixteenth greens, when he lost to his opponent. He, however, won the seventeenth, but hooked badly to the home hole and lost, fininshing the round two up.

Travers lost his lead early in the afternoon round, and dropped hole after hole. The match was squared at the end of the second hole, and by the time the ninth was reached the Chicago player led by two holes. It was not until the final ninth that Travers showed his real form. He averted the danger of defeat and managed to overcome Phelps's lead and finished the match two up and one to play. The cards:

MORNING.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Travers, out | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 3—39 |
| Phelps, out | 5 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 2—43 |
| Travers, in | 5 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 5—41 |
| Phelps, in | 4 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 4—40 |

AFTERNOON.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Travers, out | 5 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 |
| Phelps, out | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 2 |
| Travers, in | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 2 |
| Phelps, in | 5 | 6 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 6 | * |

*Travers picked up his ball.

"Chick" Evans won another match easily to-day. Heinrich Schmidt, Massachusetts State champion, lost to Evans on the thirty-first green, Evans 6 up. Schmidt won the first hole, lost the third, and was never on top again, though he squared the score at the eleventh. Evans then made thirteen 4s in a row, followed by a 3, a 5, and another 3, and Schmidt's prospects were ended. Evans in the afternoon went out in 35.

The quality of golf shown by Evans indicated that he would have to be seriously reckoned with for the final honors. His driving was hard and clean, and his putts deadly, and the easy manner in which he vanquished Schmidt impressed the big gallery. The cards:

MORNING.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Evans, out | 6 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 3—38 |
| Schmidt, out | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 3—39 |
| Evans, in | 5 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4—39 |
| Schmidt, in | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4—41 |

AFTERNOON.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Evans, out | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 3 |
| Schmidt, out | 6 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 3 |
| Evans, in | | | | | | | | * | 5 | 4 |
| Schmidt, in | | | | | | | | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 |

*Evans picked up his ball.

Hamilton Kerr had the hardest match of the day, having to go thirty-seven holes to defeat Paul Hunter of Midlothian. Robert Hunter caddied for his brother in the afternoon. Kerr had Hunter 4 down in the morning, playing 37—37—74 to do it. This lead was reduced to one at the twenty-seventh. He was 2 up at the twenty-ninth, square at the thirty-fourth, one down at the thirty-fifth, square at the thirty-sixth, and took the extra hole in 4, one below par. The cards:

MORNING.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Kerr, out | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 3—37 |
| P. Hunter, out | 5 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3—40 |
| Kerr, in | 3 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4—37 |
| P. Hunter, in | 3 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4—38 |

AFTERNOON.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Kerr, out | 5 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| P. Hunter, out | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 3 |
| Kerr, in | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | * | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| P. Hunter, in | 5 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 |

Extra hole.—Kerr, 4; P. Hunter, 5.

*Kerr picked up his ball.

Robert Hunter, the Britisher, gave Warren K. Wood a hard fight during the morning round. The American showed a glaring assortment of pulls and hooks during the early stages of the contest. From the thirteenth to the end only one hole was halved, and Wood was one up on Hunter when the morning round was over. The cards:

MORNING.

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wood, out | 6 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 3—40 |
| N. Hunter, out | 4 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4—40 |
| Wood, in | 3 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 4—38 |
| N. Hunter, in | 5 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5—40 |

Withdrew.

The summary of play:

MORNING ROUND.

Jerome D. Travers, Upper Montclair, 2 up on Mason Phelps, Midlothian.
Hamilton K. Kerr, Ekwanok, 4 up on Paul Hunter, Midlothian.
Charles Evans, Jr., Edgewater, 4 up on Heinrich Schmidt, Worcester.
Warren K. Wood, Homewood, 1 up on Norman F. Hunter, Edinburgh.

FINAL SCORE.

Jerome D. Travers, Upper Montclair, defeated Mason Phelps, Midlothian, 2 up and 1 to play.
Hamilton Kerr, Ekwanok, defeated Paul Hunter, Midlothian, 1 up in 37 holes.
Charles Evans, Jr., Edgewater, defeated Heinrich Schmidt, Worcester, 6 up and 5.
Warren K. Wood, Homewood, defeated Norman Hunter, Edinbugh, by default.

## ENGLISH INVASION ENDS.

### Comment of the British Expert on the Way Things Go.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WHEATON, Ill., Sept. 5.—Henry Leach, the English golf writer, who has been sent to the United States by The London Daily Mail to describe the international golf tournament, cabled the following to his newspaper after to-day's play:

"There was more golf under extreme difficulties here to-day when the third round of the American amateur championship was played. Before 10 o'clock in the morning the thermometer touched 94 and rose steadily afterward. It was boiling hot and thin clothing was saturated at the finish. The marvelous thing, however, is that the green remains quite sappy and without any trace of grit, and is more smooth and true than any inland greens I have ever putted on in Great Britain. Humidity of atmosphere is chiefly responsible. There has never been a golf tournament played under such conditions in America or elsewhere as prevailed to-day.

"The little Union Jack was still floating on the post at the corner of the starting point in token of the fact that Britain was not yet done with. The match between Norman Hunter and Warren K. Wood should have been one of the strongest features of the day and was the last of the four. Wood of Chicago was finalist two years ago, and is considered one of the best men in the West. He is a young clever player with all clubs and makes especially good recoveries from the rough. Hunter was still indisposed this morning, but he set about his game very courageously. There was all the customary life and dash about his swing on the tee, but he had great difficulty in keeping the ball straight and driving on both sides in the early stages of the game, and was erratic.

"American players generally are supposed to be addicted to putting, and there is a descriptive phrase about the 'American hook,' but whether it is the heat that is responsible or not half the tee shots played seemed to fly away to the right. There is great premium on straightness in this particular tournament when so little of it has been in evidence.

"At noon the little British camp was thrown into a state of gloom. Norman Hunter, who had struggled gamely under such sufferings as only he knew, could go on no longer. On going into the clubhouse, after finishing the round, he looked very ill and was at last obliged to confess he felt too much so to go on longer without medical aid, and asked for a doctor. While he went to lie down a physician was hastily summoned, and when he arrived said the patient's case was a bad one, and under no circumstances must he play any more to-day. If he did so the doctor said his chances were bad and that he would never be able to play golf again. Hunter, however, declared nothing should stop him from finishing the round, as he would not be in the American term a 'quitter.'

"A second physician was summoned and both agreed that he must not play. When Hunter still insisted Silas H. Strawn, President of the United States Golf Association, and other officials brought kind compulsion to bear, and said they would not undertake responsibility of allowing him to continue. Thereupon he yielded and was taken to the cottage on the links, where he was staying with Mrs. Hunter, and put to bed with cracked ice on his forehead. He soon showed signs of recovering and after an hour or so was comfortable. It transpired then that he had been playing for the last two days absolutely without food, which he could not stand on account of heat.

"General regret and sympathy was expressed among Americans and great admiration expressed for Hunter's plucky sporting spirit. Americans indeed displayed great sportsmanship themselves, and Warren Wood, his opponent, though contrary to the rules and custom, offered to delay the start on the second round till 5 o'clock, leaving only just in time to finish in daylight. Mr. Wood said he would much rather be beaten than win his match in this way. Hunter would have started if the doctors would have let him, but they absolutely forbade.

"I have just interviewed the physicians and they say that while his case would have been extremely serious if he had gone on, his friends at home need be under no anxiety whatever, as they are quite certain he will be absolutely all right to-morrow.

"So ends the British attack on the American golf championship for this year. American golfers are extremely good, and our invasion might not have been successful. Nobody knows. But, it is the heat that has beaten us, and the little Union Jack still fluttering patriotically near the first tee is a melancholy emblem of the hopes blighted in an unexpected way."

## RAIN STOPS MOTOR RACES.

### Mercier and Lockner Win Only Heats Run at Brighton Beach.

After two events had been run off at the stadium-motordrome at Brighton Beach last night, rain fell and caused a postponement of the Chapple-Hasha match race until to-morrow night.

George Lockner of Syracuse won the five-mile professional race in handy fashion in 3:46 3-5, with Billy Shields of Syracuse in second position. The rain covered the goggles of the riders, and they were practically blinded. Lockner rode a brilliant race all the way. Shields took the pole from him on two occasions, but he always forged by, and finished splendidly.

The first heat of the three-cornered match race between Mercier, Ayrault, and Eckel went to Mercier in fast time. Mercier rode a good race, with Eckel close up. The time for the three miles was 2:15 4-5. The summaries:

Three-corner Match Race Between Ferdie Mercier, Brooklyn; Earl Eckel, Newark, and J. Ayrault, Washington, N. J.—First Heat—Won by F. Mercier, Brooklyn; Earl Eckel, Newark, second; J. Ayrault, Washington, N. J., third. Time—2:15 4-5.

Five-Mile, Professional—First Heat—Won by George Lockner, Syracuse; Billy Shields, Brooklyn, second; Mike Costello, Brooklyn, third. Time—3:46 3-5.

## MILITARY athletic SPORTS.

### Big Celebration Scheduled for Next Week at State Fair in Syracuse.

There was a big gathering of military men last night at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory, on the occasion of the opening of entries for the Military Athletic League Championships, which are to be financed by the State, and held in conjunction with the New York State Fair in Syracuse a week from next Saturday. Gen. Verbeck, Adjutant General of the State, acted as Chairman, and it was unanimously agreed that Col. N. B. Thurston officiate as referee of the meet, which will contain fifty events.

The sports are open to all members of the National Guard and Naval Militia. They include military events, track and field athletics, hikes by companies of militia and cavalry stunts. The contests will be held on two tracks.

The whole is outlined as a patriotic pageant introducing the National Guard of the State, which is to be followed by a military tournament and gymkahna games with the function to be reviewed by Gov. Dix.

It will be the first annual outdoor series of the militia, and will be followed by motor cycle races and aeroplane contests. The latter machines will be seen in war manoeuvres. There will be aviation events for world's records, with the contests open to all licensed aviators, as well as cavalry and artillery races and games.

### Extra Cars for Championship Games.

Andrew F. Tully, Acting Chairman of the Senior Metropolitan Association Championship Committee, has arranged with the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad to add extra cars to their regular trains in each direction between the Harlem River Station and Pelham Manor, N. Y., Saturday afternoon, to accommodate the spectators at the Metropolitan Association Senior Track and Field Championships to be held at Travers Island on that day. Afternoon trains leave the Harlem River Station, 133d Street and Willis Avenue, at 12:03, 1:03, 1:57, 2:03, and 3:03 o'clock, and returning leave Pelham Manor at 5 and 7 o'clock.

# WINSOME WINS TWO NEW YORK Y. C. RACES

## E. T. Hall's Sloop Beats Aurora, Istalena, and Dorello II. on Long Island Sound.

Favored by a good southwest breeze, the eighteen yachts that started yesterday in the sixty-fifth annual regatta of the New York Yacht Club made fairly fast time over the various courses allotted them on Long Island Sound.

With club topsails set and ballooners drawing well to starboard, the big sloops Winsome, Istalena, and Aurora got away in fine style almost with the gun at 12:15 o'clock. The Winsome had a lead of about half a length. The first leg of their nineteen and a quarter-mile course was from the starting point, off Motts Point, across the Sound to Parsonage Point, with the wind over their port quarter. From there they had a broad reach on the other gybe for Woolsey's Reef buoy, and from there a close fetch on the last leg to the finish.

The Winsome gradually increased her lead on the reaches, and when it came to the close-hauled work with small jib topsails set she was able to cross the finish line a winner by 2 minutes 22 seconds from the Vanderbilt sloop Aurora.

The Winsome also sailed a special race against George Batchelder's sloop Dorello II., that yacht having no class competitor. Dorello II. was allowed 16 minutes 16 seconds by the Winsome, which finally defeated her by 3 minutes 57 seconds.

The Class "P" boats, Windward and Cara Mia, crossed the starting line beam and beam. The Joyant got away three minutes late. These three sailed a course of eighteen and a quarter miles, with Parsonage Point and Matinicock Point buoys as turning marks. The Windward did the best work, winning from the Cara Mia by 2 minutes 14 seconds.

Six of the "thirties" made a pretty start all in a bunch, and S. C. Hunter's Juanita won from the Rowdy, owned by H. S. Duell, by the narrow margin of 43 seconds.

There was also some close work between the five small schooners that started. They covered a course of nine and one-eighth miles, William Butler Duncan's Vandalia proving the winner by 1 minute 4 seconds from the Rival. The summary:

SLOOPS—CLASS K.

Start, 12:15. Course, 19¼ Miles.

| Yacht and Owner. | Finish. | Elapsed Time. |
|---|---|---|
| | M.M.S. | H.M.S. |
| Winsome, E. T. Hall | 2:43:30 | 2:28:30 |
| Aurora, C. Vanderbilt | 2:45:52 | 2:30:52 |
| Istalena, G. M. Pynchon | 2:50:24 | 2:35:24 |

SLOOPS—CLASS M—SPECIAL.

Start, 12:15. Course, 19¼ Miles.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Winsome, E. T. Hall | 2:43:30 | 2:28:30 |
| *Dorello II., G. M. Batchelder | 3:08:43 | 2:48:43 |

Corrected time—Winsome, 2:11:46; Dorello II., 2:15:43. *Dorello started at 12:20.

SLOOPS—CLASS P—SPECIAL.

Start, 12:25. Course, 18¼ Miles.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Windward, R. A. Monks | 3:16:07 | 2:51:07 |
| Cara Mia, S. Wainwright | 3:18:21 | 2:53:21 |
| Joyant, W. H. Childs | 3:19:36 | 2:54:36 |

N. Y. Y. C. 30-FOOT CLASS.

Start, 12:30. Course, 18¼ Miles.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Juanita, S. C. Hunter | 3:27:45 | 2:57:45 |
| Rowdy, H. S. Duell | 3:23:28 | 2:53:28 |
| Carlita, G. P. Kulenkampff | 3:29:25 | 2:59:25 |
| Phryne, J. P. Morgan, Jr. | 3:35:32 | 3:05:32 |
| Alera, J. W. and E. P. Alker | 3:37:45 | 3:07:45 |
| Caprice, R. N. Ellis | 3:38:42 | 3:08:42 |

SOUND SCHOONER CLASS.

Start, 12:35. Course, 9⅛ Miles.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Vandalia, W. B. Duncan | 2:09:55 | 1:34:55 |
| Rival, W. H. Judson | 2:10:59 | 1:35:59 |
| Alicia, W. M. Baldwin | 2:11:05 | 1:36:05 |
| Daffodil, A. H. Morris | 2:12:05 | 1:37:15 |
| Helen II., E. Randolph | 2:12:15 | 1:37:15 |

The winners were the Winsome, the Windward, the Juanita, and the Vandalia. In the special M class a prize was offered only for a yacht not winning in a regular class.


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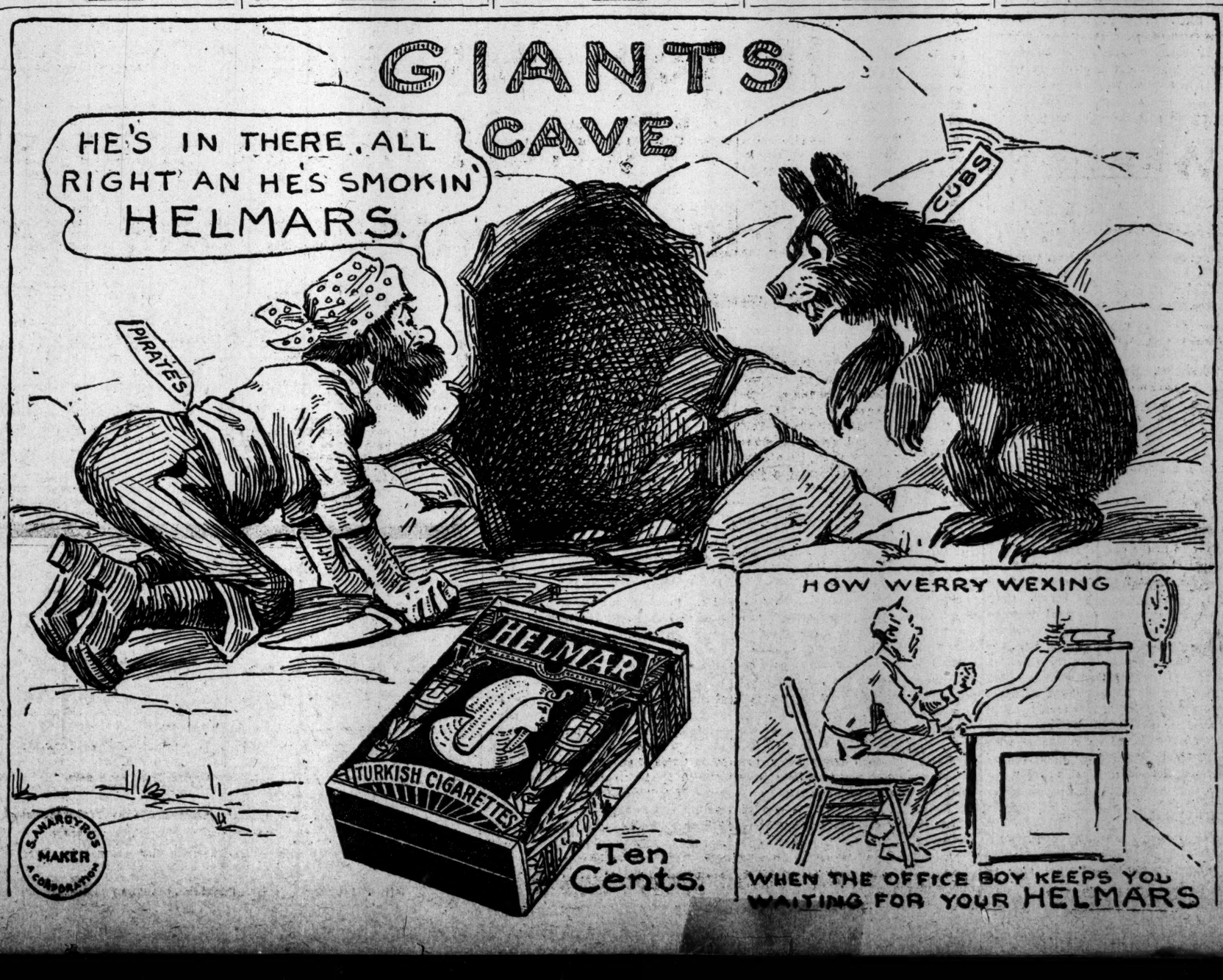

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, SEPT. 6, 1912.


## UNMISTAKABLE.

Diligent ciphering and painstaking analysis cannot make the Vermont election figures any plainer. Their meaning was unmistakable before midnight of Tuesday, when not more than three-quarters of the returns were in. The figures show that the Democrats are united, that the Republicans are divided. The Democrats increased their vote over the State election vote of the last Presidential year by 25 per cent. The Republicans lost 16,000 votes to the Progressive Party, retaining but 26,000 for their own candidate. For information and for prophecy these large facts are all that we need to consider. United and reinforced, the Democrats confront the opposition party rent and parceled between two candidates and two bodies of doctrine. What this portends for November is not open to doubt. The conclusion is not merely reached, it forces itself upon the mind, that the political conditions revealed in Vermont foreshadow the certain election of Gov. WILSON.

There is one aspect of the vote in Vermont that is worthy of attention, however, since it confirms this conclusion. The Progressive candidate for Governor, the candidate of the Roosevelt Party, received but 15,800 votes. For the Roosevelt movement this is failure. For him and for the campaign he is making nothing short of tremendous success is success at all. If there is virtue in his doctrine, if there is sincerity in his professions, if there is anything at all in the third-term movement save the selfish ambition of Mr. ROOSEVELT himself, the vote of his party ought to have surpassed that of the Taft Republicans and of the Democrats combined.

He enjoys some extraordinary advantages. He has been President of the United States, he is possessed of remarkable ability, particularly the ability to interest and arouse the people, he has chosen his issues most skillfully to that end, he has found all the weak spots in the old parties. He has made his campaign so boisterously that it has seemed, in the words of the poet, that he would "rip the lath and plaster from the corridors of time." Yet in the first test of his strength he comes out third in the poll. A great emancipator of the people who lets himself be beaten by the Vermont Democrats is in a pretty bad way. As we have said, this is failure, it is dismal failure. Mr. ROOSEVELT'S third-term movement is not an earthquake, it is not a convulsion of political nature, it is only a temporary disturbance.

## THE ENGLISH CENSUS.

Though the census of England and Wales was taken on April 2, 1911, and the preliminary report was published the following June, the first detailed abstracts of the revised figures have just been published in London as a British Blue Book. In the preliminary report a year ago the population of England and Wales was given as 36,075,269, but the revised figures make it 36,070,492. Since the previous census population shows an increase of 10.89 per cent. The natural increase, due to excess of births over deaths, is 12.48 per cent., a gain in ratio for the decade of only .04 per cent. In twenty-three counties in which agriculture is the chief industry the aggregate rate of increase was 6.2 per cent., which is, on the whole, a gratifying showing, especially in connection with a slight reduction in the rate of increase in the industrial counties, which indicates that the long-talked-of movement back to the land has at least begun. Only ten counties show an actual decrease in rural population, while there were twenty-three such counties in 1901.

One of the surprises in these revised returns is the fact that what is called Administrative London shows a decline in population, small, it is true, but still a decline, the population now being given as 4,521,685 as compared with 4,536,257 in 1901. This puts Administrative London, or London proper, below Greater New York, whose population in 1910 was 4,766,883, and by the latest estimate is over 5,000,000. The outer ring of London, however, has a population of 2,730,002, thus making the total poulation of what may be called Greater London 7,251,687. The area of Administrative London contains 116.8 square miles, and, including all parishes within eleven miles of Charing Cross, Greater London has an area of 693 square miles, or about 443,419 acres. A circle with a radius of 19¼ miles, with the City Hall, New York, as the centre, would contain, exclusive of marshes, about 480,000 acres. This would include, however, parts of Hudson, Essex, and Bergen Counties, New Jersey, which are for most practical purposes part of Greater New York, but can never come under the administration of the city. This area, according to the estimate of WALTER LAIDLAW, will in 1916 pass in population the area of Greater London at the present rate of growth in both cities.

In some other respects, also, the figures of the revised census are specially interesting. It has been shown, for instance, that there are 1,179,276 more females than males (to use the census designation) in England and Wales, a proportion exceeded by only one other country in Europe, Norway. The fact that more males than females are born makes this inequality of the sexes still more striking.

## THE FIRST THING TO BE DONE.

The charges against the Police Department of ex-Inspector HAYES, (if he has made any charges,) Commissioner WALDO'S reply, Magistrate MCADOO'S contribution to the controversy of a letter from the Police Commissioner which seems to bear out HAYES'S statements, the arrangements for the John Doe inquiry, and the Aldermanic investigation are all interesting. Nobody doubts that there is a great deal of unwonted activity around Police Headquarters and among public officers who have been stimulated by the force of public opinion.

But the chief work to be done now is to arrest the two elusive criminals known as Lefty LOUIE and Gyp the Blood and place them on trial with their fellows indicted for the murder of ROSENTHAL. Until that case is out of the way, nothing of substantial import can be done toward the rehabilitation of the Police Department. The department is implicated in that murder. Two of the hired murderers are still at large. Preparations for the trial of the others proceed slowly. There may be no deliberate effort to confuse the question, to blur the public remembrance of one of the foulest crimes in our history, and one laid directly, on good evidence, at the door of the Police Department.

But the fuss making about these many side issues has that tendency. The public wants to know, first of all, the whole truth about the Rosenthal case. The cost of the Police Department last year was more than $16,000,000. This year the taxpayers have been asked to give more than $19,000,000 for its upkeep. They are willing to pay liberally for an honest, well-disciplined force. They have a right to know if there are murderers among the officers of the force. And first of all they want the men indicted for the Rosenthal murder brought to trial.

## THE FRENCH REPRESENTATIVE EXPERIMENT.

The voting reform bill now pending in the French Senate, which passed the Chamber by a large majority early in July, is likely to become law. It has two features of prime importance. One is the election of Deputies by considerable districts, with a number of Representatives listed on each party ticket. Hence the phrase "scrutin de liste," as opposed to the present method of election of a single Representative for each small district, the "scrutin d'arrondissement." This is substantially the same change that would be made here if all the Representatives for each State were chosen on a general ticket.

The chief reasons for the change in France are, first, the poorer sort of men chosen by the present system in the small existing districts, and, second, the abuse of patronage by Deputies, made possible by the extreme centralization of administration in France and the enormous number, not merely of offices, but of favors at the disposal of the Government. One effect of this system has been to cause the formation of a number of relatively small groups in the Chamber, each one engaged in intrigue and barter, in creating a situation in which the balance of power will be in their hands. Hence the extreme instability of the Ministers. Hence, also, incalculable difficulties in the field of home affairs and crises of grave trouble and even peril in foreign affairs. It is the hope of the advocates of electoral reform that it will bring to the French Parliament stronger and more enlightened men, less concerned with the traffic of patronage and capable of acting from a broader view of the national needs and opportunities.

The second feature of the reform is proportional representation, intended to reinforce the first. The scheme is necessarily a complex one, but it seems more complicated in description than it is likely to prove in practice. An excellent analysis of the principles and probable operation of the plan is given in an article by J. S. SCHAPIRO in The Independent of Aug. 29. The essence of the plan is sufficiently simple. The candidates of each party being presented in a list on a general ticket, each voter can vote for as many Deputies as the district is entitled to. A quotient is obtained by dividing the number of registered voters by the number of Deputies for the district. The number of votes for each party is divided by this, and the result is the number of successful candidates, in the order of their strength. If the quotient does not divide the total evenly, the "remainder" is assigned in a manner to give each party, as nearly as may be, a proportional share.

The aim of this method of selection is to reduce to the lowest practicable limit the evils of majority rule, to secure for each party, whatever principles, policy, or interests it may represent, a strength reasonably related to its strength in the electorate. Since election by a small margin of a single Deputy will no longer be practicable, this aim is likely to be achieved in a considerable degree. Members of the Chamber will know their backing and will be definitely related to an ascertained force in public opinion. Patronage certainly will not be done away with, but it will no longer be divided so minutely, and there will be a certain sense of responsibility in the use of it. There will be a chance for the formation of parties having more enlightened and higher views of political duties than in the past. The French experiment is the most important undertaken by a great democracy and will be watched with keen interest the world over.

## GOLFERS' IDIOSYNCRASIES.

The Spaniards explained the victory of Admiral DEWEY at Manila Bay by his early morning start—before breakfast. "How could our gunners be expected to shoot," they exclaimed, "before they had had their coffee?" The rules of all games vary with climate and racial prejudices. Mr. HILTON and Mr. HUNTER, the English golfers in the Wheaton tournament, find it impossible to play without their coats. The weather has been slightly warm in the Chicago neighborhood this week, and their coats have made them very uncomfortable. American golfers generally regard coat sleeves as a hindrance to free play. But in England the coat belongs to the game. It is the custom to wear coats while golfing, and no true Englishman can depart from custom. It is not mere fastidiousness or founded on a mistaken idea that a gentleman lightly clad in shirt and trousers is less than a gentleman. Englishmen do not wear coats when they are rowing or playing tennis. But an English golfer is as persistent about his coat as an English cook is about serving sausages with roast turkey.

The heat has greatly discommoded our English visitors therefore, which is a pity, because in their shirtsleeves they might have done better, as TRAVIS, KIRKBY and WATSON, three of our best golfers, were soon put out. Mr. HILTON, however, according to one of his friends, was further hampered by the ineffectiveness of a new driving club. It was made in Ohio and the head was too heavy. If he was bent on using an American club he ought to have had one made in an out-and-out Roosevelt State.

## AMERICAN FASHIONS.

Mr. EDWARD J. BOK is to be congratulated on the success of his efforts, as editor of The Ladies' Home Journal, to establish a sort of school of American fashions for women, to supplant, as far as possible, the deplorably bizarre and expensive fashions of Paris. In his communication on this subject, printed on this page this morning, Mr. BOK writes interestingly of the manners and customs of the Paris fashion makers, their commercialization of what was once, assuredly, an art, and their tendency to shift the styles so quickly, to benefit their own pockets, that only by extravagant expenditure can a woman who would keep up with Parisian modes be always well dressed. Mr. BOK holds to an interesting theory, too, that American women need exclusively American fashions, as their figures are different from those of their Latin-American sisters. That is a point on which, at present, we lack both the time and the fullness of knowledge required for argument. The question, viewed broadly, is surely debatable.

It was a good idea, however, to make deliberately an attempt to induce American women to adopt fashions in dress and millinery of their very own, fashions not too fluctuating or extreme, and never immodest or bizarre. The proof that The Ladies' Home Journal's experiment has been abundantly successful Mr. BOK places before us. Perhaps the tendency of American women to ape Paris modes of the extreme type has been exaggerated. We see the extremes of dress in this borough of Manhattan. There are countless thousands of American women whose dress is always in good taste and never extreme, though they may adapt to their own uses Paris ideas that please them. But to these, also, the carefully made designs for American fashions must be welcome.

## THE PAVING PROBLEM.

Mr. P. LABORDERE, Engineer of Bridges and Highways in Paris, and Mr. F. ANSTETT, that city's Director of the Laboratory of Experiments, gave high praise at the Congress for Testing Materials on Wednesday to the method of paving by wooden blocks, which have replaced one-quarter of the pavements of the French capital. Why, by the way, have not this city and State laboratories of experiments in paving?

Wood blocks would be preferable to some asphalt pavements of the friable quality laid in this city. The eminent French engineers report that the blocks last on an average nine years in Paris, and they have to be renewed on the most frequented streets only once in five or six years. The streets of Greater New York are eternally torn up. Fifty millions have been spent on the State roads, which are raveling to pieces. Little has been done systematically to find out the kinds of pavements that are most suitable and durable for the varied kinds of traffic, while a great part of the outlays for new roads is wasted.

The people this Fall are to vote on another $50,000,000 bond issue to be spent on the State and county roads. Cannot the materials for these roads be tested beforehand, and those that are best and most economical selected? We have here the world's experts on testing materials. Their knowledge and experience are available in solving properly the problem of good roads and pavements. But we suppose Mr. MURPHY and the Tammany contractors for the building of State highways are not specially interested in the scientists' deliberations.

The bosses of the Democratic Party were enthroned in power by the result of the Baltimore Convention.—Col. ROOSEVELT at St. Paul.

The Democratic bosses would be deeply grateful to the Colonel if he would put them in the way to find the throne and the power. Ask BRYAN, MURPHY, or JAMES SMITH, Jr.

## TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

**How Life Started and Where.**

Some of the advance announcements in regard to what Prof. SCHAFER was going to disclose as to the origin of life aroused expectations which his Presidential address before the British Association for the Advancement of Science did not fulfill. That the expectations were exaggerated was not his fault, however, and the address, while far from offering a definite solution of the great problem, was, as shown by the large part of it which THE TIMES printed yesterday, a magnificent presentation of it, cleared of the many false assumptions which have gathered around this great mystery and pointing, clearly and hopefully, to the path which will lead competent investigators to ultimate success.

With the question-begging theory of "zoosperms" drifting here from other worlds—the theory of which ARRHENIUS is the leading exponent—Prof. SCHAFER has no patience, and apparently he did not deem even worthy of mention the rather common assumption that the great PASTEUR disproved the possibility of "spontaneous generation." On the contrary, he took the position that the scientist, with his acceptance of evolution as a general principle applying throughout the universe, was bound to believe in the possibility of the inanimate becoming animate under the action of forces entirely "natural."

The exact conditions in which this change could take place Prof. SCHAFER did not claim to know, but he saw no reason for thinking, and some for denying, that those conditions had existed on the earth at only one, extremely remote, period in its history. In other words, Prof. SCHAFER holds the opinion that the origination of life is a continuing process, still going on, and that they who would discover it must look, not for the turning of inert into living matter at a single leap, but for a slow progression through many intermediate stages. To some of what may be these transitionary forms he called attention, and herein, perhaps, is the nearest approach to actual novelty that the address contained. Others have suggested that life started on the land, not in the water, but none has doubted that water played a great part in the transformation.

**Relation of Art to Trade.**

For information in regard to the manufacture of perfumes, and incidental correction of certain mistakes which marked recent dispatches, the author of the letter on the subject which we printed yesterday deserves and gets our thanks. He evidently possesses much information in regard to an interesting business concerning which most of us know next to nothing.

Perhaps, too, he was right in scolding the American people for preferring perfumes made in France to those made here in precisely the same way and from precisely the same ingredients. If that preference exists it does seem unreasonable, but it is hardly sinful, for there would be difficulty in imagining any question to which the answer given by personal, unexplained, and undefended taste should come nearer to being conclusive.

We had to part company and agreement with the perfumery expert, however, when he left his own domain and boldly proclaimed that the French make an art of commerce, while Americans made a commerce of art. That statement is pretty enough as an antithesis, but, like many another, it doesn't mean much, and the little it does mean isn't true. That the French are good traders cannot be denied, or that articles more or less properly called artistic form a larger part of their trade than of ours, but this is dispooof, not proof, that our tendency to commercialize art is greater than theirs. Both nations probably do it to the full extent of their respective opportunities—and why, for that matter, shouldn't they?

The French, among others, are fond of calling us worshippers of the dollar, and, of course, we do have no small affection for that useful coin, but anybody who says that we give it a half or a tenth as much either of love or respect as does the typical Frenchman—or woman—to a coin one-fifth its value is a most careless observer of ethnic peculiarities.

**Vacations in Winter Suggested.**

Not much success is likely to attend the reported attempt of the Imperial Bank of Germany to persuade its employés, or part of them, to take their vacations in Winter instead of Summer. The offer of some extra days—as many as there are weeks in the Summer vacation—will be tempting, of course, but more than counterbalancing the temptation will be a realizing sense that there are not nearly as many pleasant, healthful, and inexpensive things to do out of doors in Winter as in Summer.

And freedom from work is most desired at the season when work is the most irksome and exhausting, which is during hot weather, and while a bank clerk may not greatly enjoy his labors when icy winds do blow, at least he does not then have to refuse any pressing invitations from forest and stream.

It probably could be proved that the Summer vacation custom is advantageous to employers as well as to the employed, since it enables the latter to give better service to the former than would a vacation passed as it most likely would be in Winter. Moreover, all sorts of business, including that of banking, long since adjusted itself to a decrease of activity in Summer and an increase of it in Winter.

## PARIS FASHIONS AND OUR'S

### Mr. Bok Says Modest Women Look Askance at French Designs.

Referring to the complaint of the improprieties of Parisian fashions, recently printed in these columns, Edward Bok, editor of The Ladies' Home Journal, has addressed to THE TIMES the following letter:

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

The advocacy of American fashions by The Ladies' Home Journal has been successful far beyond what I hoped or expected. American women have for years become so dependent upon what Paris said or did or chose to give them that I expected positive dissent at our course when I inaugurated it three years ago. Some came, but it was mostly the skeptical note. The women thought we couldn't present American fashion designs that would compare in beauty with Parisian designs, and, at first, I confess that we floundered. That was because we have not the artistic background in America that exists in France; we do not think in terms of fashions here as there, and our designers have not been encouraged to give their best as they have in Paris. So, at first, we gave such designs as we could get, and they were not as good as we wanted to give. But gradually we surrounded ourselves with a group of good designers; they felt that our effort was an earnest one; we threw out lines in every direction, and for the past year we have been giving much better designs. Some think that our designs are as good as, if not better, than those that have come from Paris.

**American Fashions Now Popular.**

Be that as it may, this fact remains: Our fashion department has never been so popular; our circulation has increased enormously because of the new idea in fashions; we are selling this year, for example, hundreds of thousands more patterns than we did last year, and where three years ago we used to average from ten to fifteen letters of complaint a week about our Paris fashions, to-day we are receiving practically none—not three in a month. On the contrary, our mail is full of favorable letters, and our fashion correspondence has grown over 60 per cent.

So successful have been our hats of American design that last month The Illustrated Milliner, the leading organ of that trade, inserted two colored pages of our hats in its issue; over seventy-five wholesale manufacturers and retailers of women's hats all over the country either made forms of these hats or sold them in their stores, giving window displays to "the new Ladies' Home Journal hats for women," and thousands of our hats were sold—all American hats. And this in face of the assurance that I had, at the beginning, from a dozen of the leading milliners in New York City that I never could induce American women to buy or wear other than Paris hats. As a matter of fact, hundreds of women are to-day preferring our hats to the French hats, and are having our hats made by the most fashionable milliners in New York. Last week, in the workroom of one Fifth Avenue milliner, eight of our hats were being made for customers, while one large New York importer made six of our hats and displayed them in his window as "the latest French hats." This importer frankly told me that he had selected our hats because they were better than any he had seen or bought in Paris this Summer, but he said he had not the courage to say they were of American design.

**French Changes Many and Extreme.**

These American designs differ from the Paris designs in this way: The Paris idea is to make extreme changes in designs and to make those changes as often as possible, so that a woman must change her dress often or look out of style. The Paris modistes must do this because fashions with them are no longer an art as they once were—they have commercialized them. Their establishments have grown to be gilded salons, with enormous salary lists, and to keep their workrooms busy and to pay an interest on their investment they must make a woman change her style often. Their life depends on this. I claim that this is wrong. In the Renaissance period, when fashion was an art, a Court fashion in dress would last from four to seven years, as the history of fashion shows. A constant change in fashions makes a woman place the question of clothes in a false position in her life. It dominates her thoughts to the exclusion of other and more important elements. It compels her to discard her dresses and hats before they are worn out or anything like it. It makes her extravagant, because she feels she must "keep up to the styles."

**American Woman's Figure Differs.**

Now, our idea is just the opposite—to design hats and dresses that will not go out of style in a season, or six months or a year, and this we do by creating along conservative lines, pretty, artistic, and beautiful, and more becoming to the American woman and her figure, which is entirely different from the Latin feminine figure. We aim to give dresses and hats that won't look out of style in a season; that a woman can wear until she gets a reasonable wear out of them, and that will make it possible for her not to give undue thought to the question of clothes, to the exclusion of other and far more important things in her life. But we have no commercial instinct to serve, and therein we differ from the Paris idea. With me, women's fashion is an economic question; with the French it is a business.

**Styles Freakish and Indecent.**

The fact is, the French modistes are showing their commercialism so blatantly in creating fashions so freakish, and so indecent, really, that the careful American women are turning from them, and are accepting our more conservative but equally artistic designs with glad relief. The Paris modistes know this, and two of the leading ones in Paris acknowledge that, for the first time, an impression has been made on the American women by our presentation of American fashions.

We have "made a dent" on those Paris chaps, and I am delighted, because their purpose is no longer a true one, and they are playing with American women. It is time for the American woman, who is just as clever as the French woman, to realize that not only can she design her own clothes but she can do it better, since no Latin race can ever understand an Anglo-Saxon people in clothes or in any other need. Sarah Bernhardt, certainly the leading Frenchwoman, and an authority in dress, has said in our magazine that the American woman should stop following French styles and create her own, and she is right. It has simply been the lack of some widely-distributed medium to show what American women and designers can do in the way of creating millinery and clothes.

**Crusade Is But Just Started.**

Don't get the idea that we are content with what we have done or are doing. Far from it. As a matter of fact, I am here in New York now for several days on this very question, perfecting a plan that will materially strengthen our fashion organization and give the American woman a clothes service in comparison to which what we are now doing will be insignificant. I feel I am just at the beginning of this crusade of American fashions for American women, and it is because of the enormous success that has met what we have done that I am now going to branch out and justify this success by a fashion service that will pretty closely push the best that Paris can offer, and I predict will go considerably beyond it.

The American woman has told me, in no uncertain terms, that she wants to get through with Paris, and that she wants American fashions. That is all I want.

EDWARD BOK.

New York, Sept. 5, 1912.

## THE IVES CASE.

### Mr. Roosevelt's Complaint Is of Judges Chosen by the People.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Why is Mr. Roosevelt so bitter against the lawyers and the courts? He has a savage attack upon the profession and the Judges in the last number of The Outlook. My only explanation of it is that he fails to understand the real nature of the Government of the United States. In short, he is no true American.

Mr. Roosevelt's most bitter attack is against the decision of the Court of Appeals in the Ives case. To some extent I sympathize with him. I was of counsel in that case without any reward except the consciousness of doing my duty. I represented the Civic Federation in its endeavor to sustain the validity of the law giving compensation to workmen who were injured in the course of the employment, without regard to whether or not the employer was negligent. I regret exceedingly that the decision of Cuthbert W. Pound, the Justice of the Supreme Court, who heard the case in the first instance, was not sustained. I regard his argument as more cogent than that of the learned Judge who wrote the decision in the Court of Appeals. But I recognize that Judges of the Court of Appeals had been selected by the people of the State of New York for the purpose of making decisions in such cases. They represented the people of the State of New York a great deal more than Mr. Roosevelt does, for all but two of them had been elected unanimously by the people. If there is any fault in the matter it is the people who made such selection.

But I do not consider it a fault. An error of judgment is not a fault. There is a lawful way to correct such errors, and that is by amending the Constitution of this State so as distinctly to confer upon the Legislature the power to pass workmen's compensation laws. I had the honor of being one of the lawyers who was selected by the Bar Association of New York to draw an amendment to the Constitution which would remove the limitation of which Mr. Roosevelt complains. We drafted with great care what we considered to be a suitable amendment. It was submitted to the Legislature when other amendments were considered in that body. They agreed upon a form which is satisfactory. It passed the last Legislature, and if ratified by the people will become a part of the law of the State of New York. In this method the people of this country have proceeded ever since 1789. This is the American way of self-government.

For my part, I do not envy the man, however brilliant his talent and however eminent his past achievements, who seeks to break down this system, which has stood the trials and storms of one hundred and twenty-five years, and to give us the kind of government which prevails, to use Mr. Roosevelt's phrase, "in other civilized countries."

The people of those countries show that they like ours better by coming hither. It is surprising to find a man who has filled the highest office in the gift of the people attacking the American system and advocating uncontrolled power in public officials of any grade. I am very glad that the American Bar Association has unanimously condemned this scheme of our ex-President. If we should ever adopt this new-fangled scheme of his, our epitaph would be "I was well, wished to be better, took Roosevelt, and died."

EVERETT P. WHEELER.

New York, Sept. 4, 1912.

### Research in the Occult.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

There is much of sound wisdom in your editorial entitled "Another Victim of the Occult," in which you deplore the tendency which leads so many "searchers after truth" into so-called investigation of the occult, when their attitude of mind is too biased and unscientific to lead to anything but false conclusions.

The spirit of investigation should be scientific, whether it is the method of the physical scientist or of him who, given finer senses, utilizes them for the increase of knowledge and does not scorn to call to his aid the intuition which Henri Bergson places above the intellect.

Also, while we would warn those who approach these things unadvisedly or lightly, yet we must not forget that man has ever held his life as a small thing compared to knowledge, and in face of the occult, (which means merely the hidden,) whether it be in the problem of the conquest of the air or in the mystery of dreams, human ignorance will ever claim its victims as man blazes the trail of wisdom through the forest of the still unknown.

M. S.

New York, Sept. 4, 1912.

### But Mr. Roosevelt Said It.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

If it is true, as some distinguished persons and others claim, that the dissolution of the American Tobacco Company and the Standard Oil Company really benefited those corporations, why are the American Harvester Company and the United States Steel Company opposing the efforts of the Government to dissolve them? One would naturally think that these and other trusts would co-operate with the Government if dissolution enhances the value of stocks and raises prices. It seems to me that politicians are trying to mislead the public on this phase of the trust question.

F. S. MORGAN.

Mount Vernon, N. Y., Sept. 4, 1912.

### The Continental Sunday.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

How is it that Catholic Spain, France, or Italy can hold their elections, as well as all kinds of patriotic celebrations, on Sunday, while we must designate special days even for primary elections, special elections, and even the futile Labor Day? If we keep up the pace we have set of late we shall soon be merely an industrial, as distinguished from an industrious, Nation.

ROBERT BLOOMFIELD.

Jersey City, N. J., Sept. 3, 1912.

### The Truth-Twister's Revenge.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

The Truth-Twister (also known as the Colonel)—"The Elephant" is absolutely a straight and square gambling house; I have been winning all the time.

(Somewhat later.)

The Truth-Twister—(also, &c.)—"The Elephant" is run by crooks, thieves, robbers: I have just lost there. Follow me and tear it down.

F. R.

New York, Sept. 5, 1912.

### THESE THINGS THOU ART.

These things thou art to me, dear:
The purity of snows;
The dusk upon the lea, dear;
The perfume of the rose.

These things thou art to me, dear:
The thought in midnight skies;
The mystery of the sea, dear,
The depth that therein lies.

These things thou art to me, dear:
The song the soul-wind blows;
The vision none may see, dear;
The word no language knows.

These things thou shalt be, aye, dear:
The birdcall after rain;
The promise in the sky, dear;
The peace that follows pain.

STEPHEN CHALMERS.

## VERMONT MAY YET TURN TO DEAR WILL

### Despairing of "Dear Theodore," Bull Moosers May Be Content With Taft.

All sorts of conclusions have been drawn from the result of the election in Vermont on Tuesday. The standpat Republican papers say that it means that Vermont will "vote right" in November, Perkins is well-nigh "tickled to death" because it proves to him that the Bull Moose will sweep the country in November, the Democrats rejoice that there was a decided gain in the Democratic vote, and everybody is satisfied. For many years there has been a "theory" that whenever in Presidential years the Republican majority for the Republican State ticket in Vermont falls below 25,000 the country is sure to go Democratic. The "theory" worked out in this way in 1876, 1884, and in 1892; but, after all, it is only a theory, and workable when the conditions are normal, or rather when the old party lines are drawn. As the Hon. Benedict F. Maher, one of the regulars, said in a recent address at Richmond, "time, certainly, in its moves apace, brings strange and divers changes—

"'New occasions new duties teach,
And time makes ancient good uncouth.'"

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The fact is the result in Vermont is not very different from what was expected after the Bull Moose himself took the field. The vote for the Rev. Fraser Metzger was the Roosevelt vote. Metzger has no political strength of his own. He is an "idealist" of the Bull Moose order. He sat in the regular Republican State Convention, agreed to all that it did, or at least made no protest at the time against its work. He was afterward a member of the Orange County Republican Convention, and signed with his own hand a resolution professing "a loyal allegiance to the Republican Party," but reserving the right to "disagree as to details of party platform," and indorsing "in the main the party platform adopted at the State Convention held at Burlington June 27, 1912." There was apparently no thought in his mind at the time the Orange resolutions were adopted and signed by him of entering the race for Governor; yet when the call came from the Bull Moose he sacrificed himself and his trustworthiness as a political leader and accepted the nomination for Governor offered to him by a bushwhacking body that had no claim upon the people and was made up without reference to the people in any well ordered assemblies. Mr. Metzger's vote for Governor was the Bull Moose vote, only that and nothing more, and it shows how the Roosevelt catfish has "swunk" since the golden day when the Colonel held the heart of the Green Mountain State in his powerful hand.

Metzger's vote on Tuesday was 15,800; Roosevelt's vote in 1904 was 40,459. There is a difference here of something over 24,000 votes—the difference between Roosevelt straight and Roosevelt crooked, between Philip sober and Philip drunk.

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In appraising the result in Vermont another point should not be overlooked—the regular Republican ticket had a rather heavy load to carry in its candidate for Governor. The men who voted for Metzger were Republicans, the men who voted for Fletcher were Republicans. The vote for the Bull Moose and regular Republican tickets—41,107—was the normal Republican vote of the State; in fact, it has exceeded that total only nine times in fifty years. The Democratic vote this year has been exceeded only three times in fifty years, and the years in which such increase was shown were not Presidential years. There has been no Democratic landslide in Vermont—the Democratic vote was a full, but a wholly normal, vote. It is encouraging, very encouraging, of course, but it does not mean anything in particular, except that the spirit of "the Continental Congress" is beginning to stir in this rockribbed Commonwealth, and that there are no feuds among the Democrats. There appears to be no substantial reason for expecting Vermont to vote the Democratic ticket in November; it did not vote the Democratic ticket on Tuesday. If the Democrats can hold the vote polled by them this week, which they will certainly do, and capture in addition the Bull Moose vote of 15,800, they will carry Vermont in November. Unless the Bull Moose shall capture the regular Republican vote, which is hardly within the realm of possibilities—it is more likely that the Republicans will capture the Bull Moose vote—the State will vote for Taft. Both of the Republican houses know that there is nothing for either of them except good government, which neither wants, in Democratic success. It is a fair wager that, seeing that they can't get "dear Theodore," the Bull Moose people will content themselves with "dear Will."

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A great deal of innocent speculation in the Vermont election for use in Dorcas Societies or sewing circles, which are developing uncommon interest in political affairs, can be incited by these statistics: The total vote at the election on Tuesday was 65,033. That was not a phenomenally heavy vote for a State ticket in a Presidential year. It was 12,379 in excess of the vote for President in 1908, and 5,153 in excess of the vote for President in 1892; but it was short of the Presidential vote in every other election since 1888. In that year the total vote of Vermont was 69,496; in 1896 it was 69,922; in 1900 it was 67,[illegible], and in 1904 it was 66,509. It will be seen, therefore, that the vote this week was not by any means phenomenally large or more encouraging from any point of view than the enthusiasm of the man who makes the estimates and draws the conclusions.

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There is one other point that may be noted for the consideration of those who are on their way to Armageddon. In 1856, fifty-six years ago, and it has never been claimed that there was much virtue in sixes, John C. Frémont was a candidate for President—the first candidate of the Republican Party for that office. He was at the head of a new party, but a party with an honest purpose and representing what its adherents believed to be a great moral issue, and he received in Vermont 39,561 votes, beating James Buchanan, the Democratic candidate, by 29,001 votes, and Millard Fillmore by 39,016 votes, and both of them together by 28,447 votes. Fifty-six years later, backed by men of inexhaustible means, a condition of very large value in the politics of the present day, another great reformer, with a big R, places himself at the head of another new party, and a party with an even greater moral issue than Frémont, himself being the same, and after weeks of plotting and scheming and sweating the people of Vermont give him 15,800 votes! The fact is sufficient without other comment than this: If the voters of Vermont and the country cannot see it, they are blind; if they cannot hear it, they are deaf; if they cannot feel it, they are dead. J. C. H.

# MISS BACON, BRIDE OF DR. T. L. SAUNDERS

### Daughter of Dr. Gorham Bacon Wedded to New York Physician at Her Summer Home.

### SHIELDS - CLARK NUPTIALS

### Miss Emma A. Clark Married to Sturges B. Shields of New York at Country Home of Her Parents.

*Special to The New York Times.*

YARMOUTHPORT, Mass., Sept. 5.—The wedding of Miss Elizabeth Gorham Bacon, daughter of Dr. Gorham Bacon and Mrs. Bacon, of New York, and Dr. Truman Laurantz Saunders, also of New York, took place here to-day at Matakese, the Summer home of the bride's parents.

The ceremony took place under an arch of green on the glass-covered piazzas, which were decorated with clematis, masses of golden rod, wild asters, and other wild flowers that grow about Matakese. The bridal processsion passed through rows of white ribboned columns and under arches of clematis on the piazzas to the glass parlor, where the ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. K. Smyth of the Swedenborgian Church in East Thirty-fifth Street, New York, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Bowen of Yarmoutnport.

The bride, whose father gave her in marriage, wore an ivory satin robe with a Princess train. The bodice was of point applique and the satin skirt fell over flounces of point applique. The bridesmaids, who were the Misses Faith Simpkins of Washington, Leslie Bradley of Boston, and Zoe Hannah, Julia Dick, Ruth Adams, and Dorothy Thacher of New York, wore gowns of cream net over yellow satin slips, topped by lace coats having mauve girdles and lace brimmed hats having Tuscan crowns trimmed with large mauve bows.

The two little nieces and the nephew of the bride, children of Mrs. Richard M. H. Harper and Mrs. Austin Cheney, held the ribbons. Dr. Saunders's best man was Dr. George H. Ryder, and the ushers were Kenneth Mygatt, R. Clifford Black, Arthur C. Patterson, Dr. Henry W. Titus, Dr. Albert Van der Veer, and Francis S. Hutchins.

The attendants arrived at Matakese on Wednesday night for the birthday dinner of thirty covers given for the bride. The piazzas and grounds were decorated with Japanese lanterns.

### WEDDED AT COUNTRY HOME.

### Miss Emma A. Clark Married to Sturges Bradford Shields.

*Special to The New York Times.*

LENOX, Mass., Sept. 5.—Miss Emma Augusta Clark, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Benjamin Clark of Lee, was married to-night at 8 o'clock in the country home of her parents to Sturges Bradford Shields, a son of Dr. and Mrs. Nelson T. Shields of 61 West Fifty-sixth Street, New York. The Rev. John Barstow, pastor of the Lee Congregational Church, performed the ceremony.

### WEDDED AT THE ST. REGIS.

### Miss Florette L. Rothfeld Married to Milton Fox Steindler.

The wedding of Miss Florette Lee Rothfeld, daughter of Mrs. Segmund Rothfeld, to Milton Fox Steindler took place at 6:30 P. M. yesterday in the marble ball room of the Hotel St. Regis. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. John L. Elliott, under a bower of hydranges and palms.

The bride's brother, Robert B. Rothfeld, gave her in marriage. She wore a white satin gown, with a court train, trimmed with old lace, and a veil of tulle, which was held with a lace cap surmounted by a coronet of orange blossoms. She carried a bouquet of orchids and lilies of the valley.

Mrs. George Oppenheimer, a sister of the bride, and Mrs. J. Ernert Stein were the bridal attendants. They wore pink satin gowns trimmed with chiffon and carried pink roses. Miss Elizabeth S. Oppenheimer acted as flower girl. She wore a white frock and corried a basket of roses which she strewed before the bride.

Mr. Steindler's brother, Percival Steindler, served as best man, and the ushers were Nathan J. Stern, Laurence Rothfeld, Eugene Steindler, Nathan J. Stern, Seymour Steindler and Tracy Rothfeld.

A reception and dinner followed the ceremony, and later Mr. and Mrs. Steindler left on their honeymoon. Upon their return, they will reside in New Rochelle.

### Miss Ramsay to Wed Lieut. Stapler.

*Special to The New York Times.*

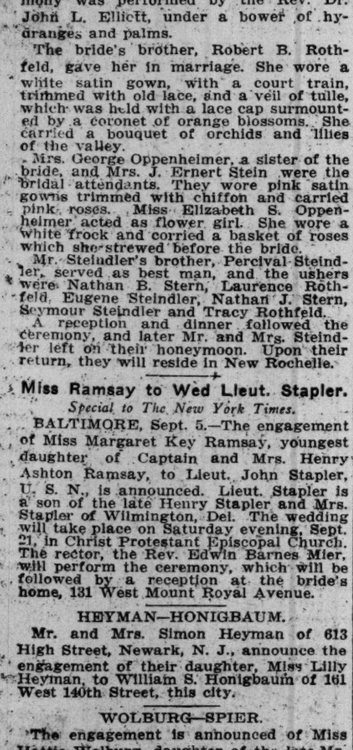
BALTIMORE, Sept. 5.—The engagement of Miss Margaret Key Ramsay, youngest daughter of Captain and Mrs. Henry Ashton Ramsay, to Lieut. John Stapler, U. S. N., is announced. Lieut. Stapler is a son of the late Henry Stapler and Mrs. Stapler of Wilmington, Del. The wedding will take place on Saturday evening, Sept. 21, in Christ Protestant Episcopal Church. The rector, the Rev. Edwin Barnes Mier, will perform the ceremony, which will be followed by a reception at the bride's home, 131 West Mount Royal Avenue.

### HEYMAN—HONIGBAUM.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon Heyman of 613 High Street, Newark, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Lilly Heyman, to William S. Honigbaum of 161 West 140th Street, this city.

### WOLBURG—SPIER.

The engagement is announced of Miss Hattie Wolburg, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Wolburg, to I. Newton Spier. The wedding will take place early this Fall.



## SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., arrived here from Newport yesterday and is staying at the Ritz-arlton. Miss Eleonora Sears is also at the Ritz.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Gardiner are entertaining a large house party for over week-end at their country place, Hessian Hill, at Croton-on-Hudson.

Mr. and Mrs. Geraldyn Redmond, who have just returned from abroad, are at the St. Regis before motoring to Tivoli.

Mr. and Mrs. Elon St. Clair Hobbs and family are at the Hotel Dennis in Atlantic City for the rest of the season.

Mme. Nordica (Mrs. George W. Young) has arrived from Europe and is at the Vanderbilt.

Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs is at the Belmont, but will soon return to Newport.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Scott Cameron, who motored up from their Southampton home, are at the Hotel Gotham for the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter T. Kohn (Miss Elsie Bloch) are being congratulated on the birth of a son yesterday at their country place at Deal Beach, N. J.

Admiral and Mrs. D. D. Stuart of Washington, D. C., are at the Hotel Manhattan for a short visit.

Mrs. William B. Leeds arrived here last evening from Newport with her father, William R. Stewart, in a special car, and they will be at the St. Regis for a few days before Mr. Stewart is taken to Montclair, N. J. Count Talleyrand-Perigord and Miss Catherine Cameron accompanied Mrs. Leeds, who plans to sail for Europe on Sept. 18 to spend the Winter. Before sailing Mrs. Leeds will visit Miss Cameron at her lodge in the Adirondacks.

Mrs. John Lavalle and her son, John Lavalle, Jr., who have been visiting Ambassador Guild and Mrs. Guild in St. Petersburg, are about leaving Russia for Boston. Mrs. Lavalle is a sister of Mrs. Guild.

Miss Katharine Lee, a sister of Miss Ethel Lee and a daughter of William Lee of New York, will make her debut in Baltimore this Winter. Her mother, who died several years ago, was Miss Kitty McLane, a daughter of James McLane.

## JUDGE SANDERS DINED.

### Jurist Tells of His Summer's Immigration Work Abroad.

Judge Leon Sanders, just returned from Europe, where he has been making arrangements for a world-wide movement in the interests of Jewish immigration, was honored last evening by a dinner at the Hotel Astor. More than 450 persons attended. Boies Penrose and William Sulzer were among the speakers, but politics as a subject had been barred and so there were no casualties.

"For the purpose of carrying out the idea's," Judge Sanders said, "entertained and expressed by the Board of Directors of the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society, I have thought it advisable to spend my vacation abroad, and there consult with some of the leading and most prominent Jews and obtain their views on the subject of immigration. I am glad to state now that my visit abroad has satisfied me that our ideas upon the subject of immigration are fully agreed with by those I have met and who represent the Hilfsverein der Deutschen Juden, the Jewish Colonization Association, the Jewish Territorial Association, and other important bodies.

"They all agreed without exception to co-operate with us in the establishment of an international advisory board whose primary duty it shall be to assist us in preventing the emigration to America of any class of people who do not come up to the qualifications established by the immigration laws of the United States. In addition to this, the board would also devise ways and means as to how the immigrants may be taught not to regard New York as the whole of the United States, but to distribute themselves into such parts of our country, particularly the South and Northwest, where the opportunities are greater for them to grow up with the country, thus making our nation greater and themselves happier.

"I rejoice particularly that I have been enabled, as a representative of the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society, to bring about what may in the future be regarded as a new Sanhedrin, a body that will have the full and complete confidence of our people throughout the world, and which will solve the proolem of Jewish immigration in such a way as to bring happiness to the unfortunate wanderers and prosperity to the countries to which they go."

## SUFFRAGETTES FARE BADLY.

### One Is Injured by a Welsh Crowd —Women Attack Churchill.

WREXHAM, Sept. 5.—A wild suffragette outbreak was brought about to-day by the appearance at the National Eisteddfod of David Lloyd-George.

The pavilion in which the Chancellor was to deliver an address was crowded, and as soon as he began to speak a woman jumped up and shouted: "Why don't you give women their rights?" She was at once thrown out, but several other women followed her example. All were ejected by the police.

Some of the women were roughly handled by the crowd in the surrounding park and one of them was seriously injured.

ABERDEEN, Sept. 5.—Suffragettes today again waylaid Winston Spencer Churchill.

When he landed from the Admiralty yacht here he was met by a crowd of women, one of whom shrieked, "Why don't you stop forcibly feeding our women?" She was seized by the police.

In the meantime another woman made a rush at Mr. Churchill and tried to clutch him, but was prevented by a policeman, and several further attempts to molest the First Lord of the Admiralty were frustrated by the vigilance of the police.

### Mme. Nordica Back from Europe.

Mme. Lillian Nordica returned from Europe yesterday on the Olympic and swore off $100,000 worth of jewels, which she remarked were all old diamonds, as times were too hard to add to her store. The prima donna said she had sung twice at the Queen's Hall, London, in June and will commence her concert tour at Halifax on Sept. 27. Later in the season Mme. Nordica will sing with the Philadelphia-Chicago Opera Company and also at the Boston Opera House. The singer added that she had lost twenty pounds in weight by climbing in the Austrian Mountains.

## THEATRICAL NOTES.

Eva Tanguay has abandoned the idea of making a vaudeville tour of the country, and has signed a contract with Lew Fields to appear in his production of "The Sun Dodgers," which is to be produced early next month. This will be Miss Tanguay's first appearance out of vaudeville for many seasons.

Margaret Anglin has engaged Ludovich Vroom as manager for her various enterprises, including "Egypt," the new Edward Sheldon play, and "Green Stockings." Mr. Vroom has been associated with Henry Miller's attractions heretofore. Miss Anglin has leased the Garden Theatre for rehearsals of the Sheldon play.

Robert Courtneidge, manager of the Shaftesbury Theatre, London, has cabled for the London and provincial rights to "The Girl from Montmartre," which is now running at the Criterion Theatre. It is probable that the American company, headed by Hattie Williams and Richard Carle, will be taken over to London at the end of their season in this country.

Wallace Irwin, author of the book of Walter Damrosch's new operetta, "The Dove of Peace," will come to New York this week to assist in the rehearsals of the piece. The first performance will be given in New Haven, after which the production will go to Philadelphia for a run of three weeks before opening in New York on Nov. 4.

Roy Atwell, whose new comedy, "The Frame-Up," is soon to be produced in New York by Cohan & Harris, has been engaged for one of the principal roles in Arthur Hammerstein's new comic opera production, "The Fire Fly," in which Mlle. Emma Trentini will be starred.

Rehearsals of Gertrude Hoffmann's new revue began yesterday under the direction of Ned Wayburn. The piece is to be called "From Broadway to Paris." It will open in Philadelphia about the middle of September, under the direction of Comstock & Gest, and will come to New York after a few weeks.

A theatre party of 25 Japanese attended the performance of "The Master of the House," at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre last night out of compliment to Florence Reed, whom they had seen in "The Typhoon" last season.

Priscilla Knowles, formerly leading woman of the Academy of Music stock company, will make her first appearance in musical comedy next week, when she will assume a role in "The Girl [illegible]," the current attraction [illegible]

# ENGINEERS TRY FOR UNIFORM RAIL TEST

### Americans Feel Called Upon to Defend Their Steel and Explain Accidents.

### FRENCHMAN'S NEW METHOD

### Word of Mine Explosion Causes M. Taffanel to Hasten to Consult Bureau of Mines Here.

At yesterday's session of the International Association for Testing Materials at the Engineering Societies' Building in West Thirty-ninth Street, papers were read by a number of the most eminent testing engineers of the world on the subject of steel rails, and it is believed that the differences of opinion which exist between German, English, and American experts will be threshed out and decisively settled before the congress adjourns.

The main objections against the adoption of international specifications or uniform methods of testing, it is declared, have resulted from the commercial rivalry and jealousies between the manufacturers of the three great steel-producing nations. In the United States, it is generally admitted, the manufacturers have placed output before quality, while in Germany and England smaller ingots are used for rails, which decreases the output and increases cost. The best rails, it is generally agreed, are obtained when the smaller ingots are used, and for this reason foreign engineers are wont to declare that American rails are of inferior quality.

To this claim experts in this country retort that, while in Germany and in England better specifications of manufacturers are possibly maintained, the manufacturers are content with the assumption that steel rails made according to specifications are capable of bearing a certain stress or strain without enforcing any tests to make certain the truth of this assumption. In the United States, they point out, the manufacturers and the railroads both submit the rails to certain recognized tests, with a view to ascertaining their exact efficiency. Foreign experts, however, persist in regarding American rails with a degree of suspicion, and point to the large number of railroad accidents due to defective rails in this country as compared with Europe.

An answer was made to this argument by J. P. Snow, a prominent consulting engineer of Boston, Mass.

**Loads on Rails Too Heavy.**

Mr. Snow insisted that the load imposed upon rails in this country was much greater than in any nation of the world, owing to our immense inter-State freight traffic and our heavy, powerful cars and locomotives. He declared that the number of rail accidents was due rather to this cause than to any defect in the rails themselves.

"The wheel load now imposed upon rails," he declared, "is so near the limit of endurance of carbon steel that it is necessary to seek for the highest attainable character of metal that can be obtained on a commercial basis."

The speaker then reviewed a series of experimental tests which had been made by American engineers to remedy defects in domestic rails, which he declared had met with such success that American rails as rolled to-day were much better than those rolled five or even three years ago.

Speaking on the subject of "American Research Work on Rails," M. H. Wickhorst of Chicago said:

"Several years ago the number of steel rails in the United States that failed to give normal service or broke under moving trains became alarmingly large. The worst condition was reached about 1905. The circumstances so agitated the executive officers of the railroads that the matter was made the subject of an investigation by the American Railway Association, an organization of railroads dealing with matters of railroad operation of common interest.

"Reliable statistics are not available to show the exact condition as regards rail failures, but an idea may be obtained from the report of one road that of a lot of 10,000 tons rolled and put in the track 22 per cent. were removed during the first year on account of depressions in the head. When broken apart, the majority of these rails showed interior openings in the head running lengthwise of the rail."

The speaker said that since 1907 there had been a happy change in conditions due to the chastening effect of slack orders and the present state of public opinion. These causes, he said, had brought the manufacturers and the railroads to co-operate in research work with the result that the quality of rails has vastly improved.

**French Engineer's Views.**

A. Mesnager of Paris, a member of the Bureau of Railroads of France, read an interesting paper on a new method of discovering ruptures or internal defects in steel rails. They were revealed, he said, by the presence of tiny fissures in the exterior which are invisible to the human eye. In order to obtain trace of them, he explained, it was first necessary to apply emery paper or grinding stone to the head of the rail in order to remove the hard-worked layer of metal of a thickness of one-tenth of a millimeter, which masks the fissures and which seems to have undergone flowing under the pressure of the wheels. When the surface is thus ground, a one-tenth solution of hydrochloric or sulphuric acid is applied to the polished head of the rail. After a few minutes the surface is wiped dry and a solution of tannin containing 3 per cent. of gallic acid is applied with a fine brush. After four minutes the tannin forms with the iron oxide a kind of ink in each fissure, and it is simply necessary to press upon the surface a piece of white paper in order to obtain a distinct impression of the cracks. These cracks invariably indicate serious internal ruptures of the rail.

Robert W. Hunt of Chicago, President of the American Society for Testing Materials, and the pioneer testing engineer of this country, read a paper on methods of insuring soundness in rails. He advocated the use of smaller ingots in the manufacture of rails.

**Goes to Mine Explosion.**

An interesting incident of yesterday's congress occurred when J. Taffanel, chief of the Explosives Testing Stations of France, who had come to this country to confer with the mining engineers attending the congress, was called to Washington. M. Taffanel has been working since 1906 to eliminate coal dust explosions in the mines of Western France. In that year 1,000 men were killed in such an explosion at Courrieres. Yesterday morning he was notified that a similar explosion in the west of his country had killed forty men. He left for Washington to consult in behalf of his Government with Dr. Holmes of the United States Bureau of Mines. With him went Victor Watteyne, Minister of Mines of Belgium. From the capital they will go to Pittsburgh on Sept. 13 to attend the International Conference of Mining Engineers, which will be in session a month.

A reception was tendered last night to the foreign delegates who are attending the congress by the American Society of Civil Engineers at 220 West Fifty-seventh Street. Alfred D. Flinn delivered an illustrated lecture, following the reception, on the subject: "The Engineering Activities of New York City."

### Andrew Lang Left $62,490.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 5.—The will of the late Andrew Lang bequeaths all his property to his wife. He left £12,498, ($62,490.)

### Music in the Parks.

There will be concerts in Bryant Park, at the Battery, and in Washington Park, Stapleton, S. I., at 8 o'clock this evening.

## WORLD'S CHEMISTS HERE.

### Representing 51 Countries, They Open Congress at Columbia To-day.

Several thousand chemists, representing fifty-one countries, are expected in the city to-day to open the eighth annual International Congress of Applied Chemistry. This is to be the largest gathering of its kind ever planned for the United States, and, with the reading and discussion of 500 papers on every subject related to modern industry, this congress, it is believed, will make its mark in chemical research. All the great chemists of the world will be on hand to tell of their latest discoveries and to learn of the work of their fellow-scientists.

The congress really began in Washington on Wednesday, where a representative of President Taft welcomed the scientists to this country. The adjournment to this city was for business, and all of the scientific buildings of Columbia University will be occupied by the congress until Friday, Sept. 13.

The reading and discussion of papers will take place in 24 different sections, all going simultaneously and each section devoted to a different subject matter. There will be 150 papers read to-day, and the visiting scientists, with charts to guide them, may chose their favorite subjects. The discussions after each paper, which will probably average four minutes in length, will be considered equally as valuable, as the papers themselves and phonographs have been provided in each of the 24 lecture rooms to record each speaker's remarks.

These are the divisions or sections at which the papers will be read: Analytical chemistry, inorganic chemistry, metallurgy and mining, explosives, silicate industries, organic chemistry, coal tar colors and dye stuffs, industry and chemistry of sugar, India rubber and other plastics, fuels and asphalt, fats, fatty oils, and soaps; paints, drying oils, and varnishes; starch, cellulose, and paper; fermentation, agricultural chemistry, bacteriology; pharmaceutical chemistry, bromatology; biochemistry, including pharmacology; photochemistry, eletrochemistry, physical chemistry; law and legislation affecting chemical industry, and political economy and conservation of natural resources.

Beginning to-day there will be two sessions a day for each section, the first from 10 A. M. to noon, and the other from 1 to 3 P. M.

## WON BRIDE WITH FREEDOM.

### Freeport Youth In Auburn Prison Has an Interesting Romance.

*Special to The New York Times.*

FREEPORT, L. I., Sept 5.—When Capt. Alson Ellison's son, Alson, Jr., came here to pay his father a visit all Freeport tried to get a look at the handsome youth, who had got into wild company and gone to the State prison at Auburn for three years in atonement for receiving stolen goods. They were pleased to find him standing very straight and looking every one in the eye, and, being a sentimental town, Freeport was all astir when it heard that romance had visited Ellison in prison and that he came out of Auburn with a bride.

She was a Miss Hasel Penney, a school teacher of Townsville, Penn., who was a clerk in a laundry near the prison walls, and the young convict used to pass her every day on his way to the prison storeroom. He was a "trusty," and his extra freedom gave him time to talk to the girl, and they grew to like each other so well that when his assigned work kept him inside she used to visit him in prison. Her family learned of this and objected, but she was not to be parted from her friend.

As his term drew to a close, Ellison says, one day early in August there was another visitor who accompanied the girl, and that other visitor was a clergyman.

## ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE.

### Some of the Passengers on Three Steamships.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

OLYMPIC, (Southampton)—George Ade, Miss A. W. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. O. Alsop, O. F. Andrews, Miss E. Arden, Mrs. J. Aylward, Miss L. Baldwin, Miss J. M. Barber, Fe'ix Batt, Mrs. D. L. Bartlett, Mr. and Mrs. J. Beale, J. W. Beekman, A. L. Belknap, A. C. Benedict, H. V. W. Benton, James Bicknell, Mrs. Bicknell, Judge C. T. Bond, Hugh Boyd, W. T. Bradshaw, S. H. Brown, Dr. and Mrs. T. R. Brown, Miss E. Buckingham, J. M. Bullard, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Butler, Miss M. M. Camp, Miss Helen Canfield, Mrs. H. W. Cannon, H. T. Collins, Col. S. Pomeroy Colt, F. H. Cone, Miss L. C. Cooke, Dr. and Mrs. R. W. Craig, Norman Craig, K. C., M. P.; Mrs. M. S. Creelman, James Cutting, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Davison, Countess Guigo de Castelmenardo, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. de Forest, Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Dodge, H. Eagle, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Eden, J. J. Eldridge, Mrs. C. Fish, C. Stewart Forbes, Mrs. L. H. Ford, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Freeman, Mrs. W. C. Gay, J. B. Gibson, Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Goodell, G. Goodrich, Mr. and Mrs. Morgan, Miss Helen O. Graham, H. S. Gray, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hanley, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Haviland, Dr. and Mrs. J. T. Holdsworth, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Holton, O. D. Iselin, Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Joy, J. B. Kingsley, Dr. R. Jones, Col. R. B. Maclean, A. E. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. G. O. May, Mrs. Ogden L. Mills, Hoyt H. Mitchel, Frank A. Munsey, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Newman, C. Parsons, James A. Patten, W. B. Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Phipps, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Phipps, Miss Blanche Porter, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar P. Price, Miss A. M. Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. D. K. Ridout, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Rowe, Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth B. Schley, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Sherrerd, H. W. Sibley, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. C. Smith, Capt. Frank C. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. James B. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Thompson, Capt. and Mrs. J. S. Thornford, J. R. Totten, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Tunnell, W. H. Welder, H. C.; Mrs. A. Young, Mrs. Nordica Young.

CARMANIA (Liverpool)—Miss M. Adams, Mrs. F. B. Baird, Mr. and Mrs. W. Bannister, Miss C. L. Barber, H. A. Bardwell, Miss F. Barnett, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Bent, Mrs. W. Cameron, the Rev. T. M. Conway, Mrs. P. O. Dickinson, Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Delworth, Hyron E. Freeman, K. G. Gillette, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. du B. Gould, Miss E. Fiske Gould, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Haden, the Rev. Charles E. Hill, Dr. and Mrs. E. Hobbard, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Little, H. T. Long, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Lowy, F. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. A. Mowat, C. A. Nelson, H. H. Nicholson, Jr., Miss C. Oram, G. F. Palmer, Miss M. F. Parkinson, the Rev. C. F. Patterson, Mrs. W. J. Peale, Miss Clara L. Powers, Mrs. M. S. Reid, Mr. and Mrs. E. Rich, Mrs. C. H. Rutherford, R. Rylands, Mrs. C. H. Scott, Miss G. A. Swallow, Mrs. H. M. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. C. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. J. Washburn, Dr. P. H. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. A. Winton, Mr. and Mrs J. Wood, and Miss H. Sellers.

PRINZESS IRENE (Naples)—Mrs. F. O. Abbott, the Rev. Roger B. T. Anderson, O. H. C.; Mrs. J. W. Arthur, the Rev. E. C. Bass, Mrs. W. M. Beard, Dr. C. L. Beggs, Mr. and Mrs. Dewitt L. Benham, Miss J. E. Brent, C. M. Brown, Mrs G. M. Duncan, Miss M. F. Duncan, W. S. Gales, Mr. and Mrs. J. Gordon-Edwards, Dr. and Mrs. Philip Kilvey, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Law, E. A. Lyon, the Rev. J. Y. Nevins, Mrs. H. D. Agden, E. H. Raymond, Miss M. Roberts, Miss C. Scott, Miss M. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. C Severn, Dr. J. Strong, L. C. Taylor, J. A. Wallace, the Rev. R. A. White, and Mr. and Mrs. Horace D. H. Williams.

### Retired New York Fireman a Suicide.

BABYLON, L. I., Sept. 5.—George Van Cott, a retired member of the New York Fire Department, committed suicide today in his rooms over Lauder's baker shop in Amityville by shooting himself in the head with a revolver. He was 58 years old.

### Music in Central Park.

Arnold Volpe and his orchestra will give two concerts in Central Park, one tomorrow (Saturday), and the other on Sunday, both at 4 P. M. The programmes follow:

**Saturday.**

"Star-Spangled Banner."
"March of Hommage" ..... Grieg
Overture, "Mignon" ..... Thomas
Fantasie, "Lohengrin" ..... Wagner
"Serenade des Mandolines" ..... Desormes
Waltz, "New Vienna" ..... Strauss
Overture, "Orpheus" ..... Offenbach
Violin solo, "Nocturne" ..... Chopin
Gregor Skolnik.
Fantasie, "Rigoletto" ..... Verdi
Dance of the Hours from "Gioconda" ..... Ponchielli
"Mariaguena" from "Boabdil" ..... Moszkowski
"America."

**Sunday, 4 P. M.**

"Star-Spangled Banner."
"Marche Solenelle" ..... Cesar Cui
Overture, "Merry Wives of Windsor" ..... Nicolai
Fantasie, "Cavalleria Rusticana" ..... Mascagni
"Whispering Flowers" ..... Von Blon
Waltz, "Estudiantina" ..... Waldteufel
Ballet divertissement, "Henry VIII" ..... Saint-Saens
1. Entrance of the Clans. 2. Scotch Idyl. 3. Gypsy Dance. 4. Gigue and Final.
Violin solo, meditation from "Thais" ..... Massenet
Gregor Skolnik.
First Rhapsody ..... Lisst
Intermezzo from Act. III., "Jewels of the Madonna" ..... Wolf-Ferrari
"Peace Monument to America."

# WIDOW A SUICIDE IN WEDDING GOWN

### Mrs. Cordes, Grieving for Husband, Kills Herself in Her Nephew's Absence.

### TORN NOTE ON THE FLOOR

### "The Man I Love Is Gone," She Wrote—Couple Were Inseparable in Life.

Charles C. Cordes and his wife, Bertha Cordes, were so inseparable through all the years of their married life that their friends often wondered if the one would ever be able to live without the other. That is why, when Mr. Cordes died in June, her people gathered close about her, and why, after the funeral was over and it seemed as though the drooping, desolate woman would be left alone in the childless home at 353 East Twenty-sixth Street, Flatbush, it was deemed wisest that her young nephew, Frederick Lemmerman, should enter the household and do his best that she should not be quite alone in her sorrow.

And that was why the young man, called away for a few hours late yesterday afternoon, made it a point to hurry back early in the evening. It was a little after 8 o'clock that he let himself into the house and finding all the lower floors deserted, ran up the stairs to his aunt's room.

He tapped at the door, and, getting no response, stepped in and switched on the lights. Mrs. Cordes lay dead on her bed. Her hands were folded on her breast and she was dressed in the wedding gown she wore when she and Charles Cordes were married back in 1901. The satin had yellowed slightly in the passing years. The gown was creased from its long resting in a trunk, and the lace was badly crumpled, but she had smoothed out the wrinkles as best she could and lovingly attired herself for the suicide.

That it was suicide, young Lemmerman knew when he stepped into the room, for the air was heavy with the odor of escaping gas and a tube stretched to the dead woman's mouth from the gas jet. Dr. Bernhardt Stern, who was called in from 2,604 Avenue F, said that Mrs. Cordes had been dead for more than an hour.

At first it seemed as though Mrs. Cordes had killed herself without leaving any message for her family, but torn bits of paper on the floor beside the bed told of her having written and then destroyed the note, probably in the feeling that they would understand without any word from her. The police who took charge when the case passed from young Lemmerman and the doctor into the hands of officialdom gathered the fragments of paper from the floor, but were able to piece out only a single sentence. That sentence read:

"The man I love is gone."

### W. J. Murphy, Temperance Lecturer.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Sept. 5.—William J. Murphy, son of the noted temperance worker, Francis J. Murphy, and himself a temperance lecturer of international renown, died here to-day at the age of 57.

### Mrs. John R. McLean Better.

*Special to The New York Times.*

BAR HARBOR, Me., Sept. 5.—The condition of Mrs. John R. McLean, who had been seriously ill during the day with pneumonia, was reported late this evening as being decidedly improved. Mr. and Mrs. Edward McLean, who were at Newport, attending the Horse Show as guests of the Russian Ambassador and Mme. Bakhmetieff, arrived to-night.

### Obituary Notes.

Mrs. BELLE LORIMER, widow of the Rev. Dr. George C. Lorimer, is dead at the family's Summer home, near Spring Lake, Wis. She was the mother of George Horace Lorimer, editor of The Saturday Evening Post, and 81 years old.

LEOPOLD ROTHSCHILD, 50 years old, of 672 St. Nicholas Avenue, died at his home on Wednesday of a complication of diseases.

Mrs. JAMES B. CONVERSE died at her home in Greenwich, Conn., yesterday. She had been in poor health for some time. It is said that anxiety over the illness of her sister-in-law, Mrs. E. C. Converse, who died on Tuesday, was largely responsible for her death. She was 55 years old. Her husband died twenty years ago.

GEORGE G. BROOKS, the oldest Odd Fellow in Philadelphia, died at his home there on Wednesday in the eighty-eighth year of his age. He was born at Bustleton and spent the greater part of his life in the northeastern section of Philadelphia, where he held much real estate. He was a prominent Mason and also a Deacon of the Bustleton Baptist Church and a member of many social and religious organizations.

Major ENOS ROSSITER ARTMAN of 2,012 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, a wealthy carpet manufacturer and civil war veteran, died on Wednesday at the Cowles Hotel in Yellowstone Park. He was taken ill while on his way to California with his wife. A complication of diseases caused his death. Major Artman was President of the Putnam Mills Carpet Company. He was a member of the Pennsylvania Commandery, Military Order of the Loyal Legion, and served as an officer throughout the civil war.

Mrs. ANNA MARY KETCHUM ROSS, one of the oldest residents of Plattsburg, N. Y., died at her home on last Monday after a week's illness. She was 75 years old. Mrs. Ross was a devoted member of Trinity Church in Plattsburg, playing the organ for many years, and being active in parish work. She is survived by her husband, John Ross, and six daughters.

CORA W. MOORE, widow of Francis Cruger Moore, and mother of Henry Evans, President of the Continental and Fidelity Insurance Companies, died yesterday at her home, 20 Fifth Avenue. She was born at Independence, Texas, and was educated at the Emma Willard School, Troy, N. Y. Her first husband, Joseph Henry Evans, Colonel in the Confederate Army, was killed in the war, and she married F. C. Moore forty-six years ago. She is survived by her son, Henry Evans.

LAFAYETTE E. PIKE, formerly a well-known stock broker, who had offices in a large number of cities, including New York, Boston, and San Francisco, is dead at his home in Hartford, Conn., at the age of 55 years. He had been in poor health for months. Mr. Pike was reputed at one time to have been worth several millions. He left a widow and son.

Mrs. J. T. MONAHAN of this city is dead in Chattanooga, Tenn., following an operation for appendicitis. She was 27 years old, and had been married only eighteen months to J. T. Monahan, manager of the New York office of the National Bank of Cuba. She was Miss Martha Elder, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Elder, formerly of Chattanooga, and late of Havana, Cuba.

THEODORE D. RICH, a publisher at 100 William Street, and a well-known yachtsman, died yesterday in his home, 167 Kingsbridge Road, Mount Vernon, N. Y., aged 65. Mr. Rich was a member of the Manhattan Club, the New York Yacht Club, and the Larchmont Yacht Club. He was also a Mason. His wife and two daughters survive him.

MURTY McCONVILLE, 93 years old, and thought to have been Jersey City's oldest foreign-born resident, died Wednesday night at 150 Wayne Street. He was born in County Louth, Ireland, and came to Jersey City in 1847. He was a contractor. Mr. McConville was one of the original members of St. Bridget's Roman Catholic Church. He is survived by two sons and a daughter.

Mrs. ANNA J. WHITESIDES of Savannah, Ga., widow of Samuel Whitesides, long President of the Garrie Ice Company of Savannah, died in Newport, R. I., yesterday, at the home of her niece, Mrs. James Campbell, whom she was visiting. Mrs. Whitesides left two sons, George B., President of the Columbia Iron Company, and Samuel B., of Savannah, and a daughter, Mrs. Walter Fry.

GEORGE W. McCLURE, aged 76, a pioneer iron manufacturer of Western Pennsylvania and founder of the firm of G. W. McClure and Sons Company, died in Pittsburgh yesterday. He was born in Pittsburgh Sept. 18, 1836, and spent several of his boyhood years at the old Fort Pitt School, where Andrew Carnegie was a schoolmate. Mr. McClure engaged in the iron business with Carnegie when the latter started his first mill near Bennet Station.

Mrs. ALETTA HULL SMITH, widow of Daniel Smith, died at her home, 26 New York Avenue, Jamaica, L. I., yesterday. She was in her 94th year. Mrs. Smith was born in New Jersey, but had lived in Jamaica for 74 years. Her husband, who died 16 years ago, was a contractor.

## THE KEHILLAH NEEDS FUNDS.

### Providing Suitable Places for Poor to Worship on Jewish New Year.

The Rev. Dr. J. L. Magnes, as Chairman of the Kehillah or Jewish Community, protests against the use of saloons, low dancing halls, boxing clubs, and other places of a similar kind for religious services on the Jewish New Year and Day of Atonement. Dr. Magnes says:

"We have given our attention to this problem for three years, and we have established in various parts of the city provisional synagogues in decent halls, where we conduct services that may serve as a pattern for others. For the most part, the tickets we distribute are given to those who cannot afford to pay the prices charged by the synagogues.

"Others purchase tickets from us for small sums, because they cannot endure worshipping under the surroundings I have tried to describe. In addition to this, we help existing synagogues that are in need by purchasing a number of tickets from them for distribution by them among the poor.

"We have actually but touched the surface of this distressing problem, but we are gaining knowledge year by year; and it is our hope that in time we shall be able to take hold of the whole situation. We need about $1,000 in addition to the small income we receive from the sale of tickets."

## E. HARRISON SYMINGTON DIES

### Engineer the Victim of an Injury Received Several Years Ago.

*Special to The New York Times.*

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 5.—After having undergone two operations for an obstruction of the intestines and having been found too weak to endure a third, E. Harrison Symington died to-day at Johns Hopkins Hospital. He was a son of the late Major W. Stuart Symington and was conspicuous in Chicago and Baltimore society and business circles.

Mrs. Symington, who was a niece of the late Admiral Evans, is in Europe. Several years ago, while horseback riding in Chicago, a little boy ran almost under Mr. Symington's horse. To avoid trampling the child Mr. Symington reined the horse up so sharply that the animal fell with him beneath it. His skull was fractured and he received an intestinal injury. He spent three years in travel in a futile effort to recover his health, going twice around the world.

Mr. Symington was 34 years old, a mechanical engineer and a graduate of Lehigh. For several years he had been the Western representative of the firm of T. H. Symington & Co. of this city, with headquarters in Chicago. He was well known in Chicago, where he was a member of the Saddle and Cycle, University, Chicago, Athletic, and Engineers' Clubs. He was likewise a member of the leading Baltimore Clubs.

The brothers who survive him are Thomas H. Symington, W. Stuart Symington, Jr., Commander Powers Symington, U. S. N., recently appointed Naval Attaché at the American Legation in London; John F. Symington, Donald Symington, and C. J. Symington. There is a sister, Mrs. L. S

# WORLD'S RECORD FOR MOTOR BOAT TECH, JR.

## American Craft Makes an Average Speed of 58.30 Statute Miles an Hour.

## TRIALS IN HUNTINGTON BAY

### First Mile of Speed Test Covered in 1 Minute and 11 1-5 Seconds—Reliance III. Fast, Too.

That the mile-a-minute boat has nearly arrived was demonstrated yesterday during the progress of the one-mile international record trophy contest on Huntington Harbor, when Tech, Jr., owned by Col. T. Coleman du Pont of Wilmington, Del., covered the one-mile distance at an average speed per hour of 58.30 statute miles, thereby establishing a world's record.

This meritorious work won for the du Pont craft the valuable Otto H. Heins prize which had been put up for international competition in order to permit owners to show the pace of their boats in mile trials.

The conditions required all boats to go over a mile course six times—three up and three back—without a stop.

Tech, Jr.'s mean average, as gauged by the admiralty system, figured 35.045 knots, or 40.4 statute miles, the first nautical mile of the six covered by her having been done in 1:11 1-5. Her subsequent miles fell off quite a bit from this wonderful performance, being 2:06 1-5, 1:40 1-5, 1:36 4-5, 1:41 3-5, and 2:38 4-5.

Reliance III., which figured as the second boat in the Harmsworth Cup race on Wednesday, was the only other craft which did anything worth while, her best effort of the stretch netting her 1:24 4-5 for a nautical mile, or a speed of 48.76 statute miles an hour.

Panther Cub, with Harry Harkness at the wheel, made a lamentable attempt when she failed to get inside 2:17 for her best trial, her average nautical mile being 2:56.

Maple Leaf IV., E. Mackay Edgar's winner of the Harmsworth Cup, was made ready to come out for the contest, and it was announced by T. O. M. Sopwith, her helmsman, that she would be ready at 3:30 o'clock. When she did appear on the scene, it was quite apparent that no racing was meant, as Sopwith was in shore costume. Maple Leaf was sent fluttering about the vicinity of the officials' boat, only to disappear soon afterward, and later she was lifted aboard the lighter for transportation to this city. It was later said that her rudder was not in working order, and unfit for such a trial.

The conditions under which Tech, Jr., did her trial made the performance of greater merit than appears from a glance at the times, as the water was its roughest for the day. The tremendous drop from a time standpoint after the first mile was said to have been occasioned by the oil becoming too thick through the pounding she received, with the slow time resulting being presumably due to the tremendous speed and pressure against the water, which took the pitch of the propellers out of the water.

Reliance II. was long in preparing for the contest, and when she did show it developed that she had a red-hot clutch, which prevented her taking part, much to the chagrin of J. Stuart Blackton, who thereupon sent for the other "goer" of the Reliance family, which had conditions a great deal more favorable than those which had confronted Tech, Jr.

Panther Cub was competing under protest because of her possession of three Antoinette (French) motors, and the use of anything foreign in any of the American craft was disallowed under the conditions of the deed of gift.

Tech, Jr., is a twenty-foot mahogany boat of the monoplane design, with a 150 horse power engine, with rudder amidships. When she went over the line she was turning 1,400 revolutions to the minute, and her exhaust was ear-splitting. She lifted her hull clear of the water numerous times in the race before what little wind there was. Plunging at a speed which immediately appeared to eclipse anything ever seen in moter boat competition, the craft continued to make a succession of "shoot the chute" leaps which would have torn an ordinary hull apart, but her speed was so great as to gather in the best ever recorded.

Coming back in the face of the wind, her pace was very much curtailed, and she fell off nearly a minute for the mile. Back and forth she traveled for the required six miles, taking a restart each time, as did each of her successors. It was a fair thought that her last mile, 2:38 4-5, would deprive her of the prize, but that 58:30 average for the first sent her stock soaring, so that even such a mediocre 22:6 average could do her no harm, as results proved.

Reliance II. covered her fifth mile in 1:24 4-5, but the first mile in 2:31 and the third in 2:28 3-5, rather effectually disposed of her chances.

So confident is the designer of Tech, Jr., Adolph Apel of Atlantic City, that she can duplicate her performance of yesterday that he challenged any of the Reliances to a mile race on the Hudson River during the motor-boat carnival which begins a week from next Monday, to be tried under similar conditions that govern the Heins Trophy.

The watch holders were all members of the Timers' Club of New York, with John J. McHugh, Edward L. Mahnken, and Robert Dieges officiating.

## TO BUILD CHALLENGE BOAT.

It was announced yesterday at the expiration of the one-mile speed record contest for motor boats, which was held on Huntington Bay, that H. H. Melville and Joseph H. Hoadley would build a challenger to make the trip to England next year in an endeavor to recover the British International Trophy for Motor Boats, which is generally known as the Harmsworth Cup. While it was not stated as to whom would be given the task of designing and building the craft, it was asserted that arrangements were already under way to that end.

Casimer S. Mankowski, the owner of the Ankle Deep, which lost her propeller when a mile or more in the lead in the race for the trophy on Wednesday, stated that his boat would be in trim on Sunday for a trial against the world's record over the thirty-mile course, over which the boats have been contesting for ten days past. Mankowski believes that his boat can sustain the speed—45 miles an hour—which she was showing at the time of her accident, and is anxious to make the attempt.

# BALL PLAYERS' FRATERNITY.

## Major League Players Organize for Protection.

An organization to be known as the Baseball Players' Fraternity, which is intended to insure proper relations between the employers and the players was brought officially into existence yesterday. Supreme Court Justice Delany signed the certificate of incorporation, filed by David L. Fultz, a lawyer of 2 Wall Street and in 1905 the crack centre fielder of the New York Americans.

Mr. Fultz explained that the managers had not been asked for their approval or opinion as to the formation of the fraternity. From the natural trend of affairs, however, he deemed it probable that more opposition than encouragement would accrue from those in executive positions, and this despite the recent pronunciamento of President Ban Johnson of the American League approving of the plan.

An organization with analagous intentions was started in 1901 under the name of the Players' Protective Association. Owing to internal dissensions, however, the scheme fell through after a year's lease of life. In those days, Mr. Fultz explained, the two big leagues were fighting each other, and the players thought they should follow suit. To-day, however, no such condition of dissension exists.

The names of the incorporators of the Baseball Players' Fraternity follow: Robert Byrne, (Pittsburgh;) William F. Carrigan, (Boston Americans;) Tyrus Cobb, (Detroit;) Samuel L. Crawford, (Detroit;) J. E. Daubert, (Brooklyn;) Michael J. Doolan, (Philadelphia Nationals;) John J. Evers, (Chicago Nationals;) David L. Fultz, (formerly of the New York Americans;) Arthur Griggs, (Cleveland;) John P. Henry, (Washington;) Miller J. Huggins, (St. Louis Nationals;) Christopher Mathewson, (New York Nationals;) D. B. Pratt, (St. Louis Americans;) Edward Sweeney, (New York Americans,) and William J. Sweeney, (Boston Nationals.)

# BASEBALL

### Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

**Philadelphia, 19; New York, 9.**
**Philadelphia, 5; New York, 2.**
**Boston, 4; Washington, 3.**
**Chicago, 4; Cleveland, 1.**
**St. Louis at Detroit—rain.**

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

**New York, 8; Philadelphia, 1.**
**New York, 4; Philadelphia, 2.**
**Brooklyn, 4; Boston, 3.**
**Cincinnati, 4; Chicago, 1.**
**Pittsburgh, 5; St. Louis, 4.**

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

**Rochester, 5; Montreal, 2.**
**Baltimore, 3; Providence, 1.**
**Buffalo, 7; Toronto, 6.**

### Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

| | W. | L. | To Play. | P.C. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Boston | 91 | 37 | 26 | .711 |
| Philadelphia | 77 | 52 | 25 | .597 |
| Washington | 78 | 53 | 23 | .595 |
| Chicago | 64 | 63 | 27 | .504 |
| Detroit | 59 | 71 | 24 | .454 |
| Cleveland | 55 | 73 | 26 | .430 |
| New York | 46 | 82 | 26 | .359 |
| St. Louis | 44 | 83 | 27 | .347 |

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | W. | L. | To Play. | P.C. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 87 | 38 | 29 | .696 |
| Chicago | 80 | 46 | 28 | .635 |
| Pittsburgh | 74 | 53 | 27 | .583 |
| Philadelphia | 62 | 64 | 28 | .492 |
| Cincinnati | 63 | 66 | 25 | .489 |
| St. Louis | 55 | 73 | 28 | .430 |
| Brooklyn | 47 | 78 | 29 | .376 |
| Boston | 38 | 88 | 28 | .302 |

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | W. | L. | P.C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Toronto | 82 | 56 | .594 |
| Rochester | 79 | 57 | .581 |
| Baltimore | 69 | 66 | .511 |
| Newark | 68 | 66 | .507 |
| Montreal | 64 | 73 | .467 |
| Buffalo | 62 | 70 | .470 |
| Jersey City | 62 | 76 | .449 |
| Providence | 57 | 79 | .419 |

### Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

**Philadelphia at New York.**
**Washington at Boston.**
**Cleveland at Chicago.**
**St. Louis at Detroit.**

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

**New York at Philadelphia. (Two.)**
**Boston at Brooklyn.**
**Pittsburgh at St. Louis.**
**Chicago at Cincinnati.**

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

**Montreal at Rochester.**
**Toronto at Buffalo.**
**Baltimore at Providence.**

# BROOKLYN RALLIES IN NINTH.

## Hits by Smith, Wheat, and Hummel Defeat Boston Nine.

Brooklyn beat Boston in a ninth inning rally yesterday by 4 to 3. With the score tied at the beginning of the ninth, Titus tripled for Boston and scored on Devlin's sacrifice fly.

For Brooklyn, Cutshaw walked with one out and scored all the way from first base with the tying run on Smith's double; Daubert walked and Wheat's infield hit filled the bases. Then Hummel bounced one high in the air to Tyler, who could not get the ball to the plate in time and Smith tallied. The hitting of Smith and Hummel featured. The score:

| BROOKLYN. | AB | R | H | PO | A | BOSTON. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| North'n, cf. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | Camp'll, cf. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cutsh'w, 2b. | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | McDo'd, 3b. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Smith, 3b. | 4 | 1 | 4 | 0 | 3 | Swee'y, 2b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 3 |
| Daub't, 1b. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 1 | Jacks'n, lf. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Wheat, lf. | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | Titus, rf. | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Hum'el, rf. | 5 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | Devlin, 1b. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 11 | 2 |
| Fisher, ss. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | Bridw'l, ss. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| Miller, c. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 0 | Kling, c. | 3 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 3 |
| Allen, p. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | Donne'y, p. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| *Phelps | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Tyler, p. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Total. | 34 | 4 | 13 | 27 | 12 | Total. | 29 | 3 | 7 | †25 | 14 |

*Batted for Northen in the ninth inning.
†One out when winning run was scored.
Error—Jackson.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Brooklyn | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | —4 |
| Boston | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | —3 |

Left on basts—Boston, 6; Brooklyn, 13. Two-base hits—Sweeney, Bridwell, Smith. Three-base hits—Titus, Cutshaw. Sacrifice flies—Devlin, Kling. Sacrifice hits—Titus, Cutshaw, Fisher. Stolen bases—Sweeney, Smith, Hummel. Bases on balls—Off Donnelly, 8; off Tyler, 3; off Allen, 3. Struck out—By Donnelly, 2; by Tyler, 5; by Allen, 7. Hit by pitcher—By Allen, (Jackson.) Wild pitches—Donnelly, 1; Allen, 1. Passed ball—Kling. Hits—Off Donnelly, 7 in four and one-third innings. Time of game—Two hours and six minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Orth.

## INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

### At Providence.

| | | | | | | | | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Baltimore | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0—3 | 9 | 2 |
| Providence | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0—1 | 10 | 1 |

Batteries—Shawkey and Payne; Bailey and Schmidt.

### At Buffalo.

| | | | | | | | | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Toronto | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0—6 | 10 | 0 |
| Buffalo | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1—7 | 17 | 1 |

Batteries—Drucke, Rudolph and Bemis; Jameson and Mitchell.

### At Rochester.

| | | | | | | | | | R. | H. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Montreal | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1—2 | 7 | 6 |
| Rochester | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | —5 | 11 | 0 |

Batteries—Mattern and Burns; Wilhelmin and Jacklitsch.
Other clubs not scheduled.

## MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

### American Association.

At Indianapolis—Louisville 5; Indianapolis, 3; (10 innings.)
At Columbus—Toledo, 9; Columbus, 8.
At St. Paul—Milwaukee, 2; St. Paul, 1.
At Minneapolis—Kansas City, 7; Minneapolis, 3.

### Connecticut League.

At Hartford—Hartford, 1; Bridgeport, 0.
At New Haven—New Haven, 7; Holyoke, 4.
At Springfield—Springfield, 4; Waterbury, 0.

### New England League.

At Haverhill—Lynn, 8; Haverhill, 2.
At Lowell—Lowell, 8; Brockton, 2. Lowell, 4; Brockton, 3.
At Lawrence—New Bedford, 2; Lawrence, 0. Fall River failed to apear at Worcester; game cancelled.

### New York State League.

At Elmira—Elmira, 6; Albany, 2.
At Scranton—Scranton, 4; Syracuse, 1.
At Wilkesbarre—Utica, 2; Wilkesbarre, 0.
Troy at Binghamton—Rain.

### Virginia League.

At Petersburg—Petersburg, 8; Roanoke, 1.
At Richmond—Richmond, 4; Norfolk, 5.

### Pacific Coast League.

At Los Angeles—Los Angeles, 2; San Francisco, 0.
At Sacramento—Portland, 6; Sacramento, 0.
At San Francisco—Vernon vs. Oakland; rain.

### Southern League.

At Birmingham—Birmingham, 7; Montgomery, 1.
At Chattanooga—Chattanooga, 7; Memphis, 5.
At Atlanta—Nashville, 8; Atlanta, 6.

## Trainer Murphy Signs for Five Years

*Special to The New York Times.*

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Sept. 5.—It was announced to-day that "Mike" Murphy, trainer of athletes at the University of Pennsylvania, had signed a five-year contract to continue in his present capacity at Franklin Field. Murphy's former contract expired last Spring. It was not thought that Murphy would sign a long-term contract again, as his health has been very poor for the past year. He made the trip to Stockholm with the American Olympic team, thinking the air there would do him good. It helped every one on the trip except Murphy. Every other person on the trip took on weight. Murphy lost, and returned to America in worse condition than when he went away. He was unable to attend the receptions given the athletes shortly after their return.

Murphy is now at his Summer home in the White Mountains and will return here about the middle of next week.

The figures were not announced, but it is said that Murphy's salary remains the same, $7,500 a year.

**Baseball To-day, 3:45 P. M., N. Y. Americans vs. Athletics. Amer. League Park. Adm. 50c.—Adv.**

# GIANTS TAKE TIGHT HOLD ON PENNANT

## New Yorks Win Two Games from Philadelphia—Cubs Lose to Cincinnati.

THE SCORES.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 2 | —8 |
| Philadelphia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —1 |

NEW YORK.

| | AB. | R. | H. | BB. | SO. | PO. | A. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Devore, lf. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 |
| Becker, lf. | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Doyle, 2b. | 5 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Snodgrass, cf. | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Murray, rf. | 5 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Merkle, 1b. | 5 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 10 | 0 |
| Herzog, 3b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Wilson, c. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 2 | 0 |
| Fletcher, ss. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 |
| Mathewson, p. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| *McCormick | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total. | 40 | 8 | 16 | 1 | 5 | 27 | 12 | 1 |

PHILADELPHIA.

| | AB. | R. | H. | BB. | SO. | PO. | A. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Paskert, cf. | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Cravath, rf. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Magee, lf. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Luderus, 1b. | 3 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 1 | 0 |
| Walsh, 2b. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 0 |
| Doolan, ss. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 0 |
| Dodge, 3b. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Killifer, c. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 3 | 0 |
| Seaton, p. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Finneran, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Shultz, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| †Miller | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total. | 31 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 3 | 27 | 17 | 2 |

*Batted for Devore in the eighth inning.
†Batted for Finneran in the eighth inning.

Two-base hits—Wilson, Paskert, Luderus, (2.) Three-base hit—Murray. Home run—Becker. Sacrifice hits—Luderus, Walsh. Stolen bases—Merkle, Doolan. Struck out—By Mathewson, 5; by Seaton, 5. Double plays—Killifer and Luderus; Dodge, Killifer, Shultz, Walsh, and Doolan. First base on errors—New York, 1; Philadelphia, 1. First base on balls—Off Mathewson, 1; off Shultz, 1. Left on bases—New York, 6; Philadelphia, 6. Hits—Off Seaton, 12 in 7 innings, (none out in eighth;) off, Finneran, 1 in 1 inning; off Shultz, 3 in 1 inning. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Finneran.

SECOND GAME.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | —4 |
| Philadelphia | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —2 |

NEW YORK.

| | AB. | R. | H. | BB. | SO. | PO. | A. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Devore, rf. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Becker, rf&cf. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Doyle, 2b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 5 | 1 |
| Sn'dgr's, cf&rf. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Murray, rf. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Merkle, 1b. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 |
| Herzog, 3b. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Wilson, c. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 |
| Fletcher, ss. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
| Ames, p. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Crandall, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| *McCormick | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| †Shafer | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total. | 33 | 4 | 8 | 1 | 1 | 27 | 14 | 2 |

PHILADELPHIA.

| | AB. | R. | H. | BB. | SO. | PO. | A. | E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Paskert, cf. | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Cravath, rf. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Magee, lf. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Luderus, 1b. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 13 | 0 | 0 |
| Walsh, 2b&3b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Doolan, ss. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| Dodge, 3b. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Knabe, 2b. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Killifer, c. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 0 |
| Alexander, p. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 1 |
| ‡Miller | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total. | 31 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 27 | 18 | 1 |

*Batted for Ames in the eighth inning.
†Ran for McCormick in eighth inning.
‡Batted for Dodge in eighth inning.

Two-base hits—Fletcher, Murray, Paskert. Home runs—Snodgrass, Merkle. Sacrifice hit—Cravath. Stolen bases—Herzog, Paskert. Struck out—By Ames, 2; by Crandall, 1; by Alexander, 4. Double play—Ames and Merkle. First base on errors—New York, 1; Philadelphia, 2. First base on balls—Off Crandall, 2; off Alexander, 1. Left on bases—New York, 3; Philadelphia, 5. Hits—Off Ames, 3 in seven innings; off Crandall, 1 in two innings. Time of game—One hour and thirty-seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Finneran.

*Special to The New York Times.*

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.—The double-header diet which the Giants are getting these days is agreeing with McGraw's pennant hunters, and by a couple of full-blown rallies to-day New York snatched two victories away from the Phillies just when Horace Fogel thought his team had them salted away. The score of the first game was 8 to 1, and the second 4 to 2.

The Giants to-night are all wearing broad grins which would make you think that they had all taken laughing gas. They seem to be just as much worried as a man who is down to his last million and a half. And here's the joke.

For eight innings of each game the Giants could not hit a toy balloon with a snow shovel. Then they craftily concentrated the cudgeling and hammered all the starch out of the Phillies' flingers.

Mathewson and Seaton were the pitchers in the first game, and for eight innings the youngster had it on the veteran. In the eighth inning, when the Phils were in the lead 1 to 0, something happened. In fact, everything happened. New York ripped off a volcanic rally which put poor Tommy Seaton to rout, and the Giants slugged him for eight hits and five runs, and when Finneran relieved him the Giants got another hit and another run.

Nine hits and six runs. Now, isn't that considered a full-grown, healthy little inning?

In the second game Alexander the Great was the twirler against Leon Ames. Alexander was also good for seven innings, and the Giants could not break into his pitching with a set of burglar's tools. The Phils had only made three hits off Ames, but each of the three aided in the manufacture of the Phils' two runs. Fred Snodgrass made the first impression on Alexander in the seventh, when he thumped a home run into the bleachers. And in the ninth, when things looked gloomy for New York, Murray dented the right field fence with a stout larrup, and Merkle crushed the ball into the bleachers for a home run, which meant the two runs which won for the Giants. New York hit the ball squarely on the bugle, for three homers were among their collection.

It was a noisy day at the ball park. In fact, the gathering of 12,000 fans made a noise in every inning of each game except the last two. If a ball game lasted only seven innings in this town the Giants wouldn't have had a chance. In Seaton and Alexander Uncle Horace Fogel showed to-day that he has two of the best seven-inning twirlers in the business.

Both contests were fast and well played while the Phillies' pitching staff lasted. At times New York looked very helpless against the twirling of Seaton and Alexander. But in both tussles the Giants were biding their time, and gave a fine exhibition of reserve force and fighting spirit in rushing up from the rear in each game and tearing the victory away from the surprised Phillies. Wednesday the fans were saying here that the Giants looked ready for the ambulance. To-night they are saying that they are holding a lot of stuff up their sleeves to spring just like they worked the surprise to-day in both games.

In the first game Manager McGraw was chased from the coaching lines for the first time in a long while. Mac asked Finneran what time it was or made some such rough remark. Beals Becker furnished the music of the matinee by trying to score a run by running around the bases backward. Beals started for home by way of second base, but found out that was a longer way than dashing down by way of the third base route.

Sherwood Nottingham Magee inaugurated a little unsmooth work in the sixth inning of the first game when in trying to score he rushed into Wilson like a football tackle and knocked the ball out of his hands. Umpire Rigler saw the rough work and called Magee out. After several minutes of chin music the Phillies decided that the umpire's word was law and let it go at that. Later, however, President Fogel sent a telegram to President Lynch protesting the game.

Dode Paskert said "howdy" to Matty in the opener with a clout to left. Cravath boosted a fly to Murray and Merkle gobbled Magee's red-hot grounder and retired Sherwood easily. Paskert scooting to second. Luderus jammed a single to right and Paskert started home with a rush. Murray made a rifle-ball peg to the plate and got Paskert sliding home.

Seaton had the ball spinning daintily in the second and fanned Merkle and Herzog in succession. Wilson then smashed a two-bagger along the left-field foul line, but he anchored there because Doolan threw Fletcher out at first.

Mr. Paskert again became familiar with Matty in the fourth by slapping a two-bagger against the centre-field fence. He went to third on Walsh's sacrifice hit to Merkle. Mike Doolan produced a timely tap to centre, scoring Luderus. Doolan stole second, and "Big Six" tightened up and fanned Dodge, while Killifer rocketed to Murray. "Matty" got out of more trouble in the sixth. Magee got two bases when Devore lost his long fly to deep left. Luderus sacrificed him to third. Walsh hit a grounder to Herzog, who tossed to Wilson. Magee was run down between the bases, but was called out for interference when he knocked the ball out of Wilson's hands. Walsh was out stealing second.

It was a shame that the Giants did to Seaton in the eighth. The New York batsmen began to swing at the first ball, and as a result seven hits were slammed out and Seaton was taken out of the box after five runs had been scored and not a Giant had been retired.

Fletcher opened with a single and Matty nailed his second hit to centre. McCormick, batting for Devore, singled to centre, scoring Fletcher. Becker ran for McCormick. Doyle socked a hit to centre, scoring Matty, and "Snod" rapped to centre, scoring Becker.

The Giants were getting dizzy, and Paskert in centre was dizzier trying to retrieve the shower of hits into his garden.

Murray got a scratch hit in front of the plate, loading the bases. No one out yet. Isn't this easy?

Merkle slapped a liner to centre, sending Doyle and Snodgrass homeward. Right here Seaton was led gently away from the gaze of the maddening crowd.

Finneran, a recruit and no kinsman of the umpire, took up the pitching duty. Herzog jammed another hit to centre and scored Murray. Wilson skied to Paskert. Thank goodness! Fletcher, for the second time in the same inning, singled through third, filling the bases again. Matty then hit into a double play and ended the Phillies' agony.

"Toots" Schultz was sent in to stop the Giants in the ninth. Becker slammed the ball over the right-field fence for a home run. Doyle singled to right, but was caught off first base. Snodgrass walked, and went home on Murray's three-bagger to the centre-field fence. Merkle then hit a grounder to third, and a double play was made on Murray and Merkle. That will be all for that one.

Paskert has started all the trouble for the Giants in this set of games. He inaugurated the second clash to-day with a two-base slam to deep centre. Cravath sacrificed him to third, and he scored while Doyle was pegging Magee out at first. Murray got Luderus's fly in deep left.

Again this citizen Paskert became unduly aggressive in the sixth. With two gone, Dode jammed a hot one through Herzog for a single and stole second. Cravath pumped a hit to right, sending Paskert home.

What's this? Snodgrass, first man up in the seventh, gave the ball a tremendous thump to deep centre, and the ball bounded into the bleachers for a homer.

Murray went out, Walsh to Luderus, and Merkle smashed a grasser down the third-base line which looked good for a hit. Dodge knocked it down, and by a wonderful throw got Merkle at first.

The Giants fought their way to even terms with the Quakers in the eighth, and if it hadn't been for a blunder on the bases by Becker they might have taken the lead. With two out, McCormick, batting for Ames, was there with a pinch hit to centre. Shafer ran for "Moose."

Becker, hitting for Devore, peppered a hit to centre, sending Shafer to second. Doyle larruped a single to centre, scoring Shafer with the tying tally. Paskert threw the ball in to Alexander, who shot it back to second. Becker, rounding third, misunderstood Coach Robinson's orders, and started back to second. Why, no one knows. Anyway, he was put out and ended the rally.

Here, ladies and gentlemen, is the grand blow-up. With one out, Red Murray planked the ball against the right-field stockade for two pillows. Fine!

Frederick Merkle leaned against one of Alexander the Great's tangents and whacked it on a wild, buzzing career to deep left, where it bounded in among the wild, yelling twenty-five-cent patrons. The mighty slap brought home two runs and victory.

When the cheering and groaning died away the Phils were let down gently and the strife was stilled.

## AWAKENING OF THE PHILLIES.

*Special to The New York Times.*

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Sept. 5.—Big Jeff Tesreau felt fine enough to pitch to-day, but he was saved for to-morrow. Rube Marquard will get another chance, too.

To see good pitchers like Alexander and Seaton fall reminded one of that Liberty bell with the big crack in it.

Luderus and Paskert were the only two who could hit Matty with any effect. They got five of the Phillies' seven hits. The enemy got on bases in every inning except two. Big Six left all but two of them stranded.

Harold "Moose" McCormick has been called on twice in two days for a pinch hit and has responded both times. McCormick's got a fine job. All he has to do is to hit the ball, travel as far as he can, and then gets a runner to take up the rest of the journey.

Chief Meyers was in uniform to-day for the first time since he was injured in New York. The Indian's big toe is strained and he limps badly.

They've got an announcer at the ball park here, and when he announces the batteries it sounds like a hippopotamus yawning at the Bronx Zoo. And just as understandable, too.

Very up to date over here. They have names of New York players on the score cards who haven't been with the team in three seasons.

Philadelphians don't like these eleventh hour rallies. It disturbs them just as they are dozing.

Yes, it looks more and more as if the peanut—pardon, pennant, would rest another season in Manhattan.

## New Pitcher Defeats Cubs.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 5.—Cincinnati won from Chicago to-day by a score of 4 to 1 mainly through the superb pitching of a recruit named Gregory, recently obtained from the Ottumwa, Iowa, team. He allowed the visitors eight scattered hits and was effective at all critical stages. Mitchell, Grant, and Tinker hit well and timely. Heinie Peitz, the veteran catcher, was given his unconditional release after the game by the Cincinnati Club. The score:

| CINCINNATI. | AB | R | H | PO | A | CHICAGO. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bescher, lf. | 3 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 | Miller, lf. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| M'sans, cf. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | Schulte, rf. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Hobl'zel, 1b. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | Tinker, ss. | 3 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 3 |
| Mitchell, rf. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | Z'm'm'n, 3b. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Phelan, 3b. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Saier, 1b. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 0 |
| Grant, ss. | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | Evers, 2b. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3 |
| Egan, 2b. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 | Williams, cf. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| McLean, c. | 4 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 | Cotter, c. | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
| Gregory, p. | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | R'lbach, p. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | | | | | | Smith, p. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Total. | 31 | 4 | 12 | 27 | 12 | *Sh'kard | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | Total. | 34 | 1 | 8 | 24 | 11 |

*Batted for Reulbach in the sixth inning.
Error—Phelan.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cincinnati | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | —4 | |
| Chicago | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0—1 | |

Two-base hits—Williams, Mitchell, Zimmerman. Hits—Off Reulbach, 6 in five innings; off Smith, 6 in three innings. Struck out—By Gregory, 3; by Smith, 2. Bases on balls—Off Gregory, 6; off Reulbach, 1. Double plays—Grant, Egan, and Hoblitzel; Tinker, Evers, and Saier; Smith and Tinker. Sacrifice hits—Reulbach, Phelan. Stolen bases—Bescher, Marsans, Grant. Left on bases—Chicago, 18; Cincinnati, 7. Hit by pitcher—By Reulbach, (Egan, Bescher.) Time of game—Two hours and five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and Owens.

## Pirates Bunch Hits and Win.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 5.—Bunched hits in the eighth inning gave Pittsburgh enough runs to win from St. Louis, 5 to 4, this afternoon. The fielding of both teams was ragged. Score:

| PITTSBURGH. | AB | R | H | PO | A | ST. LOUIS. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Byrne, 3b. | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | H'gins, 2b. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Carey, lf. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | Magee, lf. | 5 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 0 |
| Donlin, rf. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | Mowrey, 3b. | 5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Wagner, ss. | 4 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 | K'tchy, 1b. | 5 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 0 |
| Miller, 1b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 0 | Evans, rf. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
|

# MORSE FOOLED THE ARMY EXAMINERS

### Member of the Medical Board Admits That Former Banker Was a Clever Actor.

### WASHINGTON NOT SURPRISED

### "I Told You So," the General Comment of Officials on Hearing of Financier's Return to Wall Street.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The announcement that Charles W. Morse, whose commutation of sentence was a few months ago the subject of urgent appeals on the score of his hopeless illness in the Atlanta Federal Prison, had returned to his former offices in New York, and had resumed business, caused a smile in official circles here to-day.

"I told you so," was a remark frequently heard in connection with observations on the case. The liveliest interest was manifested among army medical officers. It was a board of army medical officers which, at the direction of President Taft, went to Atlanta, and, after careful observations of the patient, diagnosed the case and made a report to the President which resulted in the pardon or commutation of sentence.

A member of this board said to-night:

"The board did its work most painstakingly. The diagnosis was that Morse was rapidly convalescing from acute congestion of the kidneys. He had Bright's disease. But he had had it when he was 25 years old. Teh truth of the matter is that Morse is a good actor. He appeared to be a man of sensitive nature, and he seemed to be fretting on account of his condition.

"Morse was naturally depressed, and the effect on his physical condition was apparent. He was able to manifest such an abject condition of sickness that it was enough to scare everybody who looked at him. The members of the board, however, reported that there was no ground for apprehension of his immediate death.

"It is no surprise to any member of the board, or to any physician who examined Morse, to hear that he is not only alive but gaining in health and able to return to his business."

There were several reports on Morse's condition. Morse was removed to the army hospital at Fort McPherson, near Atlanta, so that the army surgeons there could observe the patient and afford treatment. The reports were not such as to justify the President in granting the prayers of the former banker's wife and attorneys, and finally a board consisting of Col. Henry P. Birmingham, Major Powell C. Fauntleroy, and Major Frederick F. Russell of the Army Medical Department were appointed by Surgeon General Torney to go to Atlanta and diagnose the case and report to the President.

Gen. Torney had more than once advised the President that the case did not, in his judgment, present symptoms that complied with the conditions laid down by the President. He said that Morse might live to a ripe old age if he once got out of prison and had the load of worry taken off his mind.

## BISHOP GRAFTON'S WILL.

### Leaves $1,000 After Having Given $700,000 to Charity.

FOND DU LAC, Wis., Sept. 5.—The will of the late Bishop Charles Chapman Grafton of the Protestant Episcopal Church, filed for probate to-day by Archdeacon B. T. Rogers as executor, lists the personal property at $1,000. No real estate is listed.

The theological library, one of the finest in the United States, goes to the Sisterhood of the Holy Natvity, and his vestments are bequeathed to Bishop Weller and the cathedral chapter.

The modest value of the estate is explained by the fact that the Bishop gave largely of his means to the erection of churches, vicarages, and improvements in the diocese, spending no less than $700,000 in this way during his episcopate.

## TAFT SAILS ON MAYFLOWER.

### President on His Way to Beverly to Rest Until Injured Ankle Is Well.

President Taft arrived at the Pennsylvania Station yesterday afternoon at 3:25 o'clock in his special car, and as a result of the pain he suffered from the injury to his ankle decided not to make a stop in this city. He was met at the station by his brother, Charles P. Taft; Charles D. Hilles, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, and George R. Sheldon, Treasurer of the Republican National Committee.

Arrangements had been made to take the President in a wheel chair immediately to his automobile. He showed plainly that he suffered from his injured ankle. He was accompanied on his trip here from Washington by Major Thomas L. Rhoades, his military aid and attending physician.

Escorted by a guard of four motor cycle policemen, President Taft was taken at once to the Brooklyn Navy Yard, where he was greeted by the crews of the battleships and by his guard of marines. A roar of guns from the ships at the navy yard announced his arrival.

The President was accompanied on his trip to New London by Mr. Hilles and Mr. Sheldon. They said that they expected to discuss politics, but would make no other comment.

Mrs. Taft was on the Mayflower to welcome the President. She came down from Gloucester, Mass., on the vessel yesterday morning. The President was on board the yacht at 3:45 o'clock, but it was nearly 5 o'clock when the Mayflower got under way, the guns of the battleships roaring a salute.

The President will stop at New London, where he will address the Deeper Waterways Association, in convention there, and then proceed to Beverly.

It is said that the President will rest until his ankle has fully recovered from the injury.

## WORD FROM LOST EXPLORER.

### Yukon Indians Report Message on a Tree from Hubert Darrell.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 5.—Advices received at Dawson Y. T., over the trail from the mouth of the Mackenzie River, say that Indians have brought word to Fort McPherson, that they have found strange writing on a tree east of the McKenzie delta where Hubert Darrell, the Arctic explorer, was last seen. The Indians promised to bring in the writing on their next trip.

Darrell went eastward from the McKenzie in 1900 and had long been given up for lost.

Numerous prospectors are seeking gold along the tributaries of the McKenzie, the returning traveller reports.

## RIOTOUS CONVICTS LASHED.

### Flogging Inflicted Upon Mutinous Prisoners in Michigan.

JACKSON, Mich., Sept. 5.—For the first time in its history, flogging was resorted to at the Michigan State Prison here today. Nine of the ringleaders in the recent outbreak received from ten to thirty lashes each, and it is understood that all who took a prominent part in the rioting will be meted out similar punishment.

The number of lashes given to each was in accordance with the report of physicians as to how much punishment the prisoner could stand.

Everything otherwise is gradually assuming a normal condition at the prison, though troops are still on duty.

## TEXAS RAILWAY EARNINGS.

### Railroad Commission Compares Figures for This Year and Last.

*Special to The New York Times.*

AUSTIN, Texas, Sept. 5.—The Railroad Commission to-day issued a statement of the operating revenue and expenses of Texas railroads for the fiscal year ended Aug. 30, 1912, as compared with the previous year.

This, excluding the Southern Pacific lines and the Missouri, Kansas & Texas system, gives the total operating revenue at $69,309,993, an increase of $4,215,851, or 6.48 per cent.; operating expenses, $53,025,703, an increase of $2,673,145, or 5.25 per cent.; net income from operation, $15,634,289, an increase of $1,542,705, or 10.91 per cent.

The Southern Pacific lines and Missouri, Kansas & Texas system in Texas lost ground during the last fiscal year. The total operating revenue of those two systems was $52,504,626, a decrease of $698,-237, or 2.10 per cent.; the operating expense $27,291,765, an increase of $2,367,585, or 9.50 per cent., and net income from operations $5,212,860, a decrease of $3,-065,823, or 37.08 per cent.

## SEEK TO BUY TINPLATE PLANT

### American Company Said to Want to Buy McKeesport Concern.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Sept. 5.—The American Sheet and Tin Plate Company is negotiating for the purchase of the McKeesport Tin Plate Company's plant at Port Vue, Penn. The report of the pending transfer has been current for several days, and to-day a telegram bearing on the subject was received from the New York office of the United States Steel Corporation.

Company officials refuse to discuss it, but it is said the Steel Corporation has offered $6,000,000, and that the McKeesport company is holding out for $7,000,000. A compromise will probably be effected this week.

## VAN ALEN LUCKY PASSENGER.

### Won Both Olympic's Pools, Getting $1,500—Phipps Staterooms $10,000.

The White Star liner Olympic arrived yesterday with 720 first cabin passengers from Southampton via Cherbourg and Queenstown and in addition she brought also a large assortment of dogs belonging to the passengers, which included a pack of beagles. W. W. Van Alen of New York won two days' auction pools on the runs of the Olympic which netted him $1,500. Her best run was 528 miles from noon Tuesday to noon Wednesday.

H. C. Phipps with his wife, six servants, two children, and his brother, J. S. Phipps with his wife and four children, occupying ten staterooms with four baths on the upper promenade deck, rented at $10,000, it was said, returned from their Summer motoring trip through Europe.

George Ade, the professional humorist from Indiana, also returned on the Olympic saddened, he said, by the appalling thought that the 1830 brand of side whiskers were coming into vogue again with frilled shirts and white spats. His gloom was heightened by the rain that had pursued him relentlessly all through his tour. "They were fishing for minnows in the streets of London," George Ade said, "and the farmers were trolling for hay in the country."

Frank A. Munsey, who has been resting in Bohemia, came back and said that he did not fear Taft or Wilson in the coming election campaign and was going to get into harness to continue his fight for Roosevelt.

R. A. C. Smith, former Commodore of the New York Yacht Club and Chairman of the New York State Harbor Commission, also was a passenger.

## SHOE TRADE DULLER.

### Duplicate Fall Business Expected to Liven Things Up.

Pending the receipt of duplicate Fall business, which is expected to begin coming in freely within the next week or ten days, shoe wholesalers in the Duane Street district are experiencing temporary dullness. Shipments of Fall merchandise on previous orders are going forward freely, but the amount of actual business being booked at the moment is nominal. Stocks of retailers within the radius served by wholesalers in this market are believed to be light, and, in anticipation of spot business that will reflect to no little degree the increased business done on the road this season, the tone of the market is generally optimistic. The present level of prices and the expectation of further advances, as a result of the constant upward trend of values in the hide and leather markets, will, in the opinion of one of the largest wholesalers in the city, have no material effect so far as retarding or diminishing the demand from retailers is concerned.

Apropos of the price situation, it may be said that some of the leading producers have already secured advances for standard-make shoes ranging from five to fifteen cents a pair over those current at the beginning of the present season. Whether or not these advances will become general and force the prices of wholesalers up in proportion is problematical at the moment, but the general belief here appears to be that the best-posted retailers will get into the market for the balance of their season's wants without delay.

## EUROPE NEEDS OUR GRAIN.

### James A. Patten Found Europe's Crop Badly Affected by Rain.

James A. Patten, the one-time wheat and cotton bull, who returned from Europe yesterday on the Olympic, said that while crops in Europe were generally good, the hay crop had been considerably injured by the heavy rains and the oats crop in England was short.

"During my trip through Germany, Austria, Great Britain, France, Holland, and Belgium," Mr. Patten continued, "I noticed that the grain crops were very good but damaged by the weather, and as a result those countries will have to buy dry wheat and other grain to mix with their grain. The wet season has lasted too long. While I was at Carlsbad there were seven weeks of continuous rain, and business there suffered from it.

"European finances and business appear to be in a very healthy condition. American securities are growing in favor with investors in Europe."

## NEW INCORPORATIONS.

### New York.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ALBANY, Sept. 5.—Thirty companies were incorporated by the Secretary of State to-day, including:

Knothe Brothers of Manhattan, men's outfitters; $600,000. Stephen B. Plunkett, Louis Mangin, Albert E. Sawyer.

The Clark Witbeck Company of Schenectady, manufacturers of hardware and building materials; $100,000. Clark Witbeck, Sophia L. Witbeck, Henry P. Kniskern.

The Newman-King Fashion Company of Manhattan, makers of fashion plates for women's and men's apparel; $60,000. Herman A. Newman, Herman King, Arthur Laudauer, Otto P. Schroeder.

The International Jam and Jelly Company of Manhattan; $50,000. Richard Sturcke, George J. Reyhing, Thomas F. Cleary.

T. Chalkiadi & Co. of Manhattan, to cure leaf tobacco and manufacture cigars, &c.; $25,000. Thasybulus Chalkiadi, Leopold Frank, Philip Allxawits.

The Metropolitan Bindery of Manhattan; $10,00. Max Oppenheimer, Oscar Trebitch, Louis Streit.

The Purple Road Company of Manhattan, play producers; $25,000. Joseph M. Gaites, Abraham Kipp, Edward Weiss.

The Freer-Wagemaker Company of Rochester, produce dealers; $15,000.

The Charles I. Rosenblum Company of Brooklyn, dealers in building materials and contractors; $10,000. Jacob Cohen, Adolph Fisch, Rachael Rosenblum.

Mallinson & Phillips, Incorporated, of Yonkers, contractors; $10,000. Horton W. Mallinson, Thomas Phillips, Alice Mallinson, Alice Phillips.

The Belmont Waist & Dress Company of Manhattan; $10,000. S. Earl Lavene, Maurice Lefkort, Frances Ulanoff, Sarah Ulanoff.

The Future Illuminating Machine Company of Manhattan, to make foundry tools and factory supplies, &c.; $10,000. Frank V. Novak, Otto Stalser, Oscar Seilnacht.

S. H. Hertzberg, Incorporated, of Schenectady, clothiers; $10,000. Samuel H. Hertzberg, Joseph Nusbaum, George Cossler.

# DR. WILEY DENIES CREDIT TO COLONEL

### He Was Less Than Lukewarm About Passing the Pure Food Laws, the Chemist Declares.

### PREPARES A PUBLIC ATTACK

### At Terre Haute He Will Discuss Roosevelt's Actions—His Pretensions Ridiculous, Wiley Says.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—"There will not be a speck left of Roosevelt when I get through with him and his absurd claim that he is the father, the genesis, the Alpha and Omega of the pure food law. I will puncture that ridiculous claim once and for all time."

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, former Chief of the Bureau of Chemistry, made this statement to-night to THE NEW YORK TIMES while discussing his forthcoming tour of Indiana in behalf of the re-election of Representative Ralph W. Moss, Chairman of the House Committee on Expenditures in the Agricultural Department, which recently investigated the so-called Wiley-McCabe controversy. This tour will begin at Terre Haute on Oct. 2, and will continue a week.

In his speeches Dr. Wiley will make public letters which he has received from Senator Heyburn of Idaho and Representative James R. Mann of Illinois, which dispute the claim of Col. Roosevelt that he was responsible for the enactment of the pure food law of June 30, 1906.

When Dr. Wiley was asked if THE NEW YORK TIMES might have those letters for publication now, he answered with some emphasis:

"You may not. It is part of my plan to make them public in the speech which I shall deliver at Terre Haute, Ind., the night of Oct. 2. They will be part of my first campaign speech. They are good stuff, and show beyond all doubt that Roosevelt's claim that he is responsible for this law is all a myth of the imagination.

"Senator Heyburn was Chairman of the Senate committee, and Representative Mann of the House committee which handled this legislation. They worked very hard to procure its enactment, and if Col. Roosevelt had as much to do with the matter as he claims, they would certainly know it. I wrote to them several weeks ago, asking them to tell me the truth concerning this claim of Mr. Roosevelt's.

"Their replies make it plain that Col. Roosevelt was not then insisting on this legislation, and in fact was less than lukewarm in the matter. He did not help push the bill at a time when his help would have been valuable, and credit for its enactment belongs to others, not to him."

"Who was responsible?" Dr. Wiley was asked.

"The fight for Federal pure food legislation was made thirty years before Roosevelt ever stepped upon the National stage," replied Dr. Wiley. "Sentiment in favor of pure food legislation had been worked up by many persons. I did a little of that work myself. For twenty-five years I participated in that movement.

"But Col. Roosevelt thinks, or says he thinks, that I was fantastically impractical, and for that reason could not have been much assistance in procuring this legislation. I would rather be that than in the boots of Col. Roosevelt, who would have to be practically fantastical to have been able to do the things which would entitle him to credit for pure food legislation.

"I am going to speak off-hand out in Indiana," Dr. Wiley continued. "I shall read no manuscript, but before going there I shall prepare as solemn a statement as possible setting forth the facts. I shall hand that statement to the National Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee, so that it may send it to the morning papers of Oct. 3."

Dr. Wiley said he had written to ex-Speaker Cannon for a statement of his recollections of how the pure food law was passed. He was Speaker of the House at the time.

## DR. WILEY'S NEMESIS RESIGNS

### Dr. Dunlap Quits Federal Bureau of Chemistry for Private Employment.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Dr. Frederick L. Dunlap, member of the Pure Food Board and associate chemist of the Federal Bureau of Chemistry, and an opponent of Dr. Harvey W. Wiley when Dr. Wiley was in control of that bureau, resigned office this afternoon, the resignation to take effect immediately.

In the absence from Washington of both Secretary of Agriculture Wilson and Acting Secretary Hayes, Dr. Dunlap left his letter of resignation in the hands of attachés of Acting Secretary Hayes's office, and told them he intended taking a late afternoon train for New York. His letter announced that he was resigning to accept a position with a chemical company at a higher salary than the Government was paying him.

Officials of the department were not inclined to-night to discuss the resignation of Dr. Dunlap, but it was not a surprise to friends of Dr. Wiley, who interpreted it as meaning the beginning of the end of the group of officials in the Department of Agriculture who were the most vigorous enemies of Dr. Wiley when he was in the Bureau of Chemistry.

"I congratulate the Bureau of Chemistry upon the resignation of Dr. Dunlap," said Dr. Wiley to-night. "I hope that he has learned a good lesson, and that he will not get on the wrong side of questions in the future as he has in the past. I have no antipathy against Dr. Dunlap, and hope he will succeed.

"I think his resignation is a sign of a gradual reorganization of the forces of the Department of Agriculture, which have charge of the enforcement of the pure food law. If Solicitor McCabe, who with Dr. Dunlap was the other member of the Pure Food Board, which generally overruled me in the votes of that board on pure food cases, and also three or four others, should now resign, there will not be much left for Woodrow Wilson to do in the reorganization of that part of the department dealing with the pure food law when he enters the White House.

"This is the beginning of the end of the régime that has been impeding the enforcement of the pure food law. Unless there is complete reform by March 4, I know that Woodrow Wilson, after he becomes President, will attend to the job."

## WHOLE ESTATE TO HUSBAND.

### Mrs. Schlemmer's Children Not Mentioned in Will Disposing of $339,000.

Mrs Matilda Schlemmer of 54 East Eighty-third Street, in her will which was filed in the Surrogates' Court yesterday for probate, bequeathed her entire estate to her husband, William Schlemmer, President and Treasurer of Hammacher, Schlemmer & Co., hardware dealers at 129 Fourth Avenue.

Her property consists of $339,000 in real estate and about $1,000 in personalty. Her children, William F. Schlemmer, of 54 East Eighty-third Street, Mrs. Matilda Schoen, wife of Carl Schoen, of 18 West Sixty-eighth Street, Mrs. Ida Brugh, wife of Edward B. Brugh of Larchmont, N. Y., and Mrs. Clara Lyle, wife of Dr. H. H. M. Lyle of 50 East Fifty-third Street, are not mentioned in the will.

The instrument was drawn in Mrs. Schlemmer's handwriting on ordinary paper in 1879 and was witnessed by C. Loos of 236 Fifth Street and A. H. Stoiber of 101 East Sixty-second Street.

### Weavers to Vote to End Strike.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Sept. 5.—The question of returning to work in the cotton mills of the city will be acted upon by the Weavers' Union at a special meeting to-morrow night. An informal vote to end the strike, which began July 15, was taken by 263 of the weavers this afternoon and resulted in a decision to continue the contest. The vote stood 150 to 113.

# THE BUSINESS WORLD

## LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

### Hatpins and Paste Millinery Ornaments Pay 45 Per Cent.

The decision of the Collector at Chicago was reversed yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers in regard to the levying of 60 per cent. duty, under Paragraph 100, in an importation by Gage Brothers & Co. of hatpins and millinery ornaments composed in chief value as paste. They were returned by the Appraiser as "cut glassware," and were found to be properly dutiable in accordance with the protestant's claim of 45 per cent. under Paragraph 112.

The board refused to set aside the ruling of the Collector at San Francisco on black melon seeds, assessed under Paragraph 266 as seeds not specially provided for. This classification was in accordance with previous rulings, and Shing Shun & Co., the importers, failed to produce any evidence to offset the finding.

## DRY GOODS MARKET ACTIVE.

### Trading Broadens and More Out-of-Town Buyers Are Here.

Trading continued to broaden in the New York dry goods market yesterday, and reports from some quarters of the jobbing end of the trade told of some of the best business done this season. The influx of out-of-town buyers continued, and a few prominent metropolitan buyers were in the market looking around.

The activity of buyers at the continuation of the annual broadcloth sale of one of the dominant factors in the dress goods end of the secondary market was a feature of trading in jobbing circles. The results of the sale were gratifying to the house, and proved that these fabrics have again come into general favor on this side of the Atlantic. Wash goods continued to move well, and trading in this end of the market was said to be thus far this season the best in years. Sellers of prints and ginghams had a generally active day, although the slight softening of prices on the better grades of fine cottons as a result of the prospective settlement of the weavers' strike at New Bedford temporarily retarded buying a little.

There was no recession of the demand for laces, and a fair volume of business was done in embroideries. Reports from the primary market for the latter were indicative of some good spot business, while the first orders sent in from the road for the Spring season showed an encouraging increase in the outside demand. Silks moved well in the principal jobbing centres, and ribbons were taken in good quantity, considering the less favorable reports received from the manufacturers.

There was no particular change noted in the primary market as a whole. Buying was for the most part seasonably active, and requests for prompt shipment of goods on previous orders continued to come in from various parts of the country.

## RIBBON TRADE BELOW MARK.

### Manufacturers Disappointed by Season's Results, but Keep Up Courage.

This ribbon season has been a rather unsatisfactory one from the viewpoint of the manufacturer. The demand from the retail trade has been generally disappointing, and while, according to an official of a prominent Fourth Avenue house, the jobbers have placed some fair-sized orders, the trade results thus far do not bear out the optimistic predictions made several months ago. There has been a growing demand of late for loop-edge ribbons for millinery purposes, but just how far it will go toward bringing the season's total to a fair level is more or less a matter of guesswork.

As yet few prices have been made on ribbons for the Spring, 1913, season. Manufacturers are holding off for the most part and waiting for raw silk prices to reach a definite level before making quotations for the new season. Hope springs eternal from the ribbon trade, and despite the poor Fall manufacturers are inclined to view the future with considerable optimism.

Some business in broad silks has already been placed by the jobbers for the coming season. While it is yet too early for the demand to settle on any particular fabric, advance sales of messalines augur well for a good season, so far as they are concerned. Fancy silks in taffeta and fancy weaves are expected to move well, and in some quarters a good run on foulards is predicted.

## GOOD SEASON FOR DRAPERIES

### Orders for Finer Fabrics Gain in Size and Number.

This has been an excellent season for imported draperies and upholstery fabrics. Buyers have been in the New York market in more than the usual number, and, according to a representative of J. H. Thorp & Co., importers, 230 Fourth Avenue, there was a noticeable increase in the demand for the better grades of these goods. While the volume of business done on the cheaper lines was said to be about equal to that done last year, the orders booked on the finer fabrics show an appreciable gain in size and number over those of a year ago. Western orders were particularly good.

Printed goods—cretonnes, taffetas, printed warps, and old English block prints—experienced one of the best all-around seasons ever known. The latter goods, which embodied patterns originally introduced from Bombay a century or so ago, were very well taken. French velours were also taken in considerable quantities. There was a good demand from high-class decorators for wool tapestries, and, despite a duty that approximated 85 per cent. of the value of the goods, an excellent business was done in them.

## COMPLAIN OF COTTON RATES.

### Exporters Say Railways Have Overcharged Them on Shipments.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Protesting that they had been overcharged many thousands of dollars on export cotton shipments by the railroads of Texas, thirty-eight cotton exporters in Texas, Massachusetts, Louisiana, and Tennessee petitioned the Inter-State Commerce Commission to-day to hear their complaint.

Railroads were accused of illegally increasing the rates for through bills of lading to foreign ports when the Texas Railway Commission reduced local tariffs.

## SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

Mohair rough effects, mackinaws, (through and through,) zibelines, and astrachans are the correct fabrics for Fall motor and other top coats for women. For the new "Johnny" coat plain and fancy broadcloths, or goods of similar weight, will have the call.

Prints and percales are in better demand in the West than in the East, from all accounts. Mercerized poplins, both plain and fancy, colored welts and piques are in generally good repute in middle Western jobbing circles.

Nothing can disturb the primacy of real Irish lace for collars and coat sets. Irish is sure to be one of the leaders this Fall.

There has been a noticeable demand of late for messalines for Spring delivery. Contrary to a statement made recently in one of the daily trade papers, one of the largest Fourth Avenue silk houses reports considerable business in these goods at prices about 5 per cent. above those of a year ago.

## CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

The Governor of Cochin-China has issued a circular to the chief officials of the provinces, telling that the results of the 1911-12 rice season have been very meagre and that there will doubtless be distress in certain sections. It is estimated that the stock available for export will not exceed 500,000 tons for the whole of Cochin-China.

Imports of rabbit skins into the British Isles increased from 453,070 in the first six months of 1911 to 1,287,765 in the same period this year.

Official figures show the total corn exports from Durban in the year ended May 31, 1912, to have been 549,767 bags, (203 pounds each,) against 876,478 bags in 1910-11. This sharp decline was due to the limited crop harvested in several parts of the union last year. The greater part of the exports in both years came from the Transvaal and the Orange Free State.

Canadian goods sold elsewhere in the British Empire in the fiscal year ended March 31, 1912, were valued at $165,241,065, against $124,882,792 worth sold to other countries of the world. Sales to the United States were valued at $102,041,316.

## JAPANESE SILKS GOING UP.

### Shanghai Market Firm and Milan Continues Upward.

The demand for Japanese raw silks is increasing, and, according to advices received in the New York market from Yokohama yesterday, prices are advancing daily. Holders are offering sparingly in expectation of material increases, and many of them have entirely withdrawn from the market. The Shanghai market is reported firm. Steam filatures are scarce and offered at strong prices. Tussahs continue firm, and Shanghai re-reels and tsatless are holding their own. Cables from Canton indicate general firmness in that market, with prices advancing under a good demand from Europe.

Advices from the Milan market received by H. L. Gwalter & Co., 470 Broadway, report continued strength, with the trend of prices distinctly upward. Most of the reelers, particularly those handling classical silks, will be busy for the next few months and are withholding their offers.

There is a slightly better tone in evidence in this market. The continued firmness of the primary markets is arousing more interest among the manufacturers, but prices they want to pay are generally below those quoted at the principal producing points, and transactions are consequently rendered difficult.

## BUSINESS TROUBLES.

REPETTI.—A petition has been filed against Repetti, (a corporation,) manufacturing confectioner of 114 East 124th Street and 2,135 Broadway, by these creditors: Cabell Company, $108; Joseph Henlein, $243, and Max Wolff, $487. Judge Hough appointed William Blau receiver. The liabilities are reported to be $30,000 and assets $15,000. It was said that a meeting of creditors had been held and an offer to reorganize by giving creditors preferred stock for their claims was rejected. A subsequent offer of a third person to buy claims at 25 cents on the dollar was also rejected. Outstanding accounts are estimated at about $5,000.

BRIDGEMAN'S SEED WAREHOUSE.—William C. Rickards, Jr., and Alfred J. Rickards, doing business under the firm name of Bridgeman's Seed Warehouse, Rickard Brothers, proprietors, 37 East Nineteenth Street, have filed a petition with liabilities of $21,194 and assets of $1,381. There are 130 creditors, among whom are the Bank of Westbury, L. I., $710; Saul J. Forbess, Glen Cove, $1,000; B. Smyth & Sons, $2,332, rent; Jerome B. Rice Seed Company, Cambridge, N. Y., $830; Yokohama Nursery Company, $300, and Eldering & Son, Haarlem, Holland, $400.

RACHEL SIMON, residing at 135 Lenox Avenue, has filed a petition with liabilities of $5,600 and no assets. Among the creditors are the German Exchange Bank, $3,500, and Max Lewin, $2,000.

MORTON & KEISER.—Schedules of Morton & Keiser, proprietors of the Folies Bergere restaurant, 1,600 Broadway, show liabilities of $202,723 and assets of $17,300. Among the creditors are the estate of Henry B. Harris, $70,500; S. Liebmann Sons' Brewing Company, $10,000; McNulty Brothers, $9,043; Fleischman Brothers Company, $8,913; Gus Fleischman, $7,500; Greenwich Bank, $5,000; Heineman Brothers, $4,444; Vogel Cabinet Company, $3,091; Metropolitan Service Company, $3,000, and Francis Brothers & Jellett, $3,978. Henry B. Morton has individual liabilities of $4,125.

AUTO FOTO COMPANY.—Judge Hough has appointed Charles L. Brookheim receiver for the Auto Foto Company of 141 West Thirty-sixth Street, bond $1,000, and the Sheriff and Marshal are restrained from removing or transferring the assets. Dispossess proceedings by the landlord were pending. The assets are estimated at $15,000. A plan of reorganization, it is said, is practically completed whereby creditors will receive full payment of their claims in cash, but the plan is contingent upon contracts being fulfilled and the good will of the company preserved.

DAVID DAVIS.—Schedules in the assignment of David Davis, dealer in dry goods, 2,312 Seventh Avenue, show liabilities of $7,197, nominal assets of $4,905, and actual assets of $1,735.

SOLOMON DORFMAN.—Schedules of Solomon Dorfman, dealer in millinery, 388 Grand Street, show liabilities of $2,295 and nominal and actual assets of $150.

MORRIS FINE.—Schedules of Morris Fine, dealer in men's furnishing goods, 159 Tenth Avenue, show liabilities of $2,446, nominal assets of $1,075, and actual assets of $200.

ROYAL WAIST COMPANY.—Judge Hough has appointed Charles L. Brookheim receiver for the Royal Waist Company of 474 Broadway; bond $500.

HACKETT, CARHART & CO., INC., RETAIL.—A meeting of creditors of Hackett, Carhart & Co., Inc., Retail, dealers in clothing, at 265 and 841 Broadway, was held yesterday at the office of Seaman Miller, referee in bankruptcy, 2 Rector Street, to act on an offer of composition at 50 cents on the dollar cash. It was announced that a majority in number and amount of creditors consented to accept the offer, and 189 creditors signed the composition agreement. The matter will come up in the United States District Court on Sept. 16 for confirmation if the details can be got ready for that date.

### JUDGMENTS ENTERED.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Apfel, Sigmund F.—G. W. Fabra, Inc., $125.
Ackerman, Morris—United Produce Co., $146.
Burke, William J.—M. T. Hughes, $1,095.
Braglio, Beniamini—Leon Hirsch, Inc., $124.
Barker, Alfred K.—C. J. Wells, $1,841.
Cohen, Louis—F. Kushner et al., $226.
De Matteo, Frank—Wood & Selick, $107.
Drake, Charles W.—S. H. Raphael, $258.
Fleischman, Joseph—C. H. Bayer, $528.
Fittichauer, Felix—J. Keller, $121.
Fihrer, Rebecca—Hagedorn Brothers, $106.
Hultz, Clarence—Samuel S. Beard & Co., Inc., $108.
Harris, Mollie—Williamstown Glass Co., $108.
Hunte, Elizabeth—Sperry Realty Co., $521.
Koppel, Moses—M. Chigorinsky, $121.
Kane, Robert A.—G. Karsch et al., $936.
Larkin, William J.—Lehn & Fink, $515.
Same—F. M. Spilton et al., $211.
Miller, Sampson—W. L. Fenner, $586.
Maltinsky, Michael—McDermott Dairy Co., $176.
Malerba, Pasquale—E. G. Lyons & Raos Co., $144.
McPherson, William—C. J. Bischoff, $216.
Newitz, Jacob—N. Y. Telephone Co., $106.
Norman, William E.—American Pump and Tank Co., $107.
Pierce, Fannie C.—O. E. Short, $527.
Rosser, Christina—Hencken & Wellenbrock Co., $107.
Schwenker, William—H. Hugo, $1,387.
Stern, Louis—United Produce Co., $191.
Samuels, Louis—Same, $108.
Southgate, Henry—Gimble Bros., N. Y., $107.
Shapiro, Elias—E. J. Gillies et al., $281.
Weinstein, Julius—C. Kurzman et al., $8,641.
Zitler, George, Jr.—Paul Ruinart Champagne Co., $127.
John J. Shea Contracting Co.—City of N. Y., $109.
Real Estate Home Exposition Co.—Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., $133.
Hudson Realty Co.—M. Haffen et al., $941.
Nulaw Realty and Construction Co., Harry C. Guttman—H. Danzig, $276.
Oklahoma Petroleum Co.—A. Williams, $683.
Broadway Millinery and Supply Co.—R. S. Arbib, $180.
Hamburg-American Line—E. Szymchakiewicz, $531.
Traction Materials Co.—S. Salomon et al., $285.

### JUDGMENTS SATISFIED.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

Coleman & Krause—Richard Wilcox Mfg. Co. of N. Y., Sept. 3, 1912, $275.
Esterson, Joseph and Morris—W. Whitman et al., March 21, 1912, $4,024.
Landberg, Samuel, and Max Obrents—L. Goldenberg, June 5, 1912, $140.
Potter, Thomas W.—B. G. Bromley, Oct, 22, 1911, $171.
Rosenfeld, Ernest—University Alliance, June 3, 1912, $264.
Held, R. Johnson—A. A. Mayper, May 15, 1912, (vacated,) $374.


AUCTION SALES.

**Continuation Sale of Oriental Rugs & Carpets**

L. Steiner Co., 51 Greene St., near Grand St., will sell this day, Friday, September 6th, at public auction, by Sam Freidman, Auctioneer, without reserve, at 10:30 A. M., the balance of stock of a prominent importer of Oriental rugs and carpets, valued at $26,000.

This rare opportunity to obtain the finest of Oriental floor coverings at prices that you might expect to pay for domestic goods is one you cannot afford to miss, as every piece must be sold to the highest bidder.

Davis & Vorzimer, Auctioneers, sells Japanese goods, &c., commencing Sept. 9, evenings, Seaside, Rockaway Beach.

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## Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Lasalle & Koch Co., Toledo, Ohio; Miss A. Yerst, laces, trimmings; Wolcott.
Conrad & Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss Doyle, infants', children's wear; Miss Grotjohn, ready to wear; 15 E. 26th.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. E. Babcock, infants' wear; R. L. Cannon, ribbons; F. J. Buckland, jewelry; 115 Worth.
Silverman, M., & Son, Philadelphia, Penn.; W. Silverman, domestics; Latham.
Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Dry Goods Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Miss B. Freiberg, handkerchiefs; Miss A. Wolff, needlework; 214 Church.
Halle Brothers' Company, Cleveland, Ohio; Miss L. L. Price, waists; 220 5th Av.
Baltimore Bargain House, Baltimore, Md.; W. J. Bigler, notions; H. A. Richards, rugs, upholstery goods; 72 Leonard.
Sheldon Dry Goods Co., Columbus Ohio; J. H. Sheldon, notions, fancy goods; 320 Broadway.
Leo, M. J., Buffalo, N. Y.; cloaks, suits, waists, dresses; 32 Union Square.
Siegel, H., Company, Boston, Mass.; R. G. Alexander, bedding; Miss Sutherland, representing; 6th Av., 20th.
Brager, A. A., Baltimore, Md.; George Snapper, carpets, upholstery goods; Latham.
Jordan-Marsh Co., Boston, Mass.; J. T. Hagan, white goods, embroideries; R. W. Day, waists; F. H. Jury, dresses and dressing sacques; C. H. Hurd, hosiery, knit underwear; Mr. Donovan, hosiery; C. Mitten, representing; 31 Union Square.
White, R. H., Co., Boston, Mass.; A. H. Shannon, dress goods, silks, velvets; J. Bell, hosiery, knit underwear, umbrellas; 1,270 Broadway.
Mandel Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; H. McMahon, furniture; Miss F. S. Talarsky, waists, petticoats; 15 East 22d.
Rubin & Hirsh, Jacksonville, Fla.; M. Hirsh, coats, suits, dresses; Room 1,805, 31 Union Square.
Sweeney Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; W. H. Bader, upholstery; 75 Spring.
Reid & Hughes Co., Norwich, Conn.; Miss M. M. Mack, representing; 75 Spring.
Bunce, J. H., Co., Middletown, Penn.; W. W. Daniels, notions, umbrellas, toilet and leather goods; 75 Spring.
Wolfe Millinery Shop, Louisville, Ky.; Mrs. W. Wolfe, millinery; Wellington.
Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; C. M. Morgan, cloaks; 104 Worth; Wellington.
Porteous & Mitchell Co., Norwich, Conn.; J. M. Lee, millinery, ribbons, hosiery, gloves; 55 White; Murray Hill.
Willis, Croll, Smith Co., Norfolk, Va.; W. F. Smyth, carpets; York.
Pike, Richmond Co., Cleveland, O.; E. E. Pike, millinery; Hermitage.
McCreery & Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; L. M. Hayward, silks, dress goods; 214 Church; Cadillac.
New York Store, Phoenix, Ariz.; C. Kornick, general buyer; 221 4th Av.; Flanders.
Frear, William H., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; E. M. Powell, cloaks, suits; Gregorian.
Malley, M. H., Pittsburgh, Penn., cloaks, suits, waists; Collingwood.
Brandon-Durrell Co., South Bend, Ind.; T. H. Brandon, cloaks, waists, hosiery, furn. goods; Collingwood.
Smyth, W. R., & Co., Keene, N. H.; W. R. Smyth linens, hosiery, gloves; York.
Otte, G.

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# FINANCIAL MARKETS

## Further Recovery in Prices—Better Railroad Returns and Steel News Help Advance.

At the high prices of yesterday's session a number oof the active stocks had made up nearly all, if not all, of the loss which they had suffered on Tuesday. Trading in the last two days has been in light volume and the buying has apparently been less insistent than was a good deal of the selling at the opening of the week. From the fact that prices have been advancing in this quiet way it is reasonably to be inferred that Tuesday's movement against the market was not effective in adding materially to the trading supply of stocks. Higher money rates, by calling funds from other centres to this market, have relieved the banks here of part of the task of meeting the demands of this market for funds and to this extent the higher rates have supplied their own corrective so far as their immediate influence on the stock market is concerned. It is plain however, that the money situation may at any time from now on become an active factor in the stock market.

The information of the last two days has served to lay renewed emphasis on the continued forward movement in the steel trade and this stood out yesterday as one of the helpful influences to which the improvement in prices could be attributed. United States Steel, which made a net gain of over a point, was conspicuous in the day's advance. And in other directions, too, signs multiply of the fulfillment of the earlier promises of expanding business. Railroad returns, which are now at hand for the month of July, show in many instances that railroads were able in that month to establish a more favorable relation between gross receipts and expenses which, perhaps, supplies a happy augury of the character of railroad revenue statements during the next few months. The St. Paul's handsome showing for July, apart from the importance of its bearing on the affairs of that individual road, is all the more noteworthy in view of the fact that the territory served by the St. Paul had not yet in that month felt anything like the full influence of the bountiful crops which have been raised in most of the States through which the road passes. If only the railroads can keep their expenses in hand this Fall net earnings should be large, for there can now be very little doubt that traffic will be in volume sufficient to keep in active use the full facilities of the railways. Indeed, shortage of equipment is by no means probable and it will be strange, indeed, if terminal facilities prove adequate at the height of this year's movement of the crops to market. Unfortunately these are conditions which will handicap the management of the railways in making the most of the business which they will have to handle. Present indications are that if expenses are not further increased the railroads will be able to make a creditable showing in the matter of net earnings during the balance of the year. But we are confronted always with the chance of further increases of wages. A reminder of the possibilities in this directioon comes in the shape of the re-convening on Monday next of the Board which is considering the demands of the Eastern railroad engineers for an increase in wages. If increased efficiency of labor went hand in hand with an increase wage there would be ample compensatioon to the railroads for an award which might raise the present scale of wages, but it has not been the general railroad experience that the service performed by labor improves as wages rise.

The Bank of England made a favorable showing in its first weekly report after the advance in its discount rate from 3 per cent. to 4 per cent. but, nevertheless, the London discount market yesterday showed a hardening tendency. Our own money market developed no change during the day.

### MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 3@3¾ per cent., with the last loan at 3 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 3¾ per cent.

Time money rates were offered at 5 per cent. for sixty and ninety days, 5@5½ per cent. for four months, and 5@5¼ per cent. for five and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 5@5½ per cent. for the best names.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $342,832,908; balances, $20,487,783; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $151,547.

The local banks have lost $4,037,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 3½ per cent. for short bills and 3⅝@3 11-16 per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 2¾ per cent., and Berlin, 4⅛ per cent. The money rates were 1¾@2 per cent. in London and 3½ per cent. in Berlin.

The Paris check rate in London was 25 francs 29½ centimes, and the Berlin check rate on London, 20 marks 45 pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8685; demand, $4.86½.
Paris—Cable, 5.19⅝; check, 5.19⅝ less 3-32.
Berlin—Cable, 95¼; check, 95 3-16 less 1-32.
Switzerland—Cable, 5.20; check, 5.20 less 1-32.
Holland—Cable, 40.33; check, 40.31.
Belgium—Cable, 5.20 less 1-32; check, 5.20⅝.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.83⅛; ninety days, $4.81⅜.
London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.83; ninety days, $4.81⅝.
Paris—Bankers', sixty days, 5.22½ plus 1-32; ninety days, 5.23⅛ less 1-16.
Paris—Commercial, sixty days, 5.22½ less 1-32; ninety days, 5.23⅜.
Berlin—Bankers', sixty days, 94½; ninety days, 94⅝.
Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94½; ninety days, 94.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 25c discount; St. Louis, 20c discount; St. Paul, 15c discount; San Francisco, 35c premium; Montreal, 31¼c discount.

### SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted 1-16d lower in London, at 28⅞d, and unchanged in New York, at 62¾c per ounce.

### SHORT TERM NOTES.

| Name. | Matur'ty. | Bid. | Asked. | Yield. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Amal. Copper..5 | Apr. 1,'13 | 100 | 100¼ | 4.50 |
| Balt. & Ohio..4½ | June 1,'13 | 99⅞ | 100 | 4.50 |
| B. R. T. Co...5 | July 1,'13 | 96⅜ | 96⅝ | 5.84 |
| Ches. & Ohio..4½ | June 1,'14 | 98⅝ | 99 | 5.08 |
| C. H. & D. purchase money.4 | July 1,'13 | 98⅛ | 99⅛ | 4.84 |
| Chi. & Alton..5 | Mar. 15,'13 | 98⅜ | 99⅛ | 5.00 |
| Chi. Elev. Rys.5 | July 1,'14 | 97⅜ | 98 | 4.79 |
| Erie .....6 | Apr. 1,'14 | 100 | 100⅛ | 5.82 |
| Erie .....5 | Oct. 1,'14 | 99⅜ | 99⅝ | 5.19 |
| Erie .....5 | Apr. 1,'15 | 98 | 98⅛ | 5.63 |
| Gen. Motors..6 | Oct. 1,'15 | 99¾ | 100 | 6.00 |
| Gen. Rubber..4½ | July 1,'15 | 96½ | 97¼ | 5.57 |
| Hudson Co....6 | Feb. 1,'13 | 99⅝ | 100¼ | 5.40 |
| Illinois Cent..4½ | July 1,'14 | 99¼ | 99½ | 4.79 |
| Int. & Gr. Nor.5 | Aug. 1,'14 | 97½ | 97¾ | 6.26 |
| Int. Harv. Co..5 | Feb. 15,'13 | 100 | 100⅜ | 4.84 |
| Minn. & St. L.5 | Feb. 10,'13 | 93 | 95 | .. |
| Mo., K. & T..5 | May 1,'13 | 98½ | 99 | 6.70 |
| Mo. Pacific....5 | June 1,'14 | 95 | 95¼ | 5.00 |
| N. C. of Mex..4½ | Sep. 1,'13 | 97½ | 98¼ | 6.50 |
| N. Rys. of M..4½ | June 1,'14 | 98¼ | 98½ | 7.05 |
| N. Y. Central..4½ | Mar. 1,'14 | 99½ | 99¾ | 4.76 |
| N. Y. Central..4½ | May 1,'15 | 99 | 99⅜ | 4.75 |
| Southern Ry..5 | Feb. 1,'13 | 100 | 100⅛ | 4.60 |
| U. S. Rubber..6 | Dec. 1,'18 | 104½ | 104¾ | 5.15 |
| Westinghouse..6 | Aug. 1,'13 | 100½ | 100⅝ | 4.94 |

Accrued interest to be added to the above prices.

## TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

**A Rebuilt Gould Line.**

With the publication yesterday of the Missouri Pacific's very favorable earnings statement for July, a banker who has been interested in recent Gould financing said that other roads in the Southwest had at last been made aware of the fact that they have a competitor to reckon with.

"President Bush showed what he could do with the old and heretofore discredited Missouri Pacific last Winter, one of the worst seasons that any road has had to contend with," he said. "All the railroads in the West, and even the spirits of the men operating them, were sorely tried, and many of the transcontinental lines were compelled to 'duck and come under' and salute the frost king as master, but Mr. Bush kept his trains moving right along. If they were a little behind they were not far; if kept down by snow drifts for a while it was not for long; if one engine could not buffet her way and make good time another was added, and on the train came. All through last Winter's trying weather passengers in the company's territory were wont to say, 'Get to the Missouri Pacific and she'll bring you.' The Missouri Pacific, including the Iron Mountain, showed an increase in net of $760,000 in July, and the August net is expected to show proportionately well."

***

**The Iron Mountain's Position.**

The St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern has more than shared in the parent company's increased business. Operated separately, its gross increase for July was $442,000, and of the Missouri Pacific system's gross gain of $531,000 for the first three weeks of August the Iron Mountain's share was $302,000. The Iron Mountain recently created a $200,000,000 refunding mortgage to enable it to finance itself independently of the Missouri Pacific, and the indications are that the latter company will be able to stand on its own feet from now on. It was not so very many years ago that the Iron Mountain was a very prosperous railroad company. From 1902 to 1904 it paid 10 per cent. a year in dividends; from January, 1905, to July, 1906, a period of eighteen months, 14 per cent. in dividends, and in 1907, 10 per cent. again. In the last fiscal year the road earned a surplus of $2,122,000, out of which it declared a dividend of 4 per cent. on its $44,000,000 of capital stock, practically all of which is owned by the Missouri Pacific.

***

**New High Records.**

Yesterday's market gave traders an excellent opportunity to resume the upward movement of the specialties, which had been bowling along merrily until the slump of last Tuesday called a halt. They took hold of Mexican Petroleum and rushed it from 77 to 83¼, at which point it made a new high record, with a gain of 6¼ points for the day. Sears-Roebuck, following the report of a new high level for the mail order business and the prospect of a $4,500,000 surplus, advanced to 207½, which is also a new high price. American Tobacco recovered 4⅝ points of its recent setback, while Canadian Pacific advanced 2½, Texas Company 8 points, and Westinghouse 2 points.

***

**No Chinese Loan Yet.**

If the members of the syndicate formed to advance this country's allotment of the Six Powers' loan to China, when that country can no longer avoid borrowing, are at all nervous they have been given frequent cause to worry in recent months over reports that China had obtained her money from other sources. These stories have appeared from every quarter. The latest one, published yesterday morning, reported that the Lloyds Union of London Banks had arranged to advance $50,000,000 to the Chinese Government. If such an arrangement has been made, the syndicate members have not been informed of it, and they were consequently skeptical about the truth of the report yesterday. The bankers believe that eventually China must adopt a broad financing policy and agree to the terms laid down for the $300,000,000 loan.

***

**Early Cotton Reports.**

In advance of the Government's first ginning report of the season, which will be published Sept. 9, advices from private sources in various districts of the cotton belt point to large yields in most instances. From the Abilene section of Texas a spot cotton firm predicts that crops will be 25 to 30 per cent. better than last year. Advices from Jackson, Miss., tell of free arrivals of the staple from the boll weevil districts, where, although the season was late, the planters have apparently been able to grow a crop and pick it ahead of the time for insect ravages. Cotton receipts at Savannah up to Aug. 31 are nearly 1,000,000 bales ahead of the previous year, and would have been still larger, local authorities report, but for the disputes with German buyers over penalization and other details of deliveries. The crop as a whole, however, is still far from assured. The large amount of late cotton makes the danger of early frost even more of a hazard than is normally the case.

***

**Heavy Steel Output.**

During the first half of the current year the production of steel in the United States broke all records. The official figures, just compiled by the American Iron and Steel Institute, show a production of 14,373,701 tons, or an annual rate of 28,750,000 gross tons, which compares with 1910's record production of 26,094,919 tons. In 1911 the steel output was 23,676,106 tons. The heavy volume of business on the books of the steel companies points to a continuance of the large volume of steel production to the end of the year, and leads steel authorities to predict that the indications of a record output this year will be borne out.

### METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday trading was moderately active. Copper was quoted at 17¼ bid with none offered. Tin was firm, 25 tons of November delivery selling at 47.25. Lead was up 10 points in the bid, 200,000 pounds of East St. Louis spot delivery selling at 4.72½.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

| | Thursday. Bid. | Asked. | Wednesday. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Stand. Copper— | | | | |
| Spot | 17.25 | .. | 17.25 | 17.75 |
| September | 17.25 | .. | 17.25 | 17.75 |
| October | 17.25 | .. | 17.32½ | 17.75 |
| November | 17.25 | .. | 17.32½ | 17.75 |
| Lead | 4.85 | 5.20 | 4.75 | 5.20 |
| Spelter | 7.25 | 7.50 | 7.25 | 7.50 |
| Tin | 47.50 | 48.00 | 47.20 | 47.37½ |

On the London Metal Exchange yesterday, the following table of prices obtained for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These prices make comparison with Wednesday's closing as follows:

| | Thursday. £ s. d. | Wed'day. £ s. d. |
|---|---|---|
| Copper, spot | 79 2 6 | 78 16 3 |
| Copper, futures | 79 13 9 | 79 5 0 |
| Pig tin, spot | 217 10 0 | 216 5 0 |
| Pig tin, futures | 215 10 0 | 214 0 0 |

The market finished firm. Spanish pig lead was up 10s. at £21 15s. Spelter was unchanged, at £26 15s. Cleveland warrants were up 6d. at 85s 1½d.

**Banker Forgan Is Optimistic.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, Sept. 5.—Concerning monetary conditions, David R. Forgan of this city said to-day: "Within the last few weeks there has been a further shifting of investments by the banks, and the demand for money from mercantile sources has enlarged to such an extent as to force many banking institutions to convert securities into cash, so as to build up their reserve account and place their affairs in position to make heavy advances to their customers in the near future. This is altogether a healthful condition of affairs."

# OUTSIDE SECURITIES

## Many Substantial Gains, with Trading in Fair Volume in the Curb Market.

There were a number of substantial advances in the curb market yesterday, with trading in fair volume. The tobacco issues were strong and active. British-American sold 8,500 shares between 24¾ and 25⅝, the close being 25½. United Cigar Stores of America sold 5,000 between 98¼ and 99¾, closing at 99⅝. In the mining list Braden and British Columbia each closed ⅛ above opening levels, and Giroux ¼ up. United Copper appeared in the trading with transactions of 1,000 shares from 1¼ up to 1⅝.

***

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

| Sales. | | Open. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 830.. | *Allied Sec. Co. | 89 | 91 | 89 | 91 |
| 8,500.. | Brit.-Am. Tob. | 24⅞ | 25⅝ | 24¾ | 25½ |
| 1,000.. | Emerson-Brant. | 77¾ | 77¾ | 77¾ | 77¾ |
| 750.. | Do pf. | 102¾ | 103 | 102¾ | 103 |
| 100.. | Houston Oil ... | 16½ | 16½ | 16½ | 16½ |
| 200.. | Int. Rub. t. c.. | 12½ | 12½ | 12 | 12 |
| 100.. | S. S. Kresge... | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| 100.. | Man. Shirt Co.. | 58½ | 58½ | 58½ | 58½ |
| 225.. | Man. Tran. | 2 3-16 | 12½ | 2 3-16 | 2¼ |
| 1,000.. | Marc., Am., new | 8¼ | 8½ | 8¼ | 8½ |
| 1,000.. | *Mays Oil | 30 | 32 | 30 | 32 |
| 790.. | Penn. Textile... | 22 | 22½ | 22 | 22⅝ |
| 100.. | Pettibone-M. | 30½ | 30½ | 30½ | 30½ |
| 125.. | S. O. of N. J.. | 413 | 413 | 411 | 411 |
| 15.. | S. O. of N. Y.. | 585 | 585 | 583 | 585 |
| 5,000.. | U. C. S. Co. of America | 99 | 99¾ | 99¼ | 99⅝ |
| 75.. | Do pf. | 118¼ | 118⅝ | 118½ | 118⅝ |
| 200.. | U. S. Motors.. | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ |
| 800.. | Do pf. | 12 | 12 | 10½ | 10½ |

RAILROAD.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 100.. | Chi. Sub. full pd | 4½ | 4½ | 4½ | 4½ |

MINING STOCKS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 250.. | Alas. G. M., w.i. | 8 | 8 | 7⅞ | 7⅞ |
| 400.. | *Beaver Con. | 45 | 46 | 45 | 46 |
| 700.. | *Big Four | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 700.. | Braden Copper | 7 | 7½ | 7 | 7½ |
| 500.. | Brit. Col. Cop. | 5¼ | 5⅜ | 5¼ | 5⅜ |
| 5,000.. | Con. Ariz. Sm. | ⅝ | ⅝ | ⅝ | ⅝ |
| 100.. | Davis-Daly Cop. | 2⅜ | 2⅜ | 2⅜ | 2⅜ |
| 1,000.. | Diamond B. B. | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| 100.. | Diamond F. D. | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| 3,500.. | El Paso Con. | 1⅛ | 1 3-16 | 1⅛ | 1 3-16 |
| 500.. | Giroux Mining.. | 5⅜ | 5⅜ | 5¼ | 5⅜ |
| 200.. | Greene-Cananea | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 1,700.. | La Rose Con.. | 2 15-16 | 2 15-16 | 2¾ | 2 13-16 |
| 100.. | Mason Valley.. | 12¾ | 12¾ | 12¾ | 12¾ |
| 400.. | Mines of Am... | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3⅛ | 3¼ |
| 700.. | McK.-Darragh.. | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 100.. | *M. M. & Leas. | 61 | 61 | 61 | 61 |
| 150.. | Nevada Hills... | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 100.. | O. Cop. 1st pf.. | 13-16 | 13-16 | 13-16 | 13-16 |
| 6,800.. | Pac. Smelt..... | 7-32 | 5-16 | 7-32 | 5-16 |
| 200.. | Silver K. Con.. | ⅞ | ⅞ | ⅞ | ⅞ |
| 200.. | Stewart ..... | 1 7-16 | 1 7-16 | 1 7-16 | 1 7-16 |
| 3,700.. | Tonopah Merg.. | 96 | 96 | 95 | 95 |
| 1,700.. | Tularosa ..... | 1 | 1 | ⅝ | 15-16 |
| 1,000.. | Tuolumne Cop. | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | 2⅞ | 2⅞ |
| 1,000.. | United Copper.. | 1¼ | 1⅝ | 1¼ | 1⅝ |
| 3,300.. | West End Ext. | 33 | 34 | 33 | 34 |
| 16,000.. | *Wet. S. Mines. | 40 | 42 | 39 | 42 |

BONDS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $11,000.. | B. R. T. 5% notes | 96⅞ | 96⅞ | 96⅞ | 96⅞ |

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

***

The bid and asked prices of listed stocks and bonds of which there were no sales on the Curb yesterday make these comparisons with those of Wednesday:

INDUSTRIALS.

| | Sept. 5. Bid. | Asked. | Sept. 4. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. W. W. & G. Co. pf.. | 99½ | 100 | 99 | 99½ |
| Am. Writing Paper... | 3 | 4 | 3 | 4 |
| Bay State Gas ..... | 7-16 | ½ | 7-16 | ½ |
| Borden's Cond. Milk.. | 122½ | 123½ | 123 | 124 |
| Borden's Cond. Milk pf. | 107½ | 109 | 109 | 110 |
| Con. Rubber Tire..... | 13 | 16 | 14 | 16 |
| Con. Rubber Tire pf... | 50 | 60 | 50 | 60 |
| Havana Tobacco ..... | 5 | 7 | 5 | 7 |
| Havana Tobacco pf.... | 9 | 14 | 9 | 14 |
| Houston Oil pf..... | 66¼ | 67 | 66¼ | 67 |
| International Salt ..... | 3 | 6 | 3 | 6 |
| J. I. Case pf..... | 101 | 102 | 101 | 102 |
| Kayser ..... | 90 | 92 | 90 | 92 |
| Kayser pf ..... | 109 | 110 | 109 | 110 |
| Kolb Bakery pf..... | .. | 98⅝ | .. | 98⅝ |
| S. S. Kresge pf..... | 102½ | 103 | 102½ | 103 |
| Lehigh Val. C. S. Co.. | 245 | 247 | 245 | 247 |
| McAndrews & Forbes:.. | 190 | 200 | 190 | 200 |
| Manhattan Shirt Co. pf. | 100¼ | 100½ | 100 | 100½ |
| N. Y. Transportation.. | 5 | 6 | 5 | 6 |
| Otis Elevator ..... | 71 | 75 | 71 | 73 |
| Otis Elevator pf..... | 102 | 104 | 102 | 104 |
| Patitbone-Mulliken pf... | 101½ | 102 | 101½ | 102 |
| Porto Rican-Am. Tob.. | 285 | 295 | 285 | 295 |
| R. J. Reynolds... | 210 | 250 | 210 | 250 |
| Standard Oil, old..... | 1,110 | 1,125 | 1,110 | 1,125 |
| U. S. Lt. & H., new... | 19 | 19½ | 19 | 19½ |
| U. S. Lt. & H. pf., new | 85 | 86 | 85 | 86 |
| J. S. Young ..... | 170 | 180 | 170 | 180 |

RAILROADS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. Light & Traction.. | 424 | 428 | 424 | 428 |
| Am. Light & Tr. pf... | 111 | 113 | 111 | 113 |
| Louis. & Nash. rts.. | 10 | 10½ | 10 | 10½ |

MINING STOCKS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Butte-New York ..... | 1⅝ | 1⅞ | 1⅝ | 1⅞ |
| Caledonia Mining..... | 25 | 30 | 25 | 30 |
| C. O. D. Consolidated. | 10 | 11 | 10 | 11 |
| First National ..... | 2 | 2¼ | 2 | 2¼ |
| Florence ..... | 94 | 96 | 94 | 96 |
| Gold Hill ..... | ⅛ | ¼ | ⅛ | ¼ |
| *Greenwater ..... | 5 | 6 | 5 | 6 |
| Kerr Lake ..... | 2½ | 2⅝ | 2½ | 2⅝ |
| Keystone ..... | 2¼ | 2½ | 2¼ | 2½ |
| Mofioide Gold ..... | 15-16 | 1 | 15-16 | 1 |
| Nipissing Mines Co.... | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8¼ | 8½ |
| South Live Oak ..... | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| South U. M. & S..... | ½ | ⅝ | ½ | ⅝ |
| Tonopah Mining ..... | 7⅝ | 7½ | 7⅜ | 7½ |
| Tonopah Extension.... | 2⅜ | 2⅝ | 2⅜ | 2⅝ |
| Tri-Bullion ..... | 7-16 | ½ | 7-16 | ½ |
| United Copper pf..... | 7 | 20 | 8 | 20 |
| Yukon Gold Mines.... | 3½ | 3⅝ | 3½ | 3⅝ |

BONDS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Beth. Steel 5s..... | 88 | 88¼ | 88 | 88¼ |
| Braden Copper 6s..... | 145 | 147 | 145 | 147 |
| Braden Copper 7s.... | 144 | 147 | 144 | 147 |
| Chicago Elevated 5s.. | 97⅛ | 98⅛ | 97⅞ | 98⅛ |
| Mason Valley 6s..... | 131 | 133 | 131 | 133 |
| New York City 4½s... | 100⅜ | 100⅝ | 100⅜ | 100⅝ |
| N. Y. S. 4s, new..... | 100¼ | 100½ | 100¼ | 100½ |
| Pennsylvania T. 6s.... | 98½ | 99 | 98½ | 99 |

*Sells cents per share. †Ex rights.

### STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

| | Thursday. Bid. | Asked. | Wednesday. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Anglo-American Oil Co. | 17½ | 18½ | 17½ | 18 |
| Atlantic Refining Co... | 740 | 750 | 740 | 750 |
| Borne-Scrymser Co..... | 270 | 300 | 270 | 300 |
| Buckeye Pipe Line Co. | 198 | 198 | 193 | 198 |
| Cheough Mfg. Co. Con. | 825 | 850 | 830 | 850 |
| Colonial Oil Co..... | 180 | 200 | 185 | 200 |
| Continental Oil Co.... | 910 | 950 | 910 | 950 |
| Crescent Pipe Line Co. | 75 | 82 | 73 | 78 |
| Cumberland P. L. Co., Inc. | 85 | 90 | 85 | 90 |
| Eureka Pipe Line Co... | 430 | 440 | 430 | 440 |
| Galena Signal Oil Co.. | 260 | 270 | 260 | 270 |
| Galena Signal Oil Co., pf. | 135 | 145 | 137 | 145 |
| Indiana Pipe Line Co... | 124 | 128 | 123 | 128 |
| National Transit Co.... | 52 | 54 | 52 | 54 |
| New York Transit Co.. | 390 | 397 | 390 | 400 |
| Northern Pipe Line Co. | 140 | 150 | 150 | 160 |
| Ohio Oil Co..... | 126 | 130 | 121 | 123 |
| Prairie Oil & Gas Co.. | 333 | 340 | 335 | 345 |
| Solar Refining Co..... | 805 | 825 | 800 | 825 |
| Southern Pipe Line Co. | 292 | 297 | 290 | 297 |
| South Penn Oil Co.... | 875 | 895 | 875 | 900 |
| S. W. Penn. Pipe Lines. | 190 | 200 | 190 | 197 |
| Standard Oil Co. (Cal.) | 172 | 177 | 173 | 178 |
| Standard Oil Co. (Ind.). | 275 | 280 | 275 | 280 |
| Stand. Oil Co. (Kan.). | 560 | 595 | 580 | 600 |
| Stand. Oil Co. (Neb.).. | 325 | 370 | 380 | 390 |
| Stand. Oil Co. (N. J.). | 410 | 415 | 410 | 415 |
| Stand. Oil Co. (N. Y.). | 580 | 590 | 585 | 590 |
| Stand. Oil Co. (Ohio).. | 315 | 330 | 320 | 330 |
| Stand. Oil Co. subsid. "en bloc"..... | 695 | 720 | 685 | 715 |
| Standard Oil Co. old stock "all on"... | 1,105 | 1,135 | 1,095 | 1,130 |
| Swan & Finch Co..... | 270 | 300 | 275 | 300 |
| Union Tank Line Co.... | 87 | 90 | 86 | 90 |
| Vacuum Oil Co..... | 191 | 196 | 193 | 197 |
| Washington Oil Co.... | 25 | 35 | 25 | 33 |
| Waters-Pierce Oil Co. | 1,40 | 1,600 | 1,400 | 1,600 |

### TOBACCO STOCKS.

This list comprises those tobacco stocks not listed on the Stock Exchange:

| | Sept. 5. Bid. | Asked. | Sept. 4. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| British-Am. ex rights. | 25¼ | 25⅝ | 24¾ | 24⅞ |
| Conley Foil ..... | 300 | 310 | 300 | 310 |
| Johnson Tinfoil & Met. | 175 | 190 | 175 | 190 |
| J. S. Young..... | 175 | 183 | 175 | 183 |
| MacAndrews & Forbes. | 208 | 210 | 203 | 210 |
| R. J. Reynolds ex rts.. | 220 | 250 | 220 | 250 |
| R. J. Reynolds rights.. | 30 | 50 | 30 | 50 |
| United C. S., w. i.... | 99¼ | 99½ | 98⅝ | 98¾ |
| United C. S. pf., w. i.. | 118½ | 119⅛ | 118½ | 119½ |

### THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and for the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal years as follows:

| | Sept. 4. | Month. | Fiscal Year. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Customs ..... | $1,166,385 | $1,423,533 | $59,775,417 |
| Internal rev.... | 1,038,035 | 1,558,985 | 51,953,790 |
| Corp. tax ..... | 29,683 | 29,908 | 1,718,723 |
| Miscellaneous... | 55,594 | 119,381 | 9,235,343 |
| Tot. receipts.. | $2,286,699 | $2,971,948 | $122,713,294 |
| Expenditures... | 757,845 | 4,862,059 | 128,457,228 |
| Surplus ..... | 1,528,853 | *1,890,110 | *5,743,943 |

*Deficit.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was:

Working balance in Treasury offices, $58,-515,013; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $34,-207,950.

The total of the general fund was $152,545,-847.

# STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

## Houston Oil Makes New High Record —Sears-Roebuck Up.

Trading was generally active in other cities yesterday, as reported in special dispatches to THE TIMES.

In Baltimore Houston Oil shares, both common and preferred, and United Railways notes were in active demand, and all registered new high records.

In Boston the feature was a further drop of 7¼, to 91½, in Wolverine. There was a rally of 5½ in the early afternoon. Other mining stocks were firm, even strong. United Fruit rallied 1, to 180. The general list was quiet but firm all around.

In Chicago the stock market was more active as a result of the aggressive buying of Sears-Roebuck common, which carried prices rapidly from 203½ to 207½, with only a moderate subsequent reaction. National Carbon was also lifted 2 points, but the trading was light. Small gains were made by People's Gas, Pacific Gas, American Can common, Union Carbide, and Swift shares. About the only declines of consequence were those recorded by Quaker Oats common and Public Service preferred. Quaker Oats dropped 3 points between sales. Chicago Railway 5s and Chicago Telephone 5s sold off a shade, while Diamond Match debenture 6s sold 2 points higher, to 110.

In Philadelphia transactions broadened out to a marked degree, and a number of issues which have been stagnant of late came to the fore. Philadelphia Rapid Transit was one of these. Buying orders found the market bare of the stock, and the price rose quickly from 26 to 26⅞, the highest quotation since 1910. Union Traction was slow to follow its kindred issue, but gradually hardened in the late dealings. The close found both near their best prices. A jump of about a point in Storage Battery attracted attention to that stock, which has been dormant of late. Cambria Steel continued to display activity.

**BALTIMORE.**

STOCKS.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 70.. | At. C. L. of Conn. | 269 | 269 | 269 |
| 10.. | Con. Coal ..... | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 145.. | Con. Power pf..... | 113 | 113 | 113 |
| 30.. | Finance & Trust pf... | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 125.. | G. B. S. Brew..... | 4¾ | 4¾ | 4¾ |
| 1,185.. | Houston Oil com. t. c. | 16½ | 16¼ | 16½ |
| 305.. | Houston Oil pf. t. c... | 67⅞ | 67½ | 67⅝ |
| 35.. | Mercantile Trust ..... | 154 | 153 4-5 | 154 |
| 90.. | Northern Central .... | 126 | 126 | 126 |
| 845.. | United Rys. ..... | 26¾ | 25¼ | 26¼ |
| 100.. | Union Trust ..... | 63 | 63 | 63 |

BONDS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| $1,000.. | Cotton Duck 5s..... | 74½ | 74½ | 74½ |
| 2,000.. | Con. Coal ref. 5s..... | 53⅜ | 53⅜ | 53⅜ |
| 2,000.. | Fairmont Coal 5s..... | 96¼ | 96¼ | 96¼ |
| 1,000.. | G. B. S. Brewing 4s.. | 51¾ | 51¾ | 51¾ |
| 3,000.. | N. O., M. & Chi. 5s.. | 88⅝ | 88⅝ | 88⅝ |
| 4,000.. | Norf. Ry. & Lt. 5s... | 99¾ | 99¾ | 99¾ |
| 1,000.. | Nor. Cent. 5s, Series D | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 2,000.. | Seaboard 4s, stamped. | 86¾ | 86¾ | 86¾ |
| 47,000.. | United Rys. notes.... | 105¼ | 104½ | 105¼ |
| 19,000.. | United Rys. inc..... | 65½ | 65⅜ | 65½ |
| 2,000.. | United Rys. 4s..... | 85 | 84⅞ | 85 |
| 2,000.. | Wilming. (N. C.) 6s, 1919. | 105¼ | 105¼ | 105¼ |
| 2,000.. | Wash., B. & A. 5s.... | 90½ | 90½ | 90½ |

**BOSTON.**

RAILROADS.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 20.. | Boston & Albany..... | 214½ | 215½ | 215½ |
| 20.. | Boston, Elev ..... | 125½ | 125 | 125 |
| 7.. | Bos. & Lowell..... | 205 | 205 | 205 |
| 1.. | Boston & Maine..... | 97½ | 97½ | 97½ |
| 49.. | Fitchburg pf ..... | 125 | 125 | 125 |
| 8.. | Maine Cent. rts..... | 12½ | 12½ | 12½ |
| 128.. | Mass. El. pf. sta..... | 77⅝ | 77 | 77¼ |
| 352.. | Mass. El. frac. rts.... | 19c | 19c | 19½c |
| 55.. | N. Y., N. H. & H. R. | 139 | 138½ | 139 |
| 27.. | Old Colony R. R..... | 180 | 180 | 180 |
| 10.. | West End St

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100 INTERN'L NICKEL STOCK & RTS.
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100 PENNA. WATER & POWER
50 ROYAL BAKING POWDER PFD.
10 SINGER MANUFACTURING
100 UNION CARBIDE

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Chicago New York


## NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday, Sept. 5, 1912.

Total sale Sept. 5, 1912..... 275,649
From Jan. 1, 1912..... 86,396,096
Same period last year..... 75,202,728

| Closing Bid. | Closing Ask. | Sales. | | First. | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Change. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1⅛ | 1½ | 100 | Allis-C. tr. rcts.1st pd | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ | + ⅛ |
| 87½ | 87⅝ | 17,900 | Amalgamated Copper | 86¼ | 87⅝ | 86¼ | 87⅝ | +1⅝ |
| 100½ | 101 | 200 | Am. Agricul. Chem.pf | 100⅞ | 100⅞ | 100⅞ | 100⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 74⅜ | 75 | 1,000 | Am. Beet Sugar | 74 | 74⅞ | 74 | 74⅞ | +1 |
| 97½ | 99½ | 100 | Am. Brake Shoe & F. | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 | +1½ |
| 39⅝ | 39½ | 2,350 | Am. Can | 38¾ | 39⅜ | 38⅝ | 39⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 60⅜ | 61¼ | 700 | Am. Car & Foundry | 61 | 61½ | 61 | 61 | + ½ |
| 76½ | 76⅝ | 115 | Am. Cities pf | 76⅝ | 76⅝ | 76⅝ | 76⅝ | ... |
| 55 | 55⅛ | 1,600 | Am. Cotton Oil | 54⅝ | 55 | 54⅝ | 55 | + ⅝ |
| 5⅞ | 6 | 700 | Am. Hide & Leather | 5½ | 5⅝ | 5½ | 5⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 27½ | 28 | 300 | Am. Hide & Leath.pf | 27⅛ | 27½ | 27⅛ | 27½ | +1⅛ |
| 23½ | 23½ | 300 | Am. Ice Securities | 23¼ | 23¼ | 23 | 23¼ | ... |
| 14⅛ | 14⅜ | 400 | Am. Linseed | 13½ | 14 | 13½ | 14 | + ½ |
| 36½ | 37 | 300 | Am. Linseed pf | 35⅞ | 36⅝ | 35⅞ | 36⅝ | +1 |
| 44½ | 44⅝ | 800 | Am. Locomotive | 44 | 44⅝ | 44 | 44⅝ | + ⅝ |
| 17½ | 17⅝ | 400 | Am. Malt | 16½ | 17 | 16½ | 17 | + ½ |
| 68 | 68½ | 900 | Am. Malt pf | 67 | 68½ | 67 | 68½ | -2 |
| 86 | 86¼ | 3,200 | Am. Smelt. & Ref | 85½ | 86¾ | 85½ | 86⅛ | +1⅛ |
| 194¼ | 194½ | 3,800 | Am. Snuff | 196 | 196⅛ | 194 | 194½ | +2⅜ |
| 37⅛ | 38 | 100 | Am. Steel Foundries | 37⅜ | 37⅝ | 37¾ | 37⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 126½ | 127 | 700 | Am. Sugar Refining | 126 | 126⅞ | 126 | 126⅞ | + ⅞ |
| 144⅜ | 145 | 500 | Am. Teleph. & Teleg | 144⅝ | 144⅞ | 144⅝ | 144⅞ | + ½ |
| 268 | 269 | 2,400 | Am. Tobacco | 264 | 271¾ | 264 | 268½ | +4⅝ |
| 106 | 106¾ | 266 | Am. Tobacco pf. new | 105¾ | 106 | 105¾ | 106 | + ¼ |
| 28¼ | 29 | 100 | Am. Woolen | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | ... |
| 37 | 37½ | 325 | Am. Writing Paper pf | 36½ | 36¾ | 36½ | 36½ | ... |
| 45 | 45⅛ | 5,200 | Anaconda Copper Co | 45 | 45⅝ | 44⅞ | 45 | + ⅛ |
| 108⅜ | 108½ | 1,500 | Atch., Top. & S. F. | 108⅛ | 108½ | 108⅛ | 108½ | + ½ |
| 101⅞ | 102 | 50 | Atch., Top. & S. F. pf. | 101⅞ | 101⅞ | 101⅞ | 101⅞ | ... |
| 142⅜ | 143⅜ | 300 | Atlantic Coast Line | 142½ | 143 | 142½ | 143 | +1 |
| 106 | 106⅝ | 600 | Baldwin Loco. pf | 106½ | 106⅝ | 106 | 106 | ... |
| 107⅛ | 107⅝ | 300 | Baltimore & Ohio | 107¼ | 107¼ | 107¼ | 107¼ | + ½ |
| ... | ... | 85 | Bank of Commerce | 203⅜ | 204 | 203½ | 204 | ... |
| ... | ... | 10 | Bank of New York | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | ... |
| 40¼ | 40¼ | 1,100 | Bethlehem Steel | 39½ | 40¼ | 39½ | 40 | + ⅛ |
| 91 | 91½ | 1,800 | Brooklyn Rapid Tran. | 90½ | 91½ | 90¼ | 91¼ | +1 |
| 275⅝ | 275½ | 4,000 | Canadian Pacific | 273 | 275½ | 273 | 275½ | +2½ |
| 29½ | 29⅝ | 1,400 | Central Leather Co | 29⅜ | 29⅝ | 29¼ | 29⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 81⅞ | 82⅛ | 2,000 | Chesapeake & Ohio | 81⅜ | 82¼ | 81⅜ | 82 | + ⅛ |
| 18⅜ | 19⅛ | 400 | Chicago Gt. Western | 18½ | 18⅝ | 18½ | 18⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 106¾ | 107 | 3,300 | Chi., Mil. & St. Paul | 106 | 107½ | 106 | 107 | +1¼ |
| 141 | 144 | 10 | Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf. | 141 | 141 | 141 | 141 | ... |
| 139½ | 140 | 200 | Chi. & Northwestern | 138¾ | 139 | 138¾ | 139 | + ¼ |
| 40 | 40⅛ | 1,000 | Chino Copper | 40 | 40⅛ | 39⅞ | 40⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 55 | 58 | 200 | Clev., C., C. & St. L. | 55½ | 55½ | 55 | 55 | -8 |
| 33⅝ | 33½ | 400 | Colorado Fuel & Iron | 33½ | 33½ | 33¼ | 33½ | + ⅜ |
| 15⅜ | 16 | 800 | Corn Products Ref. | 15½ | 15⅞ | 15½ | 15⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 84½ | 85 | 100 | Corn Products Ref.pf. | 84½ | 84½ | 84½ | 84½ | ... |
| 21⅞ | 22¼ | 100 | Denver & Rio Grande | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | ... |
| 38 | 38½ | 500 | Den. & Rio Grande pf. | 38 | 38⅝ | 38 | 38⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 33⅞ | 34¼ | 500 | Distillers' Securities | 33½ | 34 | 33½ | 34 | + ⅝ |
| 97 | 99½ | 100 | Du Pont Powder pf. | 97½ | 97½ | 97½ | 97½ | +2½ |
| 5,800 | | | Erie | 36 | 36⅝ | 36 | 36⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 53⅝ | 54 | 600 | Erie 1st pf | 53¼ | 53⅝ | 53¼ | 53⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 110 | 115 | 10 | General Chemical pf. | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 | ... |
| 183½ | 184 | 3,200 | General Electric | 182½ | 184 | 182⅝ | 183½ | +1 |
| 81⅝ | 82 | 100 | General Motors pf | 82 | 82 | 82 | 82 | + ½ |
| 186 | 191 | 100 | Geo. W. Helme Co | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | +2 |
| 3½ | 3¾ | 4,100 | Goldfiled Consol | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | ... |
| 74¾ | 75¼ | 600 | Goodrich (B. F.) Co | 76 | 76 | 75 | 75 | -1 |
| 106 | 106½ | 150 | Goodr'h (B. F.) Co. pf. | 106⅝ | 106⅝ | 106⅝ | 106⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 139 | 139¼ | 1,300 | Great Northern pf | 139 | 139¼ | 139 | 139 | +1 |
| 46½ | 46⅝ | 1,200 | Gt. N. certs. ore prop. | 46½ | 46½ | 46½ | 46½ | + ¼ |
| 58 | 58½ | 200 | Guggenheim Explor. | 58 | 58¼ | 58 | 58¼ | + ¼ |
| 95½ | 97 | 100 | Homestake Mining | 97 | 97 | 97 | 97 | +1 |
| 130 | 131½ | 100 | Illinois Central | 130 | 130 | 130 | 130 | ... |
| 19½ | 19¾ | 525 | Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs. | 19¾ | 19⅞ | 19¾ | 19⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 58⅜ | 58⅞ | 800 | Inter.-Met. pf. | 58¾ | 58⅞ | 58⅝ | 58⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 16 | 16½ | 200 | Int. Paper | 16¼ | 16¼ | 16 | 16 | - ¼ |
| 80 | 81⅛ | 20 | Int. Steam Pump pf. | 81 | 81 | 81 | 81 | ... |
| 43½ | 44⅜ | 100 | Lackawanna Steel | 44⅜ | 44⅝ | 44⅜ | 44⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 168⅝ | 169¼ | 5,400 | Lehigh Valley | 168¼ | 169⅛ | 168¼ | 169 | +1⅛ |
| 210 | 212 | 310 | Liggett & Myers | 211 | 211 | 211 | 211 | +2 |
| 43½ | | 700 | Loose-Wiles Biscuit | 44 | 44 | 43⅝ | 43⅞ | -2 |
| 163 | 163¼ | 400 | Louisville & Nash | 162⅜ | 163¼ | 162⅜ | 163¼ | +1⅛ |
| 79 | 80⅛ | 100 | May Dept. Stores | 79½ | 79½ | 79½ | 79½ | - ⅝ |
| 20¼ | 20⅜ | 100 | Mercantile Marine pf. | 20⅛ | 20⅜ | 20¼ | 20⅛ | ... |
| 83⅝ | 83½ | 31,500 | Mexican Petroleum | 77⅝ | 83⅜ | 77⅝ | 83¼ | +6¼ |
| 29½ | 29⅝ | 600 | Miami Copper | 29⅜ | 29½ | 29⅜ | 29⅜ | - ⅛ |
| 23⅝ | 24¼ | 100 | Minn. & St. Louis | 23⅝ | 23¾ | 23¾ | 23¾ | ... |
| 149⅞ | 150 | 600 | M., St. P. & S. S. M. | 150 | 150 | 149⅞ | 150 | + ⅛ |
| 28⅝ | 29¼ | 200 | Mo., Kan. & Texas | 29 | 29 | 29 | 29 | + ⅛ |
| 40⅝ | 41 | 9,625 | Missouri Pacific | 39¼ | 41 | 39¼ | 40⅞ | +1⅝ |
| 60 | 60½ | 200 | Nat. Lead Co | 60½ | 60¾ | 60⅛ | 60¼ | + ⅛ |
| 29 | 29⅜ | 400 | Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf. | 29¼ | 29¼ | 29 | 29 | -1 |
| 22⅝ | 22⅞ | 2,900 | Nev. Consol. Copper | 22½ | 22⅞ | 22½ | 22⅞ | + ½ |
| | | 100 | New Orl., Mob. & C. pf. | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | -5 |
| 115½ | 115⅞ | 1,100 | New York Central | 115 | 115⅜ | 115 | 115⅞ | +1½ |
| 138½ | 139½ | 950 | N. Y., N. H. & Hart. | 138½ | 139 | 138 | 138 | -1½ |
| 37⅛ | 37⅜ | 200 | N. Y., Ont. & West | 37½ | 37⅝ | 37½ | 37⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 46¼ | 47⅛ | 100 | Norfolk Southern | 47¼ | 47½ | 47¼ | 47½ | - ⅛ |
| 115⅞ | 116 | 300 | Norfolk & Western | 116 | 116 | 115⅝ | 115⅝ | - ⅛ |
| 84⅝ | 85½ | 300 | North American | 85 | 85 | 85 | 85 | ... |
| 66 | 68½ | 200 | No. Ohio Tr. & Light | 66 | 66¾ | 66 | 66¾ | -1 |
| 127⅝ | 127¾ | 4,520 | Northern Pacific | 126⅞ | 127¾ | 126⅞ | 127⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 31¼ | 32 | 100 | Pacific Mail | 31 | 31 | 31 | 31 | ... |
| 50¼ | 51 | 200 | Pacific Tel. & Tel. | 50½ | 50½ | 50½ | 50⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 124⅛ | 124⅝ | 1,500 | Pennsylvania R. R. | 124 | 124⅝ | 124 | 124⅜ | - ⅛ |
| 116¾ | 117 | 200 | People's Gas, Chi. | 116¾ | 116¾ | 116¾ | 116¾ | ... |
| 103¼ | 105 | 200 | Philadelphia Co. | 103½ | 103¼ | 103½ | 103⅝ | ... |
| 109 | 109½ | 100 | P., C., C. & St. Louis | 109½ | 109½ | 109½ | 109½ | + ½ |
| 25½ | 25⅝ | 2,400 | Pittsburgh Coal | 24½ | 25⅜ | 24½ | 25¼ | + ⅛ |
| 97½ | 97⅝ | 300 | Pittsburgh Coal pf. | 97⅜ | 97½ | 97⅜ | 97¼ | - ¼ |
| 102 | 102¼ | 100 | Pittsburgh Steel pf. | 102¼ | 102¼ | 102¼ | 102¼ | ... |
| 119 | 119⅝ | 200 | Pub. Serv. Corp., N. J. | 119 | 119¼ | 119 | 119½ | + ¼ |
| 5½ | 6½ | 100 | Quicksilver | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | ... |
| 8 | 9 | 100 | Quicksilver pf. | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | + ¼ |
| 21¾ | 21⅞ | 3,500 | Ray Consol. Copper | 21⅝ | 21⅞ | 21⅝ | 21⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 170 | 170⅛ | 31,000 | Reading | 168⅝ | 170⅛ | 168⅝ | 169⅞ | +1⅛ |
| 27⅛ | 27½ | 600 | Rep. Iron & Steel | 27⅛ | 27⅜ | 27 | 27 | +1 |
| 88½ | 89½ | 100 | Rep. Iron & Steel pf. | 88½ | 89½ | 88¼ | 89¼ | +1 |
| 26 | 26⅛ | 800 | Rock Island Co. | 25⅞ | 26¼ | 25¾ | 26⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 52 | 52¼ | 400 | Rock Island Co. pf. | 52 | 52¼ | 52 | 52¼ | ... |
| 21¾ | 22½ | 600 | St. Louis & San Fran. | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 | + ⅛ |
| 63 | 65 | 100 | St. L. & S. F. 1st pf. | 61¼ | 61¼ | 61¼ | 61¼ | - ⅝ |
| 36⅛ | 36½ | 900 | St. L. & S. F. 2d pf. | 35¾ | 36¼ | 35⅝ | 36¼ | + ⅞ |
| 50 | 53 | 2 | St. Louis & S. F., C. & E. Ill. new stk. ctfs. | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | -3 |
| 35⅝ | 36 | 400 | St. Louis Southwest'n | 35½ | 35⅞ | 35½ | 35⅞ | + ⅝ |
| 52¼ | 52⅝ | 200 | Seaboard Air Line pf. | 52⅛ | 52¼ | 52⅛ | 52¼ | + ¼ |
| 207¼ | 207½ | 2,000 | Sears, Roebuck & Co. | 204 | 207½ | 204 | 207 | +3 |
| 55¼ | 56 | 100 | Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron | 54½ | 54½ | 54½ | 54½ | - ½ |
| 112⅜ | 113 | 1,700 | Southern Pacific | 111⅝ | 112¾ | 111⅝ | 112 | + ⅛ |
| 30⅛ | 30¼ | 2,100 | Southern R'way ext. | 30 | 30¼ | 30 | 30¼ | + ⅛ |
| 80½ | 81 | 100 | South. R'way pf., ext. | 80⅜ | 80⅜ | 80⅜ | 80⅜ | - ⅛ |
| 43½ | 43⅞ | 1,300 | Tennessee Copper | 42⅝ | 43⅜ | 42⅝ | 43⅜ | -2 |
| 129⅝ | 130 | 3,700 | Texas Co. | 127½ | 130 | 127½ | 130 | +3 |
| 23½ | 23¾ | 400 | Texas & Pacific | 23⅜ | 23⅞ | 23⅜ | 23⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 12⅜ | 13 | 200 | Tol., St. L. & West | 12½ | 12½ | 12½ | 12½ | ... |
| 107¼ | 108 | 46 | Twin City R. Transit. | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | ... |
| 13½ | 13½ | 200 | Union Bag & Paper | 13½ | 13⅝ | 13½ | 13⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 59½ | 60 | 150 | Union B. & Paper pf. | 59⅝ | 59⅝ | 59⅝ | 59⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 171¾ | 172 | 17,500 | Union Pacific | 170⅞ | 172⅛ | 170⅞ | 172 | +1 |
| 54½ | 57 | 100 | United Cigar Mfrs. | 54⅝ | 54⅝ | 54⅝ | 54⅝ | -2½ |
| 19¼ | 20½ | 100 | U. S. Cast Iron Pipe | 20⅜ | 20⅜ | 20⅜ | 20⅜ | - ⅝ |
| 103 | 103½ | 30 | U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf. | 105½ | 103½ | 103½ | 105⅛ | ... |
| 51⅜ | 51½ | 1,400 | U. S. Rubber | 51¼ | 51½ | 51 | 51½ | + ⅛ |
| ... | ... | 100 | U.S.R.Ist pf.sb.cts.,f.p. | 107¼ | 107¼ | 107⅛ | 107¼ | + ⅛ |
| 73½ | 73⅝ | 39,600 | U. S. Steel | 72½ | 73½ | 72½ | 73⅝ | +1⅜ |
| 66⅜ | 66½ | 5,100 | Utah Copper | 66 | 66½ | 65⅝ | 66½ | + ⅞ |
| 46 | 46½ | 1,000 | Va.-Caro. Chemical | 45½ | 46½ | 45½ | 46½ | + ⅝ |
| 61 | 62 | 200 | Va. Iron, Coal & C. | 61 | 61 | 61 | 61 | ... |
| 4¼ | 4½ | 200 | Wabash | 4⅜ | 4⅜ | 4⅜ | 4⅜ | ... |
| 88½ | 88⅝ | 7,900 | Westinghouse E. & M. | 87 | 89 | 87 | 88⅝ | +2 |
| 114 | 116 | 100 | Woolworth (F. W.) pf. | 115½ | 115½ | 115½ | 115½ | + ½ |

## BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales Sept. 5, 1912..... $1,682,000
From Jan. 1, 1912..... 505,495,500
Same period last year..... 581,798,000

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jap Govt 4½s, ster loan | | 1,000 | 92 | Cent Brch Ry 4s | | 1,000 | | |
| | 6,000 | | 92½ | Cent Leather 5s | | 3,000 | 95 | |
| 2d series | | 1,000 | 91 | Cent Pac gtd 4s | | 4,000 | 94½ | |
| Rep of Cuba 5s | | 3,000 | 105½ | Cent of N J gen 5s | | 2,000 | 119¼ | |
| N Y City 4s, 1957 | | 5,000 | 98⅝ | Ches & Ohio gen 4½s | | 1,000 | 100 | |
| | | 5,000 | 98¼ | | | 2,000 | 99⅝ | |
| | | 5,000 | 98 | conv 4½s | | 1,000 | 100 | |
| | | 5,000 | 97⅞ | | | 2,000 | 93½ | |
| N Y City 4s, 1958 | | 10,000 | 98 | Chic & Alt 3½s | | 1,000 | 64⅜ | |
| N Y City 4s, 1959 | | 2,000 | 98⅜ | C, B & Q gen 4s | | 2,000 | 95¼ | |
| | | 12,000 | 98½ | Chic, Bur & Qy joint 4s | | 10,000 | 96 | |
| | | 5,000 | 98½ | | | 4,000 | 95⅞ | |
| | | 4,000 | 100⅜ | | | 11,000 | 96 | |
| | | 1,000 | 100½ | | | 4,000 | 95⅞ | |
| N Y City 4½s, 1962 temp rcts | | 1,000 | 100 | Chic M & St P gen 4s, Ser A | | 4,000 | 84½ | |
| | | 12,000 | 100⅛ | | | 4,000 | 96½ | |
| N Y City 4½s, 1957 | | 2,000 | 106 | conv 4½s, sub rcts full paid | | 8,000 | 105½ | |
| | | 9,000 | 106⅛ | | | 5,000 | 105⅝ | |
| new | | 5,000 | 106 | | | 10,000 | 105⅞ | |
| Allis-Chalm 5s, Tr Co ctfs of dep stamped | | 1,000 | 57½ | | | 5,000 | 105⅞ | |
| Am Ag Ch cv 5s | | 2,000 | 101½ | | | 5,000 | 106 | |
| Am Hide & L 6s | | 1,000 | 100 | D & Gt So 5s | | 1,000 | 102¼ | |
| Am Spirits M 6s | | 1,000 | 100 | C, M & P S d 4s | | 3,000 | 92½ | |
| Am Tel & Tel Col 4s | | 17,000 | 90½ | C & N W gen 3½s | | 3,000 | 83½ | |
| Am Tob 4s, | | 6,000 | 20f 97¼ | C & N W gen 4s | | 10,000 | 96 | |
| | | 1,000 | 97¼ | C R I & P gen 4s | | 2,000 | 94½ | |
| Armour & Co 4½s | | 4,000 | 91 | C R, I & P Ry ref 4s | | 1,000 | 87⅛ | |
| Atch, Top & S Fe gen 4s | | 19,000 | 96⅝ | | | 1,000 | 87¼ | |
| adjust 4s, stpd | | 10,000 | 89 | C R, I & P R R 4s | | 21,000 | 68⅝ | |
| conv 4s, issue 1909 | | 3,000 | 108¼ | C, R I & P Ry deb 5s | | 1,000 | 91⅜ | |
| conv 4s, 1955 | | 15,000 | 108 | Chino Copper 6s | | 1,000 | 161 | |
| | | 25,000 | 108⅛ | C, C & St L, C div 4s | | 7,000 | 98¼ | |
| conv 4s, 1960 | | 25,000 | 104⅝ | Col Industrial 5s | | 7,000 | 83 | |
| | | 3,000 | 104⅜ | Col Mid 1st 4s | | 3,000 | 49 | |
| | | 6,000 | 104⅜ | Col & South ref & ext 4½s | | 5,000 | 94⅜ | |
| | | 35,000 | 104⅜ | | | 3,000 | 77⅛ | |
| | | 20,000 | 104⅝ | Conn Ry & Light 1st & ref 4½s, stamped | | 10,000 | 101¼ | |
| | | 10,000 | 104⅝ | Cont Coal s f 5s | | 5,000 | 86 | |
| conv 5s | | 2,000 | 103 | Corn Prod Ref S F 5s, 1934 | | 1,000 | 95¾ | |
| Atl Coast Line, Lo & N col 4s | | 10,000 | 92⅞ | Del & H conv 4s | | 2,000 | 97⅛ | |
| | | 12,000 | 94 | Del & Hud 1st & ref 4s | | 5,000 | 89⅜ | |
| Balt & Ohio prior in 3½s | | 3,000 | 91 | | | 5,000 | 89⅝ | |
| gold 4s | | 9,000 | 97 | Dis Sec Corp 5s | | 2,000 | 74⅝ | |
| P L, E & W V 4s | | 1,000 | 89¾ | | | 1,000 | 74⅞ | |
| S W div 3½s | | 14,000 | 89½ | D M & N gen 5s | | 7,000 | 105 | |
| Beth Steel 5s | | 1,000 | 97 | Du Pont de Nem Powder 4½s | | 2,000 | 97¾ | |
| Bklyn R Trans ref conv 4s | | 30,000 | 90⅝ | | | 7,000 | 97¾ | |
| | | 10,000 | 90½ | Erie conv 4s, Ser B | | 2,000 | 75⅛ | |
| Canada So 1st 5s | | 5,000 | 100¼ | Illinois Cent ref 4s | | 10,000 | 93⅝ | |
| | | | | | | 2,000 | 93 | |

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Gen Motors 6s | | 5,000 | 99¾ | N Y, N H & H con deb 6s | | 1,000 | 125¼ | |
| Ill Steel 4½s, J P M & Co tr rcts | | 2,000 | 90½ | N Y, N H & H non-conv deb 4s, 1956 | | 2,000 | 91½ | |
| Ind Steel 5s, J P M & Co tr rcts | | 10,000 | 101 | N Y, O & W ref 4s | | 2,000 | 92 | |
| | | 1,000 | 100⅞ | N Y Rys temp ref 4s | | 52,000 | 78 | |
| Insp Con C 6s, sub rcts 1st paid | | 2,000 | 107½ | adj 5s | | 5,000 | 56⅜ | |
| | | 8,000 | 107⅝ | | | 5,000 | 56½ | |
| | | 500 | 107 | | | 10,000 | 56⅜ | |
| | | 1,000 | 107⅝ | | | 1,000 | 56½ | |
| Inter-Met 4½s | | 4,000 | 81¼ | | | 10,000 | 56⅝ | |
| Int Paper conv 5s | | 1,000 | 90 | | | 2,000 | 56⅞ | |
| K C, Ft S & M 4s | | 4,000 | 78 | | | 2,000 | 56¾ | |
| Kan City So 5s | | 10,000 | 97½ | | | 12,000 | 56½ | |
| | | 1,000 | 97⅝ | | | 13,000 | 56⅜ | |
| Lacka Steel 5s, 1915 | | 3,000 | 94¼ | N Y Tel 4½s | | 10,000 | 98⅝ | |
| Lacka Steel 5s, 1950 | | 1,000 | 80⅝ | | | 7,000 | 98½ | |
| L S & M S 4s, 1928 | | 6,000 | 92¾ | N Y, West & Bost 4½s | | 10,000 | 99⅞ | |
| | | 13,000 | 92 | Northn Pac 4s | | 7,000 | 97½ | |
| 1931 | | 1,000 | 92 | | | 5,000 | 97⅝ | |
| Liggett & Myers 7s, temp bonds | | 4,000 | 120⅞ | Northn Pac 3s | | 13,000 | 97⅞ | |
| Liggett & Myers 5s | | 2,000 | 97½ | | | 6,000 | 68¼ | |
| Long Isl ref 4s | | 1,000 | 95 | North Pac, St P-Dul div 4s | | 5,000 | 85½ | |
| Man con 4s, tax exempt | | 1,000 | 95¼ | Or & N con 4s | | 2,000 | 88 | |
| Mer Marine col tr 4½s | | 5,000 | 66¼ | Oreg Short Line 1st conv 5s | | 1,000 | 109⅝ | |
| | | 5,000 | 66 | Oreg Short Line gtd ref 4s | | 2,000 | 92⅜ | |
| Mex Petroleum 1st ref conv 6s, Ser A | | 3,000 | 99 | Oreg-Wash R R & Nav 1st & ref 4s | | 2,000 | 90¾ | |
| | | 1,000 | 99¼ | P Tel & Tel 5s | | 5,000 | 100⅜ | |
| | | 4,000 | 99½ | Penn conv 3½s, 1915 | | 8,000 | 96⅞ | |
| | | 2,000 | 99⅜ | Ptts, C, C & St L gtd 4½s | | 3,000 | 94⅞ | |
| | | 13,000 | 100 | P Lorillard Co 7s, temp bonds | | 1,000 | 121½ | |
| | | 6,000 | 100¼ | P Lorillard Co 5s | | 3,000 | 97⅛ | |
| | | 7,000 | 100½ | | | 1,000 | 98 | |
| | | 2,000 | 100⅝ | Pub Ser Corp sink fund 5s | | 1,000 | 93¼ | |
| | | 3,000 | 101 | | | 6,000 | 93 | |
| Milwauk Gas 4s | | 6,000 | 90½ | Reading gen 4s | | 4,000 | 96⅝ | |
| Mo, K & T 2d 4s | | 2,000 | 80¼ | | | 21,000 | 96⅞ | |
| Mo, Kan & Tex 1st & ref 4s | | 3,000 | 77½ | Rep Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1940 | | 20,000 | 91¼ | |
| Mo P 1st con 6s | | 1,000 | 105 | | | 1,000 | 91¾ | |
| Mo Pac conv 5s | | 55,000 | 85 | St L, Ir Mt & So gen 5s | | 1,000 | 104 | |
| | | 5,000 | 85½ | | | 8,000 | 84 | |
| Mo Pacific 4s | | 2,000 | 71¼ | St L & S F R R ref 4s | | 9,000 | 73½ | |
| | | 5,000 | 71½ | St L & San Fr Ry gen 6s | | 2,000 | 118¾ | |
| | | 2,000 | 71¾ | St P & Dul 2d 5s | | 2,000 | 102¾ | |
| Natl Rys of Mex prior lien 4½s | | 5,000 | 80¼ | San Ant A P 4s | | 2,000 | 86 | |
| Natl Tube 5s, J P M & Co tr rcts | | 7,000 | 99¼ | Seaboard Air Line gold 4s, stpd | | 8,000 | 87 | |
| N Y Cent, L S col 3½s | | 1,000 | 89 | So Pac conv 4s | | 1,000 | 97⅝ | |
| M C col 3½s | | 1,000 | 73 | | | 4,000 | 97⅜ | |
| registered | | 7,000 | 73 | | | 4,000 | 97⅝ | |
| N Y G E L H & P 5s tr ctfs | | 24,000 | 104½ | | | | | |
| pur money 4s | | 10,000 | 93¼ | | | | | |
| | | 1,000 | 93 | | | | | |

## BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| 2s, r, 1930 | 101 | 101¼ |
| 2s, c, 1930 | 101 | 101½ |
| 3s, r, 1918 | 102 | 102⅜ |
| 3s, c, 1918 | 102 | 102⅜ |
| 4s, r, 1925 | 113¼ | 114¼ |
| 4s, c, 1925 | 113½ | 114¼ |
| Pan 2s, r, 1936 | 100⅝ | 101¼ |

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| Adams Exp | 197 | 200 |
| Alb & Susq | 280 | ... |
| Alle & W | 183½ | 141½ |
| Allis-Chalm. | ⅜ | ⅝ |
| Do pf | 2½ | 10 |
| Do 1st pd. | 5 | 5½ |
| Am Ag Ch | 55⅝ | 56⅝ |
| Am B S pf | 97½ | 99½ |
| A B S & F pf | ... | 142½ |
| Am Cities | 31 | 31½ |
| Am Can pf | 118½ | 119⅝ |
| Am Coal | 70 | 95 |
| Am C & F | 119 | 119⅞ |
| Am C Prod. | 97 | 99½ |
| Do pf | ... | 106⅝ |
| Am Exp | 195 | 200 |
| Am Loc pf | 109 | 110 |
| A S pf, B | 87½ | 88 |
| Am S & R pf | ... | 108 |
| Am S pf, B | ... | 109 |
| Am R pf | 121½ | 122½ |
| Am T & C | 65¾ | 73 |
| Am Tob pf t r | ... | 110 |
| Am W pf | 91 | 92 |
| Ann Arbor | 15 | 30 |
| Ann A pf | 50 | 80 |
| Assets Real | 124½ | 126 |
| Assoc Oil | ... | 53 |
| Bald Loc | 50 | 60 |
| B & O pf | 85½ | 87½ |
| Batopilas M | 1⅝ | 1⅞ |
| Beth S pf | 72½ | 73 |
| B Un Gas | 147 | 148 |
| Bruns Ter | 7⅝ | 8 |
| B, R & P | 114½ | 117½ |
| Do pf | 125 | 150 |
| But'k Co | 35⅝ | 37 |
| Canada So | 65⅛ | 67½ |
| Cent L pf | 98 | 100 |
| C R R of N J | 380 | 390 |
| C & S A T | 115 | 120 |
| Chi & Alt | 20 | 23 |
| Do pf | 35 | 40 |
| C, B & Q | 207 | ... |
| C G W pf | 35 | 36⅝ |
| C, I & L pf | 50 | 80 |
| C & N W pf | 181 | 190 |
| Chi, St P, M & Om | 135 | 140 |
| Do pf | 155 | 160 |
| Chi Un Trac ctfs sta | 2¼ | 2¾ |
| Do pf | 7 | 9 |
| C, S & C pf | 135 | ... |
| C, C, C & St L pf | 98 | 101¾ |
| Cleve & P | 168 | 171½ |
| Do spec | 95¾ | ... |
| C F & I pf | 180 | 170 |
| Col & So | 40 | 40½ |
| Do 1st pf | 74 | 76 |
| Do 2d pf | 66¼ | 71 |
| Consol Gas | 145½ | 146 |
|

# NEW YORK TURNING AWAY ITS COMMERCE

## Dock Commissioner Tomkins Says City Is Diverting Fund from Its Proper Channel.

## NEED GREAT IMPROVEMENTS

### Atlantic Deeper Waterways Hears Plea for Inland Transportation System from Maine to California.

NEW LONDON, Sept. 5.—That there was urgent need of the working out of a comprehensive policy for the development of the Port of New York, if its fast-growing marine commerce was not to be deflected to rival ports, was the keynote of the address which Calvin Tomkins, Commissioner of Docks and Ferries in New York, delivered to-day at the business session of the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Convention, over which Mr. Tomkins presided.

Mr. Tomkins charged that the dock fund, instead of being conserved for port improvements, was being dissipated to provide local city conveniences, and that if New York continued to neglect its port and did not meet its growth in advance of its needs it would be a distinct disadvantage to its citizens if the fast-growing commerce went to other ports, where better terminal facilities were provided.

"As Dock Commissioner I am endeavoring to establish a comprehensive plan and policy for the development and administration of the Port of New York," said Mr. Tomkins, "but in spite of the fact that it is the most sought for port of the world by marine commerce, and that it is the greatest manufacturing community in North America, no comprehensive plan for its physical organization has hitherto been seriously considered, although urgently needed.

"Despite the immense revenues derived from National commerce passing through it the undertaking proceeds slowly for the reason that I have stated, and the dock fund, instead of being conserved for port improvements, is dissipated to provide local city conveniences. The danger is that New York will grow faster than it will organize its growth.

"A badly organized city is a bad city, and if New York shall continue to neglect its port the enterprise of its rivals in providing terminal facilities to deflect commerce and industry from it to them will be a distinct disadvantage to its citizens. In other words, it is desirable that New York's growth should be retarded if it shall not, in advance of its needs, organize its growth."

Finley Acker, President of the Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce, spoke on "Transportation and Its Effect on the Cost of Living."

"This organization has for its ultimate object an inland waterway system from Maine to Florida," he said. "What effect will this proposed waterway have upon the cost of living, in addition to preventing great loss of life and property?

"It will enable the manufacturers in New England to procure their coal and their cotton from the South, and to send their manufactured products to New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and other important points along the proposed route at much lower transportation rates than at present.

"It will mean the interchange of commodities all along the line of the proposed route, through the employment of the cheapest known form of transportation, regardless of whether the rate be 1 mill per ton-mile for the longest haul or 1 cent per ton-mile for a short haul.

"The buying public will get the benefit of this saving, for the cost of the requisite transportation becomes an inseparable part of the cost of the product.

"The opening of these navigable waterways, some of which will pass through very fertile soil, means also the development of the fruit, vegetable, dairy, and poultry interests along such routes because the use of the cheapest form of transportation to the nearest city or town will enable these industries to be prosecuted at a profit, and assist in keeping down the cost of living.

"If to the present membership of the Inter-State Commerce Commission were added an auxiliary board, with full power to engage in all discusions and proceedings, but without the power to vote, and if this board were to contain an efficient representation of the railroad and water transportation, banking, manufacturing, mercantile, and agricultural interests, would not the Inter-State Commerce Commission be qualified to determine all transportation questions in a manner which would merit the approval of all interests?

"And, under such conditions, would not the regular publication of frank and explicit statements win the confidence of the public and give adequate assurance to the shipper, the investor, and to all others that their interests were being thoroughly safeguarded?

"We are as yet only in the kindergarten of transportation service in its most useful and comprehensive form. I trust that the result of this convention will be a distinct step forward toward its better accomplishment, and I further trust that this constructive movement may receive some assistance from this analysis of the effect of transportation upon the cost of living."

Gen. Hugh Bancroft, Chairman of the Directors of the Port of Boston, spoke about Boston's plans and ambitions to increase her prestige as a world port of entry and export.

Capt. W. V. E. Jacobs, Commander of the Revenue Cutter Itasca, spoke on the relations of the Revenue Cutter Service to the merchant marine.

After the business session, at the Hotel Griswold, the 1,000 delegates, with their friends, paid a visit to the forts which guard Long Island Sound, where the first greeting was a salute from the heavy guns as a special courtesy of the War Department. They also witnessed subcalibre practice, a drill by the artillery men, and dress parade of the companies at Fort Wright.

The cities seeking next year's convention presented their claims to-day. No conclusion was reached, but the opinion prevailed that the convention would go to Albany or Troy next year, and to Jacksonville, Fla., the year following. Trenton, N. J., put in a claim for the 1915 convention.

## PROSPERITY IN PORTO RICO.

### Island's Trade Has Increased Greatly Since Our Occupation.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—Porto Rico is unprecedentedly prosperous. Her trade has steadily increased during American occupation to figures almost five times greater than those of the last year of Spanish régime, as shown in a report to the Department of Agriculture.

Porto Rico's trade in 1900, when the United States assumed control, amounted to $16,600,000. Last year it amounted to $78,700,000. Of $40,000,000 in exports, agricultural products, raw and manufactured, made up the entire sum. Sugar led the list, but there was a greater proportionate gain in some other products, tobacco standing first.

"While profits in sugar since the American occupation have been large," says the report, "yet sugar production is a precarious business, and without the sustaining tariff it would require greater skill and study than is now employed to keep the industry from lapsing into the condition prevailing during the Spanish régime."

### Extend Higher-Rate Suspensions.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The Inter-state Commerce Commission has renewed two important suspensions of freight rate increases, originally made last May. An increase of about 100 per cent. in westbound rates in tin plate and sheet metal, suspended from May 7 to Sept. 7, has been further suspended to Jan. 4; and an increase of three cents per 100 pounds in eastbound rates on barley, which would have become effective on Sept. 9, has been further suspended to Jan. 7.

## RECORD COTTON CROP.

### Last Season's Yield 2,000,000 Bales More Than Ever Before.

The commercial crop of cotton as estimated by the New York Cotton Exchange for the season ended Aug. 31, is put at 16,100,874 bales. This exceeds the previous record crop of the season of 1908-09 by 2,285,358 bales. The Cotton Exchange estimate is, however, 149,126 bales less than the Census Bureau's figure of 16,250,000 bales. In the year's report of the Cotton Exchange, the quality of the cotton is rated at medium grade for spinning purposes or somewhat below the quality of the previous crop.

Exports were 10,502,172 bales, with a value of approximately $525,108,500 compared with the previous season's value of $575,731,057. The falling off in export value is due to the much lower export prices. The average export price for the past season is put at approximately 10 cents per pound, against 14.4 cents per pound in the previous season.

During the season, the domestic mills took 5,641,439 bales against 4,434,420 bales in the previous year. The Southern and Northern mills took approximately equal amounts.

New Orleans, Sept. 5.—The cotton crop of the South for the year ended Aug. 31 1912, according to statistics compiled by H. G. Hester, Secretary of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, was 16,138,426 bales, and exceeded that of the previous year by 4,018,331 bales. Its money value was $810,280,764, or $107,074,825 less, due as much to the low grade of the crop as to the decrease in the price resulting from overproduction.

The total value, including cotton seed, was $937,710,073. The year before the total value was $1,030,133,527, so that for a crop of 4,018,000 bales more and 1,822,000 tons more seed, the South received nearly $92,500,000 less in money.

Mr. Hester puts the world's consumption of American cotton at 14,515,000 bales, an increase over the preceding year of 2,461,000 bales.

## SCHWAB SAILS OPTIMISTIC.

### Expects a Long Period of Prosperity in the Steel Trade.

Charles M. Schwab, President of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, who sailed with his wife yesterday on the George Washington for a trip to Carlsbad, declared that the present prosperity in the steel trade promised to continue for some time. His corporation is operating near capacity, and new business must wait until present orders are filled. He added:

"Steel orders have been received in excess of the capacity of production and still they come in. Production of iron and steel this year will establish a new high record.

"The excellent crop outlook and business activity in general indicate firm conditions for many months. If we experience good crops another year and nothing disturbing develops in the shape of radical legislation, parcularly in connection with the efforts being made to bring about a sharp reduction in steel duties, 1913 should be even a better season than the present."

## LISTS RUBBER IN PARIS.

### Head of Trust Places $10,000,000 Preferred Stock on the Bourse.

Col. Samuel Pomeroy Colt, President of the United States Rubber Company, who has been abroad to have the company's stock listed in Paris, returned yesterday on the White Star liner Olympic, accompanied by his youngest son, Roswell C. Colt, and the latter's bride, who spent their honeymoon in London. She was Miss Dorothy Chipman, daughter of H. C. Chipman, Director General of the Hudson Bay Company, who lives at Winnipeg. The young couple will make their home in Montreal, where Mr. Colt will have a responsible position with the Canadian Consolidated Rubber Company, which is owned by the United States Rubber Company.

Speaking of his trip, Mr. Colt said that he had been successful in having $10,000,000 of the first preferred stock of the company placed on the parquet section of the Paris Bourse. The legal and governmental preliminaries will take about six months to complete, he said.

"In addition to attending to the listing of some of our stock on the Paris Bourse," Col. Colt went on, "I gave special attention to our crude rubber interests in the Far East, where the United States Rubber Company made extensive purchases of lands a few years ago. We are planting rubber trees as rapidly as possible. On one estate we already have 25,000 acres planted, and are putting out trees at the rate of 1,000 a day. We will continue at the same rate until we have 50,000 acres planted on that estate.

"As you probably know, our company is the largest manufacturer of rubber goods in the world, and, consequently, the largest consumer of crude rubber. We did not take up the production of that product in the Far East with the idea of selling it, inasmuch as for some years at least the output will not equal our consumption.

"You can get some idea of the amount of rubber that the United States Rubber Company is consuming when I tell you that last year we paid $37,000,000 to meet our needs. It takes five years to bring a rubber tree to a producing point. We will begin to get rubber from our trees within two or three years, some of them having been out about that time."

## WRIT RELEASES TRUST FUND.

### Justice Blanchard Thinks His Decision Should Be Reviewed.

Supreme Court Justice Blanchard granted the application yesterday of State Controller Sohmer ordering the transfer to the City Chamberlain of $340,000 held in trust by the Knickerbocker Trust Company as a result of a partition suit over a piece of property at Throgs Neck. In opposition to the application, it was declared that the powers of the Controller were not absolute. On this score, Justice Blanchard said:

"A reading of Section 744a of the Code will show that the power of the Controller is plenary. He has absolute power to compel all trust companies or banks holding court funds in the City of New York to transfer the same to the Chamberlain without reference to the right of the trust company to an account ng or the payment of its charges. In view of the importance of this determination, I think it should be reviewed by the Appellate Courts before it is carried into effect."

### Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The following is the forecast for Friday and Saturday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, and Alabama—Local thunder showers Friday and probably Saturday; light to moderate variable winds.

Mississippi and Louisiana—Generally fair Friday and Saturday; light, variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Generally fair Friday and Saturday; not quite so warm in northern portion Saturday; light, variable winds.

Western Texas, New Mexico, and Arizona—Fair Friday and Saturday.

Utah—Fair Friday. Saturday, unsettled) probably showers.

Oklahoma—Fair Friday and Saturday; somewhat lower temperature Saturday.

Arkansas—Fair Friday and probably Saturday; not quite so warm Saturday.

Tennessee—Probably fair Friday and Saturday; not quite so warm in western portion Saturday.

Kentucky—Probably fair Friday and Saturday; somewhat lower temperature Saturday.

Ohio—Probably fair Friday and Saturday; somewhat cooler in western portion Saturday; light to moderate south and southwest winds.

Indiana—Probably fair Friday and Saturday; lower temperature Saturday; light ot moderate southerly, shifting to westerly, winds.

Illinois—Probably fair Friday and Saturday; cooler by Friday night and on Saturday; moderate southerly winds, shifting to westerly.

Lower Michigan—Unsettled Friday; cooler by Friday night; Saturday fair and cooler; moderate southerly winds, shifting to westerly.

Upper Michigan—Probably showers Friday; Saturday fair and cooler; moderate westerly winds.

Wisconsin—Fair and cooler Friday; Saturday fair; moderate westerly winds.

Minnesota—Fair Friday; cooler in western and southern portions; Saturday fair; moderate westerly winds.

Iowa and Missouri—Probably fair Friday and probably cooler.

North Dakota—Fair Friday and probably Saturday.

South Dakota—Fair Friday and Saturday; cooler in eastern portion.

Kansas and Nebraska—Fair and cooler Friday; Saturday fair.

# GOLD OF THE NATION NO PROOF OF WEALTH

## Director Roberts of the Mint Points Out Weakness in Surplus of Country.

## THE RESERVE WORTHLESS

### Cites Figures to Show That System of Issuing Dollar-for-Dollar Certificates Is Antiquated.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—In the opinion of George E. Roberts, Director of the Mint, the fact that the United States Treasury has now more gold in its vaults than ever before in its history and more gold than was ever possessed by any Government in the history of the world is no sign of the financial strength of the United States.

"We talk of our gold reserve as if it were worth something to us, when it is not," said the Director, and he pointed out that during the panic of 1907, when there was nearly a billion dollars in the American Treasury's gold reserve, this country was obliged to get gold from England, which carried a reserve of only $150,000,000 for all the English bank credits. To Mr. Roberts's way of thinking the present method of issuing certificates against the gold in the Treasury, dollar for dollar, is antiquated.

The Bank of Germany, he said, was required to hold only one-third of gold reserve against certificates, while the Bank of France, which was not obliged to keep its reserve within a certain proportion of the value of outstanding obligations, had only $850,000,000 reserve against $1,200,000,000 outstanding.

Tables prepared in the office of the Director of the Mint show that during the decade from 1890 to 1899, both inclusive, the gold production of the world increased from $113,149,620 to $306,724,100. In 1890 the United States produced $32,845,000 in gold, and in 1899 it produced $71,053,400 in gold. During the foreign period covering the eleven years 1900 to 1910, both inclusive, the total gold production of the world ranged from $255,634,500 to $454,703,900.

In 1911 the amount of gold produced in the world was about $462,000,000, and this year there will be an increase of about $15,000,000 in value over that amount. Director Roberts believes that the unprecedented accumulation of gold reserve in the Treasury is a sign of the weakness rather than the strength of the American industrial system. In support of his contention in this connection he called attention to an address he delivered last December, in which he said:

"The Bank of England gave a wonderful demonstration of its ability to recoup itself. On Oct. 29, when the bank rate was first advanced from 3½ per cent., the Bank held £30,420,000 of gold, but the percentage of reserve was 39 15-16. On Dec. 26, after the flood had passed, it held £29,753,000, and the percentage of reserve was 45.90. No wonder The London Economist, reviewing the crisis in its number of March 14, 1908, said: 'The crisis showed, much to the relief of experienced bankers, that the raising of the Bank rate is as effective a device as ever it was in attracting gold.'

"It is a humiliating record for us and a convincing proof of the inferiority of our reserve system that the Bank of England, carrying a reserve of only $150,000,000 for all the bank credits of England, was able to furnish relief to the United States, which held a reserve of over $900,000,000 in Government vaults, and more than that scattered in its banks. This is the superiority of a consolidated banking reserve over a Government reserve which belongs to nobody in particular, plus banking reserves which the banks dare not use."

## COURT CALENDARS.

### STATE.

### New York County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Newburger, J. Litigated motions. 1—Schoenmann v. Lausser. 2—Levy v. Hoeffler. 3—Matter of Carnegie Trust Co. 4—Matter of Berghaus. 5—Van Rhin v. Underhill. 6—German Exchange Bank v. Herter. 7—Herbener v. Deutsch. 8—Schultheiser v. Sun Ray Water Co. 9—Herman v. Leland. 10—Krumsick v. Sennett. 11—Mittteldeutsche Private Bank v. Bosselman. 12—Pokress v. Mass Bending & Ins Co. 13—Matter of Kingsley. 14—Jacoby & Salomon v. Hodes. 15—Tuckerman v. O'Reilly. 16—Stand Bluestone Co v. James Quinn Cont Co. 17—Myers v. Baker. 18—Anderson v. McLarnon. 19—Gavan v. Gavan. 20—Bedell v. Wilkins. 21—Rothman v. Levy. 22—Bruckinfeld v. American Bonding Co. 23—Saracens v. Johnson. 24—People v. Friedman. 25—Simon v. Bierbauer. 26—Rockefeller v. Rockefeller. 27—Matter of Kobey. 28—Pirie v. Somers. 29—Matter of Sullivan. 30—Brody, Adler & Koch Co v. Hochstadter. 31—Pappas v. Costantopoulas. 32—Quinn v. Quinn. 33—Fraser v. Fraser. 34—Cohn v. Guthmann. 35—Same v. Same. 36—Breck v. Natl Box Board Co. 37—Moran v. Craft. 38—Berman v. Berman. 39—Buck v. Newman. 40—Levine v. Tedder. 41—Day v. Well. 42—Donald v. Bayer. 43—Spector v. Spector. 44—Melzer v. Healy. 45—Cook v. Cook. 46—Union Cheese v. Bruni Tomascheff Unterstutzung Verein. 47—Traut v. Traut. 48—Kraus v. Kraus. 49—Cochrane v. Cochrane. 50—Cohen v. Cohen. 51—Michel v. Michel. 52—Wilson v. Wolf Elec Promoting Co. 53—Youngs v. Goodman. 54—Travis v. Curran. 55—Brocoval R & R Co v. Packard. 56—Sun v. Rukkin Realty Co. 57—Jukofsky v. Kottler. 58—Hope v. Hope. 59—Pittsburg v. Pittsburg. 60—Turzlo v. Donnadio. 61—Pigot v. Pigot. 62—Turzlo v. Donnadio. 63—Matter of Gay. 64—Zimarakis v. Zimarakis. 65—Pappas v. Costantopoulas. 66—Brown v. 416 West 33d St Realty Co. 67—Lincoln Trust Co v. Sickles. 68—Hoops v. Harden. 69—Glenn v. Union Buffalo Mills Co. 70—Goodman v. City of N Y. 71—Same v. same. 72—Barrow v. Barrow. 73—Glesener v. McDonough. 74—Standard Bluestone Co v. James Quinn Cont Co. 75—Friedlander v. Friedlander. 76—Becker v. McAney. 77—Masten v. Bonsal. 78—Same v. same.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Delany, J. Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. Wills for probate. James Stoen, Elizabeth T O'Connor, Katherina Landgraf, Yetta Zimmerman, Frank D Millet, William A Hoe, Matilda H Davideon, Philip B Low, Mary Walsh, John Cavanagh, Maggie Finnegan.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Finelite, J. Motions.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part II., Finelite, J. Ex parte business.

### Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Newburger, J. Mutual Life Insurance Co. v. Gillies—William Klein, Raberg v. Belsito—Rudolph A. Seligmann. Stolzenberger v. Schmitt—Sampson Weinhandler.

SUPREME COURT—Delany, J. Feinberg v. Feinberg—Frederick F. Neuman.

### Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Delany, J. Friederick Walker v. John F. Wacker—Abel C. Thomas. Albert Fuller Hyde v. Caroline Realty Co.—Charles J. McKenna.

### Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelby, J. Motions. 1—Lee v. Jeller. 2—Matter of Sohmer. 3—Matter of Harris, (B'way Savgs Inst'n.) 4—Mahler v. Tiedemann et al. 5—Simmons v. N. Y. & Q. Light & Power Co. 6—Heyward v. Zimmer. 7—Flatbush Trust Co v. Stratton et al. 8—Cooper v. Stratton et al. 9—Pettit v. Pettit. 10—Tax Lien Co v. Angule et al. 11—Saxton v. Inness. 12—Gehl v. Bachman-Bechtel Brewing Co. 13—Taylor v. Haig and another. 14—Mahler v. Tiedemann et al. 15—Murano v. Murano. 16—Matter of Snodgrass. 17—German Savgs Bank v. Mandel et al. 18—Herman v. Epstein. 19—Matter of Crowney. 20—Chavkin et al v. Kaufman and another. 21—Matter of Nichols (Lazansky.) 22—Siebert v. Siebert. 23—Franz v. Stoy et al. 24—Lauter v. Lauter, Jr. 25—Matter of Kelly (Lazansky.) 26—Matter of Phillips. 27—Matter of Kearney (Bklyn Contracting Co.) 28—Margentine v. Seidt and another. 29—Bergrosser v. Risch and another. 30—De Palma v. De Palma et al. 31—Reimer v. Hope Const Co et al. 32—Biederbeck v. Biederbeck. 33—Rosen v. Rosen. 34—Simonetti Co v. Schiavone and another. 35—Sartori v. Litchfield Const Co and another. 36—Matter of Di Sabato. 37—F Dunham Co v. Kaufman and another. 38—Matter of Healey (Waldo.) 39—People ex rel Leaf v. Lazansky. 40—Feinstein and another v. Ehrlichman. 41—Matter of Goldstein. 42—Matter of 11th Av (Brach.)

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Marsan, J. Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Ketcham, S. No day calendar.

COUNTY COURT—Part I.—Rockwood, J. Criminal calendar. James Moran, William Murphy, Frank N Mantell, William Webber.

## COMMODITY MARKETS.

### Grains Still Lower—Cotton and Pork Weaken, Too—Coffee Up.

Wheat declined to new low levels on increased crop estimates and very heavy receipts. Corn and oats were also weak with record crop estimates and increasing movement. Weather conditions were very favorable for advancing the corn crop to maturity. Provisions were lower on increased hog movement. Cottonseed oil was irregular, with near months firm and others easier. Cotton reacts on showers in the South Atlantic States. Expectations are for a rather bullish ginning report on Monday. Coffee scores further advances.

### WHEAT.

The wheat market opened steady, but turned weak right after the opening, declined steadily, and closed at about the low point of the day and at new low levels. The cables were rather disappointing, but there was a good export business effected on the decline, with sales of 60 loads reported. More business would undoubtedly have been done, but ocean freight rates showed further advance, with 11c reported paid to Rotterdam, and rates generally were the highest of the season. As fast as the grain markets go down part, if not all, the decline is absorped in the advance of ocean freight, so that European buyers get very little out of the lower prices. Unsettled weather conditions in the Canadian Northwest held the Winnipeg market comparatively firm. Secretary Fowler of the Northwestern Grain Dealers' Association estimated the Canadian crop at 180,000,000 bushels for Western Canada against 174,000,000 bushels last year. Northwestern markets were heavy on large receipts. An estimate by Snow placed the Spring wheat crop at 325,000,000 bushels, with an unprecedented yield of 16.9 bushels per acre, or 2 bushels more than indicated last month. Of this amount 262,000,000 bushels were estimated for the Dakotas and Minnesota. The estimated yield of Winter wheat was placed at 15.4 bushels and the crop 403,000,000 bushels, making a combined total of 728,000,000 bushels, or 48,000,000 bushels more than the Government of last month and 107,000,000 bushels more than the final last year. Interior receipts for the day were very large again, showing 500,000 bushels gain over last week, and in four days the total has gained 2,600,000 bushels, with no increase in interior shipments. Cash wheat was lower with futures. The export sales were mainly Spring wheat via New York and outports. No. 2 red was quoted at $1.04½, free on board; No. 1 Northern, $1; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.01½; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.03½.

### OTHER GRAINS.

CORN.—The corn market was also weak and closed at the low point. There was pressure on both old and new crop months. Receipts of corn were heavy, being 700,000 bushels more than last week, and this brought pressure both on cash and September. New crop months were weak on the very favorable weather conditions and the immense crop estimate of Snow of 2,925,000,000 bushels, against 2,811,000,000 bushels of the Government of last month and the previous record of 2,886,000,000 bushels. The Iowa State report was very optimistic, stating that the crop gave promise of an exceptionally large yield if frost was no earlier than the average date of the first killing frost, Oct. 10. Cash corn was easier at the West. Export corn was lower at 60½c, free on board, December to March, and cost, insurance, and freight corn was quoted at about 88c to 90½c, as to grade.

OATS.—The oats market was also weak, closing at about the low points, partly influenced by the weakness in other grains and partly by the big crop estimates and enormous receipts. The day's receipts were 2,450,000 bushels, a record total for one year, and three times the receipts of last year, while interior receipts are increasing and interior shipments were lighter. Snow's crop estimate showed phenomenal yields per acre, 5 bushels more than indicated last month, averaging 38.5 bushels, with the total crop of 1,443,000,000 bushels, compared with the Government estimate of 1,207,000,000 bushels last month and the previous record of 1,186,000,000 bushels. Cash oats were lower, with standards and No. 3 whites quoted at 39c; No. 2 whites, 39½c, and white clipped, 40@42c.

### PROVISIONS.

Provisions were moderately active and lower, influenced by a general decline in live hog prices and somewhat larger receipts of hogs. Packing for the week of 350,000 was only 20,000 less than last year.

NEW YORK MARKET.

| Wheat— | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| September | $1.01⅝ | $1.01¼ | $1.01 | $1.02 |
| December | 1.01⅞ | 99⅝ | 99⅝ | 1.01 |
| May | 1.04⅝ | 1.03¼ | 1.03¼ | 1.04⅛ |

CHICAGO MARKET.

| Wheat— | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| September | 92¼ | 91⅛ | 91⅛ | 92¼ |
| December | 92⅝ | 91 | 91⅛ | 92⅝ |
| May | 96⅞ | 95⅝ | 95⅛ | 96⅝ |
| Corn— | | | | |
| September | 74⅝ | 72⅝ | 72⅝ | 74⅛ |
| December | 55⅝ | 54⅛ | 54⅛ | 55⅝ |
| May | 54⅝ | 53 | 53 | 54¼ |
| Oats— | | | | |
| September | 32½ | 31¼ | 31¼ | 31⅞ |
| December | 32⅝ | 32 | 32⅛ | 32½ |
| May | 35 | 34¼ | 34⅜ | 34⅞ |
| Lard— | | | | |
| September | 11.10 | 11.05 | 11.07½ | 11.15 |
| October | 11.17½ | 11.12½ | 11.12½ | 11.22½ |
| December | 10.80 | 10.75 | 10.75 | 10.82½ |
| January | 10.75 | 10.67½ | 10.70 | 10.77½ |
| Ribs— | | | | |
| September | 10.90 | 10.85 | 10.85 | 10.95 |
| October | 10.95 | 10.92½ | 10.95 | 11.10 |
| January | 10.15 | 10.07½ | 10.10 | 10.15 |
| Pork— | | | | |
| September | 17.40 | 17.20 | 17.22½ | 17.55 |
| October | 17.60 | 17.32½ | 17.40 | 17.65 |
| January | 19.12½ | 18.92½ | 18.95 | 19.15 |

### COTTONSEED OIL.

Apart from relative firmness in the near deliveries, particularly in the September option, the undertone to the cottonseed oil market yesterday was rather easier. The September premium as compared with October has widened to about 10 points, against a discount of about the same amount during the latter part of last month. It is evident that the spot situation is being kept quite firm, despite the claims that new crop crude is moving more freely, and that the South has lowered its basis. Meantime hedge pressure in the future market is not very heavy, but support is lacking, and apparently consuming inquiry from all sources is being largely supplied from the early shipments of new crude. Speculative inquiry has not increased appreciably with the low ring of values, and was not stimulated by more favorable cotton reports yesterday, and reactionary tendency of pure lard and grain.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Spot | ... | ... | 6.43 | 6.34 |
| September | 6.46 | 6.35 | 6.41 | 6.36 |
| October | 6.33 | 6.30 | 6.31 | 6.32 |
| November | 6.00 | 5.97 | 5.99 | 6.04 |
| December | 5.96 | 5.93 | 5.94 | 5.98 |
| January | 5.96 | 5.93 | 5.93 | 5.98 |

### COTTON.

The buoyant cotton market which has been in evidence since the beginning of the week was not continued during yesterday's session, due to the development of more favorable weather conditions. Maximum declines of about $1 per bale occurred, following a setback at the outset, averaging about ten points, but in spite of the renewal of bear aggressiveness at intervals, actual liquidation was not persistent, so that late in the day, when an attempt was made to cover shorts, a substantial recovery to within a few points of the previous closings was made. There has been a partial readjustment of bearish ideas and, apparently, sellers are more reluctant, due to the sensitiveness of the market to crop damage reports, while the supposition is that until the date of probable frost is better determined the trade will be held in suspense.

Uptown interests, large spot concerns, and some of the recent local buyers of cotton were among the principal sellers earlier in the day. The showers in parts of the Carolinas, as shown by the official map, induced these offerings and served to turn a firm Liverpool market to a weak one. The detailed weather report indicated that the showers were mainly light in parts of these States, with light rain also at scattered points in Georgia, but it was thought that the chances favored a check to the deterioration from this timely moisture. Furthermore, there were additional showers predicted for these States overnight.

Crop reports from Texas are rather conflicting. Some authorities maintain that notwithstanding the drought in that State there will be 4,750,000 bales produced. There are few complaints from the Central West, and to date the damage by insects has been decidedly less than anticipated. Cordill was credited with a statement that during August the weather was favorable to 60 per cent. of the belt, while Habersham King in his summary estimated that about 80 per cent. of the belt had been subjected to satisfactory conditions during the past month, and that 15 per cent. of the belt experienced unfavorable weather, although with rains this week this proportion would be reduced considerably.

There is talk of a bullish ginning report on Monday, but it is not believed that the effect of this will be important, as the lateness of the crop is well known. The correspondents of Weld & Co. estimated that to Sept. 1 there were 452,000 bales ginned, of which 350,000 bales were in Texas. Last year there were 557,000 bales ginned in Texas and 214,000 bales in other States. In 1910 there were only 353,000 bales ginned through the South. Latest dispatches suggest, however, that such operations are progressing rapidly, and in the Southeast cotton is now moving more freely, with the receipts at Texas points continuing moderate. The spot advices are irregular, with some bearish reports from Texas, but offerings are limited from other districts.

Hester's detailed statement shows the visible and invisible supplies of American as of Aug. 31 to be 3,802,000 bales, against 1,980,000 bales a year ago; of all kinds, 5,039,000 bales, against 3,423,000 bales.

| | High. | Low. | —Closing.— Bid. Asked. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| September | ... | ... | 11.05@11.07 | 11.09 |
| October | 11.32 | 11.12 | 11.26@11.28 | 11.31 |
| November | ... | ... | 11.35@11.37 | 11.41 |
| December | 11.45 | 11.25 | 11.41@11.42 | 11.46 |
| January | 11.33 | 11.12 | 11.28@11.30 | 11.32 |
| February | ... | ... | 11.33@11.35 | 11.40 |
| March | 11.45 | 11.23 | 11.41@11.43 | 11.45 |
| May | 11.52 | 11.35 | 11.49@11.51 | 11.51 |

### COFFEE.

Coffee was again firm, closing at an advance of 9 to 16 points over the final of Wednesday, but prices appeared to have lost some of the resiliency of Tuesday and Wednesday. Reports from Brazil were again very pessimistic on the crop outlook, as a result of the recent frosts, and the official weather report showed temperatures as low as 33 4-5 degrees. At the advance the entire list was above the 14-cent level, or close to the high records experienced in April and June. Total sales were 170,500 bags. Havre was 1f to 1½f higher early, but closed at a net gain of ¾f to 1f; Hamburg was ½ pfennig lower to ¼ pfennig higher, and in Brazil prices were 175 to 200 reis advance. Leading roasting interests were again active buyers of spot and consigned, sales being estimated at about 60,000 bags.

Spot coffee firmer; 14⅞c for Rio 7.

Contract prices follow:

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| September | 14.11 | 14.00 | 14.10@14.11 | 13.94 |
| October | 13.93 | 13.93 | 14.05@14.06 | 13.93 |
| November | ... | ... | 14.04@14.05 | 13.92 |
| December | 14.06 | 13.95 | 14.03@14.04 | 13.92 |
| January | 14.00 | 13.90 | 14.03@14.04 | 13.94 |
| February | 14.00 | 13.91 | 14.00@14.01 | 13.94 |
| March | 14.10 | 13.97 | 14.06@14.07 | 13.97 |
| April | ... | ... | 14.07&14.08 | 13.99 |
| May | 14.15 | 14.03 | 14.10@14.11 | 14.01 |
| June | ... | ... | 14.11@14.12 | 14.00 |
| July | 14.08 | 14.06 | 14.12@14.13 | 14.00 |
| August | 14.05 | 14.05 | 14.10@14.12 | 13.95 |

### COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, extras, pound, 28½@29c; firsts, 27@28c; seconds, 25½@26½c; thirds, 23@24½c; State dairy tubs, finest, 27@27½c; good to prime, 24½@26c; common to fair, 22@23½c; process, extras, 25½c; firsts, 24@24½c; seconds, 22@23c; imitation, creamery, firsts, 23½c; factory, June make, firsts, 22½c; current make, firsts, 22c; seconds, 21@21½c; thirds, 19½@20½c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 21c; No. 3, 19@20c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, colored, specials, pound, 16@16¼c; white, 16c; colored, average fancy, 15½c; white, 15¾c; undergrades, 14@15½c; daisies, best, 16½c; State, skims, specials, 12½@13c; choice, 11½@11⅝c; fair, 10@11c; undergrades, 7½@9½c; full skims, 4@6½c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 27@28c; extra firsts, 26@26c; firsts, 23@24c; seconds, 21@22c; thirds and poorer, 19@20c; dirties, No. 1, 20@20½c; No. 2, 18@19c; inferior, 14@17c; checks, good to fine, 18½@19c; poor to fair, 13@18c; refined, firsts, season's storage charges paid, 22½@24c; seconds, 21@22c; thirds, 19@20c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery whites, fancy large, new laid, 34c; good to prime, selected whites, 30@33c; common to fair, 27@29c; Western, gathered whites, 26@29c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, 27@28c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 23@27c.

### MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

SUGAR.—The refined sugar market was steady to firm, with the majority of refiners quoting fine granulated at a basis of $5.20. List prices were still quoted on the basis of $5.10, however.

The following quotations are net less discount of 2 per cent. for cash: Crystal dominoes, in cases of two-pound cartons, $8.10; in cases of five-pound cartons, $7.60; Eagle tablets, $6.40; cut loaf, $5.90; crushed, $5.80; Mold A, $5.45; cubes, Eagle, five-pound bags, powdered, and Eagle confectioners' granulated, $5.35; XXXX powdered, $5.25; powdered, coarse powdered, and Eagle coarse granulated, $5.20; fruit powdered and Eagle extra fine granulated, $5.10; Eagle, two, three and one-half, and five pound cartons of fine granulated, $5.30; three and one-half pound bags, $5.35; five-pound bags, $5.30; ten-pound bags, $5.25; twenty-five and fifty pound bags and standard granulated, $5.10; fine granulated and Diamond A, $5.10; confectioners' A, $4.95; No. 1, $4.85; Nos. 2 to 12, $4.80@$4.30, in five-cent ranges; Nos. 13, 14, and 15, $4.25.

The local sugar market was firm, with buyers of prompt shipment sugars at $4.36. Holders, however, were inclined to ask $4.42. About 100,000 bags Cubas were available for all September and late special September shipment at equal to $4.36, duty paid. Spot prices were $4.36 for 96 test centrifugal, $3.86 for 89 test Muscovado, and $3.61 for 89 test molasses sugar.

London beet sugar prices were 12s 3d for September, 10s 1½d for October, and 10s 3d for May. Closing prices were slightly higher than the above figures.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—The market was generally quiet, but steady and unchanged.

Quotations: New Orleans, centrifugal, common, 15@16c; fair, 17@20c; good, 21@26c; prime, 28@34c; New Orleans, open kettle, 37@52c; syrups, common, 11@12c; medium, 14@17c; fancy, 25@28c.

RICE.—The local rice market was steady, with a generally good demand. New rice is arriving slowly at the primary points, but a steady undertone is evident in the larger markets.

Quotations: Screenings, 4@4¼c; ordinary, 4¼@4¾c; fair, 4¾@5c; good ordinary, 5@5¼c; prime, 5¼@5½c; choice, 5½@5¾c; head, Japan, 4½@5c; Patna, 6¾@7c.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The flour market was steady yesterday, despite the sharp break in wheat. Sales were fairly liberal. Recent export sales to the West Indies have been the largest in months.

The following are prices quoted (in wood) on the New York Produce Exchange: Spring patents, $5.15@$5.50; Winter straights, $4.55@$4.70; Winter patents, $4.80@$5.25; Spring clears, $4.50@$4.85; extra No. 1 Winter, $4.20@$4.30; extra No. 2 Winter, $4.10@$4.25; Kansas straights, $4.30@$4.40; fancy Spring patents, $5.90@$6.25. RYE FLOUR.—Quoted: Fair to good, $3.85@$4; choice to fancy, $4.05@$4.15. CORNMEAL—Quoted: Kiln dried, $4.25. BAGMEAL.—Quoted: Fine white and yellow, $1.65@$1.75; coarse, $1.60@$1.65. FEED.—Quoted: Western Spring, $23.50; standard middling, $26.85; flour, middling, $31

# THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

## Large Plot Accumulated in Pennsylvania Zone for Business Building—Upper West Side Apartment Deals—Brooklyn and Long Island Sales—Leasing Market Active.

By the purchase f three additional parcels in West Thirty-third Street, between Ninth and Tenth Avenues, the McKeon Realty Company, of which Thomas A. Larkin is President, has rounded out a plot having a frontage of 131.2 feet on the south side of the street, including the old buildings from 424 to 438 West Thirty-third Street, and 98.9 deep. The property just acquired includes the lots at 424, 426, and 428, the sellers being Benjamin Y. Hyde, Joseph T. and James J. Carroll, and W. P. Pulles, respectively. The transaction was negotiated by the John P. Peel Company. The other portion of the plot was acquired last March from the Rudolph Wallach Company through the same brokers.

The plot is in the western portion of the Pennsylvania Station zone, and the rear overlooks the track yards of the railroad, thus assuring excellent light and air facilities for the commercial building which the buyers are contemplating to erect on the site. Plans are being prepared by the architect, Paul Hunter, who has designed several of the new loft and factory structures in the Chelsea region, for a ten-story building, and construction work will, it is said, begin in the near future. The entire investment, with the property, will represent about $850,000.

### Uptown Apartments Traded.

Daniel E. Hanlon has purchased from Mary F. Martin 552 and 554 West 186th Street, a five-story apartment house on plot 50 by 107, 100 feet west of Audubon Avenue. In exchange the buyer gave 1,325 and 1,329 Plympton Avenue, two two-family brick houses, each on lot 22.6 by 100, and 55 East 193d Street, a three-story dwelling, on lot 20 by 100. The seller acquired the property last June. M. I. Strunsky & Co. were the brokers.

Another uptown department house trade was announced by Nail & Parker, who sold for Ada Brouer to George A. Sipp 60 West 140th Street, a six-story new law house, arranged for twenty-four families, on plot 37.6 by 100. In part payment Mr. Sipp gives his country residence at Englewood, N. J.

A. C. & L. A. Marks sold for Alfred Block the new six-story apartment house at 200 Bradhurst Avenue, between 151st and 152d Streets, on plot 57.9 by 124.6, to a client, who gave as part payment a plot of over thirty-five lots at Edgemere, L. I., the property bounded by the Ocean Boulevard, Jamaica Bay, Sea View Avenue, and the Atlantic Ocean, together with riparian rights.

### Bronx Borough.

A builder has bought from Charles Dammeyer a plot of three lots on the south side of 157th Street, 100 feet west of St. Ann's Avenue. Kurz & Uren were the brokers.

### Brooklyn.

Henry Pierson & Co. have sold 83 St. Mark's Avenue, near Flatbush Avenue, a three story and basement brownstone dwelling on plot 21.6 by 131 for estate of Robert Edeson to Delia F. Mullaley, for occupancy; also 581 Carlton Avenue, near St. Mark's Avenue, a three story and basement stone dwelling to J. B. Harper.

Fenwick B. Small has sold to Louis Beers' Sons the Hicks property, being the entire block front, 281 feet on Broadway, Chauncey to Marion Streets, for immediate improvement. This property has been in one family for over forty years. Three of the houses to be erected thereon have already been sold.

Tutino & Cerny have sold for Daves Becker to a client the four-story apartment house, on plot 40 by 100, at 2,812 Church Avenue; for Henry Von Glahn to a builder, for improvement, five lots on the southwest corner of Sixteenth Avenue and Fifty-fourth Street, a plot 100 by 90.

### Long Island.

The Woodmere Realty Company has sold at Woodmere, L. I., to Louis Posner a plot, 60 by 111, on Woodmere Boulevard, between Central Avenue and Cedar Lane; a plot, 60 by 100, on Woodmere Boulevard, between West Broadway and Central Avenue, and a plot, 60 by 122, on Woodmere Place, between Club Drive and Narrow Lane, for investment.

The Rockaway Park Realty Company has sold at Rockaway Park for Martin Jung, a plot, 60 by 100, on the corner of Washington and Sixth Avenues, Rockaway Park, upon which the purchaser intends to erect a dwelling; also, for Harry M. De Wart, a plot, 60 by 100, on the west side of West End Avenue, 100 feet south of Washington Avenue, Rockaway Park, to a client.

The Queensboro Corporation reports the following sales on the Elmhurst section of the Barclay-Dugro tract: A two-family house on Twenty-fifth Street to Herman Kraemer, a two-family house on Twenty-fifth Street to M. J. Faulen, a plot, 60 by 100, northeast corner of Twenty-sixth Street and Roosevelt Avenue, to George Bagley and A. H. Gardner; a plot, 60 by 100, southeast corner of Twenty-fifth Street and Polk Avenue, to Constantine Scott.

The Windsor Land and Improvement Company has sold at Valley Stream to W. J. Fleming a plot, 40 by 100, on Fairview Avenue; to H. Lynch, a plot, 40 by 100, on Cottage Street; to P. Dinan, a plot, 40 by 100, on Madison Avenue; to M. Tuggle, a plot, 60 by 100, on Montague Street, and to W. Fischer, a plot, 37.86 by 99.28, on Merrick Road.

### $78,000 Deal in Montclair.

The Central Finance Company of Manhattan has sold to an investor seven modern dwellings on North Montclair Avenue and Valley Road, Montclair, N. J. The transaction, which involved about $78,000, was negotiated by Frank Hughes.

### Another Moving Picture House.

The Palace Theatre Company has leased from the Riverside Viaduct Realty Company the plot, 75 by 100, on the north side of 157th Street, 75 feet west of Amsterdam Avenue, for the term of twenty-one years. The owners will build for the lessees a photo playhouse. The lease, which involves an aggregate rental of $126,000, was negotiated by the Louis Becker Company.

### Queens Building Activity.

Among the new building operations, for which plans have recently been filed in the Borough of Queens, are a new factory costing $6,000 for the John Lackner Company to replace the old building at Whitestone destroyed by fire a short time ago. It will be 75 by 100 feet, of brick, and one story high. Louis Schwab is to erect ten more two-story dwellings in the Hillside Avenue section of Jamaica, costing $40,000. The Sage Homes Company is preparing to put up several two-and-one-half-story brick residences costing $6,000 each in its Forest Hills development. Ten two-story frame houses are planned for early construction by I. Parker at Jamaica, on Scudder Street, east of the Rockaway Road, and the New York Connecting Railway is erecting a frame structure costing $2,500 for its engineering offices in Long Island City, on the Boulevard, north of Potter Avenue.

### Work on New Queens Trolley.

As the result of a meeting of the Directors of the Manhattan & Jamaica Railway Company, held this week, it was announced that construction work on the new electric road is likely to be started within two weeks. The road is to be built from the Queensboro Bridge to Jamaica by way of Thomson Avenue, the company having recently obtained the franchise of the South Shore Traction Company. Bids for the construction work are to be awarded within the next day or two, it was stated by General Manager Weaver.

### Legally Opened Streets.

Corporation Counsel Watson has rendered an opinion that South Street, Jamaica, from New York Avenue to a property line about 250 feet east of Roosevelt Avenue, formerly the Rockaway turnpike, is a legally dedicated street and may be improved at the public expense.

Also that Metz Avenue, formerly Chestnut Street, Wierfield, from Fiske Avenue to a line about 290 feet east of Walnut Street; Elton Street, formerly Seventeenth Street, from California (formerly Cypress) Avenue to Sanford Avenue, Flushing; Hicks Avenue, Long Island City, from the Long Island Railroad to Laurel Hill Boulevard; Henry Street, from Burroughs Avenue to Long Island Railroad, Warfield, and Burroughs Avenue, from Woodside Avenue to Maurice Avenue, except where it crosses the Long Island Railroad, are legally dedicated highways and may be improved by assessment.

### Leases.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased for a long term of years a large apartment comprising an entire floor in the new building to be erected at 635 Park Avenue, the southeast corner of Sixty-sixth Street, by the Fullerton Weaver Realty Company, to William L. Rich. The new building will not be completed until Oct. 1, 1913.

Frank L. Fisher Company leased for the R. S. S. Company the three-story and basement dwelling 72 West Ninety-second Street for a term of years.

Spear & Co. have rented for Henry C. Lytton of Chicago 10,000 feet in the building 18 to 22 West Twentieth Street to Joseph Wien, for the Rexton Realty Company.

H. C. Senior & Co. have leased for the Blendermann estate the three-story dwelling 119 West Eighty-third Street to Emilie Genre; for Anna Murphy the three-story dwelling 314 West Seventy-first Street to Susie Hueston; for Dennis Ryan and Kathryn Shanley the stores at 2'2 and 214 West End Avenue, corner of Seventieth Street, to John H. Hageler and Gustave Rautenberg, and for Anna Romares the four-story dwelling 156 West Seventy-eighth Street to A. L. Reynolds.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased for Theodore Burt Sayre to the Roneo Company the recently completed three-story building 117 and 119 Leonard Street for ten years at an aggregate rental of about $50,000. The property is in the County Court House zone and adjoins the northeast corner of Lafayette and Leonard Streets.

Benjamin Englander has leased for the Midwest Realty Company to Miller & Co. the seventh loft at 127 to 133 West Twenty-sixth Street; also the ninth loft in the building under construction at 116 and 118 West Twenty-ninth Street to D. & L. Herman, and the top loft at 130 to 134 West Seventeenth Street to M. Ulanoff.

The four-story dwelling at 143 West Seventieth Street has been leased by Vasa K. Bracher for the Allendale Building Company to Mary A. Watson.

Pease & Elliman have leased space in the new Aeolian Building, 25 to 29 West Forty-second Street, to Charles B. Hawley, and Frederick A. Hannah.

### Real Estate Notes.

Orme Wilson, Jr., is reported to be the buyer of the Fabbri property at 11 to 15 East Sixty-fourth Street, sold Wednesday.

A building loan of $225,000 has been made by the Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company to the Hennessy Realty Company on the new apartment to be erected at 41 to 47 West Eighty-third Street, a plot 76.3 by 102.2 feet.

### Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

75th St, 327 East, n s, 256.8 ft w of 1st Av, 28.4x162.2, four-story tenement; foreclosure, adjourned to Sept. 12.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

Morris Av, 2,054 and 2,056, n e corner of Burnside Av, 94x20.2x91.1x20.4, three-story tenement and stores; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, H. R. Sutphen, $5,000.

By John S. Mapes.

Pilgrim Av, w s, 21 ft s of Liberty St, 45x100x50x100, Throgs Neck; foreclosure, to the plaintiffs, E. A. Cornelius and others, $1,000.

## THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

### List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Westchester Av, n e corner White Plains Road, for a one-story brick store, 5.5x60; William Landgrebe, 671 Morris Park Av, owner; T. J. Kelly, 782 Morris Park Av., architect; cost, $3,500.

### Alterations.

25th St, 521 to 541 West, to a one-story factory; Conley Foil Co., premises, owner; B. K. Hall, 4th Av. and 22d St, architect; cost, $15,000.

## REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 5.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

### Manhattan.

BLEECKER ST, 327, corner of Christopher St; Jennie B. Waterbury, administratrix of Clinton Adams, to Sallie M. Simmons, Geneva, Switzerland, ½ part, all title, July 23; attorneys, Spencer, O. & W., 27 William St..$5,000

INTERIOR LOT beg'ns 87.5 ft. n of 11th St and 296.8 ft w of 1st Av; runs n 16.11x e 20.4x s 6.2x s 13.4 to beginning; H. W. Erichs, Inc., to Adelaide E. Watson and others, 224 East 15th St, Aug. 30; attorneys, Worden & Van Gordon, 27 William St.....$1

MANHATTAN ST, 13, n e s, 36x69.4x78.1, corr; Hospital Estates and another to Kate Blank, 997 Union Av, Aug. 23; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway .....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Kate Blank to Fisher Levine, 116 East 78th St, (mtg $10,260,) Sept. 4; same attorney .....$100

SPRING ST, 226, n s, 25x100; Westerford W. Smith to Broadway Trust Co, 754 Broadway, ½ part, all title, May 9; attorneys, Breed, A. & M., 82 Liberty St.....$1

2D AV, 1,887, w s, 25.6x100; Louis and Laura Oppenheim to Elia Oppenheim, 13 West 88th St, (mtg $21,750,) Aug. 1; attorneys, Arnstein & L., 128 Broadway .....$100

3D AV, s w corner 96th St, 20x100; Thomas F. Begley, et al., to George Ehret, 1,197 Park Av, Sept. 4; attorneys, Rose & P., 128 Broadway .....$100

4TH ST, 193 West, n e s, 27.3x irregular; Fanny Levy to Sarah Metzger, quit claim, all liens, Aug. 4, 1910; attorney, Martin Werdenschlag, Hall of Records.....$1

11TH ST, n s, 296.8 ft w of 1st Av, 142.10x34.6x irregular; H. W. Erichs, Inc., to Adelaide E. Watson and Elizabeth Hartwig, 224 East 15th St, and Elsa Schmitt, 250 West 107th St, Aug. 30; attorneys, Worden & Van Gordon, 27 William St.....$1

22D ST, 150-154 West, s s, 62.6x98.9; Joseph J. Steindler to J. J. Steindler Co., 8-14 38th St, Sept. 4; attorneys, Horwitz & R., 346 Broadway .....$1

33D ST, 428 West, s s, 18.9x98.9; Adam Wiener, referee, to Abraham E. Magnus, 836 Jefferson Av, Brooklyn, Aug. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.. $18,000

SAME PROPERTY; Abraham E. Magnus to McKeon Realty Co., 80 Maiden Lane, Sept. 4; same attorney .....$100

33D ST, s s, 268.9 ft w of 9th Av, 18.9x98.9; Benjamin J. Hyde and another to same, (mtg $6,500,) Aug. 19; same attorney.....$100

33D ST, 426 West, s s, 18.9x98.9; James J. Carroll to same, (mtg $2,000;) Aug. 8; same attorney .....$100

36TH ST, 332 East, s s, 25x98.2x—x101.1, (mtg $23,250;) 38th St, n s, 175 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.9x25.2x104, (mtg $17,000;) 95th St, 207-209 East, n s, 54x100.8, (mtg $36,250;) Theodore I. Jacobus to Laura Oppenheim, 13 West 38th St, 44-100 parts, B. & S., April 30; attorneys, Arnstein, L. & P., 128 Broadway .....$1

44TH ST, n s, 111.8 ft w of Madison Av, 16.8x100.5; Thomas F. Sturges and others to Thomas B. Hidden, at Northeast, Dutchess County, N. Y., July 18; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway.....$100

45TH ST, s s, 400 ft w of 9th Av, 25x100.4; Joseph Shure to Terence H. Forrest, 124 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, (mtg $13,000, and all liens,) Sept. 4; attorney, Edgar R. Mead, 55 Liberty St.....$1

57TH ST, n s, 300 ft w of 8th Av, 25x100.5; S. Minot Jones et al. to John W. Burgess, 37 Gibbs Av, Newport, R. I.; quit claim, June 20 .....$7,500

85TH ST, 124 West s s, 17.6x102.2; Mabel A. Andreas to Edna H. Moore, 143 West 69th St, (mtg. $7,000,) Sept. 4; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

98TH ST, 57 West, n s, 25x100.11; Hy. C. Parker to Gertrude Parker, 57 West 98th St, all liens, Sept. 2; attorney, Edward A. Isaacs, 27 William St.....$100

102D ST, n s, 205 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.9; Bertha Kaufman to Leighton Williams, Marlborough, Ulster County, N. Y., executor, &c., James Bowen, B. & S., all liens, Aug. 19; attorney, M. Williams, 25 Liberty St...$100

111TH ST, 312-314 West, s s, 37.6x106.2; Saxonia Construction Co. to Shenk Realty and Construction Co., 62 West 107th St, (mtg $49,500,) Sept. 4; attorneys, Morrison & Schiff, 220 Broadway .....$100

115TH ST, 428 to 430 East, s s, 50x100.10; Louis S. Quimby to Broadway Trust Co, 754 Broadway, C A G, Aug. 21; attorneys, Breed, A. & M., 82 Liberty St.....$1

118TH ST, n s, 107.9 ft w of Pleasant Av, 19.9x100.10; Peter J. Everett, referee, to Edmund T. Sines, at White Plains, N. Y., Sept. 5; attorney, R. L. Scott, 93 Nassau St .....$6,400

139TH ST, s s, 383.4 ft e of Lenox Av, 41.8x99.11; Hunterdon Realty and Construction Co. to Harvey B. Raffel, 309 West 99th St or 5 Beekman St, (mtg. $41,500,) Aug. 31.....$1

186TH ST, 552 and 554 West, s s, 50x107.5; Mary F. Martin to Daniel E. Hanlon, 53 East 193d St, (mtg. $50,000,) Sept. 3; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

### Bronx.

BRYANT AV, n w corner of Freeman St, 45x100; Clover Construction Co. to Joseph G. Wallach, White Plains, N Y, Sept. 5, (mtg $48,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

LOT 141, map of Joseph Husson, Clason Point, 25x111.6; Susan H. Rudd to Susan D. Rudd, 526 West 158th St, Aug. 22; attorneys, Whalen & Dunn, 97 Cedar St.....Gift

LOTS 98 and 99, map of 170 lots, Siems estate; Daniel J. Dillon Co. to William McBain, 1,523 Hoe Av, June 4; attorney, Hy. M. Ribeth, 391 East 149th St.....$1

LOTS 6, 7, 77, and 122, map of Tremont Heights; Wilfrid H. Sherrill to Commercial Finance Co., at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., July 1; attorney, C. W. H. Arnold, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.....$100

PLIMPTON AV, 1,325, w s, 22x100; Plimpton Av, 1,329, w s, 22.7x100; Edward F. Morris to Daniel E. Hanlon, 53 East 193d St, Aug. 29; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

PLIMPTON AV, 1,329, w s, 22.7x100; Daniel E. Hanlon to Bertha B. Strumisky, 600 West 183d St, Sept. 4, (mtg $7,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway .....$100

PLIMPTON AV, 1,325, w s, 22x100, (mtg $7,000;) 193d St, 55 East, 20x80, (mtg $8,000;) Daniel E. Hanlon to Mary F. Martin, 53 East Kingsbridge Road, Sept. 4; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway .....$100

QUIMBY AV, 2,163, n s, 24.10x103; Adam Mink to Stanley Fryer, 2,163 Quimby Av, Sept. 3, (mtg $3,750;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

RICHARDSON, 4,452, s e s, 37x108.4; William Schoenberger to Anthony Neumann, 4,452 Richardson Av, mtg $4,200, Sept. 3; attorneys, Wesselman & K., 55 Liberty St.....$100

RITTER PLACE, 822, s s, 25x99.10; Madeline O'Neill to Hinley Realty Co., 1,847 Boston Road, Aug. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway .....$100

SIMPSON ST, w s, 438.8 ft s of 163d St, 42x107.9; Podgur Realty Co. to John J. Giese, New Rochelle, N Y, Sept. 5, (mtg $40,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway .....$100

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 90 ft s of 167th St, 37.6x100; Benno Loewy, referee, to Ferdinand G. Kneer, 236 West 51st St, Sept. 4; attorney, Edw. Miehling, 256 Broadway .....$7,000

138TH ST, 590 East, s s, 37.6x100; Benno Loewy, referee, to Ferdinand G. Kneer, 236 West 51st St, Sept. 4; attorney, Edw. Miehling, 256 Broadway .....$5,500

SAME PROPERTY; Ferdinand G. Kneer to Annie L. Kneer, 236 West 51st St, Sept. 4; same attorney .....$100

141ST ST, s s, 152.6 ft e of Southern Boulevard, 64.11x—; 140th St, n s, 164.3 ft n of H. & P. R. R. Co., runs n 98.6x e 32.2x s 98.6x w 32.2; May Swan Blake to John H. Symmers, 995 East 167th St, Aug. 9; attorney, Isaac N. Goodhue, 43 Exchange Place .....$1

169TH ST, n e corner of Nelson Av, being strip in front of Lot 101, map of Claremont; Nathaniel A. Mosher to John M. Hafter, and another, executors, 654 Courtlandt Av, Sept. 4; attorney, John F. Frees, 3,029 3d Av .....$1

180TH ST, n s, 182.2 ft w of Prospect Av, 66.1x135; Susan V. N. Bouget, executrix, to Richard R. Maslen, 2,312 Aqueduct Av, Sept. 3; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway .....$13,500

181ST ST, s s, 100 ft w of Vyse Av, 83.8x—; 181st St, s s, 225.8 ft e of Vyse Av, 32.2; Joseph Fried to Arc Realty Co., 15 William St, April 26; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

220TH ST, s s, Lot 376, map of Wakefield; Gennaro Fico to Frank Jannotto, 4,599 3d Av, mtg $18,350, Sept. 4; attorney, B. F. Gerding, 1,901 Bathgate Av.....$100

### RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

### Manhattan.

MANHATTAN ST, n s, 300 ft w of Morningside Av, 36x69.4x78.1; Kate Blank to Hospital Estates, Inc., 30 Broad St, and another, Aug. 23, 5 years; attorneys, De Forest Brothers, 30 Broad St .....$10,260

NEW BOWERY, 23 and 25, s e s, at s s of Madison St, 20, 42.9x47x31.1x16.10; Raymond Guaran and another to Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway, Sept. 5, due as per bond .....$15,000

PARK AV, e s, 74 ft s of 109th St, 26.11x76; William Hoffman and anothtr to Annie Hoffman, 1,681 Madison Av, July 15, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Isaac Gutman, 346 Broadway .....$1,000

21ST ST, 107 West, s s, 20x98.9; Alexander M. Pell to Walter R. Lord, 1,156 Forest Av, prtg $9,000, Aug. 27, 1 year; attorney, Joseph C. Levi, 37 Liberty St.....$6,000

30TH ST, n s, 430 ft w of 5th Av, 70x98.9; Broadway, n e corner of 30th St, 103.8x110.6; Macombs Road, s e corner of 176th St, —x—; Jerome Av, s w corner of Featherbed Av, —x—; Inwood s w corner of Featherbed Av, —x—; Jerome Av, n e corner of Clifford Place, —x—; Jerome Av, s e corner of Clifford Place, —x—; Mildred H. Tuttle and another to Montrose Realty Co., 135 Broadway, prior mtg $355,000, Aug. 28, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway..$15,000

32D ST, 31 and 33 East, 50x98.9; Brancko Construction Co. to Robert McGill, Hoboken, N. J., (mtg $110,750,) Sept. 5, due March 1, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorneys, James, S. & E., 170 Broadway .....$100,000

33D ST, 424 to 428 West, s s, 56.3x98.9; McKeon Realty Co. to City Real Estate Co., 176 Broadway, Sept. 4, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway .....$45,000

44TH ST, n s, 111.8 ft w of Madison Av, 16.8x100.5; Thomas B. Hidden to Allan Marquand and others, trustees, Princeton, N. J., Aug. 13, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway. $52,500

45TH ST, s s, 131 ft w of Madison Av, 44x100.5; Thomas B. Hidden to Allan Marquand and others, trustees, Princeton, N. J., Aug. 13, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway. $55,000

78TH ST, n s, 75 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 23x102.2; Rudolph Schweizer to Charles Dorn, 261 3d Av, Sept. 4, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. J. Dorn, 141 Broadway.....$2,000

81ST ST, 224 East, 25.10x102.2; Frederick Benzer and another to George F. Abendschein, 325 East 18th St, Sept. 1, 5 years; attorney, E. A. Hassey, 302 Broadway .....$19,000

81ST ST, 504 East, 25x102.2; Alex Arnold to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, Sept. 5, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Meyer Auerbach, 42 Broadway .....$14,000

118TH ST, n s, 107.9 ft w of Pleasant Av, 19.9x100.10; Edmund T. Simes to Rufus L. Scott, 430 Greene Av, Brooklyn, N. Y., Sept. 5, due Nov. 5, 1915, 6½ p. c.; attorney, R. L. Scott, 93 Nassau St.....$2,000

186TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of Audubon Av, 50x107.5; Daniel E. Hanlon to Mary F. Martin, 58 Kingsbridge Road East, Sept. 4, due Oct. 15, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, T. J. Meehan, 2 Rector St.....$5,000

### Bronx.

BRYANT AV, n w corner of Freeman St, 45x100; Joseph G. Wallach to Clover Construction Co., 35 Nassau St, Sept. 5, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. S. Hoffman, 35 Nassau St. $6,800

FINDLAY AV, s w corner of 165th St, 90.5x

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H. Hurst, owner; William E. Walsh, contractor .....$270

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 148th St, 99.11x105; Emery Roth against George F. Picken Construction Co., owner and contractor .....$2,360

4TH ST, 46 WEST; Aranowitz & Dreler against Max Targman, owner; M. Tiernan Construction Co., contractor .....$133

4TH ST, 111 and 112 and 114 East; Philip Grossman against estate of Henry Kuebel and Joseph K. Savage, owners; Samuel Laster, contractor .....$517

6TH AV, 450 and 452; Kramer Contracting Co. against Max Radt, owner and contractor .....$9,210

### SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, s e corner of 172d St; Harry Saul against Paterno & Son Construction Co. and others, Aug. 2, 1912, (by bond).. $20

SAME PROPERTY; Rubin Bolken against same, Aug. 2, 1912, (by bond).....$14

SAME PROPERTY; Max Siegel against same, Aug. 2, 1912, (by bond).....$22

SAME PROPERTY; Meyer Addin against same, Aug. 2, 1912, (by bond).....$30

4TH AV, s w corner of 26th St; Thomas J. Mooney against Hess Building Co. and others, Aug. 1, 1912, (by bond).....$273

48TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of 8th Av; Jacob Horowitz against H. Claman and others, June 5, 1912 .....$120

### LIS PENDENS.

BELMONT ST, n s, 55 ft e of Inwood Av, 55x186.1x irregular; Lillian Lipstadt against Emma Blath and others, (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. S. Aaronstamm.

CLINTON AV, w s, 94.6 ft s of 181st St, 24.6x41.1x irregular; 197th St, n s, 95 ft e of Creston Av, 55.5x140x irregular; Charles A. Bonkiser against Amalia Pirk and others, (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorney, F. C. Hirleman.

LOTS 443 to 446, Mapes estate, Bronx; 13th St, s s, 305 ft w of Avenue C, 50x103.1, Bronx; Lots 191 and 192, map of Gleason property, Bronx; George R. Sutherland against Josephine K. McOwen and others, (action to set aside conveyance;) attorney, J. J. Cunneen.

WALTON AV, n e corner of Hawkstone St, 42.9x38.11; Harold Swain against Robert Byars and others, (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorney, H. Swain.

WATER ST, 650; John J. Canavan and others against Ellen Canavan and others, (partition;) attorneys, Murtha & Hanson.

6TH AV, 450 and 452; Kramer Contracting Co. against Max Radt, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorneys, Wechsler & Rothschild.

28TH ST, n s, 125 ft w of 9th Av, 18.9x98.9; City of New York against Jacob Janson and others, (action to acquire title;) attorney, A. R. Watson.

113TH ST, n s, 121.4 ft e of Park Av, 42x100.11; Julius C. Kohn against Samuel Cohen and others, (foreclosureof mortgage;) attorney, J. M. Roeder.

131ST ST, 116 West; Adelaide M. Davis against Roderick McC. Hall and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. W. Gaines.

137TH ST, s s, 507 ft w of 7th Av, 18x99.11; Germania Life Insurance Co. against William E. Goodridge and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Dulon & Roe.

138TH ST, s s, 175 ft e of Lenox Av, 50x99.11; George Schweppenhauser against John R. Gleed and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. O. Gantz.

181ST ST, n s, 41.1 ft w of Clinton Av, 25x100; Lots 17 and 22, map of property of Metropolitan Real Estate Association, Fordham Ridge, opposite Jerome Park, Bronx; 107th St, n s, 95 ft e of Creston Av, 55.4x140; Rudolph H. Maier against Amalia Pirk and others, (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorney, F. C. Hirleman.

241ST ST, n s, 25 ft e of Marian St, 25x100; Martha A. Garrison against William D. Miller and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. A. Southworth.

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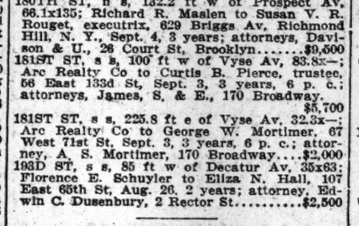

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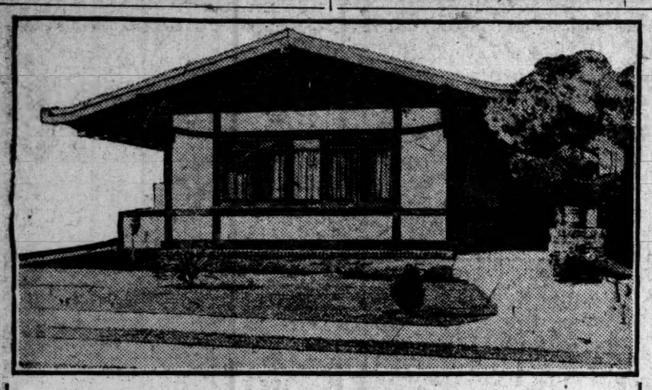

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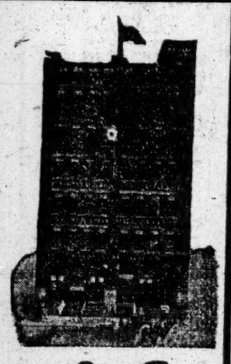

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200 Claremont Ave.,
Corner 127th St., Near Grant's Tomb.
One block from Subway Station.
Elevator, private telephone, &c.
**5, 6 and 7 Rooms and Bath.**
**Rent $40 to $80 Per Month.**

**Ponchartrain,**
(Fireproof)
312 West 109th St.,
Adjacent to Riverside Drive.
Elevator, private telephone, &c.
**6 and 7 Rooms and Bath.**
**Rent $65 to $112.50 Per Month.**

**The Delaware,**
520 West 122nd St.,
A Park Street.
Quiet residential neighborhood. Near Broadway
Elevator, private telephone, &c.
**5, 6 and 7 Rooms and Bath.**
**Rent $45 to $75 Per Month.**

**The Teviot,**
2469 Broadway,
Adjacent to 91st Street Subway Station.
Elevator, private telephone, &c.
**5, 6, 7 Rooms and Bath.**
**Rent $45 to $75 Per Month.**

**The Gerard,**
527 West 121st St.,
Near Columbia University.
Quiet Residential Neighborhood.
Elevator, private telephone, &c.
**4, 5 and 7 Rooms, Bath and Two Toilets.**
**Rent $45 to $75 Per Month.**

**The Opelika,**
523 West 143d St.,
Near Broadway.
Two blocks from Subway Station.
Elevator, private telephone, &c.
**6 Rooms and Bath.**
**Rent $50 to $60 Per Month.**

**The Chesterfield,**
260 Riverside Drive,
North Corner 98th Street.
(New ten-story Fireproof Building).
**4, 7, 8, 9 Rooms and 2 and 3 Baths.**
**Rent $60 to $200 Per Month.**

**The Anniston,**
281 Edgecombe Ave.
Facing Colonial Park, near 145th St.
Elevator, private telephone, etc.
**4, 5, 6 and 7 Rooms and Bath.**
**Rent $40 to $70 Per Month.**

Positive assurance is given that particular attention will be paid to the comforts of all tenants, as well as a most rigid scrutiny of all references.

If these apartments do not interest you, kindly write to this office, stating fully what you want, and we will send you particulars of other apartments under our management.

---

## THE HAMILTON

N. E. Cor. Riverside Drive and 114th St.

A new 12-story fire and sound proof building now in course of construction.

**5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 Rooms, 2 and 3 Baths**
**Rents $1,200 to $2,300**
**Every Room an Outside Room**

Ready for Occupancy September 15.
Large Rooms and Closets.
A House Beautiful Throughout.
Open for inspection. Agent on premises, or
**SLAWSON & HOBBS,**
Tel. 7240—Columbus. 162 West 72d St.

---

## Cliffcrest

S. E. COR. 157TH ST. & ST. NICHOLAS AV.
**Best located elevator Apts. on Washington Heights**
5-6-7 & 8 ROOMS,
RENTS $50 TO $80.
Convenient to "L" and Subway stations (two blocks to either); half block to surface cars; every worthy improvement; vacuum cleaning, &c.; absolutely permanent, light; overlooking Colonial and Jumel Parks, Speedway and Long Island Sound.

---

THE ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
**SAVOY** 4-5-6 ROOMS
**452-456 West 149th St.**
Between Amsterdam and Convent Avs.
NEW HOUSE.
5-6 ROOMS—All Night Elevators.
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT.

| | RENTS |
|---|---|
| HAMPTON COURT, 131-141 WEST 140TH ST. | $30.00 |
| EDINBORO COURT, 108 WEST 141ST ST. | TO |
| EARL'S COURT, 108 WEST 141ST ST. | $47.50 |

SUPT. ON PREMISES ALL TIMES.

---

**ROSALIND COURT**
510 W. 144th St., Broadway and Amsterdam Av.
High-Class Elevator Apartments.
Every improvement, including showers.
3-4-5 & 6 Rooms. $32.50 to $55.
Superintendent on premises, or
Duff & Brown Co., 1,715 Ams. Av., (145 St.)

---

**BEST VALUES IN CITY**
All improvements; all night elevator service; convenient to all car lines and Subway.
Liberal Concessions to Desirable Tenants.
6 rooms and bath.....$52.50
7 rooms and bath.....$57.50
THE ROSEMONT.
Superintendent, premises, 126A West 127th St.

---

**THE MIDLOTHIAN**
353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

---

**STANLEY COURT**
519-527 WEST 134TH ST.
3-4-5-6 ROOMS, $25 TO $37.
Telephone, electric light, high class; view on three streets. H. BOWIE, Agent. Tel. 640 Morning.

---

**LAUREATE HALL**
Amsterdam Av., N. W. Cor. 119th St.
2-3-4 ROOMS.
Kitchenettes and bath, $22.50 to $75.00.
Apply 420 W. 119th St., opp. Laureate Hall.

---

**Attention, Elevator Apartments, $32-$45**
The Manitou, 221 West 141st. (7th Av.) 4-5 large, modern rooms, tiled bath, continuous service; concessions, desirable tenants.

---

**SEMIRAMIS** 137 West 110th St., Facing Central Pk.
Every convenience. Within block of Subway and "L." 6 rooms and bath, $50-$55.

---

**New Elevator Apartments.**
**Manhattan Av., 122 to 123 St.**
Convenient to Subway, 6th and 9th Ave. "L" and all street car lines; private residential section.
**2-3-4 Rooms and Bath, Kitchens and Kitchenettes.**
3 to 7 large closets in each apartment. Southern exposure; floods of sunlight.
**Rents $28 to $50.**
**LARGE RESTAURANT**
TO LEASE, UNFURNISHED.
**420 West 119th St.** THE IRADELL.
Elevator, etc., near Columbia College.
2, 3, 4 & 5 Large Rooms and Bath.
Kitchens and Kitchenettes.
RENTS $32 to $60.

---

**75 Hamilton Terrace,**
Near 144th Street,
**High-Class Elevator Apartments**
2 blocks East of Amsterdam Av.
Situated in finest residential section, convenient to Subway and elevated stations.
**3 to 7 Room Apartments**
**Rents $35 to $80.**

---

**THE CHARLES**
229 WEST 111TH ST.
**8 large rooms, $58.**
**7 large rooms, $55.**
**5 large rooms, $38.**
Within 2 blocks of Subway and elevated lines. Modern construction. Light rooms. Elevator and telephone service. New Management.

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**Michigan, Illinois, Louisiana.**
507-517 WEST 113TH ST.
Absolutely Fireproof High-Class Building.
4-5 Rooms, $600 to $840.

---

MANHATTAN—West Side.

## The Westbourne

930 West End Ave.,
Between 105th and 106th Sts.
**7 Rooms and Bath,**
**$1,080.00.**
Apply Superintendent on Premises.

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**BRYANT PARK STUDIOS**
80 WEST 40TH ST.
VERY DESIRABLE NORTH LIGHT STUDIO APARTMENTS, 6, 4, 3 ROOMS, BATH; HALL ELEVATOR SERVICE. SUPERINTENDENT.

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**The Sevilla** Apartment Hotel, 117 West 58th St.
Apartment, 3 rooms and bath; also one of 2 rooms and bath, to lease, unfurnished, from Oct. 1st.

---

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

# Regnor—Rexor

115th St. Broadway 116th St.
TWO 12-STORY FIREPROOF BUILDINGS.
**Just Completed. Ready for Occupancy.**
Overlooking Columbia University, Barnard College, with an ideal view of the river. Unusually large rooms, with an extra number of clothes and linen closets, extra large foyer, &c.
5 Rooms, 2 Baths.....$1,100 to $1,300
6 Rooms, 2 Baths.....$1,300 to $1,600
7 Rooms, 3 Baths.....$1,500 to $2,200
ALSO

**Aqua Vista**
460 Riverside Drive,
Just North of 116th St.
Choicest section of the Drive.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,300 to $1,600
8 Rooms, 3 Baths, $1,500 to $1,600

**Sophomore**
21 Claremont Av.,
Few Steps N. of 116th St.
Overlooking Columbia University and Barnard College. The 4-room apartments are especially attractive.
4 Rooms & Bath, $600 to $840
6 Rooms, 2 Baths...$1,100

Paterno Bros. (Inc.), Owners and Builders,
Joseph Paterno, Pres. & Treas. Representatives on Premises.
**Apartments Seen Evenings till 10 o'Clock.**

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MANHATTAN—West Side.

THE
## PRÁSÁDA
**50 Central Park West**
**Corner 65th Street.**
12-Story Fireproof Building.
Suites of 8-9-10 Rooms,
2 and 3 Baths.
**Rentals from $2,500 to $3,800**
including Refrigeration.
Manager on Premises, or
**PEASE & ELLIMAN, Agents,**
167 West 72d St.

---

THE
## CORNWALL
Northwest Corner
**Broadway & 90th St.**
New 12-story fireproof building with every modern convenience.
**9 & 10 Rooms**
**2 & 3 Baths**
**Rents $2,200 to $2,400**
PER ANNUM.
Renting Agent on Premises, or
**SLAWSON & HOBBS,**
162 WEST 72D STREET.
Telephone 7240 Columbus.

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Strictly **MILANO** Fireproof.
127 West 58th—Only one Apartment, eight rooms and bath; all improvements. Day and night elevator, hall, 'phone service, near Park, $2,000.
**REVERE HALL,**
622 W. 114th, Near Riverside Drive.—6 and 7 rooms and bath; maid's toilet; light, sunny rooms, elevator, all improvements; 'phone; $660 to $1,000.
**IRVINGTON,**
407 C. P. West, (100th St.)—8 large rooms and bath, overlooking Park; large light rooms; all improvements; $1,140.
**CARROLLTON,**
601 W. 168th, (Opposite Subway Station.)—5-6-7 rooms, bath; light rooms, large closets, elevator; all improvements; Resident Agent; $690 to $1,000.
**COURTWOOD,**
600 W.169th, Cor. B'way.—Elevator house, all improvements; 5-6-7 rooms, bath; 'phone; 24-hour service; $510 to $1,020.
Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street.
'Phone 1300 River.

---

## VAN DYCK
AND
## SEVERN
**72d St.—Broadway—73d St.**
**Express Station Subway 72d St.**
6 TO 11 ROOMS.
RENTALS $2,000 TO $3,800.
SEEN DAY OR EVENING.
Manager on Premises.
OPERATED BY OWNERS.

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**120 West 86th St.**
Between Columbus and Amsterdam Avs.
**JUST COMPLETED**
TWELVE-STORY fireproof building, situated in an exclusive private residential block. Convenient to the Subway at 86th St. and Broadway and new 86th St. elevated station. Unobstructed light in every room.

| | |
|---|---|
| 6 Rooms, 3 Baths, | $1,750 |
| 7 Rooms, 3 Baths, | $2,000 to 2,200 |
| 8 Rooms, 3 Baths, | 2,000 to 2,500 |

EXTRA SERVANTS' ROOMS IF DESIRED.

---

**"BERKELEY ARMS,"**
**326-328 West 95th St.**
High-class elevator apartments.
**Rents from October 1st.**
**6-7 Rooms.**
Subway express station.
**Rents $50 to $75.**
Superintendent on premises, or
**OTTO DENCKER,**
503 5th Av. 'Phone 7957 Bryant.

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**WASHINGTON & JEFFERSON**
318-328 WEST 51ST STREET.
Attractive Apartments, five, six and eight large light rooms and bath; elevator; all improvements.
ALEXANDER WILSON, 489 5th av.

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**A.—THE ADRIAN—A.**
**58 WEST 72D ST., CORNER.**
Eight large, light rooms, bath; butler's pantry; parquet floors; night and day elevator service; rent $1,200-$1,300; convenient to all transportation lines. Inquire Superintendent on premises.

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**Life Building Apartments**
19-21 WEST 21ST ST.;
two to six rooms to lease from October 1; high ceilings and open fireplaces; meals served in apartments. WILLIAM HARVEY.

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MANHATTAN—West Side.

**Lasanna Court**
207 West 79th Street
Fireproof. Driveway Entrance. Passenger and Service Elevators. Vacuum Cleaner. Best of Service.
6 Rooms $1200 to $1500.
8 Rooms (2 baths) $1600 to $2200.

**Ridgewood**
N. E. Cor. of Broadway and 107th St.
Only Two Apartments to let from October 1st.
All Outside Rooms.
7 Rooms, $1300 to $1400.

George Rosenfeld of H. Morgenthau Jr. Co.
Tel. Cort. 1884. 95 Liberty St.

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## Stanley Court

**West End Avenue & 106th St.**
Housekeeping Apartments—nine rooms and three baths.
**Rents $2,400 to $2,820.**
A few apartments will be available October 1st. One apartment now available, of which immediate possession may be had.
Apply—Manager on Premises.

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**SELECT APARTMENT HOUSES**
**DORCHESTER,** Riverside Drive and 85th St. Suites of 6 to 11 rooms & 3 baths, $1,500 to $3,000.
**TURRETS,** Riverside Drive, cor. 84th St. 10 and 11 rooms and 3 baths, $2,200 to $3,000.
**HADDON HALL,** Riverside Drive & 137th St. Suites of 6, 7, 8, 9 rooms, $900 to $1,500.
**BRITTANIA,** 527 Cathedral Parkway. Suites of 6, 7, 8 rooms, $1,200 to $1,600.
Representative on Premises.
**MARK RAFALSKY & COMPANY**
2,421 Broadway at 89th St.
Main Office, 527 Fifth Av., at 44th St.

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**F. R. WOOD**
W. H. DOLSON CO.,
BROADWAY, COR. 80TH ST.
THE BARNARD,
NO. 106 CENTRAL PARK WEST, CORNER 71ST ST.
Very Choice Apartments, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 rooms and 2 baths,
RENTS $1,300 TO $2,500, including refrigeration.
THE STERLING AND CARLYLE,
76 WEST 86TH ST.,
S. E. CORNER COLUMBUS AV.
Subway and Elevated Stations at 86th St. All west side trolleys convenient. Each Apartment has telephone connection.
Apartments 6, 7, 8 and 10 rooms.
RENTS $1,000 TO $2,200.

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| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 8 Rooms, 2 Baths | The Saxony, 250 W. 82d St., Cor. B'y | $1700 to $1900 |
| 9 Rooms, 3 Baths | De Witt Court, 252-254 W. 82d St. | $2500 to $2700 |
| 7, 8, 9 Rms., 1 Bath | The Forres, N. W. Cor. B'way & 81st St. | $1250 to $1400 |
| 7 Rooms, 1 Bath | The Amidon, N. W. Cor. B'way & 83d St. | $1000 to $1500 |
| 7 Rooms, 2 Baths | The Waramaug, 629 West 115th St. | $1100 to $1500 |
| 6-7 Rooms, 1 Bath | The St. Germaine, 200 West 86th St. | $1000 to $1200 |
| 8 Rooms, 1 Bath | 202-206 West 86th St., Near Broadway | $1200 to $1400 |

Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co
2277 Broadway, or 128 Broadway

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**BACHELORS**
THE OAKDALE
**36-38 West 35th St.,**
NEAR 5TH AVE.
Suites of 2 and 3 rooms and bath. Hotel Service.
Rents $500 to $1,000.
Superintendent on premises.

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58th St., 56-58 and 60-62 West.
**"BILTMORE"**
**"BLENHEIM"**
Very desirable Apartments, eight rooms, two baths; all conveniences; all night service; most convenient location in city; rent $1,700 to $1,930; additional servants' rooms if desired; physicians given particular attention. Apply superintendent or SNOWBER & SMITH, 2,190 Broadway (78th).

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**FRED'K ZITTEL & SONS,**
BROADWAY & 79TH ST.
BROADWAY & 140TH ST.
**ST. CHARLES,**
**101 West 72d Street,**
Cor. Columbus Av.
3 rooms and bath.
RENT $1,200.

---

**HARLEM LIBRARY BLDG.**
32 WEST 123D ST.
Cosey, light Apartments of one, two and three rooms and bath; telephone; rents $180 to $480, including steam heat, service and light; possession at once.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

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AN OPPORTUNITY.
9 rooms, 3 baths, $2,300.
THE CORONET,
87 West 58th St. Apply on premises, or Harris & Vaughan, Agents, 589 5th Av. Telephone 31 Bryant.

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**HUDSONIA,**
79TH ST. AND RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 315-321 West.
6 and 7 rooms, Rents $900 to $1,200.

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| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 27th St. WEST 361 | THE ALBEMARLE, Sunshine in Every Room. 3 rooms & bath, elevator, hall service day and night. References absolutely indispensable. $40-$45 month. Inspect. | |

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—East Side.

# Pease & Elliman

165 West 72nd St. | 340 MADISON AVE. Near 43rd St. Tel. 6200 Bryant | 156 Broadway

## Specialists in Dwelling Properties

**Floor plans may be seen at our offices, or will be sent on request, saving much time and trouble**

### EAST SIDE

**56 West 11th St.** The Wellford.
3 and 4 Rooms and Bath.....$55 to $75

**105 East 15th St.** Swannanoa.
1, 3 and 5 Rooms and Bath....$35 to $65

**112 East 17th St.** Nr. Irving Pl.
7 and 8 Rooms and Bath...$900—$1,300

**145 East 35th St.**
7 Rooms and Bath.....$1,800
7 Rooms, 2 Baths..... 2,200

**104 East 40th St.**
5 Rooms and Bath.....$2,000—$2,600
6 Rooms, 2 Baths..... 2,000— 2,900

**144 East 56th St.**
7 Rooms and Baths.....$1,460—$1,800

**116 East 58th St.**
8 Rooms and 3 Baths.....$2,300
9 Rooms and 3 Baths..... 3,100

**40 East 62nd St.**
7 Rooms, 3 Baths.....$2,800

**12 East 87th St.**
10 Rooms, 3 Baths.....$5,500
14 Rooms, 4 Baths..... 7,000

**32 East 64th St.** Cor. Madison Ave.
14 Rooms and 4 Baths.....$5,500
16 Rooms and 4 Baths..... 9,000

**998 Fifth Ave.** N. E. Cor. 81st. St.
13 Rooms, 5 Baths.....$10,000
14 Rooms, 4 Baths..... 12,000
17 Rooms, 5 Baths.....$16,000— 20,000

**636 5th Ave.** Cor. 51st St.
12 Rooms, 5 Baths (8th floor).....$9,500

**901 Lexington Ave.** Cor. 67th St.
6 Rooms, 2 Baths.....$2,000
9 Rooms, 3 Baths.....$2,500— 3,000

**136 Madison Ave.** Cor. 31st St.
3 to 8 Rooms & Bath.....$1,000 to $2,200

**780 Madison Ave.**
9 Rooms, 3 Baths.....$2,800—$3,600

**1269 Madison Ave.** S.E. Cor. 91st St.
7 Rooms and Bath.....$1,100

**535 Park Ave.** N. E. Cor. 61st St.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths.....$2,700—$3,000
12 Rooms, 3 Baths..... 6,000

**563 Park Ave.** N. E. Cor. 62d St.
8 Rooms, 2 Baths.....$3,600

**829 Park Ave.** Cor. 76th St.
7, 8 and 9 Rooms.....$2,300 to $2,900

**830 Park Ave.** Cor. 76th St.
12 Rooms, 4 Baths.....$3,750—$4,500

**875 Park Ave.** Cor. 78th St.
7 & 8 Rooms & Bath.....$2,000—$3,250
9 & 10 Rooms, 3 Baths.... 2,500— 4,500

**944 Park Ave.** Near 81st St.
8 Rooms, 2 Baths.....$1,100—$1,300

**969 Park Ave.** Cor. 82d St.
9 & 11 Rooms, 3 Baths...$2,800—$4,500
12 & 14 Rooms, 3 Baths... 3,800— 5,500

**981 Park Ave.** N. E. Cor. 83d St.
8 & 9 Rooms, 2 Baths....$1,700 to $2,200

### *Non-Housekeeping Apartments*

**46-48 East 41st St.**
2 Rooms and Bath.....$900—$1,100
3 Rooms and Bath..... 1,200

**12 East 48th St.**
3 Rooms and Bath.....$1,200—$1,500

**116 West 59th St.**
2 Rooms and Bath.....$1,200—$1,600
3 Rooms and Bath..... 1,600— 2,500

**510 Park Ave.** S. W. Cor. 60th St.
2 Rooms and Bath.....$1,100

### WEST SIDE

Particulars from 165 West 72nd Street.

**320 Central Park West** Cor. 92d St.
5 Rooms and Bath.....$1,200
6 Rooms, 2 Baths..... 1,600
8 Rooms, 2 Baths..... 1,400 up
9 Rooms, 2 Baths..... 1,800 up
12 Rooms, 3 Baths..... 2,800

**127 Riverside Drive** Cor. 85th St.
8 Rooms, corner apartment.....$1,800

**136-138 West 65th St.**
2 Rooms and Bath.....$40—$55

**723 St. Nicholas Ave.** Cor. 146th St.
4, 5 & 6 Rooms and Bath.....$35—$65

**551 W. 170th St.** Cor. Audubon Av.
4, 5 and 6 Rooms.....$30—$45

**465 Central Park W.** at 106th St.
7 and 8 Rooms.....$1,000—$1,200

**64 West 77th St.** Cor. Columbus Av.
8 Rooms and Bath.....$1,200—$1 500

**We also have a complete list of Private Houses for sale or rent which will be sent upon request**

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**Murray Hill Apartments**
**122-128 East 34th St.**
**Rents $1,200-$1,600.**
All night service.
ALSO
LARGE DOCTOR'S APARTMENT.

**624 Fifth Ave.,**
**S. W. Corner 50th St.**
Large non-housekeeping apartment
**6 rooms and 3 baths.**
ALSO
Small Apartment,
**2 rooms with bath.**

**The Berwyck**
**Bachelor Apartments**
**65-69 West 54th St.**
Two rooms and bath.
**Rent $60-$70.**
WITH SERVICE.
Apply on premises or to
**Herman L. R. Edgar**
Tel. Cort. 4641. 81 Nassau Street.

---

**471 PARK AVENUE,**
S. E. Cor. 58th St.
Modern Co-operative Studio Apartments.

**Triplex**—11 rooms, (all on Park Ave.,) including large 2-story studio, large dining room, servants' dining hall and 7 bedrooms — and 3 baths; 4 servants' rooms also provided.....$7,000
**Bachelor**—1 large studio, bedroom, bath and kitchenette.....$1,450

Apply to Supt. on premises, or through your own broker.

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**Manhanset**
**61-65 East 59th St.,**
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
High Class Modern Apartments. 3 Rooms and Bath. Furnished or Unfurnished. Chambermaid service.
RENTALS, $45, $55, and $65.
See Superintendent on Premises.

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**"LA CASA BLANCA,"**
**55 East 76th St.,**
Near Madison Avenue.
High-class elevator apartments.
**Rents from October 1st.**
**6-7-8-11 Rooms.**
**Rents $1,000 to $1,800.**
White enamel woodwork; parquet floors.
Superintendent on premises, or
**OTTO DENCKER,**
503 5th Av. 'Phone 7957 Bryant.

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**749 FIFTH AVE.**
Overlooking Central Park and Plaza Hotel. Unusually desirable apartment of 3 rooms and bath. Recently modernized. $2,200 per annum. Also 1 large room and bath, $600 and $650 per annum.
APPLY ON PREMISES

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**39 East 27th St.** NEAR MADISON AVE.
**QUITE DISCOURAGING!!**
So it is with KITCHENETTE APARTMENTS!! Something always lacking—one thing or another. No so with ours. We have New York's most complete, up-to-date, commodious 2-3 room KITCHENETTE SUITES. Maid Service. Rents $800-$950.

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**MANHATTAN—West Side.**

**37 WEST 10TH ST** MARLBOROUGH ARMS
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF—ELEVATOR.
Two and three room apartments, with bath. One floor has single rooms, bath and toilet. Accessible to Hudson tunnels, elevated, and surface lines.

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**THE MILLARD,**
14 to 20 West 107th St.—High-class elevator apartments, 4-5-6-7-8 rooms. Rents, $36 to $75. Best in New York at price.

---

**80 WEST 92D ST.**
7 rooms and bath, all improvements, $40.

---

**82 WEST 92D ST.**
Seven rooms and bath, corner apartment, $50
Skylight Studio Apartments—1 room and bath, 8 W. 16th St., $34-$100.

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APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—East Side.

**Payson McL. Merrill**
481 Fifth Av. Tel. 7417 Bryant.
Offers for Rent the Following Apartments:

| | |
|---|---|
| **925 Park Ave** | 4 Rooms, $1 200. 11 Rooms, $4,500. |
| **823 Park Ave** | Twelve Rooms, $3,800 to $5,000. |
| **636 5th Ave** | Twelve Rooms, Rent, $9,500. |
| **257 W. 86th St** | 3 Rooms, $1,000. 8 Rooms, $2,600. |
| **130 E. 67th St** | 4 Rooms, $900. 11 Rooms, $3,500. |
| **140 W. 57th St** | 3 Rooms, $1,000. 10 Rooms, $4,000. |
| **80 W. 40th St** | 2 to 8 Rooms, $2,200 to $4,500. |
| **36 E. 40th St** | 3 Rooms, $1,100 to $1,400. |
| **112 W. 47th St** | 2 Rooms, $720. 2 Rooms, $900. |
| **18 E. 57th St** | Four Rooms, Rent, $1,000. |
| **21-3 W.30th St** | Four Rooms, Rent $720. |
| **62-3 Washn Sq** | Five Rooms, Rent, $1,000. |

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**BRONX.**

**ELEVATOR APARTMENTS**

| HUNTS POINT | | | | | | | THE LOREM | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| $35 | $40 | $50 | $55 | $65 | $75 | | $32 | $40 | $47 | $53 |

| NON ELEVATOR | | | | | STORES |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | |
| $20 | $24 | $30 | $33 | $36 | $40 and upwards. |

A. ARENT COMPANY,
East 163d and Simpson Streets.
Take Bronx Subway to Simpson Street.

**Special Inducements**

5-6 elegantly finished rooms, large dining room and wardrobe, all modern improvements; residential section of the Bronx, near public and Morris High Schools. Small select families desired.

**948-50-52 TRINITY Ave.,** Near 163d St.
**RENT $22 UP.**
Apply on premises.

---

**THE EDINBOROUGH,**
829 BECK STREET.
4-5 rooms and bath. Apply WM. OPPENHEIM, 773 WESTCHESTER AV.

---

**BROOKLYN.**

**ST. JAMES PLACE, Near FULTON**

Delightful 6 and 7 room apartments, $42 to $48; steam heat, hot water; every modern convenience. Apply branch office on premises. Send for booklet. GOLDEN REALTY CO., 13 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.

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**APARTMENT HOTELS.**

# The Lorraine

**5th Av. and 45th St.**

New York's Most Attractive Residential Hotel

Apartments, Furnished and Unfurnished. Now Being Shown for Season and Yearly Rentals.
Suites and Rooms with Bath Transiently.

RESTAURANT A LA CARTE
GEORGE C. HOWE
GEORGE ORVIS

---

**EQUINOX HOUSE**
**Manchester, Vermont**
OPEN UNTIL OCTOBER 21.
GEORGE ORVIS
A. E. Martin, Manager,
(of Bon Air, Augusta, Ga.)

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**ST. LORENZ**
APARTMENT HOTEL,
**125-137 East 72d St.**
between Park and Lexington Avs.
2, 3, 5, and 6 room Apartments with baths, fronting on a Park street; furnished or unfurnished.
Rents $12.50 to $35.00 per week, including full service, electric light and telephone in each apartment. Excellent cuisine.

---

**Talk to the Town Through The Times**

*A three-time employer-getting advertisement in "THE TIMES" represents the wisest investment you can make.*

*SATURDAY is a day when the housewife and the business man review the week, measure up the efficiency of their employes, say good-bye to the helpers who are leaving, and look over THE TIMES for suggestions from the seeker after employment.*

*SUNDAY is the day without pressure, when employers from the home and the office have time and inclination to look over the Want columns carefully and the suggestion created by your advertisement of Saturday becomes a fixed impression on Sunday.*

*MONDAY is the day of reminders. Repeat your advertisement for the benefit of the busy employer who needs the necessary help.*

*Just remember.*

**"Three Times—in The Times"**
Call 1000 Bryant

*The type used for "Wants" is called AGATE. By counting seven words to the line in small type, or four words if set in capitals, you may readily estimate what your advertisement will cost you by consulting the following table of*

**Advertising Rates.**

| CLASSIFICATION. | Per Agate Line. |
|---|---|
| Agents Wanted | $0.20 |
| Boarders & Board Wanted | .20 |
| Business Notices | .30 |
| Business Opportunities | .30 |
| Country Board | .25 |
| Dogs, Birds, Poultry | .25 |
| Employment Bureaus | .25 |
| For Sale | .30 |
| Help Wanted | .15 |
| Horses and Carriages | .25 |
| Lost, Found, Rewards | .30 |
| Pianos and Organs | .30 |
| Purchase and Exchange | .30 |
| Rooms To Let or Wanted | .20 |
| Situations Wanted | .15 |
| Yachts, Vessels | .25 |

---

**Apartments For Rent**

We specialize in the renting of the highest-class apartments in the Fifth Avenue and East Side sections.
Plans and particulars await your inspection at our office.
Call, write or phone at once to

**Douglas L. Elliman & Co.**
421 Madison Avenue
At 48th Street. Tel. 850—Murray Hill

---

**5TH AV. AND 58TH ST.**
100 feet east of 5th Ave.
**THE MASON,**
**6-12 East 58th St.**
Attractive Apartments of 8, 9, and 10 rooms and bath; open plumbing; all modern improvements; elevator service for maids.
**HOUSES BEING RENOVATED. VERY LOW RENTS FOR CHOICE LOCATION. $1,600 to $1,750.**
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 BROADWAY, OR SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

---

Strictly **NEW ENGLAND** Fireproof.
43 to 51 E. 58th St., 54 E. 59th St., 480 Park Av.
7 rooms and 2 baths.....$1,100 to $1,500
2 and 3 rooms and bath.....$420 to $600
8 rooms, 3 baths, physician's Apartment..$1,800
All-night elevator, standard service.

**PROSPECT HILL**
1,270 Madison Av., Cor. 91st., 7 large rooms, bath, elevator; second floor, $800-$840.
Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street.

---

**ARTHUR HALL,**
N. E. CORNER 96TH ST. AND MADISON AV.
Modern high class elevator apartment house; large, light rooms, competent service.
**Two 8 Room and Two 9 Room Apartments.**
Immediate possession. Leases from October 1.
**$1,300 to $1,700.**
Superintendent on premises.

---

**THE LEXINGTON**
144-46-48 East 22d St.
Attractive large apartments, 4, 5, and 6 rooms and bath; all-night elevator service. Electric light, telephone.
Moderate Rent.
Superintendent on premises, or R. A. S. REALTY CO., 521 Broadway. Telephone 2986 Stuyvesant.

---

We have for rent many high-class apartments, elevator and non-elevator
**"ALL OVER TOWN."**
Call, write or 'phone us for full particulars.
**BERLIN RENTING AGENCY**
141 East 17th St.
'Phone Stuyvesant—3382.
Broadway, Cor. 162d St.
'Phone Audubon—7475.

---

**THE CLARK,**
1,211 Madison Av., N. E. cor. 87th St.
Corner apartments; 9 rooms, 2 bathrooms; all light; parquet floors; electric light; modern in every respect. LEON S. ALTMAYER, 62 East 86th St. Telephone 638—Lenox.

---

**Ritz Carlton Hotel,**
47th St. and Madison Ave. Magnificent apartment, $3,500; 3 rooms and bath. D. L. Elliman & Co., 421 Madison Avenue.

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**THE CLEVELAND**
126-130 EAST 24TH ST.
Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

---

**43 East 27th St.** HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS.
6 unusually large, light, well ventilated rooms. Modern, high class, fireproof. $1,350-$1,500.

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## Bankruptcy Sales

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of HEALY RESTAURANT COMPANY, Bankrupt. —Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, by direction of the receiver and pursuant to the order of this court, will sell the property of the said bankrupt, which is described below, at public auction on Friday, September 6th, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, on premises No. 9 West 32d Street, Borough of Manhattan. The property to be sold consists of all the right, title, and interest of the bankrupt and of the receiver in and to the following:

1. Unexpired term of over nineteen years of a certain lease of premises and the building thereon erected, known as No. 9 West 32d Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

2. Restaurant fixtures and equipment, consisting of tables, chairs, bar fixtures, chinaware, linen, iceboxes, kitchen utensils, and all chattels now in and upon said premises and pertaining to the restaurant and cafe formerly conducted by the bankrupt.

3. Wines, liquors, cigars, and all the stock in trade pertaining to said restaurant and also the liquor license pertaining to said premises and the good-will of the bankrupt's business.

For further information concerning the terms of sale, &c., communicate with the undersigned receiver or his attorneys.

Dated New York, August 27th, 1912.
WILLIAM LESSER,
Receiver in Bankruptcy.

YANKAUER & DAVIDSON, Attorneys for Receiver, 261 Broadway, New York City.

Above sale adjourned until Wednesday, Sept. 11th, 1912, at same time and place.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of HEALY RESTAURANT COMPANY, bankrupt. Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, by direction of the receiver and pursuant to the order of this court, will sell the property of the said bankrupt, which is described below, at public auction on Friday, September 6th, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, on premises No. 9 West 32d Street, Borough of Manhattan. The property to be sold consists of all the right, title, and interest of the bankrupt and of the receiver in and to the following:

1. Unexpired term of over nineteen years of a certain lease of premises and the building thereon erected, known as No. 9 West 32d Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

2. Restaurant fixtures and equipment, consisting of tables, chairs, bar fixtures, chinaware, linen, iceboxes, kitchen utensils, and all chattels now in and upon said premises and pertaining to the restaurant and cafe formerly conducted by the bankrupt.

3. Wines, liquors, cigars, and all the stock in trade pertaining to said restaurant and also the liquor license pertaining to said premises and the good-will of the bankrupt's business.

For further information concerning the terms of sale, &c., communicate with the undersigned receiver or his attorneys.

Dated New York, August 27th, 1912.
WILLIAM LESSER,
Receiver in Bankruptcy.

YANKAUER & DAVIDSON, Attorneys for Receiver, 261 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACQUES SAMUELS and BENJAMIN LESSER, individually and composing the firm of ABRAHAMS & LESSER, Alleged Bankrupts.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Sept. 6th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 134 West 26th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, the assets of the above alleged bankrupts, consisting of manufactured ladies' dresses, silks, satins, and other dress goods, machinery, office furniture, fixtures, &c.

ALEXANDER S. WEBB, Receiver.
IRVING M. DITTENHOEFER, Attorney for Receiver, 96 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of EPHRON QUAT, doing business as ROCK SPRING DAIRY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Sept. 6th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 1,680 Park Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of groceries, canned and bottled goods, teas, coffees, fixtures, &c., and immediately thereafter at 143d St. and Concord Av., Borough of Bronx, at the place of business of Ward Motor Vehicle Co., one electric automobile truck.

HENRY A. CUSHING, Receiver.
H. & J. LESSER, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM TAYLOR STEARNS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Sept. 11th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 118 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of cotton linings, rubberized cloth, piece goods, woolens, &c.

ANTHONY C. BREW, Receiver.
ROSENBERG & LEVIS, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York.

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## Bankruptcy Notices

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—ARTHUR V. DEUTSCH, known as DANIEL V. ARTHUR, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Arthur V. Deutsch, known as Daniel V. Arthur, individually and as a member of the firm of Daniel V. Arthur, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated August 13th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, October 14th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Sept. 6th, 1912.

NO. 15,482.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York. —LESLIE B. WILSON and DUNCAN M. FERGUSON, doing business under the copartnership name of L. B. WILSON & CO., Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Duncan M. Ferguson, one of the above-named bankrupts, has filed his petition, dated July 23, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on the 7th day of October, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Sept. 5, 1912.

NO. 17,000.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of TUSHNETT, LANCTON, HEDINGER, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of Tushnett, Lancton, Hedinger of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that on the 30th day of August, A. D. 1912, the said Tushnett, Lancton, Hedinger were duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 20th day of September, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Sept. 5, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,867.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOB STARK, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 24th day of July, A. D. 1912, the said Jacob Stark was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver Street, City and County of New York, on the 16th day of September, A. D. 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Sept. 5, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 15,986.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York. —ISAAC H. RUBENSTEIN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Isaac H. Rubenstein, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated June 8th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, October 7th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Sept. 5, 1912.

NO. 16,836.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York. SOLOMON EPPLER, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Solomon Eppler, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated August 30th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, October 7th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, September 3rd, 1912.

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**REFEREES' NOTICES.**

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—NEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, plaintiff, against WESLEY THORN et al., defendants.

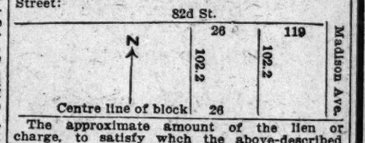
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, and bearing date the 28th day of December, 1911, and orders of resale entered in the above-entitled action on the 1st day of April, 1912, and the 6th day of August, 1912, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment and orders named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesrooms, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 19th day of September, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Bryan L. Kennelly, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment and orders of resale to be sold, and therein described as follows:

ALL that lot of land, in the City and County of New York, with the buildings thereon, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the southerly side of Eighty-second Street, distant one hundred and nineteen feet westerly from the intersection of the southerly side of Eighty-second Street and the westerly side of Madison Avenue; and running thence southerly, parallel with Madison Avenue and part of the way through a party wall, one hundred and two feet two inches to the centre line of the block; thence westerly, along the centre line of the block, twenty-six feet; thence northerly again parallel with Madison Avenue, one hundred and two feet two inches to the southerly side of Eighty-second Street; and thence easterly, along the southerly side of Eighty-second Street, twenty-six feet, to the point of beginning. Said premises being now known as Number 18 East 82d Street.

Dated New York, August 27th, 1912.
ALFRED STECKLER, Jr., Referee.

GEORGE W. HUBBELL, Attorney for Plaintiff, 346 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 18 East 82d Street:




The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be resold, is one hundred and three thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight dollars and sixty cents ($103,758.60,) with interest thereon from the 3rd day of November, 1911, together with costs and allowance amounting to three hundred and twenty-six dollars and fifteen cents ($326.15,) with interest thereon from the 28th day of December, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale and resale.

The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens, which are to be allowed the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is nine thousand nine hundred and thirty dollars and sixty-two cents ($9,930.62) and interest.

Dated New York, August 27th, 1912.
ALFRED STECKLER, Jr., Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—MARY C. STEWART, plaintiff, against HENRY LICHTENSTEIN and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, dated August 29th, 1912, duly made in the above entitled action and entered in the clerk's office of this court for the County of New York, I, the undersigned referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, the 25th day of September, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises as directed by said judgment and therein described as follows:

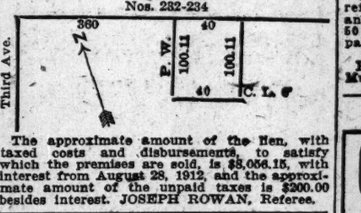
ALL that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and bounded as follows:

BEGINNING at a point on the southerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Street, distant three hundred and sixty feet easterly from the southeasterly corner of One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Street and Third Avenue; running thence southerly on a line parallel with Third Avenue and part of the distance through a party wall one hundred feet and eleven inches to the centre line of the block; thence easterly along said centre line of the block forty feet; thence northerly on a line parallel with Third Avenue one hundred feet and eleven inches to the southerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Street, and thence westerly along the southerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Street forty feet to the point or place of beginning. The said premises being known as Numbers 232 and 234 East 124th Street.

Dated Sept. 3rd, 1912.
JOSEPH ROWAN, Referee.

BUTTS & VINING, Plaintiff's Attorneys, 31 Chambers Street, New York City.

124th Street
Nos. 232-234




The approximate amount of the lien, with taxed costs and disbursements, to satisfy which the premises are sold, is $8,056.15, with interest from August 28, 1912, and the approximate amount of the unpaid taxes is $300.00 besides interest. JOSEPH ROWAN, Referee.

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**LEGAL NOTICES.**

SUPREME COURT, KINGS COUNTY.—THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, Plaintiffs, against HARRY ZIRINSKY, FRANK V. KELLY, as Public Administrator of Kings County, JOHN DOE, and all other unknown claimants or unknown heirs at law, if any, of ANNA STAGER, deceased, Defendants.

To the above-named defendants and all unknown claimants to any interest in the premises hereinafter described:

Take notice that this action of ejectment has been commenced by the People of the State of New York pursuant to Sections 1,977-1,981 inclusive, of the Code of Civil Procedure, to recover the title and possession of the following described premises which vested in the People of the State of New York by escheat from one Anna Stager, who died intestate on or about the 15th day of November, 1910, in the Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, County of Kings, and State of New York, seized in fee of the following described premises, viz.:

"All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Brooklyn, of the City of New York, County of Kings, and State of New York, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on the southwesterly side of Beaver Street, distant eighty feet northwesterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southwesterly side of Beaver Street with the northwesterly side of Park Street or Place, and running thence northwesterly along the southwesterly side of Beaver Street, twenty feet; thence southwesterly, parallel with Park Street, or Place, ninety-one feet six inches; thence southeasterly, parallel with Beaver Street, twenty feet, and thence northeasterly, parallel with Park Street, or Place, and part of the distance through a party wall, ninety-one feet six inches, to the southwesterly side of Beaver Street, at the point or place of beginning.

"Being the same premises which were conveyed to the party of the first part by Henry Brenner and wife, by deed dated December 23d, 1897, and recorded in the office of the Register of the County of Kings in Liber 15, page 482 of Conveyances, in Section 11, Block 3183, on December 24th, 1897.

"Also being the same premises which were conveyed to Anna Stager by Ferdinand Young, Jr., by deed dated April 25, 1900, and recorded in the office of the Register of the County of Kings in Liber 25, page 282 of Conveyances on April 25, 1900."

Dated Albany, N. Y., August 20, 1912.
Yours, etc.,
THOMAS CARMODY,
Attorney General and Attorney for the Plaintiffs.
Office and Post Office address, Capitol, Albany, New York.

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**PUBLIC NOTICES.**

WILL THE GENTLEMEN WHO WITNESSED the incident on Madison Avenue car at 86th Street and Madison Avenue on Thursday morning, September 5th, 1912, when the undersigned was violently ejected form the car kindly send name and address to me and thereby greatly oblige MORRIS BLOCK, 40 East 46th Street, New York City?

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## Bankruptcy Notices

NO. 16,878.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS WEIDENFELD, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 27th day of July, A. D. 1912, the said Louis Weidenfeld was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver Street, City and County of New York, on the 16th day of September, A. D. 1912, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Sept. 5, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HARRY LEWIS GOLDBAUM, Bankrupt.—No. 16,896.

Notice is hereby given that Harry Lewis Goldbaum, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated August 19th, 1912, praying for the confirmation of a composition, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, September 16th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated September 3rd, 1912.

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RESORTS.
NEW ENGLAND.

# THE IDEAL TOUR IN AUTUMN

On the Ideal Tour in September and October through New England's scenic wonderland, every hillside and mountain slope is a riot of Autumn coloring, the brilliant scarlets blending with the browns and toned with greens of every shade.
The air is invigorating, but not too cool. With sapphire skies overhead, this great interstate highway under wheel, and at every turn a magnificent vista of ever-changing scenery,

**The Ideal Tour in Autumn Is the Mecca of the Motorist.**

Several of the larger hotels of the Ideal Tour will remain open until October 21st to accommodate the increasing Fall Tourist patronage.

THE ELTON.....Waterbury, Conn. Open all the year.
HOTEL ASPINWALL.....Lenox, Mass. Open until Oct. 21st.
CURTIS HOUSE.....Lenox, Mass. Open all the year.
EQUINOX HOUSE.....Manchester, Vt. Open until Oct. 21st.
SOO-NIPI-PARK LODGE, Sunapee Lake, N.H. Open until late in Sept.
THE GRANLIDEN..Sunapee Lake, N. H. Open until Oct. 1st.
NEW PROFILE HOUSE, Profile House, N.H. Open until Sept. 25th.
THE MOUNT WASHINGTON } Bretton Woods, N. H.
Open until Oct. 21st.
THE MOUNT PLEASANT... } Bretton Woods, N. H.
Open until Oct. 1st.
CRAWFORD HOUSE, Crawford Notch, N.H. Open until Oct. 5th.
POLAND SPRING HOUSE } Poland Spring, Maine.
Open until Oct. 15th.
MANSION HOUSE..... } Poland Spring, Maine.
Open all the year.
CONGRESS SQUARE HOTEL, Portland, Me. Open all the year.
HOTEL WENTWORTH, New Castle, N. H. Open until late in Sept.
HOTEL VENDOME.....Boston, Mass. Open all the year.
HOTEL BRUNSWICK.....Boston, Mass. Open all the year.
BRIARCLIFF LODGE, Briarcliff Manor, N.Y. Open until Dec. 1st.
GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL, 118 W. 57th St., New York City. Open all the year.

The Ideal Tour Route Book and Map free by mail from
**ALMON C. JUDD, The Elton, Waterbury, Conn.,**
or on application at 1180 Broadway, New York City.

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**In the Mountains of Berkshire**

**For generations the foremost fall resort region. Cool days and nights with a touch of frost, but with a mildness and dryness of air which is unsurpassed in America for invigorating, tonic effect.**

# HOTEL ASPINWALL

**LENOX, MASS., ALMON C. JUDD, Manager,**

**Situated at an elevation of 1500 feet within an extensive estate, offers every comfort, luxury and safeguard; new, modern, and commanding views of great beauty. New Management. The cuisine and white service are pronounced by many of our patrons the most perfect in New England. An orchestra second to none, and excellent golf links in the vicinity.**

**ON THE IDEAL TOUR,**
Providing Every Facility for Permanent Guest or Touring Motorist

Open until October 21, 1912. Booklet on request.

**Under same management, the famous motorist rendezvous of New England,**
**The Elton, Waterbury, Conn.**

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NEW YORK—Long Island.

**LAKE FRONT HOTEL**
LAKE RONKONKOMA, L. I.,
END OF THE MOTOR PARKWAY.
HORACE S. CHASE, Proprietor.
Under entirely new management. Newly refurnished, redecorated. Fifteen acres Lawn and Shade Trees. Directly on the water, 50 miles from New York. Garage. Unsurpassed American Plan Table. Moderate Rates. SPECIAL SUNDAY DINNER, $1.00. Boating, Bath

# THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—The weather continues unseasonably warm in the Gulf States, the great central valleys, and the Great Lakes region, while cooler weather has overspread the Northwest and the Rocky Mountains.

It is probable that the change to cooler weather that has appeared in the Northwest will advance east and south and dissipate within the next thirty-six hours the warm weather that now prevails.

Rains have again set in in the Pacific States, and during the last twenty-four hours there were local thunder showers in the northern Rocky Mountain region, the lake region, and at widely scattered points in the Atlantic States.

There will be scattered rains Friday and Saturday in the Southeast and along the northern border from New England to Michigan. Rains are also probable in the Pacific States. Temperatures will not change materially over the East and South States.

Winds along the New England Coast will be light to moderate, variable, mostly southwest; Middle Atlantic Coast, light south and southwest; South Atlantic Coast, light to moderate, variable.

Steamships departing Friday for European ports will have moderate, variable winds and generally fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, New England, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Local thundershowers Friday; Saturday probably fair; light to moderate southwesterly winds.

Western New York—Unsettled Friday and Saturday; light to moderate southwesterly winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

| | 1911. | 1912. | | 1911. | 1912. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 A. M. | 65 | 66 | 4 P. M. | 72 | 80 |
| 9 A. M. | 64 | 64 | 6 P. M. | 70 | 79 |
| 9 A. M. | 70 | 66 | 9 P. M. | 69 | 72 |
| 12 M. | 74 | 74 | 12 M. | 68 | 72 |

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 72; for the corresponding date last year it was 69; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 70.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 65; at 8 P. M. it was 77. Maximum temperature, 80 degrees, at 3 P. M.; minimum, 63 degrees at 5 A. M. Humidity, 95 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 74 per cent. at 8 P. M.

# FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.

2:30—332 E. 123d St.; Mr. Callahan...Trifling

3:25—3 and 5 Harrison St.; J. Newgerver.. $2,000

9:40—105 Stanton St.; M. Josephson..Trifling

1:30—105 E. 118th St.; S. Herman....Trifling

1:50—1,567 Lexington Av.; M. Miller..Trifling

2:30—312 E. 83d St.; D. H. Oppenheim..$5,000

8:10—540 E. 20th St.; Progress Smelting Company .....Trifling

3:10—225 E. 110th St.; Jennie Stern..Trifling

3:40—332 E. 107th St.; Mary Geneviesse.... Trifling

3:45—1,823 2d Av.; Elizabeth Kehre.....$500

3:45—260 E. 99th St.; Lillian Grosswald.... Trifling

4:20—222 E. 100th St.; D. Llebowitz..Trifling

4:55—180 Henry St.; H. Jacobs.....Trifling

5:55—77 Monroe St.; L. Freedman....Trifling

6:10—Unionport Road and Sands St.; Kotorba Brothers .....Trifling

6:10—215 W. 125th St.; Prudential Insurance Company .....None

7:00—936 Kelly St.; Isaac Cohen.....Trifling

7:30—82 E. 115th St.; S. Jacobson....Trifling

8:00—Southern Boulevard and 133d St.; not given .....Trifling

8:40—423 E. 147th St.; J. Sebel.....Slight

# EDUCATION NOTES.

District Supt. Darwin L. Bardwell said yesterday that he believed the twenty-one high schools of the five boroughs would be provided with their necessary text books on Monday or Tuesday at the latest, and that there would therefore be no hold-up in the class work. The appropriation this year for the text books of the 50,000 high school pupils is only $110,000, or $2.20 for each pupil. As each pupil receives from three to six text books, at a cost of from 50 cents to $1.25 per book, the appropriation is inadequate to meet the demands. Orders have been sent to the school book publishers to express the books to the various high schools, and although the orders were not issued until Wednesday afternoon, it is believed the books will all be on hand on Monday or Tuesday.

Between Sept. 9 and Oct. 1 it is believed that there will be many new classes in the public schools, and that there will also be many resignations of teachers. This will probably result in the appointment of more than 300 new elementary school teachers. The nominations and appointments made in October will take effect on Nov. 1.

Five new high school Principals, thirty-one assistants to Principals, and twelve clerical assistants to high school Principals have signed the necessary Davis school law blanks at the Department of Education Building. To-day between 400 and 500 new teachers will sign their blanks at Public School 59, Second Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street. This school has been selected for this purpose, as there is not room for so large a number of persons in the Department of Education Building at present.

The examination for promotion of license was taken by about 400 teachers in the De Witt Clinton High School, Fifty-ninth Street and Tenth Avenue, yesterday. The examination was conducted by Jerome A. O'Connell of the Board of Examiners. The license entitles the holder to teach in the seventh and eighth elementary grades.

About 275 high school graduates received cards yesterday at the New York Training School for Teachers, 110th Street, west of Seventh Avenue. To-day 235 high school teachers will receive these cards at the Brooklyn Training School for Teachers, Park Place, west of Nostrand Avenue. The cards entitle the holders to enter the training schools The distribution of the cards is under the supervision of Josiah H. Pitts, Chief Clerk to City Supt. Maxwell.

Associate City Supt. Edward B. Shallow has returned from a flying trip to Europe, and was present at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Superintendents.

Old Public School 15, Westchester and St. Lawrence Avenues, the Bronx, which was to have been abandoned, will be kept open for a month, as the new School 40, Randolph, St. Lawrence, and Richmond Avenues, will not be ready for occupancy until October.

# POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

### Police Department.

Special Orders 207.—Pension—To take effect 12 P. M., Sept. 4: Capt. John J. McNally, Thirty-first Precinct, on his own application, at $1,375 per annum. Appointed Oct. 3, 1881.

Promoted, transferred, and assigned as indicated—Lieutenant to Captain, to take effect 5 P. M., Sept. 4: William H. Sullivan, C. O. Squad to 16th Precinct. Sergeant to Lieutenant, to take effect 5 P. M., Sept. 5: Francis McCarrick, 26th to 15th. Patrolman to Sergeant, to take effect 10:30 A. M., Sept. 5, Patrick White, 13th.

Transfers to take effect 5 P. M., Sept. 4: Capt. Dominick Henry, 16th to 31st. To take effect 8 A. M., Sept. 5: Patrolmen J. J. Lowenheim, 29th to 13th; J. P. Manley, 29th to 36th; J. W. Frazer, 285th to 278th; Probationary Patrolman J. Schwarz, 29th to 37th. Mutual, to take effect 8 A. M., Sept. 5: Patrolmen J. Hamelburg, 8th to 171st; J. F. Lynch, 171st to 8th; H. Greenberger, 15th to 37th; A. T. Brooks, 37th to 15th.

Assignments.—Patrolmen J. W. Frazer, J. F. Deboe, and E. B. Johnson, 278th, to bicycle duty at police boats, Hempstead and Jericho Turnpikes, from 8 A. M., Sept. 5. Probationary Patrolmen—School for recruits to precincts indicated for duty in uniform, from 12:01 A. M., Sept. 7: J. O. Becker, 10th; F. H. J. Hahn, 16th; D. T. Merkle, 23d; W. G. Decker, 26th; P. Sabatino, 26th; F. Deery, 28th; T. J. Horgan, 28th; H. P. McDonagh, 29th; L. B. Pastorini, 29th; W. A. Jacobs, 29th; M. Labriola, 31st; D. F. McLaughlin, 31st; L. M. Sobel, 35th; M. J. Ryan, 38th; J. Farmer, 40th; H. J. Reichert, 10th; C. Miller, 22d; W. J. Frohnhoefer, 25th; D. W. Hay, 26th; G. B. Wolsey, 26th; W. Dowling, 28th; J. J. Kircher, 28th; G. R. McGill, 29th; A. Viebrock, 29th; E. Kronenbitter, 31st; F. J. McGarry, 31st; P. O'Connell, 31st; J. E. C. Rodriguez, 36th; F. J. Rauchut, 37th.

Temporary—Sergt. J. Burke, 161st Precinct to 28th, five days from 4 P. M., Sept. 4; Acting Assistant Sergt. (Second Grade) D. Devoti, Detective Bureau, 26th, to 39th, ten days from 8 A. M., Sept. 3; Patrolman D. McClunn, 149th to B. B. H. Squad, five days from 8 A. M., Sept. 4.

Leaves of Absence With Full Pay—Capts. George R. Wakefield, 18th Precinct, five days from 12:01 A. M., Sept. 10, and John Wiegand, 157th, five days from 8 A. M., Sept. 5, to be deducted from vacation.

Application for Full Pay Approved—Lieut. Jeremiah J. Maglin, 275th Precinct, from 4:40 P. M., Aug. 12, to 9:30 A. M., Aug. 21, while under suspension.

Advancements to Grades—Patrolmen to $1,350 grade, Sept. 2: J. J. Wanamaker, 2; H. A. Jones, 5; J. F. Maloney, 8; H. H. Welton, 8; J. T. Tuthill, 13; H. Abramson, 16; H. Wagner, 18; C. Mohn, 18; G. E. Dalzell, 21; J. Blumrath, 21; E. A. Manley, 23; H. Baier, 25; W. G. Herbert, 31; W. H. Wust, 31; W. E. Sharland, 36; J. McElligott, 5; W. H. Luttge, 7; W. Ranges, 8; J. A. Gaharan, 13; J. C. Kelly, 14; A. Spitz, 17; C. F. Steppe, 18; J. Gallagher, 18; J. F. Byrne, 21; J. D. Persico, 23; T. Gill, 25; H. E. A. Rohde, 29; D. Cullinane, 31; J. A. Ruddy, 32; M. J. Philbin, 37; J. McCabe, 39; J. O'Neill, 42; F. G. Koch, 43; J. E. Hanley, 69; S. Whittaker, 146; H. S. Millar, 153; T. J. O'Brien, 161; T. L. Connors, 163; P. G. Ammon, 164; A. Bricker, 165; T. J. Sullivan, 174; F. Eldred, 281; H. Rusbach, Traffic B; J. S. Lewis, D. B.; S. J. Taczkowski, D. B.; M. Connolly, 40; T. J. Stephens, 43; A. J. Lehman, 61; K. Wilbur, 81; J. T. Pethers, 147; F. G. Bird, 100; J. Gormley, 161; C. W. Jones, 163; W. Lau, 165; W. R. Bereszk, 172; E. Schneider, 278; J. J. Hallahan, Traffic A; J. J. McKillop, Boiler Squad; C. A. Van Amburgh, Traffic C. C. D. Connelly, 37, Sept. 8. To $1,250 grade—W. H. Beary, 8, Sept. 2.

### Fire Department.

SPECIAL ORDER 149.

Emergency appointments extended fifteen days—Benjamin Finkelstein, as cable tester, Telegraph Bureau, Manhattan, from 9 A. M., Sept. 6; also in the Telegraph Bureau as typewriter copyists to take effect at 9 A. M. Sept. 4—A. F. Mahoney and J. H. Hickson; as first grade clerks, to take effect at 9 A. M. Sept. 5—J. Hogan and J. Dwyer.

Leave of absence, with pay, from 6 P. M. Sept. 5 to 10 A. M. Sept. 9—Veterinarian William F. Doyle, Brooklyn and Queens.

Report to Capt. J. J. Henry, Supervising Engineer repair shops, Fifty-six Street and Twelfth Avenue, at 8 A. M. Sept. 6 for practical instruction in operating steam fire engines—Fireman first grade David J. Larkin, Engine 105.

Temporary detail, to take effect at 7 A. M. Sept. 6—Fireman first grade John J. Kelly, No. 3, Engine 27, to supervise weighing of coal while on sick report.

Revocation of suspension, to take effect at 8 A. M. Sept. 5—Fireman first grade Thomas E. Fritzsche, Engine 56.

Special leaves of absence, without pay—Engineer of Steamer Fritz Marschall Engine 7, 36 hours, from 8 A. M. Sept. 20; Assistant Foreman Edward B. Murphy, Engine 33, 24 hours from 8 A. M. Sept. 8, and Fireman first grade Joseph O'Hanlon, Engine 33, 12 hours, from 8 A. M. Sept. 7.

# THE CIVIL SERVICE.

### City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has denied the request of the Fire Commissioner that Samuel Solomon, 131 Division Street, who failed to pass the non-competitive examination for provisional appointment as Inspector of Fire Protection, receive another opportunity to qualify for the position.

It has approved the following: Emergency appointment by the Board of Water Supply of Arthur P. Brenner, 609 West 170th Street, as automobile engineman for fifteen days at the rate of $1,200 a year.

Appointment by the Commission of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity of J. G. Fuller, 132 Seventh Avenue, Brooklyn, as axeman at $900 a year.

Communication from the Police Commissioner transmitting payroll in payment of Sergt. George W. McDermott, Thirty-second Precinct, for time lost as the result of injuries sustained in the performance of duty.

Communication from the President of the Bronx stating that Martin J. Lyons and Alfred L. Ostrander, assistant engineers, had been reassigned to duty.

### United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an examination at the New York Customs House on Oct. 10 to provide a register of eligibles from which to make certification for filling vacancies in positions requiring the qualifications of stenography and typewriting in the Federal classified civil service. There are now six vacancies in the position of typewriter in the Brooklyn Navy Yard at salaries ranging from $700 to $750 a year. Men only will be admitted to the examination. The age limit is 18 years or over on the date of the examination.

Persons who wish to enter the examination should apply for Form 1,424 and Application Form 1,871 to Secretary H. C. Coles, New York Custom House. Only those applications received by the hour of closing business on Sept. 30 will be considered for this examination. Those received later will be placed on file for consideration in connection with the next examination. Applicants should state the kind of examination desired, i. e., stenographer or typewriter, or stenographer and typewriter combined. Those who apply for the stenographer examination only will not be examined in typewriting.

# THE UNITED SERVICE.

*Special to The New York Times.*

### The Army.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 5.—First Lieut. P. H. Bagby, Sixth Infantry, relieved from duty in this city Sept. 15; to Atlanta, Ga., for temporary duty.

Lieut. Col. W. C. Brown, Cavalry, detailed as Acting Inspector General Oct. 1, and will proceed to Governors Island, New York, and report to commanding General, Eastern Division, for duty as assistant to the Inspector General of that division.

Col. J. S. Mallory, Infantry, relieved from duty with organized militia of New York and proceed to Governors Island, New York, take station at that place and report to Commanding General, Eastern Division, for duty in connection with matters pertaining to the organized militia of that division.

First Lieut. E. R. W. McCabe, Cavalry, will make not to exceed one visit during the month of September to Augusta, McIntosh, Atlanta, and Savannah, Ga.; Chattanooga, Tenn., and Lincolnton, N. C., to instruct militia organizations at those places.

Major L. S. Upton, Tenth Infantry, relieved from treatment at the Army and Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs, Ark., and will join his regiment as heretofore directed.

Capt. S. G. Jones, Eleventh Cavalry, to this city and report in person to the chief of staff for duty in the division of militia affairs.

Capt. W. Birnie, Jr., Sixth Field Artillery, and First Lieut. W. H. Bell, Eleventh Cavalry, to Trenton, N. J., and report on Sept. 9, to the Adjutant General of New Jersey for consultation relative to matters affecting the organized militia of that State.

Capt. J. E. Shelley, Quartermaster, is relieved from detail in the Quartermaster Corps, Sept. 4, and is assigned to the Eleventh Cavalry, Sept. 5, vice Capt. S. G. Jones, Eleventh Cavalry, who is relieved from assignment to that regiment Sept. 4.

Second Lieut. M. S. Murray, from the Coast Artillery Corps to the Infantry arm, Aug. 24, assigned to the Sixth Infantry; Second Lieut. E. B. Howvath, from the Infantry arm (Sixth Infantry,) to the Coast Artillery Corps, Aug. 24. He is assigned to the 168th Company, and will proceed at the proper time to Fort Monroe, Va., as contemplated in orders Aug. 30.

Lieut. Murray will be assigned to a company and station by his regimental commander, and will proceed to join the station to which he is assigned.

Second Lieut. G. Jacob Gonser, from the Cavalry arm (Twelfth Cavalry) to the Infantry arm, Aug. 24. He is assigned to the Twenty-first Infantry.

Second Lieut. J. Edmund McDonald, from the Infantry arm, (Twenty-first Infantry,) to the Cavalry arm, Aug. 24. He is assigned to the Twelfth Cavalry.

Lieut. Gonser will be assigned to a company and Lieut. McDonald to a troop by their respective regimental commanders.

Each of the following-named officers will proceed to Chicago, Ill., to attend the International Gordon Bennett race aviation meet to be held at that place Sept. 8 and 22:

Capt. C. Def. Chandler, Signal Corps; Second Lieut. H. H. Arnold, Twenty-ninth Infantry; Second Lieut. T. DeW. Milling, Fifteenth Cavalry.

The travel directed is necessary in the military service.

Leaves: Lieut. Col. E. B. Fuller, U. S. A., retired, leave extended ten days.

### The Navy.

Lieut. W. S. Pye to Naval War College, Newport, R. I., Sept. 16, 1912; Lieut. I. E. Basston, navy yard, Portsmouth, N. H.; Ensign J. L. Schaffer detached Washington, to Des Moines; Ensign R. P. Hinrichs detached Georgia, to Des Moines; Ensign W. E. Cheadle detached Montana, to receiving ship at Philadelphia, connection Arkansas, and on board when commissioned; Ensign N. W. Hibbs and Ensign C. G. Gilliland detached Montana, to receiving ship at Philadelphia, connection Arkansas, and on board when commissioned; Passed Assistant Surgeon C. L. Moran to naval hospital, Boston, Mass.; Capt. S. A. W. Patterson, retired, assigned active duty, recruiting officer, Philadelphia.

### Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—California at Corinto, Tallahassee at Norfolk, Sept. 4.

The U. S. S. Des Moines was placed in full commission at the navy yard, Boston, Mass., on Sept. 3, 1912.

The U. S. S. Jamestown has been stricken from the navy register.

The U. S. S. Chattanooga and the U. S. S. Galveston were placed in first reserve on Aug. 31, 1912, at the navy yard, Puget Sound, Wash. The U. S. S Massachusetts was placed in first reserve at the navy yard, Philadelphia, Sept. 2, 1912.

The U. S. S. Ontario was placed in commission at the navy yard, Philadelphia, on Sept. 4, 1912.


## Three Strikes—Not Out

*That may not be the rule of baseball.*

*It is fast becoming the rule of help-getting advertising in The New York Times.*

## Three Times and In

*Introduce yourself in a situation-wanted advertisement on Saturday. Get on speaking terms with your prospective employer by its repetition on Sunday.*

*Foreclose on the situation with the third insertion on Monday. This isn't theory. It is the story of successful advertising. Try it and be convinced. Call up 1000 Bryant and hear the whole story.*

*The type used for "Wants" is called AGATE. By counting seven words to the line in small type, or four words if set in capitals, you may readily estimate what your advertisement will cost you by consulting the following table of*

**Advertising Rates.**

| CLASSIFICATION. | Per Agate Line. |
|---|---|
| Agents Wanted | $0.20 |
| Boarders & Board Wanted | .20 |
| Business Notices | .30 |
| Business Opportunities | .30 |
| Country Board | .25 |
| Dogs, Birds, Poultry | .25 |
| Employment Bureaus | .15 |
| For Sale | .30 |
| Help Wanted | .15 |
| Horses and Carriages | .25 |
| Lost, Found, Rewards | .30 |
| Pianos and Organs | .30 |
| Purchase and Exchange | .30 |
| Rooms to Let or Wanted | .20 |
| Situations Wanted | .15 |
| Yachts, Vessels | .25 |


# WILLS FOR PROBATE.

HEARTY, MARGARET, (died Aug. 23;) left $4,000 personalty; to Edward Higgins, nephew, $250; Julia Daw, $50; St. Joseph's Home for the Aged, residue amounting to about $3,500.

SILBERSTEIN, ISIDOR, (died May 13;) left $5,000 realty and $2,500 personalty to Taube Silberstein, wife.

SCHLEMMER, MATILDA, (died July 12;) left $330,000 realty and $1,000 personalty to William Schlemmer, husband.

# ESTATES APPRAISED.

Deputy State Controller Wallace S. Fraser transmitted the following appraisals under the inheritance tax law yesterday to William H. Loughlan, Chief Clerk of the Transfer Tax Office of the Surrogates' Court.

BARBIERI, ANDREA, (died Dec. 6, 1911;) one-quarter interest in 11 Mott Street, assessed at $35,000, appraised at $43,750, less mortgage of $20,000, equity $5,831; one-tenth interest, 22 James Street, assessed at $45,000, valued at $56,250, less mortgage of $30,135, equity $2,611; net realty and personalty, $6,102.65.

MITCHELL, JOHN D., (died March 23, 1911;) net personalty and realty in New York, $11,785; (supplemental report.)


EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

**$1.00 Round Trip to Poughkeepsie**

**Sunday, Sept. 8**

**New Steamer RENSSELAER**

Leaves Pier 32, N. R., Ft. Canal St., 8:45 A. M.

West 132d St. Pier 9:15 A. M.

Excellent cuisine and music.

Number of Passengers Limited.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.,

Pier 32, N. R. Phone Spring 9400.

**CENTRAL-HUDSON LINE**

UP THE HUDSON RIVER

SUNDAYS

St. Benj. B. Odell (New)

To NEWBURGH & FISHKILL

Leaves Franklin St. 9 A. M.

West 129th St. 9.30 A. M.

EXCURSION FARE, $1.00.

Excellent Dining Room Service—Music.

LAST EXCURSION OF THE SEASON.

**BRIDGEPORT**

Sunday, Sept. 8th.

Popular STR. **"MONTAUK" 75c.**

Lv. Pier ft. 129th St., N. R., 9:15 A. M.
Lv. Pier ft. W. 23d St., N. R., 9:45 A. M.
Lv. Pier 8, E. R., (near Hanover Sq.), 10:15 A. M.
Lv. ft. E. 24th St., Recreation Pier, 10:45 A. M.
2 hours at Bridgeport. Due New York 9:30 P. M.
Music, Cafe, Dining Service, and Staterooms.

UP THE HUDSON to **WEST POINT**

SUNDAY, SEPT. 8TH,

by the twin-screw Steel Str. "NASSAU"

Two hours at West Point | ROUND TRIP 75c. | Music and Refreshments

Lv. 24th St., E. R., (Recrea'n Pier). 9:30 A. M.
Pier 8, E. R., (near Hanover Sq.)..10:00 A. M.
Pier ft. of West 23d St.....10:30 A. M.
Pier ft. of West 129th St.....11:00 A. M.

**EXCURSIONS**

Lake Hopatcong, $1.00

NEXT SUNDAY

Lv. W. 23d St. 8.50, Liberty St. 9.00 a.m.

MAUCH CHUNK, $1.50

NEXT SUNDAY

Lv. W. 23d St. 8.20, Liberty St. 8.30 a.m.

VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

HARD COAL! NO SMOKE! COMFORT!

THE ORIGINAL **SIGHT SEEING YACHT CLIFTON**

Around Manhattan Island. Lecturer Aboard. Daily, Sunday, 10:30 A. M., 2:30 P. M. Start West 42d St. Office Flatiron Bldg. Tel. 5441 Gramercy.

Delightful Afternoon Excursion to West Point, Steamer Mary Powell

Leaving Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M., Daily except Sunday. Return to New York by Str. Albany, $1.00, or by rail $1.10. Orchestra. Cadets in camp. See new public buildings, etc.

**CALIFORNIA TOURS**

Starting Daily.

Yellowstone Park, Yosemite Valley, Grand Canyon, etc.

FRANK TOURIST CO.,

Telephone 4530 Franklin. 396 Broadway, N. Y.

**Sight-Seeing Yachts**

OBSERVATION Around Manhattan Island, Daily. Battery Pier, So. Ferry, 10:30-2:30.

HALCYON To THE OCEAN, Sandy Hook Lighthship & Forts, 1:15, ret. 5. Phone Broad 3373.

SIGHT SEEING YACHT | Leaves West 23d St. 10:30 A. M., 2:30 P. M. All cars transfer. Lecturer aboard. 3 hours' sail around Man. Tel. 4189 Greeley. | THE ONLY BOAT AT 50c

CONEY ISLAND AND ROCKAWAY

Steamers ROSEDALE and SYLVESTER

Boats discontinued until Sunday. For time table see Saturday & Sunday morning papers.

WEEK-END TOURS Send for circular. 35 Special Short Trips. Marsters, 31 W. 30th St., N. Y.

STEAMBOATS.

To Albany & Troy $1 HUDSON RIVER BY NIGHT

Commodious Steamer 'Iroquois' & 'Mohawk' every Spacious stateroom every convenience; electric light; excellent service. Victrola Dining Room; open till midnight. Music. Through tickets to all points. Baggage checked. Sts. Lv. (West Houston St.) 5:30 P. M., West 129th St. at 6:00 P. M. Daily. Phone Spring 9220.

Manhattan Line

To ALBANY 50¢

THE ECONOMICAL WAY.

STEAMERS FRANK JONES, KAATERSKILL

Leave Pier 46, N. R., Foot of W. 10th St., at 5:30 P. M.
W. 129th St. at 6 P. M. daily.
CAPITAL CITY LINE.
Pier 46, N. R. Phone Spring 597.

**Central-Hudson Line**

For Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston, from ft. Franklin St., week days, except Saturday, 4 p. m.; West 129th St. at 4.30 p. m. Saturdays 1 p. m. West 129th St., 1.30 p. m.

For Newburgh and lower landings, week days, except Saturday, Franklin St., 5 p. m. Saturdays 2 p. m.; West 129th St., 5.30 p. m.

SUNDAYS From Franklin St. 9:00 A. M. West 129th St. 9:30 A. M.

STEAMBOATS.

**FASCINATING TRIPS THROUGH THE WATERS OF LONG ISLAND SOUND,**

Vineyard Sound, Nantucket Sound and the Atlantic Ocean, with Sightseeing in Classic Boston or in Portland, the "City Beautiful," for objectives.

**All-the-Way-by-Water**

METROPOLITAN STEAMSHIP LINE.

Direct Between NEW YORK & BOSTON

Great White Steel Steamships Massachusetts & Bunker Hill

Fare $4. Rooms with or without bath. Inside two-berth rooms with electric fans, $1; outside, $2. Beautiful Main Deck Dining-room.

Leave New York week days and Sundays, Pier 14, N. R., foot Fulton St., at 5 P. M. Due Boston about 8 A. M. Tickets at Pier, at 290 B'way, also N. Y. Transfer Co. and Tourist Offices.

MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE,

Direct Between NEW YORK & PORTLAND

Steel Steamships North Land & North Star

Leave Pier 15, N. R., foot Veesy St., Tues., Thurs. & Sats. at 5 P. M.; also Mondays, (until Sept. 9th,) at 10:30 A. M. A delightful 22-hour trip. Round trip, $10. Tickets at Pier & 290 B'way.

EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

**FALL RIVER LINE TO BOSTON $4.00**

Lv. Pier 19, N. R., New York, daily at 5:30 P.M. Strs. COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.

PROVIDENCE LINE Daily except Sundays. Lv. Pier 18, N. R., ft. Murray St., 6:00 P. M. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH. Orchestra on each.

NEW LONDON (Norwich) LINE Via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 5:30 P. M. Strs. CHESTER W. CHAPIN and CITY OF LOWELL.

NEW BEDFORD LINE For New Bedford, Wood's Hole, Martha's Vineyard, Nantucket, Mattapoisett, Marion and Cape Cod points—Leave Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 6:00 P. M. Strs. MAINE and NEW HAMPSHIRE.

NEW HAVEN LINE Lv. Pier 29, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 2:45 P. M.; Sundays 9:30 A. M.; Lv. ft. E. 22d St., week days, 3 P. M. Sunday 10:00 A. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.

BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days, leave Pier 27, E. R., ft. Catharine St., 11 A. M., 3 P. M.; Sats. 3 P. M.; Leave ft. E. 22d St., week days, 3:30 P. M.; Sats. 2:30 P. M. Sundays 5:30 P. M. Strs. NAUGATUCK and BRIDGEPORT.

Tickets, etc., at 171 Broadway, Transfer Tourist Offices and at Piers.

The New England Steamship Co.

**Iron Steamboat Co CONEY ISLAND**

Special Notice.

Strs. ROSEDALE and SYLVESTER are NOT operated by this Company. Only tickets purchased at the WHITE BOX OFFICE at West 129th St. are GOOD on IRON STEAMBOATS.

LEAVE WEST 129TH STREET,
9:00, 10:30, 11:30 A. M.; 12:30, 1:15, 2:00, 3:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:15, 6:30, 7:30, 8:40 P. M.

LEAVE PIER 1, NORTH RIVER,
9:05, 10:20, 11:15 A. M.; 12:15, 1:15, 2:00, 2:45, 3:30, 4:15, 5:00, 6:00, 6:40, 7:15, 8:15, 9:30 P. M.

LEAVE STEEPLECHASE PARK,
10:55, 11:40 A. M.; 12:25, 1:25, 2:25, 3:10, 3:55, 4:55, 5:25, 6:10, 7:10, 7:50, 8:25, 9:25, 10:40 P. M.

Trip marked * does not go to 129th St.

Round Trip Tickets { From 129th St., 50 Cents. From Pier 1, N. R., 40 Cents.

**Rockaway Beach**

SEASON CLOSED MONDAY, SEPT. 2D.

Steamer "GRAND REPUBLIC"

Special Up Hudson Trips

Sundays, September 8th, 15th and 22d.

2½ HOURS AT HIGHLAND FALLS

1 HOUR AT NEWBURGH

Leave Pier 1, N. R., 9:30; W. 129th St., 10:30; Yonkers, 11 A. M.; FARE from N. Y., 75c., from Yonkers, 50c. Steamer's licensed capacity: 3,700. Tickets limited to 2,000. No staterooms.

**Powerful Searchlights**

reveal the grandeur of the picturesque

HUDSON RIVER

To those who travel to and from ALBANY and TROY via PEOPLE'S and CITIZENS' LINES.

Speedy Palatial Steamers.

One Way, $2. Round Trip, $3.50.

EVERY EVENING.

Leaving Pier 32, N. R. (foot of Canal St.,) 6 P. M. People's Line calling at West 129th St. at 6:45 P. M.; Citizens' Line calling at Yonkers at 7 P. M., Poughkeepsie at 11 P. M. Steamer C. W. MORSE leaves New York on even dates, ADIRONDACK on odd dates. Sunday Day Boat leaves at 8:45 A. M.; West 132d St. 9:15 A. M. Special excursion to Poughkeepsie and return Sundays, $1.00. Passage and stateroom tickets delivered by special messenger. 10-Ride Family Books, $15, ($1.50 per trip.)

ANNUAL LAKE GEORGE EXCURSION, leaving New York Saturday, September 14. Round trip fare, $4.00.

HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY, Pier 32, N. R. 'Phone Spring 9400.

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED" TAKE

**COLONIAL LINE**

To BOSTON, PROVIDENCE, and New England Summer Resorts.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| BOSTON | | $2.65 |
| PROVIDENCE | Direct, | $1.75 |
| WORCESTER | Boat | $2.65 |
| FALL RIVER | and Rail, | $2.00 |

First-class service, palatial steamers, excellent cuisine, clean, comfortable staterooms (all outside rooms).

Leave Week Days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M., from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St.

'Phones, Spring 9491 and 9492. Uptown Office, Broadway and 23d St.

HUDSON RIVER **DAY LINE**

Steamer HENDRICK HUDSON or ROBERT FULTON leaves Desbrosses St. 8:40 A. M., W. 42d St., 9 A. M., W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M. Landings at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany. Str. ALBANY leaves Desbrosses St. 9:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 10 A. M.; W. 129th St., 10:20 A. M., for Yonkers, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie. All service daily except Sunday. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant.

**Steamer Mary Powell**

Afternoon boat for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston, and way landings leaves Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Ideal outing to West Point, returning by Str. Albany, $1, or by rail, $1.10.

BOSTON $2.40 BAY STATE LINE

VIA BOAT AND TROLLEY $2.25

Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40

Steel Steamships

GEORGIA and TENNESSEE

Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M. From Pier 19, E. R. 'Phone 2700 Beekman. Write for Illustrated Summer Folder. City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y. Uptown Ticket Office, B'way and 23d St.

**CATSKILL** EVENING LINES

For Catskill, Hudson, Coxsackie, and Way Landings steel steamers Clermont (new) and Onteora leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., 6:30 P. M. Yonkers (City Dock) 7:30 P. M. Daily except Sunday. See time tables at all hotels and railway offices for full information. Telephone 1097 Spring.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPORT SHELTER ISLAND & SAG HARBOR

Str. "Shinnecock" of Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Line leaves N. Y., Pier 9, E. R., Tuesdays and Thursdays, 5:30 P. M.; Saturdays, 1:00 P. M.

HARTFORD LINE

From New Pier 39, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday, at 6 P. M. for Connecticut River landings. Write for illustrated folder.

STEAMSHIPS.

**INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES**

ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS

The Largest Steamer in the World

New 45,324 Ton **OLYMPIC** Sails from New York SEPT. 7 2 P. M. SEPT. 28 OCT. 19 NOV. 30

AMERICAN Pier 62, N. R. 9:30 A. M.

Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.

St. Louis...Sept. 7 | St. Paul...Sept. 21
New York...Sept. 14 | Philadelphia, Sept. 28

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT

New York—London Direct. Pr. 58, N.R.

Minn'aska, Sept. 7, 1 PM | Min'polis, Sept. 21
Min'nka, Sept. 14, 10:30AM | Min'e'ha, Sept. 28

RED STAR Pier 61, N. R. 10 A. M.

London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp.

Lapland.....Sept. 7 | Vaderland...Sept. 21
Finland ....Sept. 14 | Kroonland...Sept. 28

WHITE STAR Piers 59 & 60, N. R.

Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton

Olympic (nw). Sept. 7, 2 PM | Oceanic...Sept. 21
Majestic...Sept 14, noon | Olympic..Sept 28

New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.

Celtic..Sept. 12, noon | Baltic.....Sept. 26
Adriatic. Sept. 19, n'n | Cedric.....Oct. 3

Boston—Azores—Gibraltar—Italy.

Cretic.....Sept. 14 | Canopic.....Sept. 28

FOUR GREAT CRUISES

Panama Canal | 28 and 29 days $175 and up.

WEST INDIES: LAURENTIC Jan. 8 Feb. 8; MEGANTIC Jan. 22 Feb. 23

SOUTH AMERICA

MEDITERRANEAN CRUISES

RIVIERA — ITALY — EGYPT

VIA MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, MONACO

"ADRIATIC" ☆ "CEDRIC"

THE LARGEST BRITISH MEDITERRANEAN STEAMERS

NOV. 30 JAN. 7 JAN. 21 FEB. 18 MARCH 4

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT, 9 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

**CUNARD**

The Fastest Steamers in the World

**Mauretania** Sept. 11, 1 A. M. Oct. 23 / Oct. 2, 1 A. M. Nov. 27

**Lusitania** Sept. 18, 1 A. M. Dec. 25 / Oct. 9, 1 A. M. Jan. 15

CARMANIA SEPT. 7, 10 A. M. OCT. 5, 10 A. M.

CARONIA SEPT. 21, 10 A. M. NOV. 16 / OCT. 19, 10 A. M. DEC. 14

CAMPANIA SEPT. 4, 1 A. M. NOV. 30 / SEPT. 25, 1 A. M. JAN. 1.

LIVERPOOL, LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA

VIA QUEENSTOWN AND FISHGUARD.

Mauretania and Lusitania do not stop at Queenstown eastbound.

New York, Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Trieste, Fiume.

Write for Itinerary. Sailing hour noon.

| SAXONIA | PAN

## Lost

LOST—Diamond earring Wednesday night, between 145 East 35th St., San Remo Hotel, and Riverside Drive and 114th St.; liberal reward. Mrs. H. Sampson, San Remo Hotel, 74th St. and Central Park West.

LOST—Left on N. J. C. train, Jersey City, Labor Day, kodak, 3¼x4¼, Eastman; keepsake; reward. J. H. Pride, 35 West 30th, New York.

LOST—Tuesday evening, between Delmonico's and Broadway Theatre, diamond horseshoe pin; $50 reward. Return to Tyng, 22 E. 17th St.

LOST—Sapphire brooch, surrounded with diamonds, on Friday last; $100 reward if returned to Room 710, 111 Broadway.

LOST—Gold chain fob and seal; $10 reward for return. Call Cortlandt 1304, or write P 217 Times Downtown.

LOST—Gold watch charm, between Bronx Park and Yonkers; reward. H. B. E., Room 402, 39 Whitehall St.

LOST—Gold fob, initials "R. A. K.," Wednesday night; reward $5. Y 44 Times.

$5 REWARD for umbrella, lost on Lackawanna train Thursday morning. Renwick, 19 Park Place.

## Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Ave. A and 24th St., or to the receiving station at 37 East 135th St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

## Found

FOUND, Sept. 4—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Recovered by police and forwarded to 240 Centre St., Manhattan, awaiting claimants: Suitcase containing gent's underwear; pair of shoes, small amount of money, umbrella, bunch of keys.

FOUND, Sept. 4.—NEW YORK CENTRAL, N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Three umbrellas, package, railroad ticket, envelope, purse, book, hat, coat, raincoat, overcoats.

FOUND, Sept. 3.—LEHIGH VALLEY R. R. Apply office of General Baggage Agent, South Bethlehem, Penn.: Handbag, umbrella, knife, pillow, hat, package, camera.

FOUND, Sept. 4.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Long Island City: One umbrella, 2 packages.

FOUND, Sept. 4.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Seven packages, umbrellas, grip.

FOUND, Sept. 4.—PENN. R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: Cane, umbrella, overcoat.

FOUND, Sept. 4.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: Glove, stone, umbrellas, sweater, pocketbook, raincoat, telephone directory, eyeglass case, umbrella, handbag, blue print, collars.

## Boarders Wanted

### East Side.

117TH, 29 EAST.—Desirable rooms; running water; excellent table; references; telephone.

157TH ST., 210 EAST (Stuyvesant Park.)—Single, double rooms; home cooking; table guests; telephone; references.

218T ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Large, small rooms; private baths; steam; excellent table; reference.

38TH ST., 37 EAST.—Large and small rooms, private bath, elevator; references.

49TH, 9 EAST.—Rooms, with board; Winter arrangements made; table board; references.

54TH ST., 13 AND 15 EAST.—Boarding place for fastidious people; unexcelled; residentially centrally located; element, cuisine, service the best; moderate rates; references.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Rooms with private bath; small rooms with board. Tel. 1978 Gramercy.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,343, (89th.)—Desirable room; one, two; refined, homelike surroundings; substantial table; references.

LEXINGTON AV., 827.—Large, attractive room; every convenience; superior table; practically private family; references.

MADISON AV., 165.—Attractive, large rooms; private baths; references.

### West Side.

7TH AV., 2,053, (123d.)—Attractive, airy, sunny rooms; steam, first-class board; healthy location.

16TH ST., 20, 22, AND 23 WEST.—Large and small rooms; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

16TH ST., 18 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms; double parlor; baths; excellent table; moderate; table board.

39TH, 49 WEST.—Heart shopping district; convenient theatres; high-class home cooking; table board.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $10 per week; use of bath; suites consisting of parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heat throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 703 Bryant.

48TH, 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms, private baths; house, table strictly first class; references.

49TH, 68 WEST.—Established 24 years; rooms and suites; baths; telephones; superior service; moderate.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Newly decorated, attractive, large and small rooms; private bath; superior table; table guests; telephone; references; gentlemen preferred.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large and small rooms; first-class; references.

57TH ST., 351 WEST.—Newly furnished large, small rooms; private bath; good board; Subway; telephone.

57TH ST., 319 WEST.—Large and small comfortable airy rooms; parlor and dining room.

58TH, 17 WEST.—Large, small rooms; also elegant suite; electric lights; private baths; reference.

64TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; table board; telephone; centrally located.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for one or two; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms; near elevated, Subway; table boarders.

69TH ST., 103 WEST.—Large and small, comfortable, airy rooms; private bath; board optional.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Parlor room; private bath; third floor; bath adjoining; room telephone; references.

70TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large room with bath; also single room; private family; references.

269 WEST 70TH ST.
Attractive rooms; 'phone; Subway; board optional.

130 WEST 71ST ST.
DESIRABLE ROOMS; EXCELLENT TABLE.

72D, 305 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; southern exposure; excellent home cooking; homelike surroundings.

175 WEST 73D ST.
Pleasant rooms; telephone; Subway, elevated; excellent board.

73D ST., 142 WEST.—ATTRACTIVE HOME; HANDSOME SUITE; OTHER LARGE ROOMS; BOARD OPTIONAL.

73D ST., 171 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large, single rooms; excellent French cuisine; table board.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—17th year; Summer rates; rooms, baths; table; references.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large, well-furnished front room; smaller room; excellent table; table guests.

76TH, 105 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; refined neighborhood; parlor dining; table guests; moderate prices.

76TH, 108 WEST.—Opportunity secure medium room; steam; phone; first-class board; homelike surroundings.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Attractively furnished, well appointed; excellent table; parlor dining; table guests; references.

76TH ST., 248 WEST.—Finest table; every room with bath; exclusive house for particular people.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—Large room; private bath; southern exposure; also medium rooms; telephone; references.

77TH, 64 WEST, 4 South.—Desirable room, board, gentleman; private family; elevator apartment.

79TH, 121 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable medium, also small rooms; baths adjoining; gentlemen; private family.

79TH STREET, 183-135 WEST.

Large and small rooms, with or without bath; fine table; club breakfast a feature.

79TH ST., 162 WEST.—Attractive rooms; business people; convenient Subway, "L"; southern cooking; references; telephone.

80TH ST., 123 WEST.—Rooms, singly or en suite; newly decorated and furnished; parlor, dining room; family table; convenient to elevated and Subway; cuisine unexcelled; table guests accommodated.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Exceptionally fine rooms; electricity, telephone; home environments; generous table; references.

81ST ST., 151 WEST.—Handsomely furnished house; large light rooms; suitable two; good home cooking; best of service; all conveniences.

82D ST., 55 WEST.—Desirable large second-floor front south room; third floor back; also hall room; baths each floor; private family.

50-52 WEST 82D ST.
BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, SCHUYLER 8397.

82D, 66 WEST.—In refined Jewish house; single rooms; first-class board; references.

83D, 11 WEST.—Newly furnished large, small rooms; special rates permanent guests. 8316 Schuyler.

83D, 5 WEST.—Suites two, three rooms, baths; single rooms furnished, unfurnished; special terms for early engagements; transients; appointments the best.

## Boarders Wanted

### West Side.

83D ST., 23 WEST.—Desirable large rooms; Jewish family; references exchanged. Schuyler, 4837.

84TH, 53 WEST.—High-class Jewish home; newly decorated rooms, private bath; excellent table; reference.

86TH ST., 137 WEST.—Can accommodate one or two gentlemen; exclusive, refined Jewish home; easy access Subway, elevated, surface lines; reference.

90TH ST., 13 WEST.—Refined Jewish home; large, small rooms; excellent table; references. Riverside 3569.

90TH ST., 9 WEST.—Hall rooms; gentlemen preferred; Jewish home; references. 'Phone 1783 Riverside.

91ST, 54 WEST.—Elegant room, handsomely furnished; every convenience; southern exposure; telephone; superior board.

93D ST., 21 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; near Park, L; French cuisine; table guests.

92D, 55 WEST.—Large, small rooms, suites; excellent cooking; first-class house; table board.

93D ST., 29-31 WEST.—Large and small rooms, newly decorated; excellent table; parlor dining; near Park and "L" station; table guests.

93D ST., 23 WEST.—Rooms, with excellent table; clean, quiet house; American family; near "L."

94TH, 16 WEST.—Large back parlor; private house; home cooking; reference. Telephone 7442 Riverside.

94TH, 36 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, all home comforts; excellent board; telephone, electric light. Strauss.

95TH ST., 50 WEST.—Near Park, "L," Subway express; only few accommodated; cuisine Francaise; references.

95TH, 62 WEST.—Delightful rooms, newly decorated; parlor dining; superior home table; permanent guests.

95TH, 63-65 WEST.—Handsome rooms, suite, with private bath; cuisine, service exceptional; references.

96TH, 54 WEST, near Central Park.—Airy, large and small rooms; superior cooking; reasonable.

98TH ST., 64 WEST.—Handsome floor, bath; table boarders; near Central Park, Subway, elevated; references.

97TH, 64 WEST.—Rooms, with board; large and small; convenient to L and Subway.

102D ST., 243 WEST, (Broadway and Riverside.)—Large, medium rooms, with, without private bath; liberal table, parlor dining; Subway 103d; telephone; references.

103D, 252 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms; couples, gentlemen; select house, neighborhood; excellent table; Subway.

163D, 879 WEST END AV., (Near Subway.)—Attractive double rooms; lavatory; excellent cuisine; gentlemen.

104TH, 61 WEST.—Established 17 years, private bath, suites; others; superior table; transients; references.

625 WEST 113TH ST.
Riverside.—Attractive rooms; unusual table. Morningside 8136.

417 WEST 118TH ST.
Newly decorated rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served.

1219T ST., 509 WEST, Bancroft Apartments, opposite Columbia University.—Light, airy, newly furnished rooms; shower baths adjoining; with choice board in beautiful restaurant; elegant, modern, fireproof building; elevators, reception room, and roof garden. See Mr. Yetman.

123D ST., 519 WEST, Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside.—Single rooms; suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

137TH ST., 602 WEST.—Subway; beautiful room; running water; German-Jewish table; elevator. Apartment 43.

137TH ST., 247 WEST.—Elegant large and small, airy rooms, with board; running water.

141ST, 527 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite, with lavatory; steam heat; telephone; references; table guests.

149TH, 540 TO 548 WEST, near Broadway and beautiful Riverside, The Audubon.—Vacancies expected; one, two, or three bright rooms; electricity, private telephones, private bath; first-class accommodations; very reasonable. Telephone 2757 Audubon. Vondrann, Prop.

157TH, SUBWAY, WEST.—Pleasant outside room; elevator apartment; dining room; 'phone 263 Audubon.

A.—A.— THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean traffic passing windows; exclusive residence; charming rooms; every luxurious convenience; superb dining room; excellent chef and service; 20 minutes Broadway or seashore; near ferry; rates moderate. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I. 'Phone 379 Tompkins.

A.—101 WAVERLEY PLACE.—Rooms and suites, with baths, $9 to $15; parlor dining.

A. A.—WHEELOCH MANSION.
158th St. and Hudson River; Subway two blocks; very large room, four windows; hot, cold water, showers; smaller room; vegetables, hennery; seven acres shady grounds. Telephone 943 Audubon.

WANTED—A young infant to board and to give loving, good care. Responsible parties needing assistance in this line address Mrs. J. T. Foster, General Delivery, Syracuse, N. Y.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103.—Elegantly furnished room, private bath; with meals, $16 per week.

WEST END AV., 240.—Large, medium sized rooms; adjoining bath; electricity, all conveniences; home cooking; convenient to Subway; Southerners accommodated.

### Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, (Heights)—River view; Subway five minutes Wall St. twenty Herald Square, corner trolley, Broadway; high-class board; rooms furnished, unfurnished; upper rooms moderate. 905 Main.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Large rooms; private bath; excellent table. Phone 1159W Main.

## Country Board.

### Westchester.

SMALL family with beautiful home on Chester Hill would rent large front room, with board. 153 Prospect Av., Mount Vernon.

### New York State.

Rest, quiet, on 150-acre farm which supplies excellent table; altitude 1,344 feet; bath, phone; terms $7. Pugsley, Dover Plains, N. Y.

### New Jersey.

MURRAY HILL PARK CLUB, (private,) adjoining Summit; accommodates limited number refined people all year; attractive rooms; private bath; wholesome food; 550 feet above sea; tonic air; 45 minutes to city; short walk to Lackawanna station, (auto free;) telephone; electricity; pure water; $10-$14 week. W. H. Mears, Murray, N. J.

### Virginia.

A few gentlemen can be accommodated in bachelor's home in fox hunting section of Virginia mountains. G. Y., MacMurphy Plains, Va.

## Board Wanted

WANTED—By middle-aged invalid gentleman, one or two light, warm rooms with private bath, on ground floor or in apartment with elevator in quiet, refined locality; simple meals desired. Address J. C. Hazen, Pelham Manor, N. Y.

YOUNG PRINCETON MAN desires room and board in private family from Monday evening until Saturday each week; location west side below 100th St.; references given. Address, stating terms, B. M. Green, 100 Washington Square.

Wanted.—Three rooms, with board, for family, three adults, in first-class west side boarding house: German house preferred. S 33 Times.

TWO good rooms, with board, by three Christian business men, in private family, between 72d and 90th Sts., west side. S 23 Times.

## Furnished Rooms

### East Side.

16TH, 132 EAST.—Desirable room; steam heat, bath; excellent board; references.

17TH ST., 307 EAST, (Stuyvesant Park.)—Large and small front and back; back parlor; telephone.

21ST, 139 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Furnished rooms without board; all conveniences; privilege of park.

29TH ST., 40 EAST, (Between Madison and 4th Avs.)—Large and small rooms; Summer prices.

32D ST., 20 EAST.—Handsomely furnished, airy rooms, single or en suite; private baths.

42D ST., 13 EAST, (opposite Hotel Manhattan.)—Large, attractive room; private bath; small rooms; references.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Handsome suite, square room, bath adjoining; single room; breakfast optional; references.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—ROOMS WITH, WITHOUT BATH; GENTLEMEN; REFERENCES.

46TH ST., 146 EAST.—Large front parlor, suitable for two, $6 weekly; private house.

17TH ST., 190 EAST.—Pleasant, well-furnished rooms, large and small; quiet house; reasonable.

44TH, 136 EAST.—Well furnished hall room; private house; gentlemen.

48TH ST., 19 EAST.—Excellent, large rooms and cuisine; private bath; small rooms; board optional.

55TH ST., 22 EAST.—Comfortable, medium sized, light, airy rooms; running water; 'phone; gentlemen.

58TH ST., 58 EAST.—Room, connecting bath, in private house, for gentleman; references.

60TH ST., 129 EAST.—Fine square room; second floor; all new; respectable; gentlemen exclusively. Stevens.

72D, 154 EAST.—Attractive rooms in newly furnished house; charming central location; references required.

## Furnished Rooms

### East Side.

76TH ST., 37 EAST.—Attractive furnished room; large, airy; every convenience; private house; references.

76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Attractive rooms, separately or en suite; ideal location; board optional.

92D, 129 EAST.—Large or single room; adjoining bath; physician's strictly private residence; refined location; breakfast optional; reasonable. Phone 4369 Lenox.

IRVING PLACE, 55.—Newly furnished; bath on each floor; steam, electric light; $4 upward.

LEXINGTON AV., 626.—Scrupulously clean, well-kept house; second floor rooms; handsomely furnished; modern conveniences; suitable gentlemen; separate beds; moderate.

LEXINGTON AV., 586, (52d.)—Homelike rooms; also back parlor, bath; breakfast; telephone; references; select.

MADISON AV., 1,999 (127th.)—Large room for two; running water; $4 per week; references.

### West Side.

6TH AV., 1,023.—Parlor and bedroom; also hall room. Smith.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming suite for bachelors; electricity; telephone; location unsurpassed; references.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Very large, beautifully furnished rooms; private baths; telephone; smaller rooms.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.
Large, well-furnished rooms for refined persons

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Large elegantly furnished rooms; single, en suite; private baths; smaller rooms.

12TH, 34 WEST. — Large and small rooms; also parlor floor for doctor, studio, business.

20TH ST., 428 WEST.—Comfortably furnished rooms; steam heat, hot water; telephone; opposite seminary campus.

21ST ST., 354 WEST.—Exclusive quiet house; furnished rooms for gentlemen.

22D ST., 426 WEST.—Handsomely furnished back parlor and dressing room; running water; telephone; private.

23D ST., 449 WEST, (London Terrace.)—Light housekeeping; suite two rooms; unusually desirable; reasonable; electric light; steam heat; telephone; dentist's private residence.

28TH ST., 333 WEST.—Room for rent. Telephone 530 Chelsea.

34TH, 229 WEST, opposite Pennsylvania Station.—Elegant rooms, parlors; all conveniences; telephone; strictly respectable, homelike.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Elegant rooms, large and small; breakfast if desired. Telephone 3558 Bryant.

47TH, 56 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; private bath; electricity; steam heat; reference; select.

47TH ST., 70 WEST.—Large rooms; telephone; references.

48TH ST., 107 WEST.—Large room, running water; gentleman, married couple; strictly first-class house.

49TH ST., 59 WEST.—To rent, furnished rooms; two exceptionally desirable single rooms in private house.

49TH, 169 WEST.—Light, sunny, handsomely furnished rooms; all improvements; breakfast optional. Ellsworth bell.

52D ST., 46 WEST.—Large, pleasant rooms, well furnished, with or without bath; references.

52D ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant large alcove rooms; second floor; bath; conveniences; breakfast; telephone references.

52D, 231 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Attractive rooms, large and single; private bath; every convenience.

52D ST., 55 WEST.—Small room; hot and cold water, bath; gentlemen only; references.

52D ST., 246 WEST.—Large and small furnished rooms; also fine back parlor room.

53D ST., 62 WEST.—Large and small rooms; every convenience.

55TH, 329 WEST.—Two nice light, airy hall rooms; clean, quiet house; conveniences; telephone.

55TH, 364 WEST.—Large rooms; private house; $4-$5; telephone; gentlemen; inspection invited.

55TH, 63 WEST.—Parlor and second floors to rent; doctors or dentists; table board.

56TH ST., 314 WEST.—Handsome front and back parlor; private bath; telephone; also large and small room.

56TH ST., 55 WEST.—Large and small furnished rooms; private bath; gentlemen.

64TH ST., 8 WEST.—Handsomely furnished front and back parlors; terms reasonable. Robinson.

66TH ST., 126 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, single, double, $4 upward; gentlemen; private family; conveniences; running water, bath. Newman. Telephone 2689 Colmbus.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH, 129 WEST.—Modern house; parlor floor, suitable doctor; other rooms; phone; references.

70TH ST., 130 WEST.—Dentist's or doctor's office; parlor floor; sunny; electricity installed; board optional.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentleman only.

70TH ST., 807 WEST.—Attractive light rooms; private house; near Subway; running water; phone; references.

71ST, 351 WEST.—Homelike bachelor apartments; private bath, shower; single rooms, $5 up; telephone.

72D, 302 WEST.—Nicely furnished large front room; bath and lavatory connecting; 'phone Subway.

73D ST., 238 WEST.
Bachelor accommodations; private bath; references; telephone.

73D, 104 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; gentlemen only; references required.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms; private baths; breakfast; telephone; moderate; references.

75TH ST., 329 Amsterdam Av.—Suite, parlor, bedroom, dressing room, and bath; elevator, electricity; moderate; no other roomers. Mitchell.

76TH ST., 104 WEST.—Large and medium-sized rooms; bath; all modern conveniences; private house.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms in refined neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 119 WEST.—Handsome rooms for gentlemen, en suite or single; also back parlor.

76TH ST., 148 WEST.—Large, desirable, well-furnished rooms, bath adjoining; electric light; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 301 WEST, Corner West End Av.—Large and small rooms can be had by those desiring refined home surroundings; modern house, electric lights, bath, and telephone; preferably gentlemen; references.

77TH ST., 109 WEST.—Elegant room and bath; two gentlemen or couple; also smaller room; first-class private house; accessible; telephone; moderate.

77TH ST., 64 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; single, connecting; modern every respect; telephone. Dutton.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Medium front room, also smaller; bath room same floor; private house.

78TH ST., 136 WEST.—Nice, newly furnished rooms, large, small; rates moderate; convenient all cars.

78TH, 114 WEST.—Very attractive, newly decorated, southern exposed rooms; gentlemen preferred; reasonable; references.

78TH ST., 132 WEST.—Handsomely furnished second floor; single, en suite; private bath; twin beds.

78TH ST., 142 WEST.—Exceptionally large second floor room front, attractively furnished; dressing room attached; references.

78TH ST., 142 WEST.—Physician's office; back parlor, use front parlor reception room; references.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Gentlemen: exceptional rooms, large and single; high-class, private home; references.

80TH ST., 162 WEST.—Nice, large room; all conveniences; near Subway, "L"; board optional; phone.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive newly furnished rooms; hot and cold running water; private residence.

80TH ST., 100 WEST.—Attractive, large room; Hotel Orleans, Suite 96; $8 weekly; business woman.

81ST, 135 WEST.—Large front room; southern exposure; convenient to L, Subway; 'phone; references.

82D, 8 WEST.—Select; gentlemen only; terms reasonable; large and small rooms, suites; private baths; breakfast if desired; references exchanged.

82D ST., 210 WEST.—Front parlor, connecting bedroom; private entrance; convenient Subway, "L"; telephone; private family; gentlemen or couple; references. Peterson.

82D ST., 56 WEST.—Large, well-furnished rooms; electric light; all conveniences; reference.

82D ST., 47 WEST.—In quiet, well-kept house, large and small rooms; reasonable.

82D, 130 WEST.—Desirable large and medium rooms, suitable for one or two; references.

83D ST., 71 WEST.—Large, airy rooms; home atmosphere; 'phone; board optional. Apt. 2.

84TH, 10 WEST.—Beautiful, private residence; handsomely furnished large, second-floor suite; dressing rooms; private bath; large room, suitable two; telephone.

84TH ST., 29 WEST.—Attractive private rooms; refined private family; telephone. Apartment 4.

85TH ST., 140 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large and small rooms; private bath; southern exposure; "L." Subway; private house.

## Furnished Rooms

### West Side.

86TH ST., (527 West End Av.)—Beautiful rooms; newly appointed; single or en suite; private bath.

86TH ST., 62 WEST.—Two large, bright rooms with dressing room, elegantly furnished; all modern improvements; near Subway, "L"; references required.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Elegant rooms; private bath; telephone; front room; every convenience; select house.

91ST ST., 46 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large front room, connecting dressing room; suitable two gentlemen.

91ST ST., 66 WEST.—Large front room, second floor; new furniture; gentlemen, business couple; conveniences.

91ST ST., 163 WEST.—Pleasant, large front room; suitable one, two; convenient Subway, elevated; telephone.

91ST, 64 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; refined private house; permanent guests; references.

93D ST., 10 WEST.—Come and see! Fine front suite, medium and single rooms; elevator apartment; 'phone; near L. Brien.

93D ST., 175 WEST.—New, handsomely furnished rooms; private baths; hot and cold running water; breakfast optional; gentlemen; moderate; Subway, "L," telephone.

93D ST., 177 WEST.—Front parlor for doctor or dentist; other rooms; new house; handsomely furnished; hot and cold running water; telephone.

93D ST., 45 WEST.—Clean, cozy, small and medium rooms; running water; $3, $4; "L."

94TH, 34 WEST.—Large and medium, handsomely furnished rooms; quiet, refined surroundings; reference. Owner.

95TH, 124 WEST.—Dainty house; private family; spare room; gentleman; references; Subway; doctor's suite.

95TH ST., 151 WEST.—Private house; newly furnished rooms; gentlemen only; convenient Subway, elevated.

96TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large parlor and bedroom; all conveniences; kitchen privileges if desired. Kwartz.

97TH ST., 143 WEST.
HOMELIKE, COMFORTABLE ROOMS; REASONABLE.

97TH, 256 WEST.—Private Jewish family; room suitable two; elevator apartment. Grossman

97TH, 150 WEST.—Newly decorated large and small rooms; adjoining bath; Subway express; private house.

97TH ST., 145 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished front room; bath; Elevated, Subway express.

97TH ST., 143 WEST.
Cool, comfortable rooms; reasonable.

98TH ST., WEST.—Bachelor apartment, (or couple,) two large rooms, dressing rooms; private bath, electricity, telephone; handsomely furnished or unfurnished; perfectly appointed private house; every comfort; excellent service; breakfast; Park; "L," Subway; reference. Phone 3184 Columbus.

104TH, 247 WEST.—Room, running water; block Subway; two doors west Broadway; references. Walker.

105TH ST., 237 WEST.—Front and back parlor, newly furnished; near Subway express station and "L"; private, quiet, homelike place; GENTLEMEN ONLY; can be seen at any time; would like permanent people; references required. Smith. Telephone 4120—Riverside.

105TH ST., 80 WEST.—Large front rooms; running water; telephone; private house; "L," Subway.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms in high-class elevator apartment; gentlemen. Gurnee

118TH, 541 WEST.—Private family; two attractive rooms, suitable one, two gentlemen; homelike. Apartment 3.

113TH ST., 622 WEST.—High-class apartment; single or en suite; near Riverside Drive. Apartment 31.

113TH ST., 286 WEST.—Large, light room, dressing room; every convenience; telephone, electricity; private family.

113TH, 501 WEST.—Large southern front room; 3 closets, lavatory; gentlemen; private family. Hagood.

114TH ST., 425 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room; kitchen privilege; refined private family. Sayward

118TH ST., 400 WEST.—One large, one single; nicely furnished; adjoining bath; high-class elevator apartment; restaurant in building. Apt. 41.

430 WEST 118TH ST.
Large, small rooms; elevator; mail chute. Robinson.

118TH ST., 414 WEST, (near Columbia.)—Elevator, telephone; single rooms, $3.50; double, $5.50. Smith.

118TH ST., 421 WEST.—Apt. 41; private family; comfortable, light room, $3.50; business gentleman; references.

418 WEST 118TH ST.
Nice front rooms; elevator; moderate. Apt. 64.

419 WEST 118TH ST.
ATTRACTIVE ROOMS. APARTMENT 52.

119TH ST., 420 WEST.—Desirable sunny kitchenette room, bath, first-class elevator apartment; Subway. Apply 1-3, 8-9 P. M., Apartment 39.

519 WEST 121ST. QUINN.
Opposite Columbia; large, small rooms; telephone, elevator.

121ST, 170 WEST.—Sunny corner, four windows; all conveniences; telephone; $2-$4. Hungerford.

122D ST., 511 WEST.—Modern front rooms; steam, electricity, telephone, elevator; reasonable; board optional. Miller.

122D ST., 523 WEST.—Delightful suites, private baths, showers; elevator apartment; single room $3. Carter.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive, cool rooms; elevator; home atmosphere; kitchen; corner apartment, (21.)

122D, 416 WEST.—Elegant room, overlooking park; reasonable; private family. Apt. 31.

137TH, 611 WEST.—Bachelors; references; also furnished 4-room apartment. Burkhardt. Call evenings.

155TH ST., 646 WEST.—First-class large and small rooms; overlooking Riverside Drive, Hudson; Subway.

ATTRACTIVE ROOM for bachelor; breakfast optional; beautifully appointed private apartment; centrally located. 1967 Columbus.

BEAUTIFUL SOUTHERN OUTLOOK.
An exceptionally desirable and scrupulously clean room for a discriminating gentleman. Garman, 2,643 Broadway.

BROADWAY, 2,848 to 2,850, (110th Subway Station.)—Apartment hotel, with home comfort; beautifully, newly furnished, single room; also two, three room suites; kitchenette; large window; private bath; telephone; maid service; linen. Trianon. Tel. Morningside 4245.

BROADWAY, 2,465, (91st St.)—Large, comfortable furnished room; bath; telephone; moderate rental. Apartment 1.

BROADWAY, 2,708 (103d.)—Two outside southerly rooms, together or separate; 'phone 4011J Riverside. Cleaver.

BROADWAY, 1,744.—Strictly modern three outside rooms, single or together, furnished or unfurnished.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE, completely equipped, with living rooms and bath, furnished or unfurnished; hot water, electricity; near Broadway. 227 West 71st St.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 9, (West 159th St.)—Outside room; adjoining bath; $3.50 per wk.

FURNISHED CLUB ROOMS.
50th St., 208, facing Central Park; handsomely furnished; to rent afternoon, evenings, or monthly.

LELAND'S BOARD AND ROOM DIRECTORY, 4 West 33d St., (25th year,) offers superior accommodations in exclusive house; moderate rates; information free.

SMALL private family will rent to gentleman appreciative of comforts of refined home, well-furnished front room; seen 5 to 8. 60 West 126th, (near Subway.)

WAVERLEY PLACE, 106.—Elegantly furnished room, with bath; $9 per week.

543 WEST END AVENUE.
86th St. Subway; single or double rooms; private bath; gentlemen; references.

### Brooklyn.

6TH AV., 101, (near Atlantic Av. Subway.)—Large rooms; running water; suitable two gentlemen.

## Rooms Wanted—Furnished.

PRINCETON GRADUATE, bachelor, lawyer, wants to secure bedroom, study, and bath in apartment or private house on Gramercy Park; best references furnished. Send full particulars to Secretary, Room 14, City Hall.

WANTED.—In private family, room and partial board by young man in business; state terms. Y 207 Times Downtown.

A YOUNG BUSINESS MAN wants a room, with breakfast, if possible, in a private family uptown, west side. S 30 Times.

## Unfurnished Rooms—To Rent.

Room and dressing room with private bath and entrance in ground floor elevator apartment across Hotel Astor. Dr. Seebold, 234 West 44th.

Lexington Av., 809.—Large, light room, private bath and dressing room; private house.

## For Sale—Miscellaneous

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers, multigraphs, filing cabinets, Neostyles, addressograph, wardrobes. Nathan's, 102 Worth, near Broadway.

For sale, 1912 American Traveler, "50"; run less than 5,000 miles; perfect condition; repainted and overhauled; completely equipped; self-starter, &c. Y 43 Times.

## Pianos and Organs

CHICKERING UPRIGHT PIANO, in fine condition; cost $900; sacrifice for $135. 516 W. 42d.

## Help Wanted, Female

ARTISTS.—The Butterick Publishing Co. offers desirable positions to fashion artists, experienced in detail work in wash and pen and ink. Apply to Mr. Rebele, 15th floor, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York, either in person or by letter, with specimen of work.

BIG OPPORTUNITIES FOR THE RIGHT WOMEN.—Wanted women with good complexion and ability for selling goods; high salary; permanent position. Call, between 10-12, Aubry Sisters, 200 West 23d St.

BOOKKEEPER who can also aid generally in office clerical work; young woman who has had at least five years' office experience, and who has business qualifications apart from bookkeeping; good position for one competent and ambitious; fifteen dollars; give particulars in letter. Advertising Expert, S 32 Times.

CLAREMONT AV., 200, (Corner 127th St.)—Single room, adjoining bath; elevator; phone; refined, pleasant environment; block Broadway Subway. Apt. 51.

FITTER.—AN EXPERIENCED FITTER ON GOWNS TO GO TO LOS ANGELES; A SPLENDID POSITION, WITH ADVANCEMENT TO RIGHT PARTY. APPLY ROOM 1,509, 305 5TH AV., TUESDAY, BETWEEN 9 AND 10 A. M.

GOVERNESS, under 35, English preferred; highly educated; also teaching piano for two girls, 10 and 7, by Oct. 1; best references necessary. Y 37 Times.

NURSE OR ATTENDANT for a sanitarium; pay $20 a month, board, room, and laundry. Call at 146 East 28th St. at 4 o'clock to-day for a personal interview.

PROFESSIONAL ACTRESS, well known to theatrical people to connect with prominent corporation; dignified and interesting work during spare time; commission basis. Address Corporation, V 9 Times.

SYDENHAM Hospital School for Nurses, 343 East 116th St., New York City.—General course of training for young women of education in the maternity, surgical, medical, and dispensary departments of the hospital; age limit, 20 to 35 years. Apply by letter or in person, Superintendent of Nurses.

TYPEWRITER, stencil cutters, experienced on Belknap or Wallace typewriting machines, wanted by large publishing house; steady position. Apply by letter, stating age, experience, and salary expected. "B. B. B.," Station V, N. Y. City.

TYPIST with good education for multigraph work; $8; advancement. X 287 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Young woman, experienced typist, to learn dictaphone; must have high school education or three years' business experience; salary, $10; advancement. P 218 Times Downtown.

WANTED.—Two refined, well-educated women to solicit; college graduates or teachers preferred; salary and commission. Call between 10 and 4. W. P. Thomas, 14th floor, 1,182 Broadway.

WANTED—Young woman to check piece work pay roll; must be capable, quick, and accurate; over 28 years. Write, stating experience and salary expected, to "F. W.," 1,364 Broadway.

WANTED—Talented Rosalind. "As You Like It." Prof. Alfred E. Henderson, 158th St. and Broadway.

WANTED—Girl to take out child afternoons. Call between 10 and 12, 440 Riverside.

WOMAN for general housework, with a daughter as nurse; suburban home; family of three. Willing, Box Y 206 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY TO ASSIST IN DISPLAY ROOM OF CHINA AND GLASS HOUSE; EXPERIENCE NECESSARY. EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY. S 29 TIMES.

YOUNG LADY, to assist in premium store, lower east side; salary to start, $5 per week. Address Davitt, P. O. Box 645.

## Help Wanted, Male

AN EXPERIENCED
REAL ESTATE SALESMAN
is required at once by a large corporation; rare opportunity to secure a highly remunerative and permanent position; exclusive proposition, unequaled anywhere; immense building operations, some completed and others under way; unique, modern, moderate-priced homes; purchaser gets 20 years time to pay and Metropolitan Life Insurance policies cancel both mortgages in case of death in meantime; also other houses selling for $100 down; also a big renting proposition; we want one more good man possessing ordinary business intelligence, a fair education, and engaging personality, plenty of energy, and the faculties of enthusing buyers with some of his own confidence in the proposition; advertising campaign in progress; leads furnished; commission; do not apply unless you are a high-grade man with high business standards and capable of earning at least $2,500 yearly. Call to-day or to-morrow prepared to give evidence of your past or present successful connections and record of actual performances. ALFRED N. WILHELM, 60 Liberty St., N. Y. Room 64.

ARTISTS.—The Butterick Publishing Co. offers desirable positions to fashion artists, experienced in detail work in wash and pen and ink. Apply to Mr. Rebele, 15th Floor, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts., N. Y., either in person or by letter, with specimen of work.

A REAL ESTATE COLLECTOR wanted; commission; now or formerly engaged in collecting from uptown apartments; the right man can better himself financially. New Buildings, 307 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT.—Able; can originate and show executive ability; wanted by large concern; give full particulars, salary, &c., in detail. S 17 Times.

EXPERIENCED SALESMAN for city and out of town to carry a fine line

# ARREST ALDERMAN'S LEADER FOR GRAFTING

### Strauss of Becker's District Taken After More Charges by Newsdealers.

### GAYNOR ATTACKS "FATHERS"

### He Does Not See How He Can Expect Policemen to be Honest When They Know of License Selling.

A warrant was issued yesterday afternoon by Chief Magistrate McAdoo for the arrest of Benjamin F. Strauss, the Republican District Captain in Alderman Niles R. Becker's district, on the charge of having obtained money under false pretences in connection with the alleged newspaper stand graft cases. The complaint was made by Acting Commissioner of Accounts Rice as a result of further evidence he has obtained from Robert and Louis Sellkowitz and other witnesses.

The warrant was served on Strauss at his home, 200 West Ninety-second Street, by Detective George Freen, attached to Chief Magistrate McAdoo's office. Strauss was taken to the West 100th Street Station, where he was told that he was charged with grand larceny. He made no comment, and after giving his name and other particulars he was locked up.

It was Strauss who testified before the Acting Commissioner of Accounts that he obtained $800 from Robert Sellkowitz for the signature of Alderman Becker to two applications for news-stand licenses. One license was actually obtained, but was afterward revoked by Mayor Gaynor, and it was declared that Strauss had returned $300 to Sellkowitz when he failed to get the other.

According to the testimony that Mr. Rice has since received, Sellkowitz handed over the $800 in the belief that it was to go to Alderman Becker, and that instead of receiving back $300 he got only $190, the other $110 being withheld to make sure that he would not mention any one's name in connection with the matter but Strauss's.

Then Mr. Rice received testimony from several witnesses concerning a meeting of all those who would be required to testify before him in the matter, at which Lemuel Ely Quigg, Strauss's lawyer, gave them instructions as to the evidence. Robert Sellkowitz testified that he went to see Strauss as soon as his brother Louis had received a subpoena to appear before the Commissioner of Accounts, and he then received a repayment of $190 and was bidden to meet Strauss again.

This appointment was for the morning of the day on which he was to give evidence, and Strauss took the two newsdealers and Rosie Himmelstein, another witness, to a hotel in Forty-fourth Street near Sixth Avenue, where they met Alderman Becker and Mr. Quigg. There Quigg gave his lesson on evidence.

They went down town, said Robert Sellkowitz, and Mr. Quigg told them to meet him at a restaurant at Reade Street and Broadway. There Robert Sellkowitz asked what guarantees he was to get for the other $110 of his money, and Quigg, the testimony says, replied:

"You can't get blood out of a stone; if he promised it, you will get it."

Robert Sellkowitz, however, declares that Strauss kept impressing on him that he must not mention Alderman Becker's name at the investigation, and that if he did he would not get a cent, and he added that as Strauss gave these instructions Quigg stepped aside.

Strauss tried to reassure him, Robert Sellkowitz explained, by telling him: "Mr. Quigg knows these people. The Commissioner and everybody else are against Gaynor's administration. They will be all right. You won't have any more trouble. We will protect you."

Then evidence was given by both the Sellkowitzes of a conversation with Alderman Becker. They both declared that when they gave the money to Strauss they understood that it was to go to the Alderman, as Strauss was only his agent, and they spoke to Becker outside the office of the Commissioner of Accounts about their chances of getting a refund. Robert Sellkowitz swore that on that occasion Becker replied: "You have got some part of it, and I will see that you get the other to-night. About the balance, I will see that Strauss fixes you up for it."

Corroborative evidence about various parts of this testimony was given by Rosie Himmelstein, Samuel Sellkowitz, father of Robert and Louis, and Max Himmelstein.

This letter, written by Mayor Gaynor to Alderman Courtlandt Nicoll, in reference to the sale of news-stand licenses by certain Aldermen, was given out last night:

CITY OF NEW YORK,
OFFICE OF THE MAYOR,
September 4th, 1912.

Dear Alderman Nicoll: I am in receipt of your letter, and your outline of the method which you have pursued in the past in the granting of licenses. I think your method is very admirable. You will hear witness that when I called the attention of the Board of Aldermen to the general selling of these licenses by Aldermen I took care to say that I had the utmost confidence in some members of the board, and I need not assure you that you were one of those whom I had in mind. I do not see how I can expect policemen to be honest when they know that many if not most of the Board of Aldermen are selling the licenses for news-stands, and the like, throughout the city, through go-betweens, at prices from $2,500 down to $25. I have had to put up with it, but hereafter I think I shall permit none of these licenses to be issued by the License Bureau without a full examination, except in the case of Aldermen of known probity like yourself. Sincerely yours,

W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

Hon. Courtlandt Nicoll, 31 Nassau Street, New York City.

The first arrest in the license graft cases was that of a cigar store owner in Alderman H. H. Curran's district.

## SEAMAN HELD FOR ABDUCTION

### Mate on C. H. Dodge's Yacht First Restores Girl to Parents.

Charged with the abduction of Mary Lawrence, the fifteen-year-old daughter of Dr. Frederick W. Lawrence, a physician of 165 Scofield Street, City Island, Hans Hansen, 27 years old, mate of the yacht Corona, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Detective Barry of the City Island Precinct.

Hansen admitted that he had persuaded the girl to accompany him to Brooklyn Wednesday afternoon and offered to take the detective and the girl's father to the place where she was staying in that borough. After the girl had been restored to her parents Hansen was locked up.

The yacht on which he is first mate is owned by Cleveland H. Dodge, the banker, who lives in Riverdale.


Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
Styles worth coming miles to see.
No increased prices here.

High Russets $3.98
Worth $6.00
On new English lasts, wide shank & low, broad heel.
Arch Support Black Shoes, $3.98
*A stylish shoe for weak ankles and flat feet—You save $2.00.*
*First Sale of Fall Samples*
$2.60 pair
Regular value $4.00, $4.50 & $5.00.
All are High Shoes, Russet and Black


## TO COMMEMORATE ANTIETAM.

### Brooklyn to Observe Semi-Centennial Battle on Sept. 21.

The fiftieth anniversary of the battle of Antietam will be celebrated on Saturday, Sept. 21, at Prospect Park, Brooklyn, under the auspices of the War Veterans and Sons' Association. Borough President Alfred E. Steers has appointed a large committee of prominent citizens, which will meet to-day at 4 o'clock to formulate plans.

About 6,000 men will march in the parade, including the Boys' Brigade, the Boy Scouts, and the Ninth and Fourteenth Regiments the only ones in existence to-day of the fifty-three New York regiments that took part in the battle. In the evening a reception will be given at the Fourteenth Regiment Armory to all survivors.

The affair will be National in scope, and all survivors, no matter where residing, are asked to address Arthur Arnow, Room 2, Borough Hall, Brooklyn, that tickets for the reviewing stand may be sent to them.

## WORKS FOR CITY UNDER ALIAS

### Alleged "Thomas Farrell" Proves to be Really Patrick Regan.

A case of a man who has worked for the city for nine years under a false name has been reported to the Mayor by Harry M. Rice, Acting Commissioner of Accounts. He received word lately, he says, that Patrick Regan of 191 Tillery Street, Brooklyn, had been employed as a fireman in the Bureau of Public Buildings in Brooklyn since Oct. 14, 1903, as Thomas Farrell of 101 Tillery Street.

He sent for the man, and he confessed that such was the case. He stated that in 1903, when he was in financial straits, a "Jack Murphy" came to him and told him he could get him the fireman's job in the name of Thomas Farrell, and he assented. He used Farrell's papers and has been working on them ever since. Meanwhile "Jack Murphy" has died.

## NO CHARGE AGAINST BECHTEL

### Young Brewer Heard He Ran Down Some One, but Sure He Didn't.

George Bechtel, the wealthy young brewer of Staten Island, who was reported as the driver of the car which ran down and injured a laborer named John Mosco at Fort Wadsworth on Wednesday, appeared in the Magistrate's court in Stapleton yesterday to find that there was no warrant and no complaint against him. Although detectives there were eager to make an arrest then and there, Acting District Attorney Ennis dissuaded them on the ground that it would be best to have the complaint come from the injured man.

Mr. Bechtel said that he had not been driving recklessly and that he had not run down anybody.

### French Engineer Sails, Disappointed.

Among the passengers sailing yesterday for Havre on the French liner Lorraine was Marcel Meyer, Chief Engineer and Director of the State Light and Power Electrical Station in Paris. He said that he arrived here two weeks ago to see if there was anything on this side of the Atlantic in the electrical line that would interest him. After visiting Chicago, St. Louis, Pittsburg, Buffalo, and other cities, Mr. Meyer sailed for home a disappointed man. There was nothing in electrical engineering in the United States, he said, that could not be found in Paris.

### IN NEW JERSEY.

NEWARK.—Through the arrest of Edward Kessler of 930 Rockaway Avenue, East New York, and Samuel Stein of the same address, the police of Newark believe that they have broken up a gang of "flim-flam" men who recently transferred their operations from New York to the Hill section of Newark. The police say that the gang has been operating in Newark for about two years. According to the police, the game is worked under the guise of selling jewelry.

EAST ORANGE.—The Rev. L. D. Nathaniel Wells, whose six years' pastorate of the Park Avenue Church of the Disciples of Christ at this city has won him the reputation of being in the forefront of the energetic and militant pastors of the community, will seeke wider fileds in Akron, Ohio. He has tendered his resignation to the official board of the church. The minister leaves a church of 500 members to take charge of one with a membership of 1,800.

SOUTH ORANGE.—The Right Rev. John J. O'Connor, Bishop of the Catholic Diocese of Newark, announced yesterday transfers of priests as follows: The Rev. Edwin E. Lange of Passaic to St. Anne's Church, Newark; the Rev. George Buttner of Orange to St. Mary's Church, Dover; the Rev. Thomas B. Larkin of South Orange to St. Bridget's Church, Jersey City; the Rev. John H. Donnelly of Newark to St. Mary's Church, Morristown.

RAHWAY.—Although exonerated by a Scotch verdict of the charges of cruelty made against him, Chief of Police Ramsey is not yet clear of his troubles, as it is said that Mayor Fyffe contemplates bringing her charges against the Chief. Chief Ramsey was suspended some time ago by Mayor Fyffe, who charged him with wilfully maltreating Sidney Levy, 17 years old, of Troph Avenue, Avenel, a suburb of the town.

TRENTON.—The West Jersey & Seashore Railroad Company was made defendant yesterday in two suits for $15,000 each brought to recover damages for the death of Mrs. Emma Adams and Miss Cora P. Adams, who were killed in July while motoring with Edwin H. Stokes, father of ex-Gov. E. C. Stokes. The automobile was struck by an electric train at a crossing between Malaga and Franklinville. Stokes was badly hurt.

TRENTON.—The State is to try an experiment in working convicts on the highways. Road Commissioner Stevens has made formal application to the State Prison Labor Commission to permit the employment of fifteen prisoners now in the State prison. The commission is favorably disposed toward Commissioner Stevens's plans, and on Tuesday will grant permission to have the prisoners taken out for work.

ASBURY PARK.—The State Funeral Directors' Association assembled in annual convention at the Hotel Bristol yesterday. The session opened with prayer by the Rev. Mr. Atchley. A welcome was extended by Mayor Bennett, to which response was made by ex-President Duffield of Paterson. President F. C. Bowles then delivered the annual message.

# ACCUSED ALDERMAN PRAYED OVER CHECK

### Mrs. Carroll Says Alleged Blackmailers Knelt to Promise Her Immunity.

### DAVIS HELD IN $10,000 BAIL

### $5,000 Check Was for Girl Who Made Affidavit, He Declares—Evangelist Owens Also Held.

Alderman Percy L. Davis of the Nineteenth District, who was arrested on Wednesday night on a charge of extortion by three detectives who were hiding in the room when he accepted $15 in marked bills and a check for $5,000 from Mrs. Eva B. Carroll at her apartments, 2 Pinehurst Avenue, spent the day yesterday in the Harlem jail weeping and protesting that he was the victim of a plot of political enemies to ruin his chances of election to Congress this Fall. In another cell Eben J. Owens, a Tombs evangelist, who was arrested with Davis and also charged with extortion, maintained silence. Both were arraigned yesterday before Magistrate Corrigan, and held in $10,000 bail.

Alderman Davis asserts that all through the matter he was moved by considerations of charity. His story, told through his attorney, Sol A. Hyman, is as follows:

"Davis is the victim of a base conspiracy. The only part he had in this affair was to respond as a friend when Mrs. Carroll, an old acquaintance, begged his services. She told him that Viola Dawson, the young girl who had been engaged as nurse in her family, had made an affidavit which contained grave charges against her and members of her family. She pleaded with him to help her out.

"The check for $5,000 was to be used for the education and living expenses of Miss Dawson as a reparation from the Carrolls. He came to the residence of Mrs. Carroll Wednesday night in response to a telephone call from her, and he only took the check when she pressed it upon him, and made him believe that it was a relief to her conscience to have the young girl get the money."

Miss Dawson was taken into custody early yesterday morning as a material witness, and kept in charge by the District Attorney. The affidavit she is alleged to have made is no longer in the possession of Carl H. Fowler, an attorney, of 55 Liberty Street, in whose office it was prepared. Mr. Fowler was awakened early yesterday morning by the detectives who had arrested Alderman Davis, and was accompanied to his office, where the affidavit was taken from a safe and surrendered to the District Attorney.

### Affidavit Charges Harmless.

It was this affidavit, according to Assistant District Attorney Murphy, which made Alderman Davis and Owens confident that they could frighten Mrs. Carroll into giving up $5,000. Mr. Murphy refused to let the affidavit be seen. Those who read it, however, say that the statements are comparatively harmless. Mrs. Carroll never saw the affidavit, and was acquainted with its contents, she says, only in the exaggerated version given by Alderman Davis. A second affidavit was made by Miss Dawson yesterday, in which she not only denied the statements in the first, but affirmed that she had no knowledge what the document contained when she signed it.

The central figure in the case is Eben J. Owens. He has been for years a visitor to prisons. The story begins, according to Mrs. Carroll, when Owens first met her husband, W. G. Carroll. Through him Owens learned all about the business affairs of Mrs. Carroll and her brother, Stilwell Connor. Since that time Mrs. Carroll has obtained an annulment of the marriage. Her business interests consist of a half interest in a newly invented corset and a power plant in North Carolina.

### Davis Meets Mrs. Carroll.

After becoming acquainted with Mr. Carroll, Owens made a practice of dropping in at the office of the Harlem Board of Commerce when those interested with Mrs. Carroll in the patent corset held meetings. Finally Owens introduced Alderman Davis. After obtaining Mrs. Carroll's confidence, it is charged that he proposed that she should give him a power of attorney over her property. This, he argued, would safeguard her from the schemes of her husband. On two occasions, according to Mrs. Carroll, Alderman Davis and Owens tried and failed to persuade her to sign a power of attorney.

The detectives, who were hiding in the room when the check changed hands, heard all the conversation that took place, and say that it does not leave either the Alderman or his companion the slightest room for a plea of innocent intentions. Mrs. Carroll and the detectives say that when she had agreed to sign the check Alderman Davis and Owens dropped to the floor on their knees and Owens led in prayer, while the Alderman repeated the words after him.

Their vow was a promise that neither Mrs. Carroll nor any member of her family should suffer from the affidavit while either of them had life in his body. Owens finished the prayer with greater facility than the Alderman. While the latter was dwelling on the last word, Owens, according to the witnesses, put his hand to his mouth, and, indicating his kneeling partner with one thumb, said reassuringly in a low aside:

"If he don't come through, I'll ruin him when he runs for Congress."

When Owens was searched, suspicion that he was mixed up in other affairs of the same nature was aroused by a bundle in his pocketbook containing more than fifty newspaper clippings. All of these were accounts of scandals, mostly involving women. In the same pocketbook Owens had an assortment of business cards, each announcing himself as the representative of a different religious or charitable organization.

Attorney Carl H. Fowler refused to discuss his part in obtaining the affidavit on the ground that any information he gave out might interfere with the District Attorney. Mr. Fowler is a son of Bishop Charles Henry Fowler, who was at one time editor of The Christian Advocate.

Mr. Murphy refused to say whether additional arrests were contemplated. Sol Hyman, attorney for Davis, said that his client would be released on bail not later than this morning.

## YONKERS COURT OUT $10,150.

### Judge Suspends Clerk Pending Investigation of Controller's Report.

Mayor James T. Lennon, Controller Joseph Miller, and City Judge Joseph Beall of Yonkers were informed by State Controller William A. Sohmer yesterday that shortages had been discovered in the accounts of the City Court aggregating $10,150.50. Judge Beall suspended the clerk of the court, Henry J. Ritchie, last night pending a study of the report.

The State Examiners have been at work for more than three months and the responsibility is put up squarely to Ritchie, who, according to the second-class cities charter, under which Yonkers is governed, receives all moneys, fines, and penalties. The investigation covers seven years, the period that Judge Beall has been on the bench. Mr. Ritchie has been court clerk since 1896.

Mr. Sohmer wrote, in part:

The testimony in the report shows that Mr. Ritchie and two other employes of the City Court received money from police officers paid as fines in the police station, and that there is no record showing that these fines were ever recorded in the cash book kept by the Clerk of the City Court, or paid into the Treasury.

The placing of initials on the police blotters acted as a receipt for the payment of the fines. Mr. Ritchie swore that when his assistants received the fines he had no knowledge that they were paid to him. However, there are numerous cases in which Mr. Ritchie as clerk placed his initials on the blotters of the Police Department and received the fines mentioned, for which there is no account.

Mr. Ritchie's assistants have sworn that in each and every case in which they received money from the Police Department paid to them as fines they paid the same to Mr. Ritchie or placed it in the cash drawer in his desk. Mr. Ritchie as shown by the testimony cannot or did not account for all the money paid to him, for which he had given a receipt to the Police Department.

You will also find that the records of the City Court of Yonkers, according to the testimony of Mr. Ritchie and the sworn statement of the examiners, have been carelessly and inaccurately kept.

Mr. Ritchie has furnished three bonds during the time he has held office, in each case for $500. Judge Beall in a statement made before the receipt of the Controller's report said that he thought the report of $12,000 shortage was inaccurate. He said that he had complete confidence in Mr. Ritchie, and he suggested that possibly, if there were any discrepanices, they might be traced to errors which had crept into the system of keeping check on the courts' accounts by the police.

## IN PRAYER AS SHE BURNED.

### Convent Sister Received Fatal Injuries When a Gas Stove Exploded.

With her arms extended toward heaven in an attitude of supplication Sister Stephenia of the St. Joseph Roman Catholic Convent of Bayonne, N. J., stood in the yard of the convent yesterday with her clothing in flames and was fatally burned before assistance could be rendered her.

She was preparing the noonday meal when the gas stove exploded, setting fire to her clothing. Rushing into the back yard she extended her arms toward heaven in prayer, while flames wrapped her body from head to foot.

Women on the opposite side of the street noticed her plight and a man ran toward her. But before he had covered half the distance, she sank to her knees, still in the same attitude, and as he reached her, she fell forward unconscious. While he smothered the flames with a rug, others summoned medical aid.

Under the administrations of a doctor she recovered consciousness thirty minutes later. Her only utterance was "Jesus, take me." With this prayer on her lips she died.


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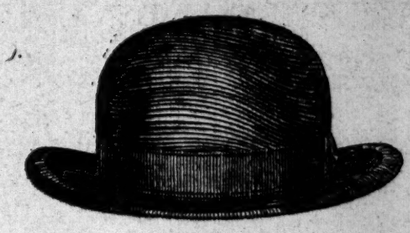

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## NEW BRIDGE LINE'S BIG DAY.

### Carries 3,500 Riders Over Manhattan Span—Rivals Give Up Fight.

At the end of the first twenty-four hours' business yesterday afternoon the Manhattan Bridge Three-Cent Line had carried 3,500 passengers over the Manhattan Bridge. Regular service began on Wednesday immediately after Justice Kelby denied the injunction sought by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company and its associate lines in Brooklyn and Manhattan to restrain the Edison Company from supplying power to the three-cent road. Yesterday morning the public were aware of the result of the court proceedings, and there was a constant increase of passengers boarding the cars all day. A two-minute headway service is planned.

Supreme Court Justice Newburger granted the motion yesterday to withdraw the application made by the New York Railway Company and the Brooklyn companies for an injunction to restrain the Three-Cent Fare Line from operating its cars over the bridge. The counsel for the plaintiffs announced that the application had been withdrawn.

The Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Brooklyn, the company from which the bridge line is leasing its current requested yesterday permission from the Public Service Commission to withdraw its application for the approval of the arrangement by which it would rent a converter to the traction company. The commission replied that, as a hearing on the application had been set for this afternoon, the electric light company must make its application then. The commission, it is understood, has held the view that there is no reason why it should be asked to pass upon this lease at all.

## AUTO HITS TRUCK-RIDING BOY

### William Kelly Falls Off on Queensboro Bridge and Is Badly Hurt.

Riding on the back of a truck, William Kelly, the 9-year-old son of a florist living at 15 Fifth Street, Woodside, L. I., dropped from his perch into the driveway of the Queensboro Bridge yesterday afternoon just in time to be struck by an automobile, owned and driven by Hastings Arnold of Sea Bright, N. J. There were four men in the automobile besides Mr. Arnold.

Picking up the injured boy, who had been knocked some distance, they took him back to Long Island City, where he was treated at St. John's Hospital. It was found that his upper and lower jaws were fractured and that he had a fracture of the skull. Mr. Arnold directed that the boy have the best of care at his expense.

As the accidentoccurred on the bridge, Mr. Arnold was requested to report to the police in Manhattan, where he was directed to appear in court this morning.

## WINDOW CUTTER RAN AMUCK.

### Long Island City Thief Did Much Damage on Jackson Avenue.

More than $500 worth of plate glass windows were destroyed by being cut with a diamond glasscutter by some unknown thief or vandal as he passed up Jackson Avenue, between Borden Avenue and Fourth Street, Long Island City, Wednesday night or yesterday morning.

Beginning at Anthony Schnitzler's drug store at 10 Jackson Avenue, where the plate glass windows were cut about a foot above the lower window frame, the vandal celebrated in the next block by cutting into one of the big windows of Thomas Walsh's furniture store, then both windows in an adjoining tea store and the panel windows were cut. Through one of the latter openings several small articles were stolen which did not exceed $2 in value. Into the window was thrown a cigarette box, on which was written:

"Sorry to break the window, but couldn't get in any other way."

The windows of Morris Strauss's meat market were next cut, and an attempt was made on the windows of the jewelry store of B. Eypel a few doors above.

### Thomson Scholarships Awarded.

Announcement was made yesterday by the Trustees of the Frank Thomson Scholarships that this year's successful competitors were Herbert Ridgway of Camden, N. J., and Edward McKinley French of Cleveland, Ohio. The scholarships amount to $600 each, and are awarded annually to the sons of employes of the Pennsylvania Railroad who desire to obtain a technical education in the scientific department of a recognized university or in a scientific school of college preparatory requirements. The scholarships are maintained from a fund of $120,000 established by the children of the late Frank Thomson, former President of the road, as a memorial to their father.


NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evgs. at 8:15. First Mat. To-morrow 2:15.
JOHN DREW in his greatest success, Alfred Sutro's comedy,
THE PERPLEXED HUSBAND.

CRITERION B'way at 44 St. Evs. at 8:15. Matinee To-morrow at 2:15.
Richard Carle—Hattie Williams
In the Rollicking Musical Farce
THE GIRL FROM MONTMARTRE

HARRIS THEATRE, West 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Thurs. 2:15.
THE MODEL AUGUSTUS THOMAS' New Comedy.

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Last 2 Nights—Last Mat. To-morrow.
Donald Brian in the musical comedy, THE SIREN

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. Broadway. Next Mon. SEATS NOW.
Miss BILLIE BURKE in ARTHUR PINERO'S COMEDY
THE "MIND THE PAINT" GIRL.

NEW AMSTERDAM 42d, nr. Broadway. LAST 2 WEEKS.
Evs. 8:15. Matinees To-morrow & Wed. 2:15.
Klaw & Erlanger's International Sensation,
THE PINK LADY
MONDAY, SEPT. 16. Seat Sale Monday, Sept. 9th.
KLAW & ERLANGER will present
THE COUNT OF LUXEMBOURG
A Musical Romance by FRANZ LEHAR, composer of "THE MERRY WIDOW."

LIBERTY 42d St., nr. B'way. Opens Tues. Sept. 17 SEAT SALE NEXT MON.
Klaw & Erlanger will present
MILESTONES
By ARNOLD BENNETT and EDWARD KNOBLAUCH.
As played to crowded houses at the Royalty Theatre, London.

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way & 38th St. Evs at 8:10. Mats. To-morrow & Wed. 2:10.
Robin Hood
Bessie Abott, Florence Wickham, Pauline Hall, Walter Hyde, Carl Gantvoort, Edwin Stevens, Herbert Waterous, Geo. Frothingham.

GAIETY B'way and 46th. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. To-morrow & Wed. 2:30.
Another Cohan & Harris Success.
The laugh is on the policeman.
OFFICER 666
With George Nash and Douglas Fairbanks.

ZIEGFELD MOULIN ROUGE
FORMERLY NEW YORK THEATRE—Shubert
LAST 3 TIMES. LAST MATINEE TO-MORROW.
A WINSOME WIDOW
75—WONDERFUL CHORUS—75

GLOBE B'WAY & 46 St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees To-morrow & Sat. 2:15.
THE ROSE MAID Last 3 Weeks of the Smashing Broadway Success.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:20.
GEORGE ARLISS in DISRAELI

CONEY ISLAND'S CARNIVAL OF FUN
MARDI GRAS
BEGINS MONDAY
MARDI GRAS CORONATION MONDAY AT CONEY IS. LUNA

Steeplechase Fun
Coney's Mardi Gras and all its events this year, in Steeplechase, sunshine or rain, all the same.

REPUBLIC West 42d St. NEXT TUES. SEATS NOW.
William Elliott & David Belasco present
THE GOVERNOR'S LADY
A play in 3 acts and an epilogue in "Childs."

MADISON SQ. ROOFGARDEN AMATEUR NIGHT. To-night. Dancing. Big 3-Ring Cabaret. All Seats 50c.

B. F. KEITH'S UNION SQ. B'way, 14th St. LUCY DALY & CO., Rooney & Bent, Bendix Ensemble Players, &c. Daily Mats. 25c.
B. F. KEITH'S HARLEM O. H. NOBODY'S WIDOW. Daily Mats. 15-50. Nights 15-25-50-75.

NEW BRIGHTON Brighton Beach McWatters & Tyson, Olive Briscoe, Chas. Leonard Fletcher, Eva Tayor & Co., Emma Francis & Co., Billy Family, Delmore & Lee, others.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Evs. at 8. Mat. 25c.-$1. Burlesque Bon Ton Girls Smoking. Matinee To-day 15c. 25c & 50c.

Joe Weber's B'way & 29th St. Eve. 8:30. Matinee Every Day at 2:30.
PAUL J. RAINEY'S AFRICAN HUNT

GRAND WILLIAM FARNUM in "The Littlest Rebel." 25c. to $1.00 Mat. Sat.
Next Mon.—LOUIS MANN, "Elevating a Husband."

OLYMPIC East 14th St. Mat. To-day. Seats 25c QUEENS OF PARS CO.

MURRAY HILL Mat. To-day. Evs. 8:15. Burlesque.
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You don't have to be a detective to find Mr. Goodresser. Twenty men recognized him on Broadway yesterday and were rewarded with Free Hat coupons and membership to the Goodressers Club. Fifteen of the men were already members of the Goodressers Club, and they were tickled to get their Truly Warner hats free this Fall. "Hello, Mr. Goodresser!" has been taken up by men and women wherever a smart Truly Warner Bannockburn is seen. Don't feel embarrassed if some one should take you for Mr. Goodresser; it's a compliment. Mr. Goodresser will be seen on Fifth Avenue to-day. He'll look just as his picture shows him here. Try your hand at detective work—the reward is worth while—a new Truly Warner Hat Free.



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THE BIGGEST SCREAM IN TOWN.
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CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow.
THE MERRY COUNTESS

William Collier's LAST 2 WEEKS COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. MAT. TO-MORROW 2:15.
Bunty Pulls The Strings

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th bet. B'way & 6th Av. Ev. 8:30. Matinee To-morrow 2:30.
"FIRST HIT OF THE SEASON."—Eve. World
READY MONEY

39TH ST. Thea., 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
THE MASTER OF THE HOUSE

Broadway Thea., B'way & 41st St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 500 Orch. Seats $1
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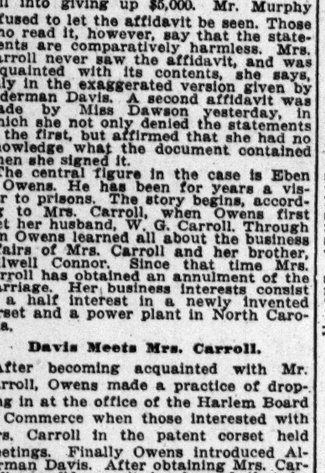

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